
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Commission File Number 814-01190

OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	47-5402460 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
399 Park Avenue, New York, New York (Address of principal executive offices)	10022 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 419-3000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	ORCC	The New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Small reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant on June 30, 2022 based on the closing price on that date of \$12.33 on The New York Stock Exchange, was approximately \$4,855,837,750.

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding at February 22, 2023 was 390,954,494.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors and undue reliance should not be placed thereon. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the “Company,” “we” or “our”), our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs and opinions, and our assumptions. Words such as “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “will,” “may,” “continue,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “would,” “could,” “should,” “targets,” “projects,” “outlook,” “potential,” “predicts” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies’ ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- an economic downturn could disproportionately impact the companies that we intend to target for investment, potentially causing us to experience a decrease in investment opportunities and diminished demand for capital from these companies;
- an economic downturn could also impact availability and pricing of our financing and our ability to access the debt and equity capital markets;
- a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- changes in base interest rates and significant market volatility on our business and our portfolio companies (including our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies including the ability to achieve our and their business objectives), our industry and the global economy including as a result of ongoing supply chain disruptions;
- interest rate volatility, including the decommissioning of LIBOR, could adversely affect our results, particularly because we use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars;
- our future operating results;
- the impact of rising interest and inflation rates and the risk of recession on our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- competition with other entities and our affiliates for investment opportunities;
- the speculative and illiquid nature of our investments;
- the use of borrowed money to finance a portion of our investments as well as any estimates regarding potential use of leverage;
- the adequacy of our financing sources and working capital;
- the loss of key personnel;
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies;
- the ability of Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC (“the Adviser” or “our Adviser”) to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments;
- the ability of the Adviser to attract and retain highly talented professionals;
- our ability to qualify for and maintain our tax treatment as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), and as a business development company (“BDC”);
- the impact that environmental, social and governance matters could have on our brand and reputation and our portfolio companies;
- the effect of legal, tax and regulatory changes including the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022;
- the impact of geo-political conditions, including revolution, insurgency, terrorism or war, including those arising out of the ongoing war between Russia and Ukraine, general uncertainty surrounding the financial and political stability of the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Union and China, and the impact of the “COVID-19” pandemic; and
- other risks, uncertainties and other factors previously identified in the reports and other documents we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this report should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These forward-looking statements apply only as of the date of this report. Moreover, we assume no duty and do not undertake to update the forward-looking statements. Because we are an investment company, the forward-looking statements and projections contained in this report are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”).

PART I

Item 1. Business

Our Company

Owl Rock Capital Corporation was formed on October 15, 2015 as a corporation under the laws of the State of Maryland. We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to U.S. middle-market companies. Since we began investment activities in April 2016 through December 31, 2022, our Adviser and its affiliates have originated \$72.8 billion aggregate principal amount of investments, of which \$69.2 billion of aggregate principal amount of investments prior to any subsequent exits or repayments, was retained by either us or a fund advised by our Adviser or its affiliates. Our capital will be used by our portfolio companies to primarily support growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion, refinancings and/or recapitalizations.

On July 22, 2019, we closed our initial public offering (“IPO”), issuing 10 million shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$15.30 per share, and on August 2, 2019, the underwriters exercised their option to purchase an additional 1.5 million shares of our common stock at a purchase price of \$15.30 per share. Net of underwriting fees and offering costs, we received total cash proceeds of \$164.0 million. Our common stock began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the symbol “ORCC” on July 18, 2019.

We define “middle market companies” to generally mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization (“EBITDA”) between \$10 million and \$250 million annually, and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment. We may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an attractive opportunity presents itself, especially when there are dislocations in the capital markets, including the high yield and syndicated loan markets. Our target credit investments will typically have maturities between three and ten years and generally range in size between \$20 million and \$250 million. The investment size will vary with the size of our capital base. As of December 31, 2022, excluding certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile, our portfolio companies representing 81.6% of our total debt portfolio based on fair value, had weighted average annual revenue of \$785 million and weighted average annual EBITDA of \$168 million.

We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity and equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company’s common equity. Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. We may hold our investments directly or through special purpose vehicles. While we believe that current market conditions favor extending credit to middle market companies in the United States, our investment strategy is intended to generate favorable returns across credit cycles with an emphasis on preserving capital. As of December 31, 2022, based on fair value, our portfolio consisted of 71.4% first lien debt investments, 14.3% second-lien debt investments, 1.9% unsecured debt investments, 2.2% investment funds and vehicles, 2.7% preferred equity investments and 7.5% common equity investments. As of December 31, 2022, 98.3% of our debt investments based on fair value are floating rate in nature and subject to interest rate floors. As of December 31, 2022, we had investments in 184 portfolio companies, with an average investment size in each of our portfolio companies of approximately \$70.7 million based on fair value.

As of December 31, 2022, our portfolio was invested across 28 different industries. The largest industry in our portfolio as of December 31, 2022 was internet software and services, which represented, as a percentage of our portfolio, 13.3%, based on fair value.

We are an externally managed, closed-end management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 Act, as amended (the “1940 Act”). We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a BDC and a RIC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. As a BDC, at least 70% of our assets must be assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, as described herein. We will not invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States. See “— Regulation as a Business Development Company” and “— Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations.”

We generally intend to distribute, out of assets legally available for distribution, substantially all of our available earnings, on a quarterly basis, as determined by our board of directors (the “Board”) in its sole discretion.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries of ours are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes.

The Adviser is an indirect affiliate of Blue Owl Capital Inc. (“Blue Owl”) (NYSE: OWL) and part of Owl Rock, a division of Blue Owl focused on direct lending. To achieve our investment objective, we will leverage Blue Owl’s, and, in particular, the Adviser’s investment team’s extensive network of relationships with other sophisticated institutions to source, evaluate and, as appropriate, partner with on transactions. There are no assurances that we will achieve our investment objective.

We may borrow money from time to time if immediately after such borrowing, the ratio of our total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness represented by senior securities) to our total indebtedness represented by senior securities plus preferred stock, if any, is at 150%. This means that generally, we can borrow up to \$2 for every \$1 of investor equity.

We currently have in place a senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) and two special purpose vehicle asset credit facilities (the “SPV Asset Facility II” and the “SPV Asset Facility III,” respectively), and in the future may enter into additional credit facilities. The special purpose vehicle asset credit facilities are financing facilities pursuant to which we formed wholly owned subsidiaries, or SPVs, which enter into credit agreements. We periodically sell and contribute investments to the SPVs and the SPVs use the proceeds from the credit agreements to finance the purchase of assets, including from us. In addition, we have outstanding unsecured notes maturing in 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027 and 2028 (the “2024 Notes,” the “2025 Notes,” the “July 2025 Notes,” the “2026 Notes,” the “July 2026 Notes,” the “2027 Notes” and the “2028 Notes,” respectively) which were issued in registered offerings and in the future may issue additional unsecured notes. We have also entered into seven term debt securitization transactions, also known as collateralized loan obligation transactions (“CLO I,” “CLO II,” “CLO III,” “CLO IV,” “CLO V,” “CLO VI,” and “CLO VII,” respectively) and in the future may enter into additional collateralized loan obligation transactions. We expect to use our credit facilities and other borrowings, along with proceeds from the rotation of our portfolio, to finance our investment objectives. See “— Regulation as a Business Development Company” for discussion of BDC regulation and other regulatory considerations. See “ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — Debt.”

The Adviser and Administrator – Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC

Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC serves as our investment adviser pursuant to an amended and restated investment advisory agreement between us and the Adviser (the “Investment Advisory Agreement”). See “Investment Advisory Agreement” below. The Adviser also serves as our Administrator pursuant to an amended and restated administration agreement between us and the Adviser. The Adviser is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “Advisers Act”). The Adviser is an indirect affiliate of Blue Owl and part of Owl Rock, a division of Blue Owl focused on direct lending. Owl Rock is led by its three co-founders, Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer. The Adviser’s investment team (the “Investment Team”) is led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and is supported by certain members of the Adviser’s senior executive team and the investment committee (the “Investment Committee”). The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer, Alexis Maged and Jeff Walwyn. Subject to the overall supervision of the Board, the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us.

The Adviser is affiliated with Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC (“ORTA”), Owl Rock Technology Advisors II LLC (“ORTA II”), Owl Rock Capital Private Fund Advisors LLC (“ORCPFA”) and Owl Rock Diversified Advisors LLC (“ORDA” and together with the Adviser, ORTA, ORTA II, and ORCPFA, the “Owl Rock Advisers”). The Owl Rock Advisers are affiliates of Blue Owl. Blue Owl consists of three divisions: Owl Rock, which focuses on direct lending, Dyal, which focuses on providing capital to institutional alternative asset managers and Oak Street, which focuses on real estate strategies. Blue Owl’s products are generally structured as BDCs, real estate investments trusts and private investment funds that aggregate capital from investors. As of December 31, 2022, the Owl Rock division of Blue Owl managed \$68.6 billion in assets under management (“AUM”). The Owl Rock Advisers focus on direct lending to middle market companies primarily in the United States generally through a mix of BDCs, long-dated private funds and CLOs across the following investment strategies:

Strategy	Funds	Assets Under Management
<p>Diversified Lending. The diversified lending strategy seeks to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns across credit cycles with an emphasis on preserving capital primarily through originating and making loans to, and making debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. The diversified lending strategy provides a wide range of financing solutions with strong focus on the top of the capital structure and operate this strategy through diversification by borrower, sector, sponsor, and position size.</p>	<p>The diversified lending strategy is primarily offered through four BDCs: the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II (“ORCC II”), Owl Rock Capital Corporation III (“ORCC III”) and Owl Rock Core Income Corp. (“ORCIC”).</p>	<p>As of December 31, 2022, the diversified lending strategy had \$39.6 billion of assets under management.</p>

Strategy	Funds	Assets Under Management
<p>Technology Lending. The technology lending strategy seeks to maximize total return by generating current income from debt investments and other income producing securities, and capital appreciation from equity and equity-linked investments primarily through originating and making loans to, and making debt and equity investments in, technology related companies based primarily in the United States. The technology lending strategy originates and invests in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans, and equity and equity-related securities including common equity, warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. The technology lending strategy invests in a broad range of established and high growth technology companies that are capitalizing on the large and growing demand for technology products and services. This strategy focuses on companies that operate in technology-related industries or sectors which include, but are not limited to, information technology, application or infrastructure software, financial services, data and analytics, security, cloud computing, communications, life sciences, healthcare, media, consumer electronics, semi-conductor, internet commerce and advertising, environmental, aerospace and defense industries and sectors.</p>	<p>The technology lending strategy is primarily offered through three BDCs: Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. ("ORTF"), Owl Rock Technology Income Corp. ("ORTIC") and Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II ("ORTF II" and together with the Company, ORCC II, ORCC III, ORCIC, ORTF and ORTIC, the "Owl Rock BDCs").</p>	<p>As of December 31, 2022, the technology lending strategy had \$16.0 billion of assets under management.</p>
<p>First Lien Lending. The first lien lending strategy seeks to realize current income with an emphasis on preservation of capital primarily through originating primary transactions in and, to a lesser extent, secondary transactions of first lien senior secured loans in or related to middle market businesses based primarily in the United States.</p>	<p>The first lien lending strategy is offered through private funds and separately managed accounts.</p>	<p>As of December 31, 2022, the first lien lending strategy had \$3.3 billion of assets under management.</p>
<p>Opportunistic Lending. The opportunistic lending strategy seeks to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns by taking advantage of credit opportunities in U.S. middle-market companies with liquidity needs and market leaders seeking to improve their balance sheets. The opportunistic lending strategy focuses on high-quality companies that could be experiencing disruption, dislocation, distress or transformational change. The opportunistic lending strategy aims to be the partner of choice for companies by being well equipped to provide a variety of financing solutions to meet a broad range of situations, including the following: (i) rescue financing, (ii) new issuance and recapitalizations, (iii) wedge capital, (iv) debtor-in-possession loans, (v) financing for additional liquidity and covenant relief and (vi) broken syndications.</p>	<p>The opportunistic lending strategy is offered through private funds and separately managed accounts.</p>	<p>As of December 31, 2022, the opportunistic lending strategy had \$2.3 billion of assets under management.</p>

We refer to the Owl Rock BDCs and the private funds and separately managed accounts that comprise Owl Rock, as the "Owl Rock Clients." In addition to the Owl Rock Clients, the Owl Rock division of Blue Owl includes a CLO strategy that seeks to generate attractive risk-adjusted returns by managing portfolios of broadly syndicated leveraged loans. As of December 31, 2022, the CLO strategy had \$7.4 billion of assets under management.

Owl Rock Clients may have overlapping objectives with us. The Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities to us and others. In order to address these conflicts, the Owl Rock Advisers have put in place an allocation policy that addresses the allocation of investment opportunities as well as co-investment restrictions under the 1940 Act.

In addition, we rely on an order for exemptive relief (the "Order") that has been granted to our Adviser and its affiliates by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such exemptive relief, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing and (4) the proposed investment by us would not benefit the Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of

any of them (other than parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the exemptive relief and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act. In addition, we have received an amendment to the Order to permit us to participate in follow-on investments in our existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds, even if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio company.

The Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the exemptive relief. As a result of the exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of the Owl Rock Clients and/or other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief and that have an investment objective similar to ours. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors —*Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates — Our Adviser or its affiliates may have incentives to favor their respective other accounts and clients and/or Blue Owl over us, which may result in conflicts of interest that could be harmful to us.*"

The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees from portfolio companies. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors —*Risks Related to our Adviser and its Affiliates — Our Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we may invest.*"

The Adviser's address is 399 Park Avenue, 37th floor, New York, NY 10022.

Market Trends

We believe the middle-market lending environment provides opportunities for us to meet our goal of making investments that generate attractive risk-adjusted returns.

Limited Availability of Capital for Middle-Market Companies. We believe that regulatory and structural changes in the market have reduced the amount of capital available to U.S. middle-market companies. In particular, we believe there are currently fewer providers of capital to middle market companies. We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. We also believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a company seeking financing by being able to hold its loans without having to syndicate them, coupled with reduced capacity of traditional lenders to serve the middle-market, present an attractive opportunity to invest in middle-market companies.

Capital Markets Have Been Unable to Fill the Void in U.S. Middle Market Finance Left by Banks While underwritten bond and syndicated loan markets have been robust in recent years, middle market companies are less able to access these markets for reasons including the following:

High-Yield Market – Middle market companies generally are not issuing debt in an amount large enough to be an attractively sized bond. High yield bonds are generally purchased by institutional investors who, among other things, are focused on the liquidity characteristics of the bond being issued. For example, mutual funds and exchange traded funds ("ETFs") are significant buyers of underwritten bonds. However, mutual funds and ETFs generally require the ability to liquidate their investments quickly in order to fund investor redemptions and/or comply with regulatory requirements. Accordingly, the existence of an active secondary market for bonds is an important consideration in these entities' initial investment decision. Because there is typically little or no active secondary market for the debt of U.S. middle market companies, mutual funds and ETFs generally do not provide debt capital to U.S. middle market companies. We believe this is likely to be a persistent problem and creates an advantage for those like us who have a more stable capital base and have the ability to invest in illiquid assets.

Syndicated Loan Market – While the syndicated loan market is modestly more accommodating to middle market issuers, as with bonds, loan issue size and liquidity are key drivers of institutional appetite and, correspondingly, underwriters' willingness to underwrite the loans. Loans arranged through a bank are done either on a "best efforts" basis or are underwritten with terms plus provisions that permit the underwriters to change certain terms, including pricing, structure, yield and tenor, otherwise known as "flex", to successfully syndicate the loan, in the event the terms initially marketed are insufficiently attractive to investors. Furthermore, banks are generally reluctant to underwrite middle market loans because the arrangement fees they may earn on the placement of the debt generally are not sufficient to meet the banks' return hurdles. Loans provided by companies such as ours provide certainty to issuers in that we can commit to a given amount of debt on specific terms, at stated coupons and with agreed upon fees. As we are the ultimate holder of the loans, we do not require market "flex" or other arrangements that banks may require when acting on an agency basis.

Robust Demand for Debt Capital. We believe U.S. middle market companies will continue to require access to debt capital to refinance existing debt, support growth and finance acquisitions. In addition, we believe the large amount of uninvested capital held by funds of private equity firms, estimated by Preqin Ltd., an alternative assets industry data and research company, to be \$2.5 trillion as of December 31, 2022 will continue to drive deal activity. We expect that private equity sponsors will continue to pursue acquisitions and leverage their equity investments with secured loans provided by companies such as us.

The Middle Market is a Large Addressable Market. According to GE Capital’s National Center for the Middle Market mid-year 2022 Middle Market Indicator, there are approximately 200,000 U.S. middle market companies, which have approximately 48 million aggregate employees. Moreover, the U.S. middle market accounts for one-third of private sector gross domestic product (“GDP”). GE defines U.S. middle market companies as those between \$10 million and \$1 billion in annual revenue, which we believe has significant overlap with our definition of U.S. middle market companies.

Attractive Investment Dynamics. An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics. We believe the directly negotiated nature of middle market financings also generally provides more favorable terms to the lender, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection, and lender-protective change of control provisions. Additionally, we believe BDC managers’ expertise in credit selection and ability to manage through credit cycles has generally resulted in BDCs experiencing lower loss rates than U.S. commercial banks through credit cycles. Further, we believe that historical middle market default rates have been lower, and recovery rates have been higher, as compared to the larger market capitalization, broadly distributed market, leading to lower cumulative losses. Lastly, we believe that in the current environment, lenders with available capital may be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and may be able to achieve improved economic spreads and documentation terms.

Conservative Capital Structures. Following the credit crisis, which we define broadly as occurring between mid-2007 and mid-2009, lenders have generally required borrowers to maintain more equity as a percentage of their total capitalization, specifically to protect lenders during economic downturns. With more conservative capital structures, U.S. middle market companies have exhibited higher levels of cash flows available to service their debt. In addition, U.S. middle market companies often are characterized by simpler capital structures than larger borrowers, which facilitates a streamlined underwriting process and, when necessary, restructuring process.

Attractive Opportunities in Investments in Loans. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity and equity-related securities. We believe that opportunities in senior secured loans are significant because of the floating rate structure of most senior secured debt issuances and because of the strong defensive characteristics of these types of investments. We believe that debt issued with floating interest rates offer a superior return profile as compared with fixed-rate investments, since floating rate structures are generally less susceptible to declines in value experienced by fixed-rate securities in a rising interest rate environment. Senior secured debt also provides strong defensive characteristics. Senior secured debt has priority in payment among an issuer’s security holders whereby holders are due to receive payment before junior creditors and equity holders. Further, these investments are secured by the issuer’s assets, which may provide protection in the event of a default.

Potential Competitive Advantages

We believe that the Adviser’s disciplined approach to origination, fundamental credit analysis, portfolio construction and risk management should allow us to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns while preserving our capital. We believe that we represent an attractive investment opportunity for the following reasons:

Experienced Team with Expertise Across all Levels of the Corporate Capital Structure. The members of the Investment Committee have an average of over 25 years of experience in private lending and investing at all levels of a company’s capital structure, particularly in high yield securities, leveraged loans, high yield credit derivatives and distressed securities, as well as experience in operations, corporate finance, mergers and acquisitions, and workout restructuring. The members of the Investment Committee have diverse backgrounds with investing experience through multiple business and credit cycles. Moreover, certain members of the Investment Committee and other executives and employees of the Adviser and its affiliates have operating and/or investing experience on behalf of business development companies. We believe this experience provides the Adviser with an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of middle market companies and will afford it numerous tools to manage risk while preserving the opportunity for attractive risk-adjusted returns on our investments and offering a diverse product set to help meet borrowers’ needs.

Distinctive Origination Platform. To date, a substantial majority of our investments have been sourced directly. We believe that our origination platform provides us the ability to originate investments without the assistance of investment banks or other traditional Wall Street intermediaries.

The Investment Team includes more than 100 investment professionals and is responsible for originating, underwriting, executing and managing the assets of our direct lending transactions and for sourcing and executing opportunities directly. The Investment Team has significant experience as transaction originators and building and maintaining strong relationships with private equity sponsors and companies. In addition, we believe that as a result of the formation of Blue Owl the investment team has enhanced sourcing capabilities because of their ability to utilize Blue Owl’s resources and its relationships with the financial sponsor community and service providers, which we believe may broaden our deal funnel and result in an increased pipeline of deal opportunities.

The Investment Team also maintains direct contact with banks, corporate advisory firms, industry consultants, attorneys, investment banks, “club” investors and other potential sources of lending opportunities. We believe the Adviser’s ability to source

through multiple channels allows us to generate investment opportunities that have more attractive risk-adjusted return characteristics than by relying solely on origination flow from investment banks or other intermediaries and to be more selective investors.

Since its inception in April 2016 through December 31, 2022, the Adviser and its affiliates have reviewed over 7,800 opportunities and sourced potential investment opportunities from more than 650 private equity sponsors and venture capital firms. We believe that the Adviser receives “early looks” and “last looks” based on its and Blue Owl's relationships, allowing it to be highly selective in the transactions it pursues.

Potential Long-Term Investment Horizon. We believe our potential long-term investment horizon gives us flexibility, allowing us to maximize returns on our investments. We invest using a long-term focus, which we believe provides us with the opportunity to increase total returns on invested capital, as compared to other private company investment vehicles or investment vehicles with daily liquidity requirements (e.g., open-ended mutual funds and ETFs).

Defensive, Income-Orientated Investment Philosophy. The Adviser employs a defensive investment approach focused on long-term credit performance and principal protection. This investment approach involves a multi-stage selection process for each investment opportunity as well as ongoing monitoring of each investment made, with particular emphasis on early detection of credit deterioration. This strategy is designed to minimize potential losses and achieve attractive risk adjusted returns.

Active Portfolio Monitoring. The Adviser closely monitors the investments in our portfolio and takes a proactive approach to identifying and addressing sector- or company-specific risks. The Adviser receives and reviews detailed financial information from portfolio companies no less than quarterly and seeks to maintain regular dialogue with portfolio company management teams regarding current and forecasted performance. Although we may invest in “covenant-lite” loans, which generally do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants, we anticipate that many of our investments will have financial covenants that we believe will provide an early warning of potential problems facing our borrowers, allowing lenders, including us, to identify and carefully manage risk. Further, we anticipate that many of our equity investments will provide us the opportunity to nominate a member or observer to the board of directors of the portfolio company or otherwise include provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, which we believe will allow us to closely monitor the performance of these portfolio companies. In addition, the Adviser has built out its portfolio management team to include workout experts who closely monitor our portfolio companies and who, on at least a quarterly basis, assess each portfolio company's operational and liquidity exposure and outlook to understand and mitigate risks; and, on at least a monthly basis, evaluates existing and newly identified situations where operating results are deviating from expectations. As part of its monitoring process, the Adviser focuses on projected liquidity needs and where warranted, re-underwriting credits and evaluating downside and liquidation scenarios.

Investment Selection

The Adviser has identified the following investment criteria and guidelines that it believes are important in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. However, not all of these criteria and guidelines will be met, or will be equally important, in connection with each of our investments.

Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow We seek to invest in companies with sound historical financial performance and a history of profitability which we believe tend to be well-positioned to maintain consistent cash flow to service and repay their obligations and maintain growth in their businesses or market share in all market conditions, including in the event of a recession. The Adviser typically focuses on upper middle-market companies with a history of profitability on an operating cash flow basis. The Adviser does not intend to invest in start-up companies that have not achieved sustainable profitability and cash flow generation or companies with speculative business plans.

Strong Competitive Position in Industry. The Adviser analyzes the strengths and weaknesses of target companies relative to their competitors. The factors the Adviser considers include relative product pricing, product quality, customer loyalty, substitution risk, switching costs, patent protection, brand positioning and capitalization. We seek to invest in companies that have developed leading positions within their respective markets, are well positioned to capitalize on growth opportunities and operate businesses, exhibit the potential to maintain sufficient cash flows and profitability to service their obligations in a range of economic environments or are in industries with significant barriers to entry. We seek companies that demonstrate advantages in scale, scope, customer loyalty, product pricing or product quality versus their competitors that, when compared to their competitors, may help to protect their market position and profitability.

Experienced Management Team. We seek to invest in companies that have experienced management teams. We also seek to invest in companies that have proper incentives in place, including management teams having significant equity interests to motivate management to act in concert with our interests as an investor.

Diversified Customer and Supplier Base. We generally seek to invest in companies that have a diversified customer and supplier base. Companies with a diversified customer and supplier base are generally better able to endure economic downturns, industry consolidation, changing business preferences and other factors that may negatively impact their customers, suppliers and competitors.

Exit Strategy. While certain debt investments may be repaid through operating cash flows of the borrower, we expect that the primary means by which we exit our debt investments will be through methods such as strategic acquisitions by other industry participants, an initial public offering of common stock, a recapitalization, a refinancing or another transaction in the capital markets.

Prior to making an equity investment in a prospective portfolio company, we analyze the potential for that company to increase the liquidity of its equity through a future event that would enable us to realize appreciation in the value of our equity interest. Liquidity events may include an initial public offering, a private sale of our equity interest to a third party, a merger or an acquisition of the company or a purchase of our equity position by the company or one of its stockholders.

In addition, in connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to an investment in a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In such situations, while we may initially agree to fund up to a certain dollar amount of an investment, we may sell a portion of such amount, such that we are left with a smaller investment than what was reflected in our original commitment.

Financial Sponsorship. We seek to participate in transactions sponsored by what we believe to be high-quality private equity and venture capital firms. We believe that a financial sponsor's willingness to invest significant sums of equity capital into a company is an explicit endorsement of the quality of their investment. Further, financial sponsors of portfolio companies with significant investments at risk have the ability and a strong incentive to contribute additional capital in difficult economic times should operational issues arise.

Investments in Different Portfolio Companies and Industries. We seek to invest broadly among portfolio companies and industries, thereby potentially reducing the risk of any one company or industry having a disproportionate impact on the value of our portfolio; however, there can be no assurances in this regard. We seek to structure larger transactions and invest in recession-resistant industries that we are familiar with. We seek to invest not more than 20% of our portfolio in any single industry classification and target portfolio companies that comprise 1-2% of our portfolio (with no individual portfolio company generally expected to comprise greater than 5% of our portfolio).

Investment Process Overview

Origination and Sourcing. The Investment Team has an extensive network from which to source deal flow and referrals. Specifically, the Adviser sources portfolio investments from a variety of different investment sources, including among others, private equity sponsors, management teams, financial intermediaries and advisers, investment bankers, family offices, accounting firms and law firms. The Adviser focuses on sponsor-led leveraged buyouts, refinancings, recapitalizations and acquisitions and sponsors who value the ability to provide sizeable commitments; flexible and creative solutions; and certainty, speed and transparency. To a lesser extent, the Adviser may invest in broadly syndicated loans. The Adviser believes that its experience across different industries and transaction types makes the Adviser particularly qualified to source, analyze and execute investment opportunities with a focus on downside protection and a return of principal.

Due Diligence Process. The process through which an investment decision is made involves extensive research into the company, its industry, its growth prospects and its ability to withstand adverse conditions. If one or more members of the Investment Team responsible for the transaction determines that an investment opportunity should be pursued, the Adviser will engage in an intensive due diligence process focused on fundamental credit analysis and downside protection. Though each transaction may involve a somewhat different approach, the Adviser's diligence of each opportunity could include:

- understanding the purpose of the loan, the key personnel, the sources and uses of the proceeds;
- meeting the company's management and key personnel, including top level executives, to get an insider's view of the business, and to probe for potential weaknesses in business prospects;
- checking management's backgrounds and references;
- performing a detailed review of historical financial performance, including performance through various economic cycles, and the quality of earnings;
- contacting customers and vendors to assess both business prospects and standard practices;
- conducting a competitive analysis, and comparing the company to its main competitors on an operating, financial, market share and valuation basis;
- researching the industry for historic growth trends and future prospects as well as to identify future exit alternatives;
- assessing asset value and the ability of physical infrastructure and information systems to handle anticipated growth;
- leveraging the Adviser's internal resources and network with institutional knowledge of the company's business;
- assessing business valuation and corresponding recovery analysis;
- developing downside financial projections and liquidation analysis;

- reviewing environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) considerations including consulting the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board’s Engagement Guide for ESG considerations; and
- investigating legal and regulatory risks and financial and accounting systems and practices.

Selective Investment Process. After an investment has been identified and preliminary diligence has been completed, an investment committee memorandum is prepared. This report is reviewed by the members of the Investment Team in charge of the potential investment and generally includes information on downside protection, asset coverage and collateral. If these members of the Investment Team are in favor of the potential investment, then a more extensive due diligence process, which may include significant analysis and focus on strategy and potential to recover par in default scenarios, is employed. Additional due diligence with respect to any investment may be conducted on our behalf by attorneys, independent accountants, and other third-party consultants and research firms prior to the closing of the investment, as appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

Structuring and Execution. Approval of an investment requires the approval of a majority of the Investment Committee. Once the Investment Committee has determined that a prospective portfolio company is suitable for investment, the Adviser works with the management team of that company and its other capital providers, including senior, junior and equity capital providers, if any, to finalize the structure and terms of the investment. With respect to an investment in broadly syndicated loans, a majority of the Investment Committee may approve parameters or guidelines pursuant to which the investment may be made.

Inclusion of Covenants. Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company’s financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in “covenant-lite” loans. We use the term “covenant-lite” to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, “covenant-lite” loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower’s financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in “covenant-lite” loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

Portfolio Monitoring. The Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Adviser monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if it is meeting its business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action with respect to our investment in each portfolio company. The Adviser has a number of methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- comparisons to other companies in the portfolio company’s industry;
- attendance at, and participation in, board meetings; and
- review of periodic financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

An investment will be placed on the Adviser’s credit watch list when select events occur and will only be removed from the watch list with oversight of the Investment Committee and/or other Owl Rock agent. Once an investment is on the credit watch list, the Adviser works with the borrower prior to payment default to resolve financial stress through amendments, waivers or other alternatives. If a borrower defaults on its payment obligations, the Adviser’s focus shifts to capital recovery. If an investment needs to be restructured, the Adviser’s workout team partners with the investment team and all material amendments, waivers and restructurings require the approval of a majority of the Investment Committee.

Structure of Investments

Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

We expect that generally our portfolio composition will be majority debt or income producing securities, which may include “covenant-lite” loans, with a lesser allocation to equity or equity-linked opportunities. In addition, we may invest a portion of our portfolio in opportunistic investments, which will not be our primary focus, but will be intended to enhance returns to our shareholders and from time to time, we may evaluate and enter into strategic portfolio transactions which may result in additional portfolio companies which we are considered to control. These investments may include high-yield bonds and broadly-syndicated loans, which are typically originated and structured by banks on behalf of large corporate borrowers with employee counts, revenues, EBITDAs and enterprise values larger than the middle market characteristics described herein, and equity investments in portfolio companies that make senior secured loans or invest in broadly syndicated loans or structured products, such as life settlements and royalty interests. Our portfolio composition may fluctuate from time to time based on market conditions and interest rates.

Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company's financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in "covenant-lite" loans. See "Investment Process Overview – Inclusion of Covenants."

Debt Investments. The terms of our debt investments are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each transaction. The Adviser negotiates the structure of each investment to protect our rights and manage our risk. We intend to invest in the following types of debt:

- *First-lien debt.* First-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to other liabilities in the issuer's capital structure and has the benefit of a first-priority security interest in assets of the issuer. The security interest ranks above the security interest of any second-lien lenders in those assets. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans, "unitranche" loans (including "last out" portions of such loans), and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans. As of December 31, 2022, 69% of our first lien debt was comprised of unitranche loans.
 - *Stand-alone first lien loans.* Stand-alone first-lien loans are traditional first-lien loans. All lenders in the facility have equal rights to the collateral that is subject to the first-priority security interest.
 - *Unitranche loans.* Unitranche loans (including the "last out" portions of such loans) combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position. In many cases, we may provide the issuer most, if not all, of the capital structure above their equity. The primary advantages to the issuer are the ability to negotiate the entire debt financing with one lender and the elimination of intercreditor issues. "Last out" first-lien loans have a secondary priority behind super-senior "first out" first-lien loans in the collateral securing the loans in certain circumstances. The arrangements for a "last out" first-lien loan are typically set forth in an "agreement among lenders," which provides lenders with "first out" and "last out" payment streams based on a single lien on the collateral. Since the "first out" lenders generally have priority over the "last out" lenders for receiving payment under certain specified events of default, or upon the occurrence of other triggering events under intercreditor agreements or agreements among lenders, the "last out" lenders bear a greater risk and, in exchange, receive a higher effective interest rate, through arrangements among the lenders, than the "first out" lenders or lenders in stand-alone first-lien loans. Agreements among lenders also typically provide greater voting rights to the "last out" lenders than the intercreditor agreements to which second-lien lenders often are subject. Among the types of first-lien debt in which we may invest, "last out" first-lien loans generally have higher effective interest rates than other types of first-lien loans, since "last out" first-lien loans rank below standalone first-lien loans.
- *Second-lien debt.* Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority behind first-lien debt. Second-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to unsecured liabilities in the issuer's capital structure and has the benefit of a security interest over assets of the issuer, though ranking junior to first-lien debt secured by those assets. First-lien lenders and second-lien lenders typically have separate liens on the collateral, and an intercreditor agreement provides the first-lien lenders with priority over the second-lien lenders' liens on the collateral.
- *Mezzanine debt.* Structurally, mezzanine debt usually ranks subordinate in priority of payment to first-lien and second-lien debt, is often unsecured, and may not have the benefit of financial covenants common in first-lien and second-lien debt. However, mezzanine debt ranks senior to common and preferred equity in an issuer's capital structure. Mezzanine debt investments generally offer lenders fixed returns in the form of interest payments, which could be paid-in-kind, and may provide lenders an opportunity to participate in the capital appreciation, if any, of an issuer through an equity interest. This equity interest typically takes the form of an equity co-investment or warrants. Due to its higher risk profile and often less restrictive covenants compared to senior secured loans, mezzanine debt generally bears a higher stated interest rate than first-lien and second-lien debt.
- *Broadly syndicated loans.* Broadly syndicated loans (whose features are similar to those described under "First-lien debt" and "Second-lien debt" above) are typically originated and structured by banks on behalf of large corporate borrowers with employee counts, revenues, EBITDAs, and enterprise values larger than the middle-market characteristics described above. The proceeds of broadly syndicated loans are often used for leveraged buyout transactions, mergers and acquisitions, recapitalizations, refinancings, and financing capital expenditures. Broadly syndicated loans are typically distributed by the arranging bank to a diverse group of investors primarily consisting of: CLOs; senior secured loan and high yield bond mutual funds; closed-end funds, hedge funds, banks, and insurance companies; and finance companies. A borrower must comply with various covenants contained in a loan agreement or note purchase agreement between the borrower and the holders of the broadly syndicated loan. The broadly syndicated loans in which we invest may include loans that are considered "covenant-lite" loans, because of their lack of a full set of financial maintenance covenants.

Our debt investments are typically structured with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. The Adviser seeks to limit the downside potential of our investments by:

- requiring a total return on our investments (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that compensates us for credit risk;
- negotiating covenants in connection with our investments consistent with preservation of our capital. Such restrictions may include affirmative covenants (including reporting requirements), negative covenants (including financial maintenance covenants), lien protection, limitations on debt incurrence, restrictions on asset sales, downside and liquidation cases, restrictions on dividends and other payments, cash flow sweeps, collateral protection, required debt amortization, change of control provisions and board rights, including either observation rights or rights to a seat on the board under some circumstances; and
- including debt amortization requirements, where appropriate, to require the timely repayment of principal of the loan, as well as appropriate maturity dates.

Within our portfolio, the Adviser aims to maintain the appropriate proportion among the various types of first-lien loans, as well as second-lien debt and mezzanine debt, to allow us to achieve our target returns while maintaining our targeted amount of credit risk.

Equity Investments. Our investment in a portfolio company could be or may include an equity interest, such as common stock or preferred stock, or equity linked interest, such as a warrant or profit participation right. We may make direct and indirect equity investments with or without a concurrent investment in a more senior part of the capital structure of the issuer. Our equity investments are typically not control-oriented investments and we may structure such equity investments to include provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder.

Specialty Financing Portfolio Companies. We may make equity investments in portfolio companies that make senior secured loans or invest in broadly syndicated loans or structured products, such as life settlements and royalty interests. Our specialty financing companies include the following:

- Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC (“Wingspire”), an independent diversified direct lender focused on providing asset-based commercial finance loans and related senior secured loans to U.S.-based middle market borrowers. Wingspire offers a wide variety of asset-based financing solutions to businesses in an array of industries, including revolving credit facilities, machinery and equipment term loans, real estate term loans, first-in/last-out tranches, cash flow term loans, and opportunistic / bridge financings.
- Amergin, which consists of AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC and AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC (collectively, “Amergin AssetCo”) and Amergin Asset Management LLC, which has entered into a Servicing Agreement with Amergin AssetCo. Amergin was created to invest in a leasing platform focused on railcar and aviation assets.
- Fifth Season Investment LLC (fka Chapford SMA Partnership, L.P. (“Fifth Season”), a portfolio company created to invest in life settlement assets.
- ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)(“ORCC SLF”), a Delaware limited liability company, which is a joint venture between us and Nationwide Life Insurance Company. ORCC SLF’s principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans.
- LSI Financing 1 DAC (“LSI Financing”), a portfolio company formed to acquire a contractual right to revenue pursuant to an earnout agreement in the life sciences space.

Investments; Investment Portfolio

Our investment objective is to generate current income and, to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. Our investment strategy focuses primarily on originating and making loans to, and making debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle-market companies and is intended to generate favorable returns across credit cycles with an emphasis on preserving capital. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity and equity-related securities, including common and preferred stock, securities convertible into common stock, and warrants. We define “middle-market companies” to generally mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, or “EBITDA,” between \$10 million and \$250 million annually and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment. We may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an attractive opportunity presents itself, especially when there are dislocations in the capital markets, including the high yield and large syndicated loan markets. Consistent with our goal of capital preservation, we generally intend to invest in companies with loan-to-value ratios of 50% or lower. Our target credit investments will typically have maturities between three and ten years. We seek to invest not more than 20% of our portfolio in any single industry classification and target portfolio companies that comprise 1-2% of

our portfolio (with no individual portfolio company generally expected to comprise greater than 5% of our portfolio). To a lesser extent, we may make investments in syndicated loan opportunities for cash management purposes.

While our investment strategy focuses primarily on middle-market companies in the United States, including senior secured loans, we also may invest up to 30% of our portfolio in investments of non-qualifying portfolio companies.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, we had made investments in 184 and 143 portfolio companies, respectively, with an aggregate fair value of \$13.0 billion and \$12.7 billion, respectively. Investments consisted of the following at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021		
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 9,388,499	\$ 9,279,179	\$ (109,320)	\$ 9,548,096	\$ 9,539,774	\$ (8,322)
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	1,934,274	1,860,978	(73,296)	1,919,453	1,921,447	1,994
Unsecured debt investments	270,714	248,019	(22,695)	197,198	196,485	(713)
Preferred equity investments ⁽³⁾	361,690	355,261	(6,429)	256,630	260,869	4,239
Common equity investments ⁽¹⁾	772,116	977,927	205,811	477,462	576,004	98,542
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽²⁾	318,839	288,981	(29,858)	249,714	247,061	(2,653)
Total Investments	\$ 13,046,132	\$ 13,010,345	\$ (35,787)	\$ 12,648,553	\$ 12,741,640	\$ 93,087

- (1) Includes equity investment in Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo and Fifth Season. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for more information regarding Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo, and Fifth Season.
- (2) Includes equity investment in ORCC SLF. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 4. Investments” for more information regarding ORCC SLF.
- (3) Includes equity investment in LSI Financing. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for more information regarding LSI Financing.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, we had outstanding commitments to fund unfunded investments totaling \$926.1 million and \$963.8 million, respectively.

The industry composition of investments at fair value at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Advertising and media	1.5 %	0.9 %
Aerospace and defense	2.8	2.9
Asset based lending and fund finance ⁽¹⁾	4.9	—
Automotive	1.5	1.5
Buildings and real estate	3.7	5.4
Business services	2.9	3.3
Chemicals	1.6	2.3
Consumer products	3.9	4.0
Containers and packaging	1.3	1.3
Distribution	4.2	4.4
Education	1.0	1.0
Financial services	5.0	8.4
Food and beverage	6.7	6.2
Healthcare equipment and services	3.9	4.2
Healthcare providers and services	4.5	7.1
Healthcare technology ⁽⁴⁾	4.8	4.6
Household products	2.1	1.8
Human resource support services	1.5	1.6
Infrastructure and environmental services	1.2	1.5
Insurance ⁽³⁾	9.3	8.8
Internet software and services	13.3	11.3
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽²⁾	2.2	1.9
Leisure and entertainment	2.2	2.2
Manufacturing	5.8	5.7
Oil and gas	0.8	0.9
Professional services	3.5	3.0
Specialty retail	2.2	2.0
Transportation	1.7	1.8
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

- (1) Includes equity investment in Wingspire and Amergin AssetCo. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for more information regarding Wingspire and Amergin AssetCo.
- (2) Includes investment in ORCC SLF. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 4. Investments” for more information regarding ORCC SLF.
- (3) Includes equity investment in Fifth Season. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for more information regarding Fifth Season.
- (4) Includes equity investment in LSI Financing. See “ITEM 8. – CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for more information regarding LSI Financing.

The geographic composition of investments at fair value at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
United States:		
Midwest	17.5 %	17.0 %
Northeast	20.4	19.7
South	34.4	38.2
West	20.6	18.6
International	7.1	6.5
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

ORCC Senior Loan Fund (fka Sebago Lake LLC)

ORCC Senior Loan Fund (fka Sebago Lake LLC) ("ORCC SLF"), a Delaware limited liability company, was formed as a joint venture between us and The Regents of the University of California ("Regents") and commenced operations on June 20, 2017. ORCC SLF's principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans. Through June 30, 2021, both we and Regents (the "Initial Members") had a 50% economic ownership in ORCC SLF. Each of the Initial Members initially agreed to contribute up to \$100 million to ORCC SLF. On July 26, 2018, each of the Initial Members increased their contribution to ORCC SLF up to an aggregate of \$125 million. Effective as of June 30, 2021, capital commitments to ORCC SLF were increased to an aggregate of \$371.5 million. In connection with this change, the Company increased its economic ownership interest to 87.5% from 50.0% and Regents transferred its remaining economic interest of 12.5% to Nationwide Life Insurance Company ("Nationwide" and together with us, the "Members" and each a "Member"). On July 26, 2022, we increased our capital commitments in ORCC SLF to an aggregate of \$571.5 million. We increased our contribution pro rata from \$325.1 million to \$500.1 million. Nationwide increased its contribution pro rata from \$46.4 million to \$71.4 million. Our economic ownership interest remains 87.5%, and Nationwide's economic ownership interest remains 12.5%. ORCC SLF is managed by the Members, each of which have equal voting rights. Investment decisions must be approved by each of the Members. Except under certain circumstances, contributions to ORCC SLF cannot be redeemed.

We have determined that ORCC SLF is an investment company under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, we will generally not consolidate our investment in a company other than a wholly owned investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to us. Accordingly, we do not consolidate our non-controlling interest in ORCC SLF.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, ORCC SLF had total investments in senior secured debt at fair value, as determined by an independent valuation firm, of \$997.4 million and \$790.3 million, respectively. The determination of fair value is in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification 820, Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"), as amended; however, such fair value is not included in our valuation process. The following table is a summary of ORCC SLF's portfolio as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Total senior secured debt investments ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,045,865	\$ 798,420
Weighted average spread over base rate ⁽¹⁾	4.05 %	4.14 %
Number of portfolio companies	56	38
Largest funded investment to a single borrower ⁽¹⁾	\$ 40,272	\$ 40,693

(1) At par.

See "ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS—Portfolio and Investment Activity—ORCC SLF."

Capital Resources and Borrowings

We anticipate generating cash in the future from the issuance of common stock and debt securities and cash flows from operations, including interest received on our debt investments.

We may borrow money from time to time if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 150% immediately after such borrowing. Additionally, we are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of shares senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 150% immediately after each such issuance. Effective June 9, 2020, our asset coverage requirement applicable to senior securities was

reduced from 200% to 150% and our current target leverage ratio is 0.90x-1.25x. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, our asset coverage was 179% and 182%, respectively. See “*Regulation as a Business Development Company – Senior Securities; Coverage Ratio*” below.

Furthermore, while any indebtedness and senior securities remain outstanding, we must take provisions to prohibit any distribution to our shareholders (which may cause us to fail to distribute amounts necessary to avoid entity-level taxation under the Code), or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. In addition, we must also comply with positive and negative covenants customary for these types of indebtedness or senior securities.

Our debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

December 31, 2022

(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available ⁽¹⁾	Net Carrying Value ⁽²⁾
Revolving Credit Facility ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	\$ 1,855,000	\$ 557,144	\$ 1,253,057	\$ 542,453
SPV Asset Facility II	350,000	250,000	100,000	245,368
SPV Asset Facility III	250,000	250,000	—	249,372
CLO I	390,000	390,000	—	387,321
CLO II	260,000	260,000	—	257,206
CLO III	260,000	260,000	—	258,145
CLO IV	292,500	292,500	—	287,777
CLO V	509,625	509,625	—	506,792
CLO VI	260,000	260,000	—	258,271
CLO VII	239,150	239,150	—	237,155
2024 Notes ⁽⁴⁾	400,000	400,000	—	384,851
2025 Notes	425,000	425,000	—	421,242
July 2025 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	495,347
2026 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	493,162
July 2026 Notes	1,000,000	1,000,000	—	982,993
2027 Notes ⁽⁴⁾	500,000	500,000	—	438,332
2028 Notes	850,000	850,000	—	835,957
Total Debt	\$ 8,841,275	\$ 7,443,419	\$ 1,353,057	\$ 7,281,744

(1) The amount available reflects any collateral related limitations at the Company level related to each credit facility’s borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, CLO VII, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$14.7 million, \$4.6 million, \$0.6 million, \$2.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$4.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.7 million, \$2.0 million, \$2.9 million, \$3.8 million, \$4.7 million, \$6.8 million, \$17.0 million, \$7.9 million and \$14.0 million, respectively.

(3) Includes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(4) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.

(5) The amount available is reduced by \$44.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.

December 31, 2021

(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available ⁽¹⁾	Net Carrying Value ⁽²⁾
Revolving Credit Facility ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 892,313	\$ 707,370	\$ 879,943
SPV Asset Facility II	350,000	100,000	250,000	95,668
SPV Asset Facility III	500,000	190,000	310,000	188,979
SPV Asset Facility IV	250,000	155,000	95,000	152,727
CLO I	390,000	390,000	—	386,989
CLO II	260,000	260,000	—	256,942
CLO III	260,000	260,000	—	257,937
CLO IV	292,500	292,500	—	287,342
CLO V	196,000	196,000	—	194,167
CLO VI	260,000	260,000	—	258,093
2024 Notes ⁽⁴⁾	400,000	400,000	—	406,481
2025 Notes	425,000	425,000	—	419,674
July 2025 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	493,637
2026 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	491,085
July 2026 Notes	1,000,000	1,000,000	—	978,537
2027 Notes ⁽⁴⁾	500,000	500,000	—	497,537
2028 Notes	850,000	850,000	—	833,588
Total Debt	\$ 8,588,500	\$ 7,170,813	\$ 1,362,370	\$ 7,079,326

(1) The amount available reflects any collateral related limitations at the Company level related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, SPV Asset Facility IV, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$12.4 million, \$4.3 million, \$1.0 million, \$2.2 million, \$3.0 million, \$3.1 million, \$2.1 million, \$5.2 million, \$1.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$5.0 million, \$5.3 million, \$6.4 million, \$8.9 million, \$21.5 million, \$9.7 million and \$16.4 million, respectively.

(3) Includes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(4) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.

(5) The amount available is reduced by \$55.3 million of outstanding letters of credit.

See "ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS—Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources — Debt".

Dividend Policy

To qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends of an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income (which includes, among other items, dividends, interest, the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as well as other taxable income, excluding any net capital gains reduced by deductible expenses) and 90% of our net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates on our investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to shareholders. We may be subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax if we do not distribute (or are treated as distributing) in each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income, excluding certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized during a calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of such calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

We have previously incurred, and can be expected to incur in the future, such excise tax on a portion of our income and gains. While we intend to distribute income and capital gains to minimize exposure to the 4% excise tax, we may not be able to, or may not choose to, distribute amounts sufficient to avoid the imposition of the tax entirely. In that event, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement. See "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS – Risks Related to U.S. Federal Income Tax – We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates if we are unable to qualify and maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries."

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Date Declared	December 31, 2022		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023	\$ 0.33
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	\$ 0.03
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 13, 2022	\$ 0.31

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Date Declared	December 31, 2021		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 2, 2021	December 31, 2021	January 31, 2022	\$ 0.31
August 3, 2021	September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	\$ 0.31
May 5, 2021	June 30, 2021	August 13, 2021	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2021	March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021	\$ 0.31

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2020:

Date Declared	December 31, 2020		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 3, 2020	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	\$ 0.08
August 4, 2020	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	\$ 0.08
May 5, 2020	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	\$ 0.08
February 19, 2020	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	\$ 0.08

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which we will reinvest all cash distributions declared by the Board on behalf of our shareholders who do not elect to receive their distribution in cash as provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our shareholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividend or other distribution. As described below, we may purchase shares in the open market or use newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan. Any fractional share otherwise issuable to a participant in the dividend reinvestment plan will instead be paid in cash.

In connection with our IPO, we entered into our second amended and restated dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which, if newly issued shares are used to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the cash dividend or distribution payable to a shareholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange on the payment date of a distribution, or if

no sale is reported for such day, the average of the reported bid and ask prices. However, if the market price per share on the payment date of a cash dividend or distribution exceeds the most recently computed net asset value per share, we will issue shares at the greater of (i) the most recently computed net asset value per share and (ii) 95% of the current market price per share (or such lesser discount to the current market price per share that still exceeded the most recently computed net asset value per share). Pursuant to our second amended and restated dividend reinvestment plan, if shares are purchased in the open market to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder shall be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the cash dividend payable to such shareholder by the weighted average price per share for all shares purchased by the plan administrator in the open market in connection with the dividend. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

No action is required on the part of a registered shareholder to have his, her or its cash dividend or other distributions reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered shareholder is able to elect to receive an entire cash dividend or other distribution in cash by notifying the Adviser in writing so that such notice is received by the Adviser no later than ten days prior to the record date for distributions to the shareholders.

There are no brokerage charges or other charges to shareholders who participate in the plan.

The plan is terminable by us upon notice in writing mailed to each shareholder of record at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any distribution by us.

During each quarter, but in no event later than 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, our transfer agent or another designated agent will mail and/or make electronically available to each participant in the dividend reinvestment plan, a statement of account describing, as to such participant, the distributions received during such quarter, the number of shares of our common stock purchased during such quarter, and the per share purchase price for such shares. Annually, as required by the Code, we (or the applicable withholding agent) will include tax information for income earned on shares under the dividend reinvestment plan on a Form 1099-DIV that is mailed to shareholders subject to Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") tax reporting. We reserve the right to amend, suspend or terminate the dividend reinvestment plan. Any distributions reinvested through the issuance of shares through our dividend reinvestment plan will increase our gross assets on which the base management fee and the incentive fee are determined and paid under the Investment Advisory Agreement. State Street Bank and Trust Company acts as the administrator of the dividend reinvestment plan.

Additional information about the dividend reinvestment plan may be obtained by contacting shareholder services for Owl Rock Capital Corporation at (212) 419-3000.

Repurchase Offers

Stock Repurchase Programs

On November 3, 2020, our Board approved a repurchase program (the "2020 Stock Repurchase Program") under which we were authorized to repurchase up to \$100 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases were made at management's discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. On November 2, 2021, the Board approved a 12-month extension to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program and, on November 2, 2022, the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program ended in accordance with its terms. As of December 31, 2021, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, had repurchased 186,150 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program for approximately \$2.6 million. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 944,076 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program for approximately \$12.6 million.

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock by Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program during the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 (through its termination):

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2021 - January 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
February 1, 2021 - February 28, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
March 1, 2021 - March 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
April 1, 2021 - April 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
May 1, 2021 - May 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
June 1, 2021 - June 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
July 1, 2021 - July 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
August 1, 2021 - August 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
September 1, 2021 - September 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
October 1, 2021 - October 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
November 1, 2021 - November 30, 2021	22,900	\$ 13.92	\$ 0.3	\$ 99.7
December 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	163,250	\$ 14.00	\$ 2.3	\$ 97.4
Total	186,150		\$ 2.6	

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2022 - January 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
February 1, 2022 - February 28, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
March 1, 2022 - March 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
April 1, 2022 - April 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
May 1, 2022 - May 31, 2022	757,926	\$ 13.21	\$ 10.0	\$ 87.4
June 1, 2022 - June 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
July 1, 2022 - July 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
August 1, 2022 - August 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
September 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
October 1, 2022 - October 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
	757,926		\$ 10.0	

On November 1, 2022, our Board approved a repurchase program (the “2022 Repurchase Program”) under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our common stock. Under the 2022 Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, including pursuant to trading plans with investment banks pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act, in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2022 Repurchase Program will terminate 18-months from the date it was approved.

As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 1,346,326 shares of our common stock pursuant to the 2022 Repurchase Program for approximately \$15.9 million.

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock by Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2022 Repurchase Program for each month in the year ended December 31, 2022 since its inception:

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 150.0
December 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	1,346,326	\$ 11.84	\$ 15.9	\$ 134.1
Total	1,346,326		\$ 15.9	

Competition

Our primary competitors in providing financing to middle market companies include public and private funds, other BDCs, commercial and investment banks, commercial finance companies and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity and hedge funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than we do. Many of these competitors have similar investment objectives to us, which may create additional competition for investment opportunities. Some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us, which may create competitive disadvantages for us with respect to our investment opportunities. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Further, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a business development company, or to the distribution and other requirements we must satisfy to qualify for RIC tax treatment. Lastly, institutional and individual investors are allocating increasing amounts of capital to alternative investment strategies. Several large institutional investors have announced a desire to consolidate their investments in a more limited number of managers. We expect that this will cause competition in our industry to intensify and could lead to a reduction in the size and duration of pricing inefficiencies that many of our products seek to exploit. See “ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS — Risk Related to Our Business — We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities, which could delay further deployment of our capital, reduce returns and result in losses.”

Investment Advisory Agreement

The description below of the Investment Advisory Agreement is only a summary and is not necessarily complete. The description set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for the following:

- managing our assets in accordance with our investment objective, policies and restrictions;
- determining the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes;
- making investment decisions for us, including negotiating the terms of investments in, and dispositions of, portfolio securities and other instruments on our behalf;
- monitoring our investments;
- performing due diligence on prospective portfolio companies;
- exercising voting rights in respect of portfolio securities and other investments for us;
- serving on, and exercising observer rights for, boards of directors and similar committees of our portfolio companies; and
- providing us with such other investment advisory and related services as we may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of capital.

The Adviser’s services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to us are not impaired.

Term

The Investment Advisory Agreement became effective on May 18, 2021. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect for two years from the date it first became effective and from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in

each case, a majority of the independent directors. On May 3, 2022, the Board approved the continuation of the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate within the meaning of the 1940 Act and related SEC guidance and interpretations in the event of its assignment. In accordance with the 1940 Act, without payment of penalty, we may terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock. "Majority of the Outstanding Shares" means the lesser of (1) 67% or more of the outstanding shares of common stock present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares of common stock are present or represented by proxy or (2) a majority of outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, without payment of penalty, the Adviser may generally terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 60 days' written notice.

Compensation of the Adviser

We pay the Adviser an investment advisory fee for its services under the Investment Advisory Agreement consisting of two components: a Management Fee and an Incentive Fee. The cost of both the Management Fee and the Incentive Fee will ultimately be borne by our shareholders.

Subsequent to July 18, 2019 (the "Listing Date"), the Management Fee is payable at an annual rate of (x) 1.5% of our average gross assets excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, that is above an asset coverage ratio of 200% calculated in accordance with Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act and (y) 1.00% of the Company's average gross assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts) that is below an asset coverage ratio of 200% calculated in accordance with Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, in each case at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters payable quarterly in arrears. The Management Fee for any partial month or quarter, as the case may be, will be appropriately prorated and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the relevant calendar months or quarters, as the case may be. For purposes of the Investment Advisory Agreement, gross assets means our total assets determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, excluding cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts.

Following the Listing Date, the Incentive Fee consists of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the Incentive Fee is based on our income and a portion is based on our capital gains, each as described below. The portion of the Incentive Fee based on income is determined and paid quarterly in arrears commencing with the first calendar quarter following the Listing Date, and equals 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate," until the Adviser has received 17.5% of the total pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that calendar quarter and, for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 17.5% of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that calendar quarter. The 100% "catch-up" provision for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the 1.5% "hurdle rate" is intended to provide the Adviser with an incentive fee of 17.5% on all pre-Incentive Fee net investment income when that amount equals 1.82% in a calendar quarter (7.27% annualized), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached and catch-up is achieved, 17.5% of any pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% in any calendar quarter is payable to the Adviser.

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means dividends (including reinvested dividends), interest and fee income accrued by us during the calendar quarter, minus operating expenses for the calendar quarter (including the Management Fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement, as discussed below, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with pay-in-kind interest ("PIK") and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we may not have received in cash. The Adviser is not obligated to return the Incentive Fee it receives on PIK interest that is later determined to be uncollectible in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

To determine whether pre-Incentive Fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate, pre-Incentive Fee net investment income is expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter commencing with the first calendar quarter following the Listing Date. Because of the structure of the Incentive Fee, it is possible that we may pay an Incentive Fee in a calendar quarter in which we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the quarterly hurdle rate, we will pay the applicable Incentive Fee even if we have incurred a loss in that calendar quarter due to realized and unrealized capital losses. In addition, because the quarterly hurdle rate is calculated based on our net assets, decreases in our net assets due to realized or unrealized capital losses in any given calendar quarter may increase the likelihood that the hurdle rate is reached and therefore the likelihood of us paying an Incentive Fee for that calendar quarter. Our net investment income used to calculate this component of the Incentive Fee is also included in the amount of our gross assets used to calculate the Management Fee because gross assets are total assets (including cash received) before deducting liabilities (such as declared dividend payments).

Based on the information reviewed and the discussion thereof, the Board, including a majority of the non-interested directors, determined that the investment advisory fee rates are reasonable in relation to the services provided and approved the continuation of the Investment Advisory Agreement as being in the best interests of our shareholders.

Administration Agreement

The description below of the Administration Agreement is only a summary and is not necessarily complete. The description set forth below is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Administration Agreement.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs, or oversees the performance of, administrative services for us, which includes, but is not limited to, providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others, which could include employees of the Adviser or its affiliates. We will reimburse the Adviser for services performed for us pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for us by such affiliate or third party.

The Administration Agreement became effective on May 18, 2021 and the continuation of the Administration Agreement was approved by the Board on May 3, 2022. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect for two years from the date it first became effective and from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in each case, a majority of the independent directors. We may terminate the Administration Agreement, without payment of any penalty, upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock. In addition, the Adviser may terminate the Administration Agreement, without payment of any penalty, upon 60 days' written notice. To the extent that the Adviser outsources any of its functions we will pay the fees associated with such functions without profit to the Adviser.

The Administration Agreement provides that the Adviser and its affiliates' respective officers, directors, members, managers, stockholders and employees are entitled to indemnification from us from and against any claims or liabilities, including reasonable legal fees and other expenses reasonably incurred, arising out of or in connection with our business and operations or any action taken or omitted on our behalf pursuant to authority granted by the Administration Agreement, except where attributable to willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of such person's duties or reckless disregard of such person's obligations and duties under the Administration Agreement.

Payment of Our Expenses under the Investment Advisory and Administration Agreements

Except as specifically provided below, we anticipate that all investment professionals and staff of the Adviser, when and to the extent engaged in providing investment advisory and management services to us, and the base compensation, bonus and benefits, and the routine overhead expenses, of such personnel allocable to such services, will be provided and paid for by the Adviser. We will bear our allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and their respective staffs (based on a percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business affairs, and as otherwise set forth in the Administrative Agreement). We also will bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including, but not limited to (i) investment advisory fees, including Management Fees and Incentive Fees, to the Adviser, pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement; (ii) our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its administrative obligations under the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administrative Agreement, and (iii) all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions including, without limitation, those relating to:

- the cost of our organization and offerings;
- the cost of calculating our net asset value, including the cost of any third-party valuation services;
- the cost of effecting any sales and repurchases of the common stock and other securities;
- fees and expenses payable under any dealer manager agreements, if any;
- debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;
- costs of hedging;
- expenses, including travel expense, incurred by the Adviser, or members of the Investment Team, or payable to third parties, performing due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, enforcing our rights;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts;
- federal and state registration fees, any stock exchange listing fees and fees payable to rating agencies;

- federal, state and local taxes;
- independent directors' fees and expenses including certain travel expenses;
- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, including registration and listing fees, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to shareholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any shareholder or director meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- research and market data;
- fidelity bond, directors and officers errors and omissions liability insurance and other insurance premiums;
- direct costs and expenses of administration, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone and staff;
- fees and expenses associated with independent audits, outside legal and consulting costs;
- costs of winding up;
- costs incurred in connection with the formation or maintenance of entities or vehicles to hold our assets for tax or other purposes;
- extraordinary expenses (such as litigation or indemnification); and
- costs associated with reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and applicable federal and state securities laws.

Affiliated Transactions

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without prior approval of the directors who are not interested persons, and in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We rely on the Order to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or certain affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such Order, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the Board make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing and (4) the proposed investment by us would not benefit our Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of any of them (other than the parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the Order and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act. In addition, we have received an amendment to our Order to permit us to participate in follow-on investments in our existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds, if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio companies.

License Agreement

We have also entered into a license agreement (the "License Agreement") with an affiliate of Blue Owl, pursuant to which we were granted a non-exclusive license to use the name "Owl Rock." Under the License Agreement, we have a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the "Owl Rock" name or logo.

Employees

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of the Adviser or its affiliates, pursuant to the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement. Each of our executive officers is employed by the Adviser or its affiliates. Our day-to-day investment operations are managed by the Adviser. The services necessary for the origination and administration of our investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by the Adviser or its affiliates. The Investment Team is focused on origination and transaction development and the ongoing monitoring of our investments. In addition, we reimburse the Adviser for the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our

business and affairs and as otherwise set forth in the Administrative Agreement). See “— *Investment Advisory Agreement*” and “— *Administration Agreement*.”

Corporate Sustainability

Our and the Adviser’s corporate sustainability efforts seek to deliver positive outcomes for our investors and the communities in which we operate. Our Board receives annual updates on the Adviser’s strategy and initiatives, including ESG-related matters.

Investing Responsibly

We and the Adviser recognize the importance of ESG risks and opportunities and are committed to the consideration of these factors in relation to our business operations and investment activities. Blue Owl is a signatory to the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (“PRI”) and incorporates core principles based on PRI standards into its ESG Policy. This policy applies to all asset classes, industries and countries in which Blue Owl does business and the funds it manages.

The Adviser believes that incorporating ESG factors into our corporate and investment practices has the potential to meaningfully contribute to our long-term financial success. The Adviser strives to continuously strengthen its ability to mitigate, manage, and monitor relevant ESG risks and opportunities within our investment portfolios. When the Adviser makes investments, it strives to analyze a wide array of considerations, risks, and potential rewards related to the prospective investment. This could include, but is not limited to, considering business-relevant ESG risks such as: regulatory, tax, governance, occupational health and safety, labor standards, geopolitical risk, etc. Further, the Adviser seeks to ensure compliance with applicable regulatory disclosure requirements, including ESG-related disclosure obligations.

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion

We and the Adviser are committed to fostering and preserving a culture of diversity, equity and inclusion. The Adviser prizes diversity in its team and seek to create an inclusive, merit-based environment that is supportive of people from all backgrounds. Blue Owl has formalized its approach by adopting a formal DEI Policy.

To further foster an inclusive culture, Blue Owl seeks to continue to establish relevant and appropriate employee resource groups. In 2022, it established The Parliament, a network for women with a mission to support, enhance, and advance the experience of women at Blue Owl and to enhance gender equity across the firm. Blue Owl has hosted events for The Parliament to highlight women leaders in the financial industry, provide connection and promote mental health. Blue Owl also works with select partners on DEI initiatives, including Black Women in Asset Management, 100 Women in Finance and The Opportunity Network. Blue Owl’s signature partnership with The Opportunity Network launched a summer internship program for college students from backgrounds that are often underrepresented in the finance industry. This program includes training for both supervisors and interns, professional development sessions, networking opportunities and mentorship. In addition, Blue Owl has conducted DEI-related training on implicit bias for all of its employees.

Citizenship

Blue Owl seeks to engage with its stakeholders to support the causes most important to its communities. Blue Owl takes its role as a corporate citizen seriously and aims to leverage its resources for social good by contributing to meaningful causes and by partnering with various organizations to support the communities in which it operates and resides. Blue Owl encourages and facilitates opportunities for staff to give back to its communities, including through financial support and in-kind donations of its employees’ time. In 2022, Blue Owl expanded its tradition of holiday giving to a global campaign across eight offices, partnering with local organizations to help children and families in need.

Regulation as a Business Development Company

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates (including any investment advisers or sub-advisers), principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters and requires that a majority of the directors be persons other than “interested persons,” as that term is defined in the 1940 Act.

In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock.

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, issue and sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the then-current net asset value of our common stock if (1) our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our shareholders, and (2) our shareholders have approved our policy and practice of making such sales within the preceding 12 months. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price which, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities.

As a BDC, the ratio of our total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness represented by senior securities) to our total indebtedness represented by senior securities plus preferred stock, if any, must be at least 200% (or 150% if certain conditions are met). This means that generally, we can borrow up to \$1 for every \$1 of investor equity (or, if certain conditions are met, we can borrow up to \$2 for every \$1 of investor equity). The reduced asset coverage requirement would permit a BDC to double the amount of leverage it could incur. On March 31, 2020, our Board, including a “required majority” (as such term is defined in Section 57(o) of the Investment Company Act) of our Board, approved the application of the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the Investment Company Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act. On June 8, 2020, the date of our shareholder meeting, we received shareholder approval for the application of the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act. As a result, effective on June 9, 2020, our asset coverage requirement applicable to senior securities was reduced from 200% to 150%.

We may also be prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our board of directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC.

We may invest up to 100% of our assets in securities acquired directly from issuers in privately negotiated transactions. With respect to such securities, we may, for the purpose of public resale, be deemed an “underwriter” as that term is defined in the Securities Act.

Our intention is to not write (sell) or buy put or call options to manage risks associated with the publicly traded securities of our portfolio companies, except that we may enter into hedging transactions to manage the risks associated with interest rate or currency fluctuations. However, we may purchase or otherwise receive warrants to purchase the common stock of our portfolio companies in connection with acquisition financing or other investments. Similarly, in connection with an acquisition, we may acquire rights to require the issuers of acquired securities or their affiliates to repurchase them under certain circumstances.

We do not intend to acquire securities issued by any investment company that exceed the limits imposed by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. Prior to January 19, 2021, except for registered money market funds, we generally were prohibited from acquiring more than 3% of the voting stock of any registered investment company, investing more than 5% of the value of our total assets in the securities of one investment company, or investing more than 10% of the value of our total assets in the securities of more than one investment company without obtaining exemptive relief from the SEC. However, the SEC adopted new rules, which became effective on January 19, 2021, that allow us to acquire the securities of other investment companies in excess of the 3%, 5%, and 10% limitations without obtaining exemptive relief if we comply with certain conditions. If we invest in securities issued by investment companies, if any, it should be noted that such investments might subject our shareholders to additional expenses as they will be indirectly responsible for the costs and expenses of such companies.

None of our investment policies are fundamental, and thus may be changed without shareholder approval.

Qualifying Assets. Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the company’s total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

(1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:

- (a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;
- (b) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly owned by the business development company) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and
- (c) satisfies any of the following:
 - (i) does not have any class of securities that is traded on a national securities exchange;
 - (ii) has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange, but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250 million;
 - (iii) is controlled by a business development company or a group of companies including a business development company and the business development company has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or
 - (iv) is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2 million.

(2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company controlled by the Company.

(3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.

(4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and the Company already owns 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.

(5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.

(6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

In addition, a business development company must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

Control, as defined by the 1940 Act, is presumed to exist where a BDC beneficially owns more than 25% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company, but may exist in other circumstances based on the facts and circumstances.

The regulations defining qualifying assets may change over time. The Company may adjust its investment focus as needed to comply with and/or take advantage of any regulatory, legislative, administrative or judicial actions.

Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies. A BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the United States and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described above. However, in order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70% test, the BDC must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance; except that, where the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Where the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, the BDC will satisfy this test if one of the other persons in the group makes available such managerial assistance, although this may not be the sole method by which the BDC satisfies the requirement to make available managerial assistance. Making available significant managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company through monitoring of portfolio company operations, selective participation in board and management meetings, consulting with and advising a portfolio company's officers or other organizational or financial guidance.

Temporary Investments. Pending investment in other types of qualifying assets, as described above, our investments can consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment, which are referred to herein, collectively, as temporary investments, so that 70% of our assets would be qualifying assets. We may invest in highly rated commercial paper, U.S. government agency notes, U.S. Treasury bills or in repurchase agreements relating to such securities that are fully collateralized by cash or securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by an investor, such as us, of a specified security and the simultaneous agreement by the seller to repurchase it at an agreed-upon future date and at a price that is greater than the purchase price by an amount that reflects an agreed-upon interest rate. Consequently, repurchase agreements are functionally similar to loans. There is no percentage restriction on the proportion of our assets that may be invested in such repurchase agreements. However, the 1940 Act and certain diversification tests in order to qualify as a RIC for federal income tax purposes typically require us to limit the amount we invest with any one counterparty. Accordingly, we do not intend to enter into repurchase agreements with a single counterparty in excess of this limit. The Adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we may enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

Warrants. Under the 1940 Act, a BDC is subject to restrictions on the issuance, terms and amount of warrants, options or rights to purchase shares of capital stock that it may have outstanding at any time. Under the 1940 Act, we may generally only offer warrants provided that (i) the warrants expire by their terms within ten years, (ii) the exercise or conversion price is not less than the current market value at the date of issuance, (iii) shareholders authorize the proposal to issue such warrants, and the Board approves such issuance on the basis that the issuance is in our best interests and the shareholders best interests and (iv) if the warrants are accompanied by other securities, the warrants are not separately transferable unless no class of such warrants and the securities accompanying them has been publicly distributed. The 1940 Act also provides that the amount of our voting securities that would result from the exercise of all outstanding warrants, as well as options and rights, at the time of issuance may not exceed 25% of our outstanding voting securities. In particular, the amount of capital stock that would result from the conversion or exercise of all outstanding warrants, options or rights to purchase capital stock cannot exceed 25% of the BDC's total outstanding shares of capital stock.

Senior Securities; Coverage Ratio. We are generally permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of stock senior to our common stock if immediately after such borrowing or issuance, the ratio of our total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness represented by senior securities) to our total indebtedness represented by senior

securities plus preferred stock, if any, is at least 200% (or 150%, if certain requirements are met). This means that generally, a BDC can borrow up to \$1 for every \$1 of investor equity or, if certain requirements are met and it reduces its asset coverage ratio, it can borrow up to \$2 for every \$1 of investor equity. On March 31, 2020, our Board, including a “required majority” (as such term is defined in Section 57(o) of the Investment Company Act) of our Board, approved the application of the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the Investment Company Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act. On June 8, 2020, we received shareholder approval for the application of the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act. As a result, effective on June 9, 2020, our asset coverage requirement applicable to senior securities was reduced from 200% to 150%.

In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding, we will be required to make provisions to prohibit any dividend distribution to our shareholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the dividend distribution or repurchase. We will also be permitted to borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes, which borrowings would not be considered senior securities. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see “*ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS — Risks Related to Business Development Companies — Regulations governing our operation as a BDC and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a BDC, the necessity of raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including risks associated with leverage.*”

Codes of Ethics. We and the Adviser have each adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act and Rule 204A-1 under the Advisers Act, respectively, that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code are permitted to invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code’s requirements. Our code of ethics is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Affiliated Transactions. We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from conducting certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We rely on the Order to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to the Order, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a “required majority” (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors makes certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transactions, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing and (4) the proposed investment by us would not benefit our Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of any of them (other than the parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the Order and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act. In addition, we have received an amendment to our Order to permit us to participate in follow-on investments in our existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds, if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio company. The Owl Rock Advisers’ allocation policy incorporates the conditions of the Order and seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities between the Company and/or other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates over time. As a result of exemptive relief, there could be significant overlap in the Company’s investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of other Owl Rock Clients that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief and that have an investment objective similar to ours.

Cancellation of the Investment Advisory Agreement. Under the 1940 Act, the Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of its assignment, as defined in the 1940 Act, by the Adviser. See “Investment Advisory Agreement - Term.” The Investment Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time, without penalty, by us upon not less than 60 days’ written notice to the Adviser and may be terminated at any time, without penalty, by the Adviser upon 60 days’ written notice to us. The holders of a Majority of our Outstanding Shares may also terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement without penalty upon not less than 60 days’ written notice. Unless terminated earlier as described above, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect for a period of two years from the date it first became effective and will remain in effect from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by our Board or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a Majority of our Outstanding Shares, and, in either case, if also approved by a majority of our directors who are not “interested persons” as defined in the 1940 Act.

Other. We have adopted an investment policy that complies with the requirements applicable to us as a BDC. We expect to be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act, and will be subject to the periodic reporting and related requirements of the Exchange Act.

We are also required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to our shareholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

We are also required to designate a chief compliance officer and to adopt and implement written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and to review these policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation.

We are not permitted to change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock.

We intend to operate as a non-diversified management investment company; however, we are currently and may, from time to time, in the future, be considered a diversified management investment company pursuant to the definitions set forth in the 1940 Act.

Rule 18f-4 under the 1940 Act requires BDCs that use derivatives to, among other things, comply with a value-at-risk leverage limit, adopt a derivatives risk management program, and implement certain testing and board reporting procedures. Rule 18f-4 exempts BDCs that qualify as "limited derivatives users" from the aforementioned requirements, provided that these BDCs adopt written policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to manage the BDC's derivatives risks and comply with certain recordkeeping requirements. We currently qualify as a "limited derivatives user" and expects to continue to do so. We have adopted a derivatives policy and comply with the recordkeeping requirements of Rule 18f-4.

Our common stock is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "ORCC." As a listed company on the NYSE, we are subject to various listing standards including corporate governance listing standards. We believe we are in material compliance with these rules.

Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following discussion is a general summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and to an investment in our common stock. This discussion does not purport to be a complete description of the income tax considerations applicable to such an investment. For example, this discussion does not describe tax consequences that we have assumed to be generally known by investors or certain considerations that may be relevant to certain types of holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including persons who hold our common stock as part of a straddle or a hedging, integrated or constructive sale transaction, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, brokers or dealers in securities, pension plans and trusts, persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, U.S. expatriates, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, personal holding companies, persons who acquire an interest in the Company in connection with the performance of services, and financial institutions. Such persons should consult with their own tax advisers as to the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in our common stock, which may differ substantially from those described herein. This discussion assumes that shareholders hold our common stock as capital assets (within the meaning of the Code).

The discussion is based upon the Code, U.S. Department of Treasury ("Treasury") regulations, and administrative and judicial interpretations, each as of the date of this report and all of which are subject to change, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. We have not sought and will not seek any ruling from the IRS regarding any matter discussed herein. Prospective investors should be aware that, although we intend to adopt positions we believe are in accord with current interpretations of the U.S. federal income tax laws, the IRS may not agree with the tax positions taken by us and that, if challenged by the IRS, our tax positions might not be sustained by the courts. This summary does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate, alternative minimum, or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It also does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

For purposes of this discussion, a "U.S. Shareholder" generally is a beneficial owner of our common stock that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- a citizen or individual resident of the United States;
- a corporation (or other entity treated as a corporation) organized in or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof;
- a trust that is subject to the supervision of a court within the United States and the control of one or more U.S. persons or that has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury Regulations to be treated as a U.S. person; or
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

A "Non-U.S. Shareholder" is a beneficial owner of our common stock that is neither a U.S. Shareholder nor a partnership for U.S. tax purposes.

If a partnership (including an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. Any partner of a partnership holding our common stock should consult its tax advisers with respect to the purchase, ownership and disposition of such shares.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to an investor of an investment in our common stock will depend on the facts of his, her or its particular situation.

Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company

We have elected to be treated and intend to qualify each year as a RIC. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates on any ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our shareholders as dividends. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, in order to obtain RIC tax benefits, we generally must distribute to our shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses (the "Annual Distribution Requirement").

If we qualify as a RIC, and satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, then we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our income we timely distribute (or are deemed to distribute) to our shareholders. We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on any income or capital gains not distributed (or deemed distributed) to our shareholders.

We will be subject to a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of our net ordinary income for each calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of the amount by which our capital gain exceeds our capital loss (adjusted for certain ordinary losses) for the one-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (iii) certain undistributed amounts from previous years on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax (the "Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement"). While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in order to avoid imposition of this 4% U.S. federal excise tax, we may not be successful in avoiding entirely the imposition of this tax. In that case, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

In order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

- continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;
- derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to loans of certain securities, gains from the sale of stock or other securities or foreign currencies, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90% Income Test"); and
- diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:
 - at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and
 - no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the (i) securities, other than U.S. Government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, (ii) securities, other than securities of other RICs, of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) securities of one or more "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (the "Diversification Tests").

We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments with PIK interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as PIK interest and deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan. Because any original issue discount or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our shareholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even though we will not have received the corresponding cash amount.

Although we do not presently expect to do so, we are authorized to borrow funds, to sell assets and to make taxable distributions of our stock and debt securities in order to satisfy the distribution requirements. Our ability to dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (i) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (ii) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement or the Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not

advantageous. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, we may fail to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC and become subject to tax as an ordinary corporation.

Under the 1940 Act, we are not permitted to make distributions to our shareholders while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain “asset coverage” tests are met. If we are prohibited from making distributions, we may fail to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC and become subject to tax as an ordinary corporation.

Certain of our investment practices may be subject to special and complex U.S. federal income tax provisions that may, among other things: (i) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions; (ii) convert lower taxed long-term capital gain into higher taxed short-term capital gain or ordinary income; (iii) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited); (iv) cause us to recognize income or gain without a corresponding receipt of cash; (v) adversely affect the time as to when a purchase or sale of securities is deemed to occur; (vi) adversely alter the characterization of certain complex financial transactions; and (vii) generate income that will not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test described above. We will monitor our transactions and may make certain tax decisions in order to mitigate the potential adverse effect of these provisions.

A RIC is limited in its ability to deduct expenses in excess of its “investment company taxable income” (which is, generally, ordinary income plus the excess of net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses). If our expenses in a given year exceed our investment company taxable income, we would experience a net operating loss for that year. However, a RIC is not permitted to carry forward net operating losses to subsequent years. In addition, expenses can be used only to offset investment company taxable income, not net capital gain. Due to these limits on the deductibility of expenses, we may, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, have aggregate taxable income for several years that we are required to distribute and that is taxable to our shareholders even if such income is greater than the aggregate net income we actually earned during those years. Such required distributions may be made from our cash assets or by liquidation of investments, if necessary. We may realize gains or losses from such liquidations. In the event we realize net capital gains from such transactions, a shareholder may receive a larger capital gain distribution than it would have received in the absence of such transactions.

Investment income received from sources within foreign countries, or capital gains earned by investing in securities of foreign issuers, may be subject to foreign income taxes withheld at the source. In this regard, withholding tax rates in countries with which the United States does not have a tax treaty can be as high as 35% or more. The United States has entered into tax treaties with many foreign countries that may entitle us to a reduced rate of or exemption from withholding tax on investment income and gains. The effective rate of foreign tax cannot be determined at this time since the amount of our assets to be invested within various countries is not now known. We do not anticipate being eligible for the special election that allows a RIC to treat foreign income taxes paid by such RIC as paid by its stockholders.

If we purchase shares in a “passive foreign investment company,” or PFIC, we may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a portion of any “excess distribution” or gain from the disposition of such shares. Additional charges in the nature of interest may be imposed on us in respect of deferred taxes arising from such distributions or gains. This additional tax and interest may apply even if we make a distribution in an amount equal to any “excess distribution” or gain from the disposition of such shares as a taxable dividend by us to our shareholders. If we invest in a PFIC and elect to treat the PFIC as a “qualified electing fund” under the Code, or QEF, in lieu of the foregoing requirements, we will be required to include in income each year a portion of the ordinary earnings and net capital gain of the QEF, even if such income is not distributed to us. Alternatively, we may be able to elect to mark-to-market at the end of each taxable year our shares in a PFIC; in this case, we will recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such shares and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it does not exceed prior increases included in income. Under either election, we may be required to recognize in a year income in excess of our distributions from PFICs and our proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income will nevertheless be subject to the Annual Distribution Requirement and will be taken into account for purposes of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax. We intend to limit and/or manage our holdings in PFICs to minimize our liability for any taxes and related interest charges.

If we hold more than 10% of the shares in a foreign corporation that is treated as a controlled foreign corporation, or “CFC,” we may be treated as receiving a deemed distribution (taxable as ordinary income) each year from such foreign corporation in an amount equal to our pro rata share of the corporation’s income for the tax year (including both ordinary earnings and capital gains), whether or not the corporation makes an actual distribution during such year. In general, a foreign corporation will be classified as a CFC if more than 50% of the shares of the corporation, measured by reference to combined voting power or value, is owned (directly, indirectly or by attribution) by U.S. Shareholders. A “U.S. Shareholder,” for this purpose, is any U.S. person that possesses (actually or constructively) 10% or more of the combined voting power of all classes of shares of a corporation or 10% or more of the total value of all classes of shares of a corporation. If we are treated as receiving a deemed distribution from a CFC, we will be required to include such distribution in our investment company taxable income regardless of whether we receive any actual distributions from such CFC, and such income will be subject to the Annual Distribution Requirement and will be taken into account for purposes of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax.

Foreign exchange gains and losses realized by us in connection with certain transactions involving non-dollar debt securities, certain foreign currency futures contracts, foreign currency option contracts, foreign currency forward contracts, foreign currencies, or

payables or receivables denominated in a foreign currency are subject to Code provisions that generally treat such gains and losses as ordinary income and losses and may affect the amount, timing and character of distributions to our stockholders. Any such transactions that are not directly related to our investment in securities (possibly including speculative currency positions or currency derivatives not used for hedging purposes) could, under future Treasury regulations, produce income not among the types of “qualifying income” from which a RIC must derive at least 90% of its annual gross income.

In accordance with certain applicable Treasury regulations and guidance published by the IRS, a RIC that is publicly offered may treat a distribution of its own stock as fulfilling its RIC distribution requirements if each stockholder may elect to receive his or her entire distribution in either cash or stock of the RIC, subject to a limitation that the aggregate amount of cash to be distributed to all stockholders must be at least 20% of the aggregate declared distribution. If too many stockholders elect to receive cash, the cash available for distribution must be allocated among stockholders electing to receive cash (with the balance of the distribution paid in stock). In no event will any stockholder, electing to receive cash, receive less than the lesser of (a) the portion of the distribution such stockholder elected to receive in cash, or (b) an amount equal to his or her entire distribution times the percentage limitation on cash available for distribution. If these and certain other requirements are met, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the amount of the dividend paid in stock will be equal to the amount of cash that could have been received instead of stock. We have no current intention of paying dividends in shares of our stock in accordance with these Treasury regulations or published guidance.

If we fail to qualify for treatment as a RIC, and certain amelioration provisions are not applicable, we would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on all of our taxable income (including our net capital gains) at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to our shareholders, nor would they be required to be made. Distributions, including distributions of net long-term capital gain, would generally be taxable to our shareholders as ordinary dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, our corporate shareholders would be eligible to claim a dividend received deduction with respect to such dividend and our non-corporate shareholders would generally be able to treat such dividends as “qualified dividend income,” which is subject to reduced rates of U.S. federal income tax. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the shareholder’s adjusted tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain. In order to requalify as a RIC, in addition to the other requirements discussed above, we would be required to distribute all of our previously undistributed earnings attributable to the period we failed to qualify as a RIC by the end of the first year that we intend to requalify as a RIC. If we fail to requalify as a RIC for a period greater than two taxable years, we may be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates on any net built-in gains with respect to certain of our assets (i.e., the excess of the aggregate gains, including items of income, over aggregate losses that would have been realized with respect to such assets if we had been liquidated) that we elect to recognize on requalification or when recognized over the next five years.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We have delegated our proxy voting responsibility to the Adviser. The Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures of the Adviser are described below. The guidelines are reviewed periodically by the Adviser and our non-interested directors, and, accordingly, are subject to change.

As an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, the Adviser has a fiduciary duty to act solely in the best interests of its clients. As part of this duty, the Adviser recognizes that it must vote client securities in a timely manner free of conflicts of interest and in the best interests of its clients. These policies and procedures for voting proxies for the Adviser’s investment advisory clients are intended to comply with Section 206 of, and Rule 206(4)-6 under, the Advisers Act.

Proxy Policies

The Adviser will seek to vote all proxies relating to our portfolio securities in the best interest of our shareholders. The Adviser reviews on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted to a shareholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by the Company. Although the Adviser will generally vote against proposals that may have a negative impact on its clients’ portfolio securities, the Adviser may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

The Adviser’s proxy voting decisions are made by senior officers who are responsible for monitoring each of our investments. To ensure that the Adviser’s vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, the Adviser requires that: (i) anyone involved in the decision making process disclose to the Adviser’s chief compliance officer any potential conflict that he or she is aware of and any contact that he or she has had with any interested party regarding a proxy vote; and (ii) employees involved in the decision-making process or vote administration are prohibited from revealing how the Adviser intends to vote on a proposal in order to reduce any attempted influence from interested parties.

Proxy Voting Records

You may obtain information about how the Adviser voted proxies by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Owl Rock Capital Corporation, Attention: Investor Relations, 399 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10022, or by calling Owl Rock Capital Corporation at (212) 419-3000.

Privacy Policy

We are committed to maintaining the confidentiality, integrity and security of non-public personal information relating to investors. The following information is provided to help you understand what personal information we collect, how we protect that information and why, in certain cases, we may share information with select other parties.

Generally, we do not collect any non-public personal information other than certain biographical information which is used only so that we can service your account, send you annual reports, proxy statements, and other information required by law. With regard to this information, we maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards designed to protect the non-public personal information of our investors.

We may share information that we collect regarding an investor with certain of our service providers for legitimate business purposes, for example, in order to process trades or mail information to investors. In addition, we may disclose information that we collect regarding an investor as required by law or in connection with regulatory or law enforcement inquiries.

Reporting Obligations

We will furnish our shareholders with annual reports containing audited financial statements, quarterly reports, and such other periodic reports as we determine to be appropriate or as may be required by law.

We make available free of charge on our website (www.owlrockcapitalcorporation.com) our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and our current reports on Form 8-K. The SEC also maintains a website (www.sec.gov) that contains such information. The reference to our website is an inactive textual reference only and the information contained on our website is not a part of this registration statement.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investing in our common stock involves a number of significant risks. You should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our common stock. The risks below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

An investment in our securities involves risks. The following is a summary of the principal risks that you should carefully consider before investing in our securities.

We are subject to risks related to the economy.

- Global economic, political and market conditions, including uncertainty about the financial stability of the United States, could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- The COVID-19 pandemic caused severe disruptions in the U.S. economy and disrupted financial activity in the areas in which we or our portfolio companies operate.
- Price declines in the corporate leveraged loan market may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation and the incurrence of realized losses.
- Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.
- Inflation may adversely affect the business, results of operations and financial condition of our portfolio companies.
- Terrorist attacks, acts of war, global health emergencies or natural disasters may impact the businesses in which we invest and harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

We are subject to risks related to our business.

- The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.
- We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss and may increase the risk of investing in us.
- Defaults under our current borrowings or any future borrowing facility or notes may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.
- If we are unable to obtain additional debt financing, or if our borrowing capacity is materially reduced, our business could be materially adversely affected.
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our Adviser's ability to manage and support our investment process. If our Adviser were to lose a significant number of its key professionals, or terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed.
- Because our business model depends to a significant extent upon Blue Owl's relationships with corporations, financial institutions and investment firms, the inability of Blue Owl to maintain or develop these relationships, or the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.
- We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities, which could delay further deployment of our capital, reduce returns and result in losses.

- Our investment portfolio is recorded at fair value as determined in good faith by our Adviser in accordance with procedures approved by our Board and, as a result, there is and will be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.
- Our Board may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or shareholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to our shareholders.
- We are subject to risks associated with the discontinuation of LIBOR, which will affect our cost of capital and results of operations.
- We are subject to risks related to corporate social responsibility.

We are subject to risks related to our Adviser and its affiliates.

- Our Adviser and its affiliates, including our officers and some of our directors, may face conflicts of interest caused by compensation arrangements with us and our affiliates, which could result in increased risk-taking or speculative investments, or cause our Adviser to use substantial leverage.
- The time and resources that individuals associated with our Adviser devote to us may be diverted, and we may face additional competition due to, among other things, the fact that neither our Adviser nor its affiliates is prohibited from raising money for or managing another entity that makes the same types of investments that we target.
- Our Adviser and its affiliates, may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we may invest.
- Our Adviser or its affiliates may have incentives to favor their respective other accounts and clients and/or Blue Owl over us, which may result in conflicts of interest that could be harmful to us.
- We may be obligated to pay our Adviser incentive fees even if we incur a net loss due to a decline in the value of our portfolio and even if our earned interest income is not payable in cash.
- Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.
- Our Adviser's inability to attract, retain and develop human capital in a highly competitive talent market could have an adverse effect on our Adviser, and thus us.

We are subject to risks related to business development companies.

- The requirement that we invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets could preclude us from investing in accordance with our current business strategy; conversely, the failure to invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets could result in our failure to maintain our status as a BDC.
- Regulations governing our operation as a BDC and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a BDC, the necessity of raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including risks associated with leverage.

We are subject to risks related to our investments.

- Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investments.
- We may invest through joint ventures, partnerships or other special purpose vehicles and our investments through these vehicles may entail greater risks, or risks that we otherwise would not incur, if we otherwise made such investments directly.
- Defaults by our portfolio companies could jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity investments that we hold which could harm our operating results.
- Subordinated liens on collateral securing debt investments that we may make to portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.
- We generally will not control the business operations of our portfolio companies and, due to the illiquid nature of our holdings in our portfolio companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interest in our portfolio companies.
- We are, and will continue to be, exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.
- International investments create additional risks.

We are subject to risks related to an investment in our common stock.

- The market value of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.
- The amount of any distributions we may make on our common stock is uncertain. We may not be able to pay distributions to shareholders, or be able to sustain distributions at any particular level, and our distributions per share, if any, may not grow over time, and our distributions per share may be reduced. We have not established any limits on the extent to which we may use borrowings, if any, and we may use sources other than from cash flows from operations to fund distributions (which may reduce the amount of capital we ultimately invest in portfolio companies).

We are subject to risks related to U.S. federal income tax.

- We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate-rates if we are unable to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries.
- We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

We are subject to general risks.

- Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.
- Heightened scrutiny of the financial services industry by regulators may materially and adversely affect our business.
- We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.
- Internal and external cybersecurity threats and risks, as well as other disasters, may adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies by impairing the ability to conduct business effectively.

Risks Related to the Economy

Global economic, political and market conditions, including uncertainty about the financial stability of the United States, could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The current worldwide financial markets situation, as well as various social, political, economic and other conditions and events (including political tensions in the United States and around the world, wars and other forms of conflict, terrorist acts, security operations and catastrophic events such as fires, floods, earthquakes, tornadoes, hurricanes and global health epidemics), may contribute to increased market volatility, may have long term effects on the United States and worldwide financial markets, and may cause economic uncertainties or deterioration in the United States and worldwide. As global systems, economies and financial markets are increasingly interconnected, events that once had only local impact are now more likely to have regional or even global effects. Events that occur in one country, region or financial market will, more frequently, adversely impact issuers in other countries, regions or markets, including in established markets such as the United States. These impacts can be exacerbated by failures of governments and societies to adequately respond to an emerging event or threat.

Uncertainty can result in or coincide with, among other things: increased volatility in the financial markets for securities, derivatives, loans, credit and currency; a decrease in the reliability of market prices and difficulty in valuing assets (including portfolio company assets); greater fluctuations in spreads on debt investments and currency exchange rates; increased risk of default (by both government and private obligors and issuers); further social, economic, and political instability; nationalization of private enterprise; greater governmental involvement in the economy or in social factors that impact the economy; changes to governmental regulation and supervision of the loan, securities, derivatives and currency markets and market participants and decreased or revised monitoring of such markets by governments or self-regulatory organizations and reduced enforcement of regulations; limitations on the activities of investors in such markets; controls or restrictions on foreign investment, capital controls and limitations on repatriation of invested capital; the significant loss of liquidity and the inability to purchase, sell and otherwise fund investments or settle transactions (including, but not limited to, a market freeze); unavailability of currency hedging techniques; substantial, and in some periods extremely high rates of inflation, which can last many years and have substantial negative effects on credit and securities markets as well as the economy as a whole; recessions; and difficulties in obtaining and/or enforcing legal judgments.

For example, the COVID-19 pandemic continues to adversely impact global commercial activity and has contributed to significant volatility in financial markets. See “—The COVID-19 pandemic caused severe disruptions in the U.S. economy and disrupted financial activity in the areas in which we or our portfolio companies operate.”

In addition, the war between Russia and Ukraine, and resulting market volatility, could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. In response to the war between Russia and Ukraine, the United States and other countries have imposed sanctions or other restrictive actions against Russia. The ongoing war and the measures in response could have a negative impact on the economy and business activity globally and could have a material adverse effect on our portfolio companies and our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. The severity and duration of the war and its impact on global economic and market conditions are impossible to predict. In addition, sanctions could also result in Russia taking counter measures or retaliatory actions which could adversely impact our business or the business of our portfolio companies, including, but not limited to, cyberattacks targeting private companies, individuals or other infrastructure upon which our business and the business of our portfolio companies rely.

Any of the above factors, including sanctions, export controls, tariffs, trade wars and other governmental actions, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common shares and/or debt securities to decline. We monitor developments and seek to manage our investments in a manner consistent with achieving our investment objective, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so.

The COVID-19 pandemic caused severe disruptions in the U.S. economy and disrupted financial activity in the areas in which we or our portfolio companies operate.

The COVID-19 pandemic and restrictive measures taken to contain or mitigate its spread caused business shutdowns, cancellations of events and restrictions on travel, significant reductions in demand for certain goods and services, reductions in business activity and financial transactions, supply chain interruptions and overall economic and financial market instability both globally and in the United States. Despite actions of the U.S. federal government and foreign governments, these events have contributed to unpredictable general economic conditions that are materially and adversely impacting the broader financial and credit

markets and reducing the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole. It is uncertain how long this volatility will continue, and as a result, even after the COVID-19 pandemic subsides, the U.S. economy and most other major global economies may continue to experience a recession. Our business and operations, as well as the business and operations of our portfolio companies, could be materially adversely affected by a prolonged recession in the United States and other major markets. Some economists and major investment banks have expressed concern that the continued spread of the virus globally could lead to a world-wide economic downturn, the impacts of which could last for some period after the pandemic is controlled and/or abated.

The COVID-19 pandemic is ongoing as of the filing date of this Annual Report, and its extended duration may have further adverse impacts on our portfolio companies after December 31, 2022, including for the reasons described herein.

Any public health emergency, or the threat thereof, and the resulting financial and economic market uncertainty could have a significant adverse impact on us and the fair value of our investments and our portfolio companies.

The extent of the impact of any public health emergency, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, on our and our portfolio companies' operational and financial performance will depend on many factors, including the duration and scope of such public health emergency, the actions taken by governmental authorities to contain its financial and economic impact, the extent of any related travel advisories and restrictions implemented, the impact of such public health emergency on overall supply and demand, goods and services, investor liquidity, consumer confidence and levels of economic activity and the extent of its disruption to important global, regional and local supply chains and economic markets, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. In addition, our and our portfolio companies' operations may be significantly impacted, or even temporarily or permanently halted, as a result of government quarantine measures, voluntary and precautionary restrictions on travel or meetings and other factors related to a public health emergency, including its potential adverse impact on the health of any of our or our portfolio companies' personnel. This could create widespread business continuity issues for us and our portfolio companies.

These factors may also cause the valuation of our investments to differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Our valuations, and particularly valuations of private investments and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and are often based on estimates, comparisons and qualitative evaluations of private information.

Any public health emergency, pandemic or any outbreak of other existing or new epidemic diseases, or the threat thereof, and the resulting financial and economic market uncertainty could have a significant adverse impact on us and the fair value of our investments and our portfolio companies.

The current period of capital markets disruption and economic uncertainty could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Current market conditions may make it difficult to extend the maturity of or refinance our existing indebtedness or obtain new indebtedness with similar terms and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. The debt capital that will be available to us in the future, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions than what we currently experience, including being at a higher cost in rising rate environments. If we are unable to raise or refinance debt, then our equity investors may not benefit from the potential for increased returns on equity resulting from leverage and we may be limited in our ability to make new commitments or to fund existing commitments to our portfolio companies. An inability to extend the maturity of, or refinance, our existing indebtedness or obtain new indebtedness could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, adverse or volatile market conditions may make equity capital difficult to raise because, subject to some limited exceptions, as a BDC, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price less than net asset value without first obtaining approval for such issuance from our shareholders and independent directors.

Significant disruption or volatility in the capital markets may also have a negative effect on the valuations of our investments. While most of our investments are not publicly traded, applicable accounting standards require us to assume as part of our valuation process that our investments are sold in a principal market to market participants (even if we plan on holding an investment through its maturity). Significant disruption or volatility in the capital markets may also affect the pace of our investment activity and the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. Thus, the illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments to access capital if required, and as a result, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments if we were required to sell them for liquidity purposes. An inability to raise or access capital could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Price declines in the corporate leveraged loan market may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation and the incurrence of realized losses.

Conditions in the U.S. corporate debt market may experience disruption or deterioration, such as the disruptions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, current high inflation rates or any future disruptions, which may cause pricing levels to decline or be volatile. As a result, our net asset value could decline through an increase in unrealized depreciation and incurrence of realized losses in connection with the sale or other disposition of our investments, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay our debt investments during these periods. In the past, instability in the global capital markets resulted in disruptions in liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant write-offs in the financial services sector, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit market and the failure of major domestic and international financial institutions. In particular, in past periods of instability, the financial services sector was negatively impacted by significant write-offs as the value of the assets held by financial firms declined, impairing their capital positions and abilities to lend and invest. In addition, continued uncertainty surrounding the negotiation of trade deals between Britain and the European Union following the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union, uncertainty in connection with economic sanctions resulting from the ongoing war between Russia and Ukraine, and uncertainty between the United States and other countries, including China, with respect to trade policies, treaties, and tariffs, among other factors, have caused disruption in the global markets. There can be no assurance that market conditions will not worsen in the future.

In an economic downturn, we may have non-performing assets or non-performing assets may increase, and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease during these periods. Adverse economic conditions may also decrease the value of any collateral securing our loans and the value of our equity investments. A severe recession may further decrease the value of such collateral and result in losses of value in our portfolio and a decrease in our revenues, net income, assets and net worth. Unfavorable economic conditions may require us to modify the payment terms of our investments, including changes in "payment in kind" or "PIK" interest provisions and/or cash interest rates, and also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us on terms we deem acceptable. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

The occurrence of recessionary conditions and/or negative developments in the domestic and international credit markets may significantly affect the markets in which we do business, the value of our investments, and our ongoing operations, costs and profitability. Any such unfavorable economic conditions, including rising interest rates, may also increase our funding costs, limit our access to capital markets or negatively impact our ability to obtain financing, particularly from the debt markets. In addition, any future financial market uncertainty could lead to financial market disruptions and could further impact our ability to obtain financing.

These events could limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and negatively impact our operating results and financial condition.

Inflation may adversely affect the business, results of operations and financial condition of our portfolio companies.

Recent inflationary pressures have increased the costs of labor, energy and raw materials and have adversely affected consumer spending, economic growth and our portfolio companies' operations. Certain of our portfolio companies may be in industries that have been, or are expected to be, impacted by inflation. If such portfolio companies are unable to pass any increases in their costs along to their customers, it could adversely affect their results and impact their ability to pay interest and principal on our loans. In addition, any projected future decreases in our portfolio companies' operating results due to inflation could adversely impact the fair value of those investments. Any decreases in the fair value of our investments could result in future unrealized losses and therefore reduce our net assets resulting from operations. Any decreases in the fair value of our investments could result in future realized or unrealized losses and therefore reduce our net assets resulting from operations. Additionally, the Federal Reserve has raised, and has indicated its intent to continue raising, certain benchmark interest rates in an effort to combat inflation. See "*—We are, and will continue to be, exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.*"

While the United States and other developed economies are experiencing higher-than-normal inflation rates, it remains uncertain whether substantial inflation will be sustained over an extended period of time or have a significant effect on the U.S. economy or other economies. Inflation may affect our investments adversely in a number of ways, including those noted above. During periods of rising inflation, interest and dividend rates of any instruments we or our portfolio companies may have issued could increase, which would tend to reduce returns to our investors. Inflationary expectations or periods of rising inflation could also be accompanied by the rising prices of commodities which are critical to the operation of portfolio companies as noted above. Portfolio companies may have fixed income streams and, therefore, be unable to pay their debts when they become due. The market value of such investments may decline in value in times of higher inflation rates. Some of our portfolio investments may have income linked to inflation through contractual rights or other means. However, as inflation may affect both income and expenses, any increase in income may not be sufficient to cover increases in expenses. Governmental efforts to curb inflation often have negative effects on the level of economic activity. In an attempt to stabilize inflation, certain countries have imposed wage and price controls at times. Past governmental efforts to curb inflation have also involved more drastic economic measures that have had a materially adverse effect on the level of economic activity in the countries where such measures were employed. There can be no assurance that continued and more widespread inflation in the United States and/or other economies will not become a serious problem in the future and have a material adverse impact on us.

The ongoing invasion of Ukraine by Russia and related sanctions have increased global political and economic uncertainty, which may have a material impact on our portfolio, our business and operations and the value of an investment in us.

The ongoing invasion of Ukraine by Russia and related sanctions have increased global political and economic uncertainty. In February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine and, in response, the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Union and many other nations announced a broad array of new or expanded economic sanctions, export controls and other measures against Russia, Russian entities and individuals. Because Russia is a major exporter of oil and natural gas, the invasion and related sanctions have reduced the supply, and increased the price, of energy, which is accelerating inflation and may exacerbate ongoing supply chain issues. There is also the risk of retaliatory actions by Russia against countries that have enacted sanctions, including cyberattacks against financial and governmental institutions, which could result in business disruptions and further economic turbulence. Although we have no direct exposure to Russia or Ukraine, the broader consequences of the invasion may have a material adverse impact on our portfolio, our business and operations and the value of an investment in us. The Russian invasion of Ukraine is uncertain and evolving as of the filing date of this Annual Report, and its full impact on our portfolio companies after December 31, 2022 is unknown.

Terrorist attacks, acts of war, global health emergencies or natural disasters may impact the businesses in which we invest and harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Terrorist acts, acts of war, global health emergencies or natural disasters may disrupt our operations, as well as the operations of the businesses in which we invest. Such acts have created, and continue to create, economic and political uncertainties and have contributed to global economic instability. Future terrorist activities, military or security operations, global health emergencies or natural disasters could further weaken the domestic/global economies and create additional uncertainties, which may negatively impact the businesses in which we invest directly or indirectly and, in turn, could have a material adverse impact on our business, operating results and financial condition. Losses from terrorist attacks, global health emergencies and natural disasters are generally uninsurable.

Risks Related to Our Business

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We may acquire a significant percentage of our investments from privately held companies in directly negotiated transactions. Substantially all of these investments are subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or are otherwise less liquid than exchange-listed securities or other securities for which there is an active trading market.

We typically would be unable to exit these investments unless and until the portfolio company has a liquidity event such as a sale, refinancing, or initial public offering.

The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult or impossible for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have previously recorded our investments, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Moreover, investments purchased by us that are liquid at the time of purchase may subsequently become illiquid due to events relating to the issuer, market events, economic conditions or investor perceptions.

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss and may increase the risk of investing in us.

The use of borrowings, also known as leverage, increases the volatility of investments by magnifying the potential for gain or loss on invested equity capital. We currently borrow under our credit facilities and have issued or assumed other senior securities, and in the future may borrow from, or issue additional senior securities to, banks, insurance companies, funds, institutional investors and other lenders and investors. Holders of these senior securities have fixed-dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our shareholders. If the value of our assets decreases, leverage would cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have if we did not employ leverage. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to service our debt or make distributions to our shareholders. In addition, our shareholders will bear the burden of any increase in our expenses as a result of our use of leverage, including interest expenses and any increase in the base management or incentive fees payable to our Adviser attributable to the increase in assets purchased using leverage. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful.

Our ability to service any borrowings that we incur will depend largely on our financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. Moreover, the management fee will be payable based on our average gross assets excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts, which may give our Adviser an incentive to use leverage to make additional investments. See “—Our Adviser and its affiliates, including our officers and some of our directors, may face conflicts of interest caused by compensation arrangements with us and our affiliates, which could result in increased risk-taking or speculative investments, or cause our Adviser to use substantial leverage.” The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our Adviser’s and our Board’s assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain credit at all or on terms acceptable to us, which could affect our return on capital.

However, to the extent that we use leverage to finance our assets, our financing costs will reduce cash available for distributions to shareholders. Moreover, we may not be able to meet our financing obligations and, to the extent that we cannot, we risk the loss of some or all of our assets to liquidation or sale to satisfy the obligations. In such an event, we may be forced to sell assets at significantly depressed prices due to market conditions or otherwise, which may result in losses.

In addition to having fixed-dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our common shareholders, obligations to lenders may be secured by a first priority security interest in our portfolio of investments and cash.

As a BDC, generally, the ratio of our total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness represented by senior securities) to our total indebtedness represented by senior securities plus any preferred stock, if any, must be at least 200%; however, the Small Business Credit Availability Act has modified the 1940 Act by allowing a BDC to increase the maximum amount of leverage it may incur from an asset coverage ratio of 200% to an asset coverage ratio of 150%, if certain requirements are met. On June 8, 2020, our shareholders, approved the application of the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act. As a result, effective June 9, 2020, our asset coverage ratio applicable to senior securities was reduced from 200% to 150%. If this ratio declines below 150%, we cannot incur additional debt and could be required to sell a portion of our investments to repay some indebtedness when it may be disadvantageous to do so. This could have a material adverse effect on our operations, and we may not be able to service our debt or make distributions.

The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns on our portfolio, net of expenses. Leverage generally magnifies the return of shareholders when the portfolio return is positive and magnifies their losses when the portfolio return is negative. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical, and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing in the table below.

	Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (Net of Expenses)				
	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%
Corresponding return to common shareholder ⁽¹⁾	-27.8 %	-16.2 %	-4.7 %	6.9 %	18.4 %

(1) Assumes, as of December 31, 2022, (i) \$13.6 billion in total assets, (ii) \$7.4 billion in outstanding indebtedness, (iii) \$5.9 billion in net assets and (iv) weighted average interest rate, excluding amortization of financing costs and marking to market value on fair value of interest rate swaps, of 3.7%.

See “ITEM 7 — MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS— Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources” for more information regarding our borrowings.

Defaults under our current borrowings or any future borrowing facility or notes may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Our borrowings may include customary covenants, including certain limitations on our incurrence of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events and certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants, as well as customary events of default. In the event we default under the terms of our current or future borrowings, our business could be adversely affected as we may be forced to sell a portion of our investments quickly and prematurely at what may be disadvantageous prices to us in order to meet our outstanding payment obligations and/or support working capital requirements under the terms of our current or future borrowings, any of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. An event of default under the terms of our current or any future borrowings could result in an accelerated maturity date for all amounts outstanding thereunder, and in some instances, lead to a cross-default under other borrowings. This could reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to grow our business.

Collectively, substantially all of our assets are currently pledged as collateral under our credit facilities. If we were to default on our obligations under the terms of our credit facilities or any future secured debt instrument the agent for the applicable creditors would be able to assume control of the disposition of any or all of our assets securing such debt, including the selection of such assets to be disposed and the timing of such disposition, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Provisions in our current borrowings or any other future borrowings may limit discretion in operating our business.

Any security interests and/or negative covenants required by a credit facility we enter into or notes we issue may limit our ability to create liens on assets to secure additional debt and may make it difficult for us to restructure or refinance indebtedness at or prior to maturity or obtain additional debt or equity financing.

A credit facility may be backed by all or a portion of our loans and securities on which the lenders will have a security interest. We may pledge up to 100% of our assets and may grant a security interest in all of our assets under the terms of any debt instrument we enter into with lenders. We expect that any security interests we grant will be set forth in a pledge and security agreement and evidenced by the filing of financing statements by the agent for the lenders. In addition, we expect that the custodian for our securities serving as collateral for such loan would include in its electronic systems notices indicating the existence of such security interests

and, following notice of occurrence of an event of default, if any, and during its continuance, will only accept transfer instructions with respect to any such securities from the lender or its designee. If we were to default under the terms of any debt instrument, the agent for the applicable lenders would be able to assume control of the timing of disposition of any or all of our assets securing such debt, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In addition, any security interests and/or negative covenants required by a credit facility may limit our ability to create liens on assets to secure additional debt and may make it difficult for us to restructure or refinance indebtedness at or prior to maturity or obtain additional debt or equity financing. In addition, if our borrowing base under a credit facility were to decrease, we may be required to secure additional assets in an amount sufficient to cure any borrowing base deficiency. In the event that all of our assets are secured at the time of such a borrowing base deficiency, we could be required to repay advances under a credit facility or make deposits to a collection account, either of which could have a material adverse impact on our ability to fund future investments and to make distributions.

In addition, we may be subject to limitations as to how borrowed funds may be used, which may include restrictions on geographic and industry concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life, collateral interests and investment ratings, as well as regulatory restrictions on leverage which may affect the amount of funding that may be obtained. There may also be certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, including required minimum portfolio yield and limitations on delinquencies and charge-offs, a violation of which could limit further advances and, in some cases, result in an event of default. An event of default under a credit facility could result in an accelerated maturity date for all amounts outstanding thereunder, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition and could lead to cross default under other credit facilities. This could reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to manage our business.

Under the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility, we have agreed not to incur any additional secured indebtedness other than in certain limited circumstances in which the incurrence is permitted under the Revolving Credit Facility. In addition, if our borrowing base under the Revolving Credit Facility were to decrease, we would be required to secure additional assets or repay advances under the Revolving Credit Facility which could have a material adverse impact on our ability to fund future investments and to make distributions.

In addition, under the terms of our credit facilities, we are subject to limitations as to how borrowed funds may be used, as well as regulatory restrictions on leverage which may affect the amount of funding that we may obtain. There may also be certain requirements relating to portfolio performance, a violation of which could limit further advances and, in some cases, result in an event of default. This could reduce our liquidity and cash flow and impair our ability to grow our business.

If we are unable to obtain additional debt financing, or if our borrowing capacity is materially reduced, our business could be materially adversely affected.

We may want to obtain additional debt financing, or need to do so upon maturity of our credit facilities, in order to obtain funds which may be made available for investments. Our credit facilities, notes and CLOs currently expire between September 2024 and July 2033. If we are unable to increase, renew or replace any such facilities and enter into new debt financing facilities or other debt financing on commercially reasonable terms, our liquidity may be reduced significantly. In addition, if we are unable to repay amounts outstanding under any such facilities and are declared in default or are unable to renew or refinance these facilities, we may not be able to make new investments or operate our business in the normal course. These situations may arise due to circumstances that we may be unable to control, such as lack of access to the credit markets, a severe decline in the value of the U.S. dollar, an economic downturn or an operational problem that affects us or third parties, and could materially damage our business operations, results of operations and financial condition.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our Adviser's ability to manage and support our investment process. If our Adviser were to lose a significant number of its key professionals, or terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed.

We do not have any employees. Additionally, we have no internal management capacity other than our appointed executive officers and will be dependent upon the investment expertise, skill and network of business contacts of our Adviser to achieve our investment objective. Our Adviser will evaluate, negotiate, execute, monitor, and service our investments. Our success will depend to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of our Adviser, including its key professionals. The departure of a significant number of key professionals from our Adviser could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective also depends on the ability of our Adviser to identify, analyze, invest in, finance, and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. Our Adviser's capabilities in structuring the investment process, and providing competent, attentive and efficient services to us depend on the involvement of investment professionals of adequate number and sophistication to match the corresponding flow of transactions. To achieve our investment objective, our Adviser may need to retain, hire, train, supervise, and manage new investment professionals to participate in our investment selection and monitoring

process. Our Adviser may not be able to find qualified investment professionals in a timely manner or at all. Any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, the Investment Advisory Agreement has a termination provision that allows the agreement to be terminated by us on 60 days' notice without penalty by the vote of a Majority of the Outstanding Shares of our common stock or by the vote of our independent directors. Furthermore, the Investment Advisory Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment, as defined in the 1940 Act, by the Adviser. If the Adviser resigns or is terminated, or if we do not obtain the requisite approvals of shareholders and our Board to approve an agreement with the Adviser after an assignment, we may not be able to find a new investment adviser or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms prior to the termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement, or at all. If we are unable to do so quickly, our operations are likely to experience a disruption and costs under any new agreements that we enter into could increase. Our financial condition, business and results of operations, as well as our ability to meet our payment obligations under our indebtedness and pay distributions, are likely to be adversely affected, and the value of our common stock may decline.

Because our business model depends to a significant extent upon Blue Owl's relationships with corporations, financial institutions and investment firms, the inability of Blue Owl to maintain or develop these relationships, or the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.

We expect that Blue Owl will depend on its relationships with corporations, financial institutions and investment firms, and we will rely to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide us with potential investment opportunities. The investment management business is intensely competitive, with competition based on a variety of factors, including investment performance, business relationships, quality of service provided to clients, fund investor liquidity, fund terms (including fees and economic sharing arrangements), brand recognition and business reputation. If Blue Owl fails to maintain its reputation it may not be able to maintain its existing relationships or develop new relationships or sources of investment opportunities, and we may not be able to grow our investment portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom Blue Owl has relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that such relationships will generate investment opportunities for us.

Negative publicity regarding Blue Owl or its personnel could give rise to reputational risk that could significantly harm our existing business and business prospects. Similarly, events could occur that damage the reputation of our industry generally, such as the insolvency or bankruptcy of large funds or a significant number of funds or highly publicized incidents of fraud or other scandals, any one of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, regardless of whether any of those events directly relate to us or our investments.

We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities, which could delay further deployment of our capital, reduce returns and result in losses.

We may compete for investments with other BDCs and investment funds (including registered investment companies, private equity funds and mezzanine funds), including the Owl Rock Clients or other funds managed by our Adviser or its affiliates comprising Owl Rock, the private funds managed by Dyal and the funds and accounts managed by Oak Street (the "Blue Owl Clients"), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of funding. Moreover, alternative investment vehicles, such as hedge funds, continue to increase their investment focus in our target market of privately owned U.S. companies. We may experience increased competition from banks and investment vehicles who may continue to lend to the middle market. Additionally, the U.S. Federal Reserve and other bank regulators may periodically provide incentives to U.S. commercial banks to originate more loans to U.S. middle market private companies. As a result of these market participants and regulatory incentives, competition for investment opportunities in privately owned U.S. companies is strong and may intensify. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical, and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments than us. These characteristics could allow our competitors to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and offer better pricing and more flexible structuring than we are able to do.

Numerous factors increase our competitive risks, including, but not limited to:

- A number of our competitors may have or are perceived to have more expertise or financial, technical, marketing and other resources and more personnel than we do;
- We may not perform as well as competitors' funds or other available investment products;
- Several of our competitors have raised significant amounts of capital, and many of them have similar investment objectives to ours, which may create additional competition for investment opportunities;
- Some of our competitors may have lower fees or alternative fee arrangements;
- Some of our competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us, which may create competitive disadvantages for us;

- Some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances, different risk assessments or lower return thresholds than us, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and to bid more aggressively than us or to agree to less restrictive legal terms and protections for investments that we want to make; and
- Some of our competitors may be subject to less regulation or conflicts of interest and, accordingly, may have more flexibility to undertake and execute certain businesses or investments than we do, bear less compliance expense than we do or be viewed differently in the marketplace.

We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms, and investment structure criteria. If we are forced to match these competitors' investment terms criteria, we may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on our investments or may bear substantial risk of capital loss. A significant increase in the number and/or the size of our competitors in our target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. Furthermore, many competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC or the source of income, asset diversification and distribution requirements we must satisfy to maintain our RIC tax treatment. The competitive pressures we face, and the manner in which we react or adjust to competitive pressures, may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, effective yield on investments, investment returns, leverage ratio, and cash flows. As a result of this competition, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time. Also, we may not be able to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment objective.

Our investment portfolio is recorded at fair value as determined in good faith by our Adviser in accordance with procedures approved by our Board and, as a result, there is and will be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined in accordance with procedures established by our Adviser and approved by our Board. There is not a public market or active secondary market for many of the types of investments in privately held companies that we hold and intend to make. Our investments may not be publicly traded or actively traded on a secondary market but, instead, may be traded on a privately negotiated over-the-counter secondary market for institutional investors, if at all. As a result, we will value these investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with valuation policy and procedures approved by our Board.

The determination of fair value, and thus the amount of unrealized appreciation or depreciation we may recognize in any reporting period, is to a degree subjective, and our Adviser has a conflict of interest in determining fair value. We will value our investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our Adviser, based on, among other things, input of our Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of our Adviser. The types of factors that may be considered in determining the fair values of our investments include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow, current market interest rates and other relevant factors. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, the valuations may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time due to changes in current market conditions. The determinations of fair value in accordance with procedures approved by our Board may differ materially from the values that would have been used if an active market and market quotations existed for such investments. Our net asset value could be adversely affected if the determinations regarding the fair value of the investments were materially higher than the values that we ultimately realize upon the disposal of such investments.

Our Board may change our operating policies and strategies without prior notice or shareholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to our shareholders.

Our Board has the authority to modify or waive current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies without prior notice and without shareholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies would have on our business, net asset value, operating results and the value of our securities. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay you distributions and cause you to lose all or part of your investment.

Any unrealized depreciation we experience on our portfolio may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available for distribution.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith in accordance with procedures approved by our Board. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments relative to amortized cost will be recorded as unrealized depreciation. Any unrealized losses in our portfolio could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its repayment obligations to us with respect to the affected loans. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income available for distribution in future periods. In addition, decreases in the market value or fair value of our investments will reduce our net asset value. See "ITEM 7 — MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — Critical Accounting Policies — Investments at Fair Value."

We are subject to limited restrictions with respect to the proportion of our assets that may be invested in a single issuer.

We intend to operate as a non-diversified management investment company; however, we are currently and may, from time to time, in the future, be considered a diversified management investment company pursuant to the definitions set forth in the 1940 Act. In addition, we are subject to the asset diversification requirements associated with our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While we are not targeting any specific industries, our investments may be focused on relatively few industries. To the extent that we hold large positions in a small number of issuers, or within a particular industry, our net asset value may be subject to greater fluctuation. We may also be more susceptible to any single economic or regulatory occurrence or a downturn in particular industry.

We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

Our business is dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, portfolio monitoring, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control. There could be:

- sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
- natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
- disease pandemics, including the COVID-19 pandemic;
- events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts;
- outages due to idiosyncratic issues at specific service providers; and
- cyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and negatively affect the net asset value of our common stock and our ability to pay distributions to our shareholders.

We are subject to risks associated with the discontinuation of LIBOR, which will affect our cost of capital and results of operations.

The London Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") is the basic rate of interest used in lending transactions between banks on the London interbank market and is widely used as a reference for setting the interest rate on loans globally. In July 2017, the Financial Conduct Authority announced its intention to cease sustaining LIBOR, by the end of 2021. As of January 1, 2023, USD LIBOR is available in five settings (overnight, one-month, three-month, six-month and 12-month). The ICE Benchmark Administration has stated that it will cease to publish all remaining USD LIBOR settings immediately following their publication on June 30, 2023.

In April 2018, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York began publishing its alternative rate, the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, or SOFR. The Bank of England followed suit in April 2018 by publishing its proposed alternative rate, the Sterling Overnight Index Average, or SONIA. Each of SOFR and SONIA significantly differ from LIBOR, both in each actual rate and how each rate is calculated, and therefore it is unclear whether and when markets will adopt either of these rates as a widely accepted replacement for LIBOR.

As such, when LIBOR is discontinued, if a replacement rate is not widely agreed upon or if a replacement rate is significantly different from LIBOR, it could cause a disruption in the credit markets generally. Such a disruption could have an adverse impact on the market value of and/or transferability of any LIBOR-linked securities, loans, and other financial obligations or extensions of credit held by or due to us or on our overall financial condition or results of operations. It is not possible to predict the effect of any of these developments, and any future initiatives to regulate, reform or change the manner of administration of LIBOR could result in adverse consequences to the rate of interest payable and receivable on, market value of and market liquidity for LIBOR-based financial instruments.

Since the first quarter of 2022, a majority of our new investments are indexed to SOFR; however we have material contracts that are indexed to LIBOR. Certain contracts have an orderly market transition already in process; however, other contracts, including our credit facilities, will need to be renegotiated to replace LIBOR with an alternative reference rate. If we are unable to renegotiate our credit facilities, amounts drawn thereunder may bear interest at a higher rate which would increase the cost of our borrowings and, in turn, affect our results of operations. Following the replacement of LIBOR, some or all of our credit agreements may bear interest at a lower interest rate, which could have an adverse impact on the value and liquidity of our investment in these portfolio companies and, as a result on our results of operations.

In addition, the transition from LIBOR to SOFR, SONIA or other alternative reference rates may also introduce operational risks in our accounting, financial reporting, loan servicing, liability management and other aspects of our business.

We are subject to risks related to corporate social responsibility.

Our business faces increasing public scrutiny related to environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) activities, which are increasingly considered to contribute to the long-term sustainability of a company’s performance. A variety of organizations measure the performance of companies on ESG topics, and the results of these assessments are widely publicized. In addition, investment in funds that specialize in companies that perform well in such assessments are increasingly popular, and major institutional investors have publicly emphasized the importance of such ESG measures to their investment decisions.

We risk damage to our brand and reputation if we fail to act responsibly in a number of areas, such as environmental stewardship, corporate governance and transparency and considering ESG factors in our investment processes. Adverse incidents with respect to ESG activities could impact the value of our brand, the cost of our operations and relationships with investors, all of which could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Additionally, new regulatory initiatives related to ESG could adversely affect our business. The SEC has proposed rules that, among other matters, would establish a framework for reporting of climate-related risks. At this time, there is uncertainty regarding the scope of such proposals or when they would become effective (if at all). Compliance with any new laws or regulations increases our regulatory burden and could make compliance more difficult and expensive, affect the manner in which we or our portfolio companies conduct our businesses and adversely affect our profitability.

Risks Related to Our Adviser and Its Affiliates

Our Adviser and its affiliates, including our officers and some of our directors, may face conflicts of interest caused by compensation arrangements with us and our affiliates, which could result in increased risk-taking or speculative investments, or cause our Adviser to use substantial leverage.

Our Adviser and its affiliates will receive substantial fees from us in return for their services. These fees may include certain incentive fees based on the amount of appreciation of our investments and arrangement, structuring or similar fees from portfolio companies in which we invest. These fees could influence the advice provided to us or create an incentive for our Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such incentive fees. Generally, the more equity we sell in public offerings and the greater the risk assumed by us with respect to our investments, including through the use of leverage, the greater the potential for growth in our assets and profits, and, correlatively, the fees payable by us to our Adviser. The way in which the incentive fee is determined may encourage our Adviser to use leverage to increase the leveraged return on our investment portfolio.

In addition, the fact that our base management fee is payable based upon our average gross assets (which includes any borrowings used for investment purposes) may encourage our Adviser to use leverage to make additional investments. Such a practice could make such investments more risky than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns. Under certain circumstances, the use of substantial leverage (up to the limits prescribed by the 1940 Act) may increase the likelihood of our defaulting on our borrowings, which would be detrimental to holders of our securities.

These compensation arrangements could affect our Adviser’s or its affiliates’ judgment with respect to public offerings of equity, incurrence of debt, and investments made by us, which allow our Adviser to earn increased asset management fees.

The time and resources that individuals associated with our Adviser devote to us may be diverted, and we may face additional competition due to, among other things, the fact that neither our Adviser nor its affiliates is prohibited from raising money for or managing another entity that makes the same types of investments that we target.

Blue Owl is not prohibited from raising money for and managing future investment entities, in addition to the Blue Owl Clients, that make the same or similar types of investments as those we target. As a result, the time and resources that our Adviser devotes to us may be diverted, and during times of intense activity in other investment programs they may devote less time and resources to our business than is necessary or appropriate. In addition, we may compete with any such investment entity also managed by our Adviser or its affiliates for the same investors and investment opportunities. Furthermore, certain members of the investment committee or our affiliates are officers of Blue Owl and will devote a portion of their time to the operations of Blue Owl, including with respect to public company compliance, investor relations and other matters that did not apply to Owl Rock prior to the formation of Blue Owl.

Our Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for issuers in which we may invest.

Our Adviser and its affiliates may provide a broad range of financial services to companies in which we may invest, including providing arrangement, syndication, origination structuring and other services to portfolio companies, and will generally be paid fees for such services, in compliance with applicable law, by the portfolio company. Any compensation received by our Adviser or its affiliates for providing these services will not be shared with us and may be received before we realize a return on our investment. In addition, we may invest in companies managed by entities in which funds managed by Dyal have acquired a minority interest. Our Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts of interest with respect to services performed for these companies, on the one hand, and investments recommended to us, on the other hand and could, in certain instances, have an incentive not to pursue actions against a portfolio company that would be in our best interest.

Our Adviser or its affiliates may have incentives to favor their respective other accounts and clients and/or Blue Owl over us, which may result in conflicts of interest that could be harmful to us.

Because our Adviser and its affiliates manage assets for, or may in the future manage assets for, other investment companies, pooled investment vehicles and/or other accounts (including institutional clients, pension plans, co-invest vehicles and certain high net worth individuals), including the Blue Owl Clients, and we may compete for capital and investment opportunities with these entities, certain conflicts of interest are present. These include conflicts of interest relating to the allocation of investment opportunities by our Adviser and its affiliates; compensation to our Adviser; services that may be provided by our Adviser and its affiliates to issuers in which we may invest; investments by us and other clients of our Adviser, subject to the limitations of the 1940 Act; the formation of additional investment funds managed by our Adviser; differing recommendations given by our Adviser to us versus other clients; our Adviser's use of information gained from issuers in our portfolio for investments by other clients, subject to applicable law; restrictions on our Adviser's use of "inside information" with respect to potential investments by us; the allocation of certain expenses; and cross transactions.

For instance, our Adviser and its affiliates may receive asset management performance-based, or other fees from certain accounts that are higher than the fees received by our Adviser from us. In addition, certain members of the Investment Committee and other executives and employees of our Adviser or its affiliates will hold and receive interest in Blue Owl and its affiliates, in addition to cash and carried interest compensation. In these instances, a portfolio manager for our Adviser may have an incentive to favor the higher fee and/or performance-based fee accounts over us and/or to favor Blue Owl. In addition, a conflict of interest exists to the extent our Adviser, its affiliates, or any of their respective executives, portfolio managers or employees have proprietary or personal investments in other investment companies or accounts or when certain other investment companies or accounts are investment options in our Adviser's or its affiliates' employee benefit plans or employee offerings. In these circumstances, personnel of our Adviser may have incentive to favor these other investment companies or accounts over us.

Because our Adviser may have incentive to favor other Blue Owl Clients and we may compete for investments with Blue Owl Clients, our Adviser and its affiliates are subject to certain conflicts of interest in evaluating the suitability of investment opportunities and making or recommending investments on our behalf. To mitigate these conflicts, the Owl Rock Advisers will seek to execute such transactions for all of the participating investment accounts, including us, on a fair and equitable basis and in accordance with the Owl Rock Advisers' investment allocation policy, taking into account such factors as the relative amounts of capital available for new investments; cash on hand; existing commitments and reserves; the investment programs and portfolio positions of the participating investment accounts, including portfolio construction, diversification and concentration considerations; the investment objectives, guidelines and strategies of each client; the clients for which participation is appropriate' each client's life cycle; targeted leverage level; targeted asset mix and any other factors deemed appropriate.

Actions taken by our Adviser and its affiliates on behalf of the Blue Owl Clients as a result of any conflict of interest may be adverse to us, which could harm our performance. For example, we may invest in the same credit obligations as other Blue Owl Clients, although, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, our investments may include different obligations or levels of the capital structure of the same issuer. Decisions made with respect to the securities held by one of the Blue Owl Clients may cause (or have the potential to cause) harm to the different class of securities of the issuer held by other Blue Owl Clients (including us). While the Owl Rock Advisers and their affiliates have developed general guidelines regarding when two or more funds can invest in different parts of the same company's capital structure and created a process that they employ to handle those conflicts when they arise, their decision to permit the investments to occur in the first instance or their judgment on how to mitigate the conflict could be challenged or deemed insufficient. If the Owl Rock Advisers and their affiliates fail to appropriately address those conflicts, it could negatively impact their reputation and ability to raise additional funds and the willingness of counterparties to do business with them or result in potential litigation against them.

From time to time, fees and expenses generated in connection with potential portfolio investments that are not consummated may be allocable to us and one or more Blue Owl Clients. These expenses will be allocated in a manner that is fair and equitable over time and in accordance with policies adopted by the Owl Rock Advisers and the Investment Advisory Agreement; however, the method for allocation expenses may vary depending on the nature of the expense and such determinations involve inherent discretion.

In addition, from time to time, our Adviser could cause us to purchase a security or other investment from, or sell a security or other investment to, another Blue Owl Client. Such cross transaction would be in accordance with applicable regulations and our and our Adviser's valuation and cross-trades policies; however, such cross transactions could give rise to additional conflicts of interest.

Our Board will seek to monitor these conflicts but there can be no assurances that such monitoring will fully mitigate any such conflicts.

Our fee structure may create incentives for our Adviser to make speculative investments or use substantial leverage.

The incentive fee payable by us to our Adviser may create an incentive for our Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangements. The way in which the incentive fee is determined may encourage our Adviser to use leverage to increase the leveraged return on our investment portfolio.

In addition, the fact that our base management fee is payable based upon our average gross assets (which includes any borrowings used for investment purposes) may encourage our Adviser to use leverage to make additional investments. Such a practice could make such investments more risky than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns. Under certain circumstances, the use of substantial leverage (up to the limits prescribed by the 1940 Act) may increase the likelihood of our defaulting on our borrowings, which would be detrimental to holders of our securities.

We may compete for capital and investment opportunities with other entities managed by our Adviser or its affiliates, subjecting our Adviser to certain conflicts of interests.

Our Adviser will experience conflicts of interest in connection with the management of our business affairs relating to and arising from a number of matters, including: the allocation of investment opportunities by our Adviser and its affiliates; compensation to our Adviser; services that may be provided by our Adviser and its affiliates to issuers in which we may invest; investments by us and other clients of our Adviser, subject to the limitations of the 1940 Act; the formation of additional investment funds managed by our Adviser; differing recommendations given by our Adviser to us versus other clients; our Adviser's use of information gained from issuers in our portfolio for investments by other clients, subject to applicable law; and restrictions on our Adviser's use of "inside information" with respect to potential investments by us.

Specifically, we may compete for investments with the other Blue Owl Clients, subjecting our Adviser and its affiliates to certain conflicts of interest in evaluating the suitability of investment opportunities and making or recommending investments on our behalf. To mitigate these conflicts, the Owl Rock Advisers will seek to execute such transactions for all of the participating investment accounts, including us, on a fair and equitable basis and in accordance with the Owl Rock Advisers' investment allocation policy, taking into account such factors as the relative amounts of capital available for new investments; cash on hand; existing commitments and reserves; the investment programs and portfolio positions of the participating investment accounts, including portfolio construction, diversification and concentration considerations; the investment objectives, guidelines and strategies of each client; the clients for which participation is appropriate; each client's life cycle; targeted leverage level; targeted asset mix and any other factors deemed appropriate.

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, our Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to permit us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Adviser or certain of its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. See "*Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted*"

Actions by the Adviser or its affiliates on behalf of their other accounts and clients may be adverse to us and our investments and harmful to us.

The Owl Rock Advisers and their affiliates manage assets for accounts other than us, including, but not limited to, the Blue Owl Clients. Actions taken by the Owl Rock Advisers and their affiliates on behalf of the Blue Owl Clients may be adverse to us and our investments, which could harm our performance. For example, we may invest in the same credit obligations as other Blue Owl Clients, although, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, our investments may include different obligations or levels of the capital structure of the same issuer. Decisions made with respect to the securities held by one of the Blue Owl Clients may cause (or have the potential to cause) harm to the different class of securities of the issuer held by other Blue Owl Clients (including us). While the Owl Rock Advisers and their affiliates have developed general guidelines regarding when two or more funds can invest in different parts of the same company's capital structure and created a process that they employ to handle those conflicts when they arise, their decision to permit the investments to occur in the first instance or their judgment on how to mitigate the conflict could be challenged or deemed insufficient. If the Owl Rock Advisers and their affiliates fail to appropriately address those conflicts, it could negatively impact their reputation and ability to raise additional funds and the willingness of counterparties to do business with them or result in potential litigation against them.

Our Adviser or its affiliates may have clients invested at different levels of the capital structure of a portfolio company in which we have invested.

Different funds advised by our Adviser or its affiliates may invest in a single portfolio company, including at different levels of the capital structure of the portfolio company. For example, in the normal course of business, we may acquire debt positions in, or lend to, companies in which another fund advised by our Adviser or its affiliates owns common equity securities or a subordinated debt position. This could occur at the time of, or subsequent to, the initial investment in the portfolio company. A direct conflict of interest could arise among the various debt holders and equity holders if the portfolio company were to experience financial distress. In addition, when we are an investor in a portfolio company alongside other of the Owl Rock Clients that have invested in a different part of the portfolio company's capital structure, the Investment Company Act may prohibit our Adviser from negotiating on behalf of any such fund in connection with a reorganization or restructuring of the portfolio company. While the Adviser and its affiliates have developed general guidelines regarding when two or more funds can invest in different parts of the same company's capital structure and created a process to handle those conflicts when they arise, a decision to permit the investments to occur in the first instance or judgments on how to minimize the conflict could be challenged.

The Oak Street division of Blue Owl may enter into sale lease-back transactions with our portfolio companies or with borrowers under our credit facilities.

From time to time, companies in which we have invested or may invest, may enter into sale-leaseback transactions with the Oak Street division of Blue Owl. As a result of these arrangements we could be a creditor to, or equity owners of, a company at the same time that company is a tenant of Oak Street. If such a company were to encounter financial difficulty or default on its obligations as a borrower, our Adviser could be required to take actions that may be adverse to those of Oak Street in enforcing our rights under the relevant facilities or agreements, or vice versa. This could lead to actual or perceived conflicts of interest.

Our access to confidential information may restrict our ability to take action with respect to some investments, which, in turn, may negatively affect our results of operations.

We, directly or through our Adviser, may obtain confidential information about the companies in which we have invested or may invest or be deemed to have such confidential information. Our Adviser may come into possession of material, non-public information through its members, officers, directors, employees, principals or affiliates. In addition, funds managed by Dyal may invest in entities that manage our portfolio companies and, as a result, may obtain additional confidential information about our portfolio companies. The possession of such information may, to our detriment, limit the ability of us and our Adviser to buy or sell a security or otherwise to participate in an investment opportunity. In certain circumstances, employees of our Adviser may serve as board members or in other capacities for portfolio or potential portfolio companies, which could restrict our ability to trade in the securities of such companies. For example, if personnel of our Adviser come into possession of material non-public information with respect to our investments, such personnel will be restricted by our Adviser's information-sharing policies and procedures or by law or contract from sharing such information with our management team, even where the disclosure of such information would be in our best interests or would otherwise influence decisions taken by the members of the management team with respect to that investment. This conflict and these procedures and practices may limit the freedom of our Adviser to enter into or exit from potentially profitable investments for us, which could have an adverse effect on our results of operations. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that we will be able to fully leverage the resources and industry expertise of our Adviser in the course of its duties. Additionally, there may be circumstances in which one or more individuals associated with our Adviser will be precluded from providing services to us because of certain confidential information available to those individuals or to other parts of our Adviser.

We may be obligated to pay our Adviser incentive fees even if we incur a net loss due to a decline in the value of our portfolio and even if our earned interest income is not payable in cash.

The Investment Advisory Agreement entitles our Adviser to receive an incentive fee based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income regardless of any capital losses. In such case, we may be required to pay our Adviser an incentive fee for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or if we incur a net loss for that quarter.

Any incentive fee payable by us that relates to the pre-incentive fee net investment income may be computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received or interest in the form of securities received rather than cash ("payment-in-kind" or "PIK" income"). PIK income will be included in the pre-incentive fee net investment income used to calculate the incentive fee to our Adviser even though we do not receive the income in the form of cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest income, it is possible that accrued interest income previously included in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. Our Adviser is not obligated to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on accrued interest income that we never receive as a result of a subsequent default.

The quarterly incentive fee on income is recognized and paid without regard to: (i) the trend of pre-incentive fee net investment income as a percent of adjusted capital over multiple quarters in arrears which may in fact be consistently less than the quarterly preferred return, or (ii) the net income or net loss in the current calendar quarter, the current year or any combination of prior periods.

For federal income tax purposes, we may be required to recognize taxable income in some circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash and to make distributions with respect to such income to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC and/or minimize corporate-level U.S. federal income or excise tax. Under such circumstances, we may have difficulty meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. This difficulty in making the required distribution may be amplified to the extent that we are required to pay the incentive fee on income with respect to such accrued income. As a result, we may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital, or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

We are prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with certain of our affiliates without the prior approval of a majority of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of our outstanding voting securities will be our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act, and we will generally be prohibited from buying or selling any securities from or to such affiliate on a principal basis, absent the prior approval of our Board and, in some cases, the SEC. The 1940 Act also prohibits certain "joint" transactions with certain of our affiliates, including other funds or clients advised by our Adviser or its affiliates, which in certain circumstances could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at

the same or different times to the extent the transaction involves a joint investment), without prior approval of our Board and, in some cases, the SEC. If a person acquires more than 25% of our voting securities, we will be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such person or certain of that person's affiliates, or entering into prohibited joint transactions with such persons, absent the prior approval of the SEC. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates or anyone who is under common control with us. The SEC has interpreted the BDC regulations governing transactions with affiliates to prohibit certain joint transactions involving entities that share a common investment adviser. As a result of these restrictions, we may be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to any portfolio company that is controlled by a fund managed by either of our Adviser or its affiliates without the prior approval of the SEC, which may limit the scope of investment or disposition opportunities that would otherwise be available to us.

On February 7, 2017, our Adviser and certain of our affiliates received an order for exemptive relief (the "Order") from the SEC to permit us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to the Order, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing, and (4) the proposed investment by us would not benefit our Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of any of them (other than the parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the Order and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act. In addition, we have received an amendment to our Order to permit us to participate in follow-on investments in our existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds, if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio company.

In situations when co-investment with our Adviser's or its affiliates' other clients is not permitted under the 1940 Act and related rules, existing or future staff guidance, or the terms and conditions of the exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC, our Adviser will need to decide which client or clients will proceed with the investment. Generally, we will not be entitled to make a co-investment in these circumstances and, to the extent that another client elects to proceed with the investment, we will not be permitted to participate. Moreover, except in certain circumstances, we will not invest in any issuer in which an affiliate's other client holds a controlling interest.

We may make investments that could give rise to a conflict of interest.

We do not expect to invest in, or hold securities of, companies that are controlled by an affiliate's other clients. However, our Adviser or an affiliate's other clients may invest in, and gain control over, one of our portfolio companies. If our Adviser or an affiliate's other client, or clients, gains control over one of our portfolio companies, it may create conflicts of interest and may subject us to certain restrictions under the 1940 Act. As a result of these conflicts and restrictions our Adviser may be unable to implement our investment strategies as effectively as they could have in the absence of such conflicts or restrictions. For example, as a result of a conflict or restriction, our Adviser may be unable to engage in certain transactions that it would otherwise pursue. In order to avoid these conflicts and restrictions, our Adviser may choose to exit such investments prematurely and, as a result, we may forego any positive returns associated with such investments. In addition, to the extent that an affiliate's other client holds a different class of securities than us as a result of such transactions, our interests may not be aligned.

The recommendations given to us by our Adviser may differ from those rendered to their other clients.

Our Adviser and its affiliates may give advice and recommend securities to other clients which may differ from advice given to, or securities recommended or bought for, us even though such other clients' investment objectives may be similar to ours, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our Adviser's liability is limited under the Investment Advisory Agreement, and we are required to indemnify our Adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our Adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Our Adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the Investment Advisory Agreement (and, separately, under the Administration Agreement), and it will not be responsible for any action of our Board in declining to follow our Adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, our Adviser and its directors, officers, shareholders, members, agents, employees, controlling persons, and any other person or entity affiliated with, or acting on behalf of our Adviser will not be liable to us for their acts under the Investment Advisory Agreement, absent willful malfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their duties. We have also agreed to indemnify, defend and protect our Adviser and its directors, officers, shareholders, members, agents, employees, controlling persons and any other person or entity affiliated with, or acting on behalf of our Adviser with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses resulting from acts of our Adviser not arising out of willful malfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their duties. However, in accordance with Section 17(i) of the 1940 Act, neither our Adviser nor any of its affiliates, directors, officers, members, employees,

agents, or representatives may be protected against any liability to us or our investors to which it would otherwise be subject by reason of willful malfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of its office. These protections may lead our Adviser to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

There are risks associated with any potential merger with or purchase of assets of another fund.

Our Adviser may in the future recommend to our Board that we merge with or acquire all or substantially all of the assets of one or more funds including a fund that could be managed by our Adviser or its affiliates (including another BDC). We do not expect that our Adviser would recommend any such merger or asset purchase unless it determines that it would be in our best interests, with such determination dependent on factors it deems relevant, which may include our historical and projected financial performance and that of any proposed merger partner, portfolio composition, potential synergies from the merger or asset sale, available alternative options and market conditions. In addition, no such merger or asset purchase would be consummated absent the meeting of various conditions required by applicable law or contract, at such time, which may include approval of the board of directors and common equity holders of both funds. If our Adviser is the investment adviser of both funds, various conflicts of interest would exist with respect to any such transaction. Such conflicts of interest may potentially arise from, among other things, differences between the compensation payable to our Adviser by us and by the entity resulting from such a merger or asset purchase or efficiencies or other benefits to our Adviser as a result of managing a single, larger fund instead of two separate funds.

Our Adviser's failure to comply with pay-to-play laws, regulations and policies could have an adverse effect on our Adviser, and thus, us.

A number of U.S. states and municipal pension plans have adopted so-called "pay-to-play" laws, regulations or policies which prohibit, restrict or require disclosure of payments to (and/or certain contacts with) state officials by individuals and entities seeking to do business with state entities, including those seeking investments by public retirement funds. The SEC has adopted a rule that, among other things, prohibits an investment adviser from providing advisory services for compensation to a government client for two years after the adviser or certain of its executives or employees makes a contribution to certain elected officials or candidates. If our Adviser, any of its employees or affiliates or any service provider acting on its behalf, fails to comply with such laws, regulations or policies, such non-compliance could have an adverse effect on our Adviser, and thus, us.

Our Adviser's inability to attract, retain and develop human capital in a highly competitive talent market could have an adverse effect on our Adviser, and thus us.

The success of our business will continue to depend upon our Adviser attracting, developing and retaining human capital. Competition for qualified, motivated, and highly-skilled executives, professionals and other key personnel in asset management firms is significant. Turnover and associated costs of rehiring, the loss of human capital through attrition, death, or disability and the reduced ability to attract talent could impair our Adviser's ability to maintain its standards of excellence and have an adverse effect on us.

Risks Related to Business Development Companies

The requirement that we invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets could preclude us from investing in accordance with our current business strategy; conversely, the failure to invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets could result in our failure to maintain our status as a BDC.

As a BDC, the 1940 Act prohibits us from acquiring any assets other than certain qualifying assets unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70% of our total assets are qualifying assets. Therefore, we may be precluded from investing in what we believe are attractive investments if such investments are not qualifying assets. Conversely, if we fail to invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could lose our status as a BDC, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, these rules could prevent us from making additional investments in existing portfolio companies, which could result in the dilution of our position, or could require us to dispose of investments at an inopportune time to comply with the 1940 Act. If we were forced to sell non-qualifying investments in the portfolio for compliance purposes, the proceeds from such sale could be significantly less than the current value of such investments.

Failure to maintain our status as a BDC would reduce our operating flexibility.

If we do not remain a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act, which would subject us to substantially more regulatory restrictions, including a greater required asset coverage ratio and additional restrictions on transactions with affiliates, and correspondingly decrease our operating flexibility.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC and RIC affect our ability to raise capital and the way in which we raise additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a BDC, the necessity of raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including risks associated with leverage.

As a result of the Annual Distribution Requirement to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we may need to access the capital markets periodically to raise cash to fund new investments in portfolio companies. Currently, we may issue "senior securities," including borrowing money from banks or other financial institutions only in amounts such that the ratio of our total assets (less total

liabilities other than indebtedness represented by senior securities) to our total indebtedness represented by senior securities plus preferred stock, if any, equals at least 150% after such incurrence or issuance. If we issue senior securities, we will be exposed to risks associated with leverage, including an increased risk of loss. Our ability to issue different types of securities is also limited. Compliance with RIC distribution requirements may unfavorably limit our investment opportunities and reduce our ability in comparison to other companies to profit from favorable spreads between the rates at which we can borrow and the rates at which we can lend. Therefore, we intend to seek to continuously issue equity securities, which may lead to shareholder dilution.

We may borrow to fund investments. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy the asset coverage test under the 1940 Act, which would prohibit us from paying distributions and could prevent us from qualifying for tax treatment as a RIC, which would generally result in a corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any income and net gains. If we cannot satisfy the asset coverage test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments and, depending on the nature of our debt financing, repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous. Also, any amounts that we use to service our indebtedness would not be available for distribution to our shareholders.

In addition, as market conditions permit, we have and may continue to securitize our loans to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize loans, we have and may continue to create a wholly owned subsidiary, contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary and have the subsidiary issue primarily investment grade debt securities to purchasers who would be expected to be willing to accept a substantially lower interest rate than the loans earn. We have and may continue to retain all or a portion of the equity in the securitized pool of loans. Our retained equity would be exposed to any losses on the portfolio of loans before any of the debt securities would be exposed to such losses. See “—*We are subject to certain risks as a result of our interests in the CLO Preferred Shares*”; “*The subordination of the CLO Preferred Shares will affect our right to payment*”; and “*The CLO Indentures require mandatory redemption of the respective CLO Debt for failure to satisfy coverage tests, which would reduce the amounts available for distribution to us.*”

Risks Related to Our Investments

Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investments.

Our strategy focuses primarily on originating and making loans to, and making debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies, with a focus on originated transactions sourced through the networks of our Adviser. Short transaction closing timeframes associated with originated transactions coupled with added tax or accounting structuring complexity and international transactions may result in higher risk in comparison to non-originated transactions.

Most debt securities in which we intend to invest will not be rated by any rating agency and, if they were rated, they would be rated as below investment grade quality and are commonly referred to as “high yield” or “junk.” Debt securities rated below investment grade quality are generally regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics and may carry a greater risk with respect to a borrower’s capacity to pay interest and repay principal. In addition, some of the loans in which we may invest may be “covenant-lite” loans. We use the term “covenant-lite” loans to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, “covenant-lite” loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower’s financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in “covenant-lite” loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

First-Lien Debt. When we make a first-lien loan, we generally take a security interest in the available assets of the portfolio company, including the equity interests of its subsidiaries, which we expect to help mitigate the risk that we will not be repaid. However, there is a risk that the collateral securing our loans may decrease in value over time, may be difficult to sell in a timely manner, may be difficult to appraise, and may fluctuate in value based upon the success of the business and market conditions, including as a result of the inability of the portfolio company to raise additional capital. In some circumstances, our lien is, or could become, subordinated to claims of other creditors. Consequently, the fact that a loan is secured does not guarantee that we will receive principal and interest payments according to the loan’s terms, or at all, or that we will be able to collect on the loan should we need to enforce our remedies.

Unitranche Loans. In addition, in connection with any unitranche loans (including “last out” portions of such loans) in which we may invest, we would enter into agreements among lenders. Under these agreements, our interest in the collateral of the first-lien loans may rank junior to those of other lenders in the loan under certain circumstances. This may result in greater risk and loss of principal on these loans.

Second-Lien and Mezzanine Debt. Our investments in second-lien and mezzanine debt generally are subordinated to senior loans and will either have junior security interests or be unsecured. As such, other creditors may rank senior to us in the event of insolvency. This may result in greater risk and loss of principal.

Equity Investments. When we invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt or mezzanine debt, we may acquire equity securities, such as warrants, options and convertible instruments, as well. In addition, we may invest directly in the equity securities of portfolio companies. We may structure such equity investments to include provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, as well as a “put,” or right to sell such securities back to the issuer, upon the occurrence of specified events. In many cases, we may also seek to obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and “piggyback” registration rights, which grants us the right to register our equity interest when either the portfolio company or another investor in the portfolio company files a registration statement with the SEC to issue securities. We seek to dispose of these equity interests and realize gains upon our disposition of these interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience.

We may invest through joint ventures, partnerships or other special purpose vehicles and our investments through these vehicles may entail greater risks, or risks that we otherwise would not incur, if we otherwise made such investments directly.

We may make indirect investments in portfolio companies through joint ventures, partnerships or other special purpose vehicles (“Investment Vehicles”), including ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (formerly known as Sebago Lake LLC). See “ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS—Specialty Financing Portfolio Companies.” In general, the risks associated with indirect investments in portfolio companies through a joint venture, partnership or other special purpose vehicle are similar to those associated with a direct investment in a portfolio company. While we intend to analyze the credit and business of a potential portfolio company in determining whether to make an investment in an Investment Vehicle, we will nonetheless be exposed to the creditworthiness of the Investment Vehicle. In the event of a bankruptcy proceeding against the portfolio company, the assets of the portfolio company may be used to satisfy its obligations prior to the satisfaction of our investment in the Investment Vehicle (i.e., our investment in the Investment Vehicle could be structurally subordinated to the other obligations of the portfolio company). In addition, if we are not the sole investor in an Investment Vehicle, we may be required to rely on our partners in the Investment Vehicle when making decisions regarding such Investment Vehicle’s investments, accordingly, the value of the investment could be adversely affected if our interests diverge from those of our partners in the Investment Vehicle.

Any strategic investments that we pursue are subject to risks and uncertainties.

We have pursued and may continue to pursue growth through strategic investments in new businesses. Completion and timing of any such strategic investments may be subject to a number of contingencies, including the uncertainty in reaching a commercial agreement with our counterparty, our ability to obtain required board, shareholder and regulatory approvals, as well as any required financing (or the risk that these are obtained subject to terms and conditions that are not anticipated). The announcement or consummation of any transaction also may adversely impact our business relationships or engender competitive responses.

In addition, the proposal and negotiation of strategic investments, whether or not completed, as well as the integration of those businesses into our existing portfolio, could result in substantial expenses and the diversion of our Adviser’s time, attention and resources from our day-to-day operations.

Our ability to manage our growth through strategic investments will depend, in part, on our success in addressing these risks. Any failure to effectively implement our acquisition or strategic investment strategies could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

To the extent we invest in publicly traded companies, we may be unable to obtain financial covenants and other contractual rights, which subjects us to additional risks.

If we invest in instruments issued by publicly-held companies, we may be subject to risks that differ in type or degree from those involved with investments in privately-held companies. Such risks include, without limitation, greater volatility in the valuation of such companies, increased obligations to disclose information regarding such companies, limitations on our ability to dispose of such instruments at certain times, increased likelihood of shareholder litigation against such companies’ board members and increased costs associated with each of the aforementioned risks. In addition, to the extent we invest in publicly traded debt instruments, we may not be able to obtain financial covenants or other contractual rights that we might otherwise be able to obtain when making privately-negotiated investments. We may not have the same access to information in connection with investments in public debt instruments that we would expect to have in connection with privately-negotiated investments. If we or our Adviser were deemed to have material, nonpublic information regarding the issuer of a publicly traded instrument in which we have invested, we may be limited in our ability to make new investments or sell existing investments in such issuer.

Broadly syndicated loans, including “covenant-lite” loans, may expose us to different risks, including with respect to liquidity, price volatility, ability to restructure loans, credit risks and less protective loan documentation, than is the case with loans that contain financial maintenance covenants.

A significant number of high yield loans in the market, in particular the broadly syndicated loan market, may consist of “covenant-lite” loans. Generally, “covenant-lite” loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders

because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Ownership of "covenant-lite" loans may expose us to different risks, including with respect to liquidity, price volatility, ability to restructure loans, credit risks and less protective loan documentation, than is the case with loans that contain financial maintenance covenants.

Downgrades by rating agencies of broadly syndicated loans could adversely impact our financial performance.

Ratings agencies have recently undergone reviews of broadly syndicated loans in light of the COVID-19 pandemic's adverse impact on the economic market. Such reviews have, in some cases, resulted in downgrades of broadly syndicated loans. To the extent we invest in broadly syndicated loans, such downgrades could adversely impact our financial performance. The full extent of downgrades by ratings agencies of broadly syndicated loans is currently unknown, thereby resulting in a high degree of uncertainty.

We may be subject to risks associated with our investments in bank loans.

We intend to invest in bank loans and participations. These obligations are subject to unique risks, including:

- the possible invalidation of an investment transaction as a fraudulent conveyance under relevant creditors' rights laws,
- so-called lender-liability claims by the issuer of the obligations,
- environmental liabilities that may arise with respect to collateral securing the obligations, and
- limitations on our ability to directly enforce its rights with respect to participations.

In addition, the illiquidity of bank loans may make it difficult for us to sell such investments to access capital if required. As a result, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments if we were required to sell them for liquidity purposes. Compared to securities and to certain other types of financial assets, purchases and sales of loans take relatively longer to settle. This extended settlement process can (i) increase the counterparty credit risk borne by us; (ii) leave us unable to timely vote, or otherwise act with respect to, loans it has agreed to purchase; (iii) delay us from realizing the proceeds of a sale of a loan; (iv) inhibit our ability to re-sell a loan that it has agreed to purchase if conditions change (leaving us more exposed to price fluctuations); (v) prevent us from timely collecting principal and interest payments; and (vi) expose us to adverse tax or regulatory consequences. To the extent the extended loan settlement process gives rise to short-term liquidity needs, we may hold cash, sell investments or temporarily borrow from banks or other lenders.

In purchasing participations, we generally will have no right to enforce compliance by the borrower with the terms of the loan agreement, nor any rights of set-off against the borrower, and we may not directly benefit from the collateral supporting the debt obligation in which we have purchased the participation. As a result, we will assume the credit risk of both the borrower and the institution selling the participation.

In analyzing each bank loan or participation, our Adviser compares the relative significance of the risks against the expected benefits of the investment. Successful claims by third parties arising from these and other risks will be borne by us.

If the assets securing the loans that we make decrease in value, then we may lack sufficient collateral to cover losses.

To attempt to mitigate credit risks, we intend to take a security interest in the available assets of our portfolio companies. There is no assurance that we will obtain sufficient collateral to cover losses or properly perfect our liens.

There is a risk that the collateral securing our loans may decrease in value over time, may be difficult to sell in a timely manner, may be difficult to appraise and may fluctuate in value based upon the success of the business and market conditions, including as a result of the inability of a portfolio company to raise additional capital. In some circumstances, our lien could be subordinated to claims of other creditors. Consequently, the fact that a loan is secured does not guarantee that we will receive principal and interest payments according to the loan's terms, or that we will be able to collect on the loan should we be forced to enforce our remedies.

We may suffer a loss if a portfolio company defaults on a loan and the underlying collateral is not sufficient.

In the event of a default by a portfolio company on a secured loan, we will only have recourse to the assets collateralizing the loan. If the underlying collateral value is less than the loan amount, we will suffer a loss. In addition, we may make loans that are unsecured, which are subject to the risk that other lenders may be directly secured by the assets of the portfolio company. In the event of a default, those collateralized lenders would have priority over us with respect to the proceeds of a sale of the underlying assets. In cases described above, we may lack control over the underlying asset collateralizing our loan or the underlying assets of the portfolio company prior to a default, and as a result the value of the collateral may be reduced by acts or omissions by owners or managers of the assets.

In the event of bankruptcy of a portfolio company, we may not have full recourse to its assets in order to satisfy our loan, or our loan may be subject to "equitable subordination." This means that depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided significant "managerial assistance," if any, to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In addition, certain of our loans are subordinate to other debt of the portfolio company. If a portfolio company defaults on our loan or on debt senior to our loan, or in the event of a portfolio company bankruptcy, our loan will be satisfied only after the senior debt receives payment. Where debt senior

to our loan exists, the presence of intercreditor arrangements may limit our ability to amend our loan documents, assign our loans, accept prepayments, exercise our remedies (through “standstill” periods) and control decisions made in bankruptcy proceedings relating to the portfolio company. Bankruptcy and portfolio company litigation can significantly increase collection losses and the time needed for us to acquire the underlying collateral in the event of a default, during which time the collateral may decline in value, causing us to suffer losses.

Borrowers of broadly syndicated loans may be permitted to designate unrestricted subsidiaries under the terms of their financing agreements, which would exclude such unrestricted subsidiaries from restrictive covenants under the financing agreement with the borrower. Without restriction under the financing agreement, the borrower could take various actions with respect to the unrestricted subsidiary including, among other things, incur debt, grant security on its assets, sell assets, pay dividends or distribute shares of the unrestricted subsidiary to the borrower’s shareholders. Any of these actions could increase the amount of leverage that the borrower is able to incur and increase the risk involved in our investments in broadly syndicated loans accordingly.

If the value of collateral underlying our loan declines or interest rates increase during the term of our loan, a portfolio company may not be able to obtain the necessary funds to repay our loan at maturity through refinancing. Decreasing collateral value and/or increasing interest rates may hinder a portfolio company’s ability to refinance our loan because the underlying collateral cannot satisfy the debt service coverage requirements necessary to obtain new financing. If a borrower is unable to repay our loan at maturity, we could suffer a loss which may adversely impact our financial performance.

We may not realize any income or gains from our equity investments.

We have invested in and may continue to invest in equity-related securities, including common equity, warrants, preferred stock and convertible preferred securities. These equity interests we acquire may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value if the company fails to perform financially or achieve its growth objectives. We will generally have little, if any, control over the timing of any gains we may realize from our equity investments since these securities may have restrictions on their transfer or may not have an active trading market.

Equity investments also have experienced significantly more volatility in their returns and may under-perform relative to fixed income securities during certain periods. An adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value. Also, prices of equity investments are sensitive to general movements in the stock market and a drop in the stock market may depress the price of common stock investments to which we have exposure. Equity prices fluctuate for several reasons including changes in investors’ perceptions of the financial condition of an issuer or the general condition of the relevant stock market, or when political or economic events affecting the issuers occur. In addition, common stock prices may be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, as the cost of capital rises and borrowing costs increase.

Although we expect to receive current income in the form of dividend payments on any convertible preferred equity investments, a substantial portion of the gains we expect to receive from our investments in such securities will likely be from the capital gains generated from the sale of our equity investments upon conversion of our convertible securities, the timing of which we cannot predict and we cannot guarantee that such sale will happen at all. We do not expect to generate capital gains from the sale of our portfolio investments on a level or uniform basis from quarter to quarter. In addition, any convertible preferred stock instruments will generally provide for conversion upon the portfolio companies’ achievement of certain milestone events, including a qualified public offering and/or a senior exchange listing for their common stock. However, there can be no assurance that our portfolio companies will obtain either a junior or senior exchange listing or, even if a listing is obtained, that an active trading market will ever develop in the common stock of our publicly traded portfolio companies. In addition, even if our portfolio companies obtain an exchange listing, we may be subject to lock-up provisions that prohibit us from selling our investments into the public market for specified periods of time after such listing. As a result, the market price of securities that we hold may decline substantially before we are able to sell these securities following an exchange listing.

Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. Furthermore, due to the expected growth of our portfolio companies, we do not generally expect to receive dividend income from our common stock investments. In the case of cumulative preferred stock, there is no assurance that any dividends will ever be paid by a portfolio company. Dividends to any equity holders may be suspended or cancelled at any time.

Investments in equity securities can carry additional risks and may have other characteristics that require investments to be made indirectly through blocker entities or otherwise. In addition, if an issuer of equity securities in which we have invested sells additional shares of its equity securities, our interest in the issuer may be diluted and the value of our investment could decrease. For the foregoing reasons, investments in equity securities can be highly speculative and carry a substantial risk of loss of investment.

The credit ratings of certain of our investments may not be indicative of the actual credit risk of such rated instruments.

Rating agencies rate debt securities based upon their assessment of the likelihood of the receipt of principal and interest payments. Rating agencies do not consider the risks of fluctuations in market value or other factors that may influence the value of debt securities. Therefore, the credit rating assigned to a particular instrument may not fully reflect the true risks of an investment in such instrument. Credit rating agencies may change their methods of evaluating credit risk and determining ratings. These changes

may occur quickly and often. While we may give some consideration to ratings, ratings may not be indicative of the actual credit risk of our investments in rated instruments.

Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending their future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts.

Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments, net of prepayment fees, could negatively impact our return on equity. This risk will be more acute when interest rates decrease, as we may be unable to reinvest at rates as favorable as when we made our initial investment.

A redemption of convertible securities held by us could have an adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

A convertible security may be subject to redemption at the option of the issuer at a price established in the convertible security's governing instrument. If a convertible security held by us is called for redemption, we will be required to permit the issuer to redeem the security, convert it into the underlying common stock or sell it to a third party. Any of these actions could have an adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

To the extent original issue discount (OID) and payment-in-kind (PIK) interest income constitute a portion of our income, we will be exposed to risks associated with the deferred receipt of cash representing such income.

Our investments may include OID and PIK instruments. To the extent OID and PIK constitute a portion of our income, we will be exposed to risks associated with such income being required to be included in income for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") and taxable income prior to receipt of cash, including the following:

- Original issue discount instruments may have unreliable valuations because the accruals require judgments about collectability or deferred payments and the value of any associated collateral;
- Original issue discount instruments may create heightened credit risks because the inducement to the borrower to accept higher interest rates in exchange for the deferral of cash payments typically represents, to some extent, speculation on the part of the borrower;
- For U.S. GAAP purposes, cash distributions to shareholders that include a component of OID income do not come from paid-in capital, although they may be paid from the offering proceeds. Thus, although a distribution of OID income may come from the cash invested by the shareholders, the 1940 Act does not require that shareholders be given notice of this fact;
- The presence of OID and PIK creates the risk of non-refundable cash payments to our Adviser in the form of incentive fees on income based on non-cash OID and PIK accruals that may never be realized; and
- In the case of PIK, "toggle" debt, which gives the issuer the option to defer an interest payment in exchange for an increased interest rate in the future, the PIK election has the simultaneous effect of increasing the investment income, thus increasing the potential for realizing incentive fees.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

Our strategy focuses on investing primarily in the debt of privately owned U.S. companies with a focus on originated transactions sourced through the networks of our Adviser. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, such debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, any holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying such senior creditors, such portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt instruments in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company and our portfolio company may not have sufficient assets to pay all equally ranking credit even if we hold senior, first-lien debt.

If we cannot obtain debt financing or equity capital on acceptable terms, our ability to acquire investments and to expand our operations will be adversely affected.

The net proceeds from the sale of our shares will be used for our investment opportunities, and, if necessary, the payment of operating expenses and the payment of various fees and expenses such as base management fees, incentive fees, other fees and distributions. Any working capital reserves we maintain may not be sufficient for investment purposes, and we may require additional

debt financing or equity capital to operate. We are required to distribute at least 90% of our net ordinary income and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, if any, to our shareholders to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC. Accordingly, in the event that we need additional capital in the future for investments or for any other reason we may need to access the capital markets periodically to issue debt or equity securities or borrow from financial institutions in order to obtain such additional capital. These sources of funding may not be available to us due to unfavorable economic conditions, which could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. Consequently, if we cannot obtain further debt or equity financing on acceptable terms, our ability to acquire additional investments and to expand our operations will be adversely affected. As a result, we would be less able to diversify our portfolio and achieve our investment objective, which may negatively impact our results of operations and reduce our ability to make distributions to our shareholders.

Defaults by our portfolio companies could jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity investments that we hold which could harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its debt financing and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity investments that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company. In addition, some of the loans in which we may invest may be "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" loans to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

As part of our lending activities, we may in certain opportunistic circumstances originate loans to companies that are experiencing significant financial or business difficulties, including companies involved in bankruptcy or other reorganization and liquidation proceedings. Any such investment would involve a substantial degree of risk. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to a company that we fund, we may lose all or part of the amounts advanced to the borrower or may be required to accept collateral with a value less than the amount of the loan advanced by us to the borrower.

Subordinated liens on collateral securing debt investments that we may make to portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.

Certain debt investments that we will make in portfolio companies will be secured on a second priority lien basis by the same collateral securing senior debt of such companies. We also make debt investments in portfolio companies secured on a first priority basis. The first priority liens on the collateral will secure the portfolio company's obligations under any outstanding senior debt and may secure certain other future debt that may be permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under the agreements governing the debt. In the event of a default, the holders of obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral will generally control the liquidation of and be entitled to receive proceeds from any realization of the collateral to repay their obligations in full before us.

In addition, the value of the collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the debt obligations secured by the first priority or second priority liens after payment in full of all obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral. If such proceeds are not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the debt obligations secured by the first priority or second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

We may also make unsecured debt investments in portfolio companies, meaning that such investments will not benefit from any interest in collateral of such companies. Liens on any such portfolio company's collateral, if any, will secure the portfolio company's obligations under its outstanding secured debt and may secure certain future debt that is permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under its secured debt agreements. The holders of obligations secured by such liens will generally control the liquidation of, and be entitled to receive proceeds from, any realization of such collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of such collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from sales of such collateral would be sufficient to satisfy our unsecured debt obligations after payment in full of all secured debt obligations. If such proceeds were not sufficient to repay the outstanding secured debt obligations, then our unsecured claims would rank equally with the unpaid portion of such secured creditors' claims against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing the debt investments we make in our portfolio companies with senior debt outstanding may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more inter-creditor agreements that we enter into with the holders of senior debt. Under such an inter-creditor agreement, at any time obligations that have the benefit of the first priority liens are outstanding, any of the following actions that may be taken in respect of the collateral will be at the direction of the holders of the

obligations secured by the first priority liens: the ability to cause the commencement of enforcement proceedings against the collateral; the ability to control the conduct of such proceedings; the approval of amendments to collateral documents; releases of liens on the collateral; and waivers of past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct such actions, even if our rights are adversely affected.

Certain of our investments may be adversely affected by laws relating to fraudulent conveyance or voidable preferences.

Certain of our investments could be subject to federal bankruptcy law and state fraudulent transfer laws, which vary from state to state, if the debt obligations relating to certain investments were issued with the intent of hindering, delaying or defrauding creditors or, in certain circumstances, if the issuer receives less than reasonably equivalent value or fair consideration in return for issuing such debt obligations. If the debt proceeds are used for a buyout of shareholders, this risk is greater than if the debt proceeds are used for day-to-day operations or organic growth. If a court were to find that the issuance of the debt obligations was a fraudulent transfer or conveyance, the court could void or otherwise refuse to recognize the payment obligations under the debt obligations or the collateral supporting such obligations, further subordinate the debt obligations or the liens supporting such obligations to other existing and future indebtedness of the issuer or require us to repay any amounts received by us with respect to the debt obligations or collateral. In the event of a finding that a fraudulent transfer or conveyance occurred, we may not receive any repayment on such debt obligations.

Under certain circumstances, payments to us and distributions by us to our shareholders may be reclaimed if any such payment or distribution is later determined to have been a fraudulent conveyance, preferential payment or similar transaction under applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws. Furthermore, investments in restructurings may be adversely affected by statutes relating to, among other things, fraudulent conveyances, voidable preferences, lender liability and the court's discretionary power to disallow, subordinate or disenfranchise particular claims or re-characterize investments made in the form of debt as equity contributions.

There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Although we intend to structure certain of our investments as senior debt, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company or a representative of us or our Adviser sat on the board of directors of such portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In situations where a bankruptcy carries a high degree of political significance, our legal rights may be subordinated to other creditors.

In addition, a number of U.S. judicial decisions have upheld judgments obtained by borrowers against lending institutions on the basis of various evolving legal theories, collectively termed "lender liability." Generally, lender liability is founded on the premise that a lender has violated a duty (whether implied or contractual) of good faith, commercial reasonableness and fair dealing, or a similar duty owed to the borrower or has assumed an excessive degree of control over the borrower resulting in the creation of a fiduciary duty owed to the borrower or its other creditors or shareholders. Because of the nature of our investments in portfolio companies (including that, as a BDC, we may be required to provide managerial assistance to those portfolio companies if they so request upon our offer), we may be subject to allegations of lender liability.

We generally will not control the business operations of our portfolio companies and, due to the illiquid nature of our holdings in our portfolio companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies.

We do not currently, and do not expect in the future to control most of our portfolio companies, although we may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements may impose certain restrictive covenants on our borrowers. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company in which we invest may make business decisions with which we disagree and the management of such company, as representatives of the holders of their common equity, may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests as a debt investor. Due to the lack of liquidity for our investments in private companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies as readily as we would like or at a favorable value. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

We are, and will continue to be, exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

Because we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income will depend, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest those funds. As a result, we can offer no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could have an adverse impact on our net investment income. However, an increase in interest rates could decrease the value of any investments we hold which earn fixed interest rates and also could increase our interest expense, thereby decreasing our net income. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make an investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock. Further, rising interest rates could also adversely affect our performance if such increases cause our borrowing costs to rise at a rate in excess of the rate that our investments yield.

Many of our debt investments are based on floating interest rates, such as LIBOR, SOFR, SONIA, the Euro Interbank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR"), the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate, that reset on a periodic basis, and that many of our investments will be

subject to interest rate floors. A reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could have an adverse impact on our net investment income, which also could be negatively impacted by our borrowers making prepayments on their loans. On the other hand, an increase in interest rates could increase the interest repayment obligations of our borrowers and result in challenges to their financial performance and ability to repay their obligations. In addition, our cost of funds likely will increase because the interest rates on the majority of amounts we may borrow are likely to be floating, which could reduce our net investment income to the extent any debt investments have fixed interest rates, and the interest rate on investments with an interest rate floor will not increase until interest rates exceed the applicable floor.

Trading prices for debt that pays a fixed rate of return tend to fall as interest rates rise. Trading prices tend to fluctuate more for fixed-rate securities that have longer maturities. Moreover, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock. U.S. Federal Reserve policy, including with respect to certain interest rates and the decision to end its quantitative easing policy, may also adversely affect the value, volatility and liquidity of dividend- and interest-paying securities. In an effort to combat inflation the Federal Reserve has increased the federal funds rate in 2022 and is widely expected to further increase the federal funds rate in 2023. Market volatility, rising interest rates, uncertainty around interest rates and/or a return to unfavorable economic conditions could adversely affect our business.

We may enter into certain hedging transactions, such as interest rate swap agreements, in an effort to mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates and we may increase our floating rate investments to position the portfolio for rate increases. However, we cannot assure you that such transactions will be successful in mitigating our exposure to interest rate risk or if we will enter into such interest rate hedges. Hedging transactions may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

We do not have a policy governing the maturities of our investments. This means that we are subject to greater risk (other things being equal) than a fund invested solely in shorter-term securities. A decline in the prices of the debt we own could adversely affect our net asset value. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make an investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate.

In periods of rising interest rates, to the extent we borrow money subject to a floating interest rate, our cost of funds would increase, which could reduce our net investment income. Further, rising interest rates could also adversely affect our performance if we hold investments with floating interest rates, subject to specified minimum interest rates (such as a LIBOR floor), while at the same time engaging in borrowings subject to floating interest rates not subject to such minimums. In such a scenario, rising interest rates may increase our interest expense, even though our interest income from investments is not increasing in a corresponding manner as a result of such minimum interest rates.

If general interest rates rise, there is a risk that the portfolio companies in which we hold floating rate securities will be unable to pay escalating interest amounts, which could result in a default under their loan documents with us. Rising interest rates could also cause portfolio companies to shift cash from other productive uses to the payment of interest, which may have a material adverse effect on their business and operations and could, over time, lead to increased defaults. In addition, rising interest rates may increase pressure on us to provide fixed rate loans to our portfolio companies, which could adversely affect our net investment income, as increases in our cost of borrowed funds would not be accompanied by increased interest income from such fixed-rate investments.

To the extent that we make floating rate debt investments, a rise in the general level of interest rates would lead to higher interest rates applicable to our debt investments. Accordingly, an increase in interest rates may result in an increase in the amount of the Incentive Fee payable to our Adviser.

General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments and investment opportunities and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective and the rate of return on invested capital. Because we may borrow money to make investments, our net investment income will depend, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest these funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

International investments create additional risks.

We may make investments in portfolio companies that are domiciled outside of the United States. Pursuant to our investment policies, we will not invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States. Our investments in foreign portfolio companies are deemed “non-qualifying assets,” which means that, as required by the 1940 Act, such investments, along with other investments in non-qualifying assets, may not constitute more than 30% of our total assets at the time of our acquisition of any such asset, after giving effect to the acquisition. Notwithstanding the limitation on our ownership of foreign portfolio companies, such investments subject us to many of the same risks as our domestic investments, as well as certain additional risks, including the following:

- foreign governmental laws, rules and policies, including those relating to taxation and bankruptcy and restricting the ownership of assets in the foreign country or the repatriation of profits from the foreign country to the United States and any adverse changes in these laws;

- foreign currency devaluations that reduce the value of and returns on our foreign investments;
- adverse changes in the availability, cost and terms of investments due to the varying economic policies of a foreign country in which we invest;
- adverse changes in tax rates, the tax treatment of transaction structures and other changes in operating expenses of a particular foreign country in which we invest;
- the assessment of foreign-country taxes (including withholding taxes, transfer taxes and value added taxes, any or all of which could be significant) on income or gains from our investments in the foreign country;
- changes that adversely affect the social, political and/or economic stability of a foreign country in which we invest;
- high inflation in the foreign countries in which we invest, which could increase the costs to us of investing in those countries;
- deflationary periods in the foreign countries in which we invest, which could reduce demand for our assets in those countries and diminish the value of such investments and the related investment returns to us; and
- legal and logistical barriers in the foreign countries in which we invest that materially and adversely limit our ability to enforce our contractual rights with respect to those investments.

In addition, we may make investments in countries whose governments or economies may prove unstable. Certain of the countries in which we may invest may have political, economic and legal systems that are unpredictable, unreliable or otherwise inadequate with respect to the implementation, interpretation and enforcement of laws protecting asset ownership and economic interests. In some of the countries in which we may invest, there may be a risk of nationalization, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, which may have an adverse effect on our portfolio companies in those countries and the rates of return that we are able to achieve on such investments. We may also lose the total value of any investment which is nationalized, expropriated or confiscated. The financial results and investment opportunities available to us, particularly in developing countries and emerging markets, may be materially and adversely affected by any or all of these political, economic and legal risks.

We expose ourselves to risks when we engage in hedging transactions.

We have entered, and may in the future enter, into hedging transactions, which may expose us to risks associated with such transactions. We may seek to utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates and the relative value of certain debt securities from changes in market interest rates. Use of these hedging instruments may include counter-party credit risk. To the extent we have non-U.S. investments, particularly investments denominated in non-U.S. currencies, our hedging costs will increase.

Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions would not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions were to decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions were to increase. It also may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price.

The success of our hedging strategy will depend on our ability to correctly identify appropriate exposures for hedging. In connection with the 2024 Notes and the 2027 Notes, which bear interest at fixed rates, we entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. However, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or other exposures that we might hedge may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary, as may the time period in which the hedge is effective relative to the time period of the related exposure. Also, where a put or call option on a particular security is purchased to hedge against price movements in a related security, the price of the put or call option may move more or less than the price of the related security. If restrictions on exercise were imposed, we might be unable to exercise an option we had purchased. If we were unable to close out an option that we had purchased on a security, it would have to exercise the option in order to realize any profit or the option may expire worthless.

For a variety of reasons, we may not seek to (or be able to) establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the positions being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities is likely to fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations. Income derived from hedging transactions also is not eligible to be distributed to non-U.S. stockholders free from withholding taxes. Changes to the regulations applicable to the financial instruments we use to accomplish our hedging strategy could affect the effectiveness of that strategy. See “—*The market structure applicable to derivatives imposed by the Dodd-Frank Act, the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) and the SEC may affect our ability to use over-the-counter (“OTC”) derivatives for hedging purposes*” and “*We are, and will continue to be, exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.*”

The market structure applicable to derivatives imposed by the Dodd-Frank Act, the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) and the SEC may affect our ability to use over-the-counter (“OTC”) derivatives for hedging purposes.

The Dodd-Frank Act and the CFTC enacted and the SEC has issued rules to implement broad new regulatory and structural requirements applicable to OTC derivatives markets and, to a lesser extent, listed commodity futures (and futures options) markets. Similar changes are in the process of being implemented in other major financial markets.

The CFTC and the SEC have issued final rules establishing that certain swap transactions are subject to CFTC regulation. Engaging in such swap or other commodity interest transactions such as futures contracts or options on futures contracts may cause us to fall within the definition of “commodity pool” under the Commodity Exchange Act and related CFTC regulations. Our Adviser has claimed relief from CFTC registration and regulation as a commodity pool operator with respect to our operations, with the result that we are limited in our ability to use futures contracts or options on futures contracts or engage in swap transactions. Specifically, we are subject to strict limitations on using such derivatives other than for hedging purposes, whereby the use of derivatives not used solely for hedging purposes is generally limited to situations where (i) the aggregate initial margin and premiums required to establish such positions does not exceed five percent of the liquidation value of our portfolio, after taking into account unrealized profits and unrealized losses on any such contracts we have entered into; or (ii) the aggregate net notional value of such derivatives does not exceed 100% of the liquidation value of our portfolio.

The Dodd-Frank Act also imposed requirements relating to real-time public and regulatory reporting of OTC derivative transactions, enhanced documentation requirements, position limits on an expanded array of derivatives, and recordkeeping requirements. Taken as a whole, these changes could significantly increase the cost of using uncleared OTC derivatives to hedge risks, including interest rate and foreign exchange risk; reduce the level of exposure we are able to obtain for risk management purposes through OTC derivatives (including as the result of the CFTC imposing position limits on additional products); reduce the amounts available to us to make non-derivatives investments; impair liquidity in certain OTC derivatives; and adversely affect the quality of execution pricing obtained by us, all of which could adversely impact our investment returns.

Our ability to enter into transactions involving derivatives and financial commitment transactions may be limited.

In October 2020, the SEC adopted Rule 18f-4, which requires a BDC (or a registered investment company) that uses derivatives to, among other things, comply with a value-at-risk leverage limit, adopt a derivatives risk management program and implement certain testing and board reporting requirements. Rule 18f-4 exempts BDCs that qualify as “limited derivatives users” from the aforementioned requirements, provided that these BDCs adopt written policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to manage the BDC’s derivatives risks and comply with certain recordkeeping requirements. Under Rule 18f-4, a BDC may enter into an unfunded commitment agreement that is not a derivatives transaction, such as an agreement to provide financing to a portfolio company, if the BDC has, among other things, a reasonable belief, at the time it enters into such an agreement, that it will have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations with respect to all of its unfunded commitment agreements, in each case as it becomes due. Collectively, these requirements may limit our ability to use derivatives and/or enter into certain other financial contracts.

We may enter into total return swaps that would expose us to certain risks, including market risk, liquidity risk and other risks similar to those associated with the use of leverage.

A total return swap is a contract in which one party agrees to make periodic payments to another party based on the change in the market value of the assets underlying the total return swap, which may include a specified security or loan, basket of securities or loans or securities or loan indices during the specified period, in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate. A total return swap is typically used to obtain exposure to a security, loan or market without owning or taking physical custody of such security or loan or investing directly in such market. A total return swap may effectively add leverage to our portfolio because, in addition to our total net assets, we would be subject to investment exposure on the amount of securities or loans subject to the total return swap. A total return swap is also subject to the risk that a counterparty will default on its payment obligations thereunder or that we will not be able to meet our obligations to the counterparty. In addition, because a total return swap is a form of synthetic leverage, such arrangements are subject to risks similar to those associated with the use of leverage.

Our portfolio may be focused on a limited number of portfolio companies or industries, which will subject us to a risk of significant loss if any of these companies defaults on its obligations under any of its debt instruments or if there is a downturn in a particular industry.

Beyond the asset diversification requirements associated with our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification. While we are not targeting any specific industries, our investments may be focused on relatively few industries. As a result, the aggregate returns we realize may be significantly adversely affected if a small number of investments perform poorly or if we need to write down the value of any one investment. Additionally, a downturn in any particular industry in which we are invested could significantly affect our aggregate returns. Further, any industry in which we are meaningfully concentrated at any given time could be subject to significant risks that could adversely impact our aggregate returns. For example, as of December 31, 2022, our investments in internet software and services represented 13.3% of our portfolio at fair value. Our investments in internet software and services are subject to substantial risks, including, but not limited to, intense competition,

changing technology, shifting user needs, frequent introductions of new products and services, competitors in different industries and ranging from large established companies to emerging startups, decreasing average selling prices of products and services resulting from rapid technological changes, cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents and various legal and regulatory risks. In addition, as of December 31, 2022, our investments in insurance represented 9.3% of our portfolio at fair value. The U.S. insurance industry is heavily regulated and our investments in insurance are subject to a variety of risks, including, but not limited to, additional or changing government regulations that could increase compliance and other costs of doing business, which may impact the business of such portfolio companies.

We cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain various required licenses in U.S. states or in any other jurisdiction where they may be required in the future.

We are required to have and may be required in the future to obtain various state licenses to, among other things, originate commercial loans, and may be required to obtain similar licenses from other authorities, including outside of the United States, in the future in connection with one or more investments. Applying for and obtaining required licenses can be costly and take several months. We cannot assure you that we will maintain or obtain all of the licenses that we need on a timely basis. We also are and will be subject to various information and other requirements to maintain and obtain these licenses, and we cannot assure you that we will satisfy those requirements. Our failure to maintain or obtain licenses that we require, now or in the future, might restrict investment options and have other adverse consequences.

An investment strategy focused primarily on privately held companies presents certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies.

We invest primarily in privately held companies. Investments in private companies pose certain incremental risks as compared to investments in public companies including that they:

- have reduced access to the capital markets, resulting in diminished capital resources and ability to withstand financial distress;
- may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt obligations that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of our realizing any guarantees we may have obtained in connection with our investment;
- may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and changing market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;
- are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons and, therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on the company and, in turn, on us; and
- generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position.

In addition, investments in private companies tend to be less liquid. The securities of private companies are not publicly traded or actively traded on the secondary market and are, instead, traded on a privately negotiated over-the-counter secondary market for institutional investors. These over-the-counter secondary markets may be inactive during an economic downturn or a credit crisis and in any event often have lower volumes than publicly traded securities even in normal market conditions. In addition, the securities in these companies will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities.

If there is no readily available market for these investments, we are required to carry these investments at fair value as determined by our Board. As a result, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. We may also face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we, our Adviser or any of its affiliates have material nonpublic information regarding such portfolio company or where the sale would be an impermissible joint transaction under the 1940 Act. The reduced liquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to dispose of them at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

Finally, little public information generally exists about private companies and these companies may not have third-party credit ratings or audited financial statements. We must therefore rely on the ability of our Adviser to obtain adequate information through due diligence to evaluate the creditworthiness and potential returns from investing in these companies, and to monitor the activities and performance of these investments. To the extent that we (or other clients of our Adviser) may hold a larger number of investments, greater demands will be placed on our Adviser's time, resources and personnel in monitoring such investments, which may result in less attention being paid to any individual investment and greater risk that our investment decisions may not be fully informed. Additionally, these companies and their financial information will not generally be subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and other rules that govern public companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investments.

Certain investment analyses and decisions by our Adviser may be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis.

Investment analyses and decisions by our Adviser may be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of certain investment opportunities. While we generally will not seek to make an investment until our Adviser has conducted sufficient due diligence to make a determination as to the acceptability of the credit quality of the investment and the underlying issuer, in such cases, the information available to our Adviser at the time of making an investment decision may be limited. Therefore, no assurance can be given that our Adviser will have knowledge of all circumstances that may adversely affect an investment. In addition, our Adviser may rely upon independent consultants and others in connection with its evaluation of proposed investments. No assurance can be given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by such independent consultants and we may incur liability as a result of such consultants' actions, many of whom we will have limited recourse against in the event of any such inaccuracies.

We may not have the funds or ability to make additional investments in our portfolio companies.

After our initial investment in a portfolio company, we may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to such company or have the opportunity to increase our investment through the exercise of a warrant or other right to purchase common stock. There is no assurance that we will make, or will have sufficient funds to make, follow-on investments. Even if we do have sufficient capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our level of risk, we prefer other opportunities, we are limited in our ability to do so by compliance with BDC requirements, or in order to maintain our RIC status. Our ability to make follow-on investments may also be limited by our Adviser's allocation policies. Any decision not to make a follow-on investment or any inability on our part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment, may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful investment or may reduce the expected return to us on the investment. We are subject to certain risks as a result of our interests in the CLO Preferred Shares.

We are subject to certain risks as a result of our interests in the CLO Preferred Shares.

Under the terms of the loan sale agreements entered into in connection with our debt securitization transactions with respect to the CLOs (collectively, the "CLO Transactions"), we and one of ORCC Financing II, ORCC Financing III, or ORCC Financing IV sold and/or contributed to (i) the exempt company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability or (ii) the Delaware limited liability company, in connection with the particular CLO Transaction, as applicable (the "CLO Issuers"), all of the ownership interest in the portfolio loans and participations held by the CLO Issuers on the closing date for the CLO Transaction for the purchase price and other consideration set forth in such loan sale agreements. As a result of the CLO Transactions, we hold all of the preferred shares issued by the CLO Issuers (collectively, the "CLO Preferred Shares"), which comprise 100% of the equity interests (other than certain nominal interests held by a charitable trust for purposes of limiting the ability of the CLO Issuers to file for bankruptcy), in the CLO Issuers and each CLO Issuer in turn owns 100% of the equity of each Delaware limited liability company formed in connection with each CLO Transaction (the "CLO Co-Issuers"). As a result, we expect to consolidate the financial statements of the CLO Issuers in our consolidated financial statements. However, once sold or contributed to a CLO, the underlying loans and participation interests have been securitized and are no longer our direct investment, and the risk return profile has been altered. In general, rather than holding interests in the underlying loans and participation interests, the CLO Transactions resulted in us holding equity interests in the CLO Issuers, with the CLO Issuers holding the underlying loans. As a result, we are subject both to the risks and benefits associated with the equity interests of the CLO Issuers (i.e., the CLO Preferred Shares) and, indirectly, the risks and benefits associated with the underlying loans and participation interests held by the CLO Issuers. In addition, our ability to sell, amend or otherwise modify an underlying loan held by a CLO Issuer is subject to certain conditions and restrictions under the applicable CLO Transactions, which may prevent us from taking actions that we would take if we held such underlying loan directly.

The subordination of the CLO Preferred Shares will affect our right to payment.

The respective CLO Preferred Shares are subordinated to the notes issued and amounts borrowed by the CLO Issuers and CLO Co-Issuers, as applicable (collectively, the "CLO Debt"), respectively, and certain fees and expenses. If an overcollateralization test or an interest coverage test is not satisfied as of a determination date, the proceeds from the underlying loans otherwise payable to a CLO Issuer (which such CLO Issuer could have distributed with respect to the CLO Preferred Shares of such CLO Issuer) will be diverted to the payment of principal on the CLO Debt of such CLO Issuer. See "*The CLO Indentures require mandatory redemption of the respective CLO Debt for failure to satisfy coverage tests, which would reduce the amounts available for distribution to us.*"

On the scheduled maturity of the CLO Debt of a CLO Issuer or if such CLO Debt is accelerated after an event of default, proceeds available after the payment of certain administrative expenses will be applied to pay both principal of and interest on the such CLO Debt until such CLO Debt is paid in full before any further payment will be made on the CLO Preferred Shares of such CLO Issuer. As a result, such CLO Preferred Shares would not receive any payments until such CLO Debt is paid in full and under certain circumstances may not receive payments at any time.

In addition, if an event of default occurs and is continuing with respect to the CLO Debt of a CLO Issuer, the holders of such CLO Debt will be entitled to determine the remedies to be exercised under the indenture pursuant to which such CLO Debt was issued (each a “CLO Indenture” and collectively, the “CLO Indentures”). Remedies pursued by the holders of CLO Debt could be adverse to our interests as the holder of CLO Preferred Shares, and the holders of CLO Debt will have no obligation to consider any possible adverse effect on such our interest or the interest of any other person. See “—*The holders of certain CLO Debt will control many rights under the CLO Indentures and therefore, we will have limited rights in connection with an event of default or distributions thereunder.*”

The CLO Preferred Shares represent leveraged investments in the underlying loan portfolio of the applicable CLO Issuer, which is a speculative investment technique that increases the risk to us as the owner of the CLO Preferred Shares. As the junior interest in a leveraged capital structure, the CLO Preferred Shares will bear the primary risk of deterioration in the performance of the applicable CLO Issuer and its portfolio of underlying loans.

The holders of certain CLO Debt will control many rights under the CLO Indentures and therefore, we will have limited rights in connection with an event of default or distributions thereunder.

Under each CLO Indenture, as long as any CLO Debt of the applicable CLO Issuer is outstanding, the holders of the senior-most outstanding class of such CLO Debt will have the right to direct the trustee or the applicable CLO Issuer to take certain actions under the applicable CLO Indenture (and the CLO I Credit Agreement and the CLO VII Credit Agreements, in the case of CLO I), and CLO VII, as applicable, subject to certain conditions. For example, these holders will have the right, following an event of default, to direct certain actions and control certain decisions, including the right to accelerate the maturity of applicable CLO Debt and, under certain circumstances, the liquidation of the collateral. Remedies pursued by such holders upon an event of default could be adverse to our interests.

Although we, as the holder of the CLO Preferred Shares, will have the right, subject to the conditions set forth in the CLO Indentures, to purchase assets in any liquidation of assets by the collateral trustee, if an event of default has occurred and is continuing, we will not have any creditors’ rights against the applicable CLO Issuer and will not have the right to determine the remedies to be exercised under the applicable CLO Indenture. There is no guarantee that any funds will remain to make distributions to us as the holder of the CLO Preferred Shares following any liquidation of assets and the application of the proceeds from such assets to pay the applicable CLO Debt and the fees, expenses, and other liabilities payable by the applicable CLO Issuer.

The CLO Indentures require mandatory redemption of the respective CLO Debt for failure to satisfy coverage tests, which would reduce the amounts available for distribution to us.

Under the CLO Indentures governing the CLO Transactions, there are two coverage tests applicable to CLO Debt. These tests apply to each CLO Transaction separately.

The first such test, the interest coverage test, compares the amount of interest proceeds received and, other than in the case of defaulted loans, scheduled to be received on the underlying loans held by each CLO Issuer to the amount of interest due and payable on the CLO Debt of such CLO Issuer and the amount of fees and expenses senior to the payment of such interest in the priority of distribution of interest proceeds. To satisfy this test interest received on the portfolio loans held by such CLO Issuer must equal at least 120% of the amount equal to the interest payable on the CLO Debt of such CLO Issuer in CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V and CLO VI, and at least 120% for Class A/B and 105% for Class C in CLO VII, plus the senior fees and expenses.

The second such test, the overcollateralization test, compares the adjusted collateral principal amount of the portfolio of underlying loans of each CLO Issuer to the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the CLO Debt of such CLO Issuer. To satisfy this second test at any time, this adjusted collateral principal amount for CLO I must equal at least 138.46% of the outstanding principal amount of the CLO I Debt, 138.50% for CLO II, 138.46% for CLO III, 138.46% for CLO IV, 138.46% for Class A/B and 121.85% for Class C for CLO V, 138.85% for CLO VI, and 138.85% for Class A/B and 136.41% for Class C for CLO VII. In this test, certain reductions are applied to the principal balance of underlying loans in connection with certain events, such as defaults or ratings downgrades to “CCC” levels or below with respect to the loans held by each CLO Issuer. These adjustments increase the likelihood that this test is not satisfied.

If either coverage test with respect to a CLO Transaction is not satisfied on any determination date on which such test is applicable, the applicable CLO Issuer must apply available amounts to redeem its CLO Debt in an amount necessary to cause such test to be satisfied. This would reduce or eliminate the amounts otherwise available to make distributions to us as the holder of the CLO Preferred Shares of such CLO Issuer.

Our investments in portfolio companies may expose us to environmental risks.

We may invest in portfolio companies that are subject to changing and increasingly stringent environmental and health and safety laws, regulations and permit requirements and environmental costs that could place increasing financial burdens on such portfolio entities. Required expenditures for environmental compliance may adversely impact investment returns on portfolio companies. The imposition of new environmental and other laws, regulations and initiatives could adversely affect the business operations and financial stability of such portfolio companies.

There can be no guarantee that all costs and risks regarding compliance with environmental laws and regulations can be identified. New and more stringent environmental and health and safety laws, regulations and permit requirements or stricter interpretations of current laws or regulations could impose substantial additional costs on our portfolio companies. Compliance with such current or future environmental requirements does not ensure that the operations of the portfolio companies will not cause injury to the environment or to people under all circumstances or that the portfolio companies will not be required to incur additional unforeseen environmental expenditures. Moreover, failure to comply with any such requirements could have a material adverse effect on a portfolio company, and we can offer no assurance that any such portfolio companies will at all times comply with all applicable environmental laws, regulations and permit requirements.

The effect of global climate change and climate-change related regulation and sustainability concerns could impact the operations of our portfolio companies and adversely affect our business.

Global climate change is widely considered to be a significant threat to the global economy. Our portfolio companies face risks associated with climate change, including physical risks such as an increased frequency of extreme weather events and rising sea level temperatures. For some of our portfolio companies, climate change may also impact their profitability and costs, as well as pose systemic risks for their businesses. For example, the needs of customers of energy companies vary with weather conditions, primarily temperature and humidity. To the extent weather conditions are affected by climate change, energy use could increase or decrease depending on the duration and magnitude of any changes. Increases in the cost of energy could adversely affect the cost of operations of our portfolio companies if the use of energy products or services is material to their business. A decrease in energy use due to weather changes may affect some of our portfolio companies' financial condition through, for example, decreased revenues. Extreme weather conditions in general require more system backup, adding to costs, and can contribute to increased system stresses, including service interruptions.

Risks Related to an Investment in Our Common Stock

We cannot assure you that the market price of shares of our common stock will not decline.

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, frequently trade at a discount from their net asset value and our stock may also be discounted in the market. This characteristic of closed-end investment companies is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share of common stock may decline. In the past, shares of BDCs, including at times shares of our common stock, have traded at prices per share below net asset value per share. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade at a price per share above, at or below net asset value per share. In addition, if our common stock trades below its net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to sell additional shares of our common stock to the public at its market price without first obtaining the approval of a majority of our shareholders (including a majority of our unaffiliated shareholders) and our independent directors for such issuance.

A shareholder's interest in us will be diluted if we issue additional shares, which could reduce the overall value of an investment in us.

Our shareholders do not have preemptive rights to purchase any shares we issue in the future. Our charter authorizes us to issue up to 500 million shares of common stock. Pursuant to our charter, a majority of our entire Board may amend our charter to increase the number of shares of common stock we may issue without shareholder approval. Our Board may elect to sell additional shares in the future or issue equity interests in private offerings. To the extent we issue additional equity interests at or below net asset value, your percentage ownership interest in us may be diluted. In addition, depending upon the terms and pricing of any additional offerings and the value of our investments, you may also experience dilution in the book value and fair value of your shares.

Under the 1940 Act, we generally are prohibited from issuing or selling our common stock at a price below net asset value per share, which may be a disadvantage as compared with certain public companies. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options, or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of our common stock if our Board and independent directors determine that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our shareholders, and our shareholders, including a majority of those shareholders that are not affiliated with us, approve such sale. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our Board, closely approximates the fair value of such securities (less any distributing commission or discount). If we raise additional funds by issuing common stock or senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, then the percentage ownership of our shareholders at that time will decrease and you will experience dilution.

Certain provisions of our charter and actions of our Board could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the value of shares of our common stock.

Our charter, as well as certain statutory and regulatory requirements, contain certain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging a third party from attempting to acquire us. Our Board is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms, which could prevent shareholders from removing a majority of directors in any given election. Our Board may, without shareholder action, authorize the issuance of shares in one or more classes or series, including shares of preferred stock; and our Board may, without shareholder action, amend our charter to increase the number of shares of our common stock, of any class or series, that we will have authority to issue. These anti-takeover provisions may inhibit a change of control in circumstances that could give the holders of shares of our common stock the opportunity to realize a premium over the value of shares of our common stock.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objective may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options, including volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative and aggressive and, therefore, an investment in our common stock may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

The market value of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

The market value and liquidity, if any, of the market for shares of our common stock may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

- changes in the value of our portfolio of investments and derivative instruments as a result of changes in market factors, such as interest rate shifts, and also portfolio specific performance, such as portfolio company defaults, among other reasons;
- changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs or BDCs;
- loss of RIC tax treatment or BDC status;
- distributions that exceed our net investment income and net income as reported according to U.S. GAAP;
- changes in earnings or variations in operating results;
- changes in accounting guidelines governing valuation of our investments;
- any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors;
- departure of our Adviser or certain of its key personnel;
- general economic trends and other external factors; and
- loss of a major funding source

The amount of any distributions we may make on our common stock is uncertain. We may not be able to pay distributions to shareholders, or be able to sustain distributions at any particular level, and our distributions per share, if any, may not grow over time, and our distributions per share may be reduced. We have not established any limits on the extent to which we may use borrowings, if any, and we may use sources other than cash flows from operations to fund distributions (which may reduce the amount of capital we ultimately invest in portfolio companies).

Subject to our Board's discretion and applicable legal restrictions, we intend to authorize and declare cash distributions on a monthly or quarterly basis and pay such distributions on a monthly or quarterly basis. We expect to pay distributions out of assets legally available for distribution. However, we cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a consistent targeted level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. Our ability to pay distributions might be adversely affected by the impact of the risks described herein. In addition, the inability to satisfy the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC under the 1940 Act can limit our ability to pay distributions. Distributions from offering proceeds also could reduce the amount of capital we ultimately invest in debt or equity securities of portfolio companies. We cannot assure you that we will pay distributions to our shareholders in the future.

Distributions on our common stock may exceed our taxable earnings and profits. Therefore, portions of the distributions that we pay may represent a return of capital to you. A return of capital is a return of a portion of your original investment in shares of our common stock. As a result, a return of capital will (i) lower your tax basis in your shares and thereby increase the amount of capital gain (or decrease the amount of capital loss) realized upon a subsequent sale or redemption of such shares, and (ii) reduce the amount of funds we have for investment in portfolio companies. We have not established any limit on the extent to which we may use offering proceeds to fund distributions.

We may pay our distributions from offering proceeds in anticipation of future cash flow, which may constitute a return of your capital and will lower your tax basis in your shares, thereby increasing the amount of capital gain (or decreasing the amount of capital loss) realized upon a subsequent sale or redemption of such shares, even if such shares have not increased in value or have, in fact, lost

value. Distributions from offering proceeds also could reduce the amount of capital we ultimately have available to invest in portfolio companies.

Shareholders will experience dilution in their ownership percentage if they do not participate in our distribution reinvestment plan and may experience dilution in the net asset value of their shares if they do not participate in our distribution reinvestment plan and if our shares are trading at a discount to net asset value.

All distributions declared in cash payable to shareholders that are participants in our distribution reinvestment plan will generally be automatically reinvested in shares of our common stock unless the investor opts out of the plan. As a result, shareholders that do not elect to participate in our distribution reinvestment plan will experience dilution over time. Shareholders who do not elect to participate in our distribution reinvestment plan may experience accretion to the net asset value of their shares if our shares are trading at a premium to net asset value and dilution if our shares are trading at a discount to net asset value. The level of accretion or discount would depend on various factors, including the proportion of our shareholders who participate in the plan, the level of premium or discount at which our shares are trading and the amount of the distribution payable to shareholders.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock or the perception that such sales could occur could adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our common stock. If this occurs, it could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of equity securities should we desire to do so. We cannot predict what effect, if any, future sales of securities or the availability of securities for future sales will have on the market price of our common stock prevailing from time to time.

Our stock repurchase program could affect the price of our common stock and increase volatility and may be suspended or terminated at any time, which may result in a decrease in the trading price of our common stock.

Our Board has approved a share repurchase program for us to repurchase shares of our common stock. On November 1, 2022, our Board approved a repurchase program (the “Repurchase Program”) under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by our Board, the Repurchase Program will terminate on the May 2, 2024.

The Repurchase Program is discretionary and whether purchases will be made under the Repurchase Program and how much will be purchased at any time is uncertain, dependent on prevailing market prices and trading volumes, all of which we cannot predict. These activities may have the effect of maintaining the market price of our common stock or retarding a decline in the market price of the common stock, and, as a result, the price of our common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. Repurchases pursuant to the Repurchase Program could affect the price of our common stock and increase its volatility. The existence of the Repurchase Program could also cause the price of our common stock to be higher than it would be in the absence of such a plan and could potentially reduce the market liquidity for our common stock. There can be no assurance that any stock repurchases will enhance stockholder value because the market price of our common stock may decline below the levels at which we repurchased such shares. Any failure to repurchase shares after we have announced our intention to do so may negatively impact our reputation and investor confidence in us and may negatively impact our stock price. Although the Repurchase Program is intended to enhance long-term stockholder value, short-term stock price fluctuations could reduce the Repurchase Program’s effectiveness.

Preferred stock could be issued with rights and preferences that would adversely affect holders of our common stock.

Under the terms of our charter, our Board is authorized to issue shares of preferred stock in one or more series without shareholder approval, which could potentially adversely affect the interests of existing shareholders. In particular, holders of preferred stock are required to have certain voting rights when there are unpaid dividends and priority over other classes of securities as to distribution of assets or payment of dividends.

If we issue preferred stock or convertible debt securities, the net asset value of our common stock may become more volatile.

We cannot assure you that the issuance of preferred stock and/or convertible debt securities would result in a higher yield or return to the holders of our common stock. The issuance of preferred stock or convertible debt would likely cause the net asset value of our common stock to become more volatile. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock, or the interest rate on the convertible debt securities, were to approach the net rate of return on our investment portfolio, the benefit of such leverage to the holders of our common stock would be reduced. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock, or the interest rate on the debt securities, were to exceed the net rate of return on our portfolio, the use of leverage would result in a lower rate of return to the holders of common stock than if we had not issued the preferred stock or convertible debt securities. Any decline in the net asset value of our investment would be borne entirely by the holders of our common stock. Therefore, if the market value of our portfolio were to decline, the leverage would result in a greater decrease in net asset value to the holders of our common stock than if we were not leveraged through the issuance of preferred stock or debt securities. This decline in net asset value would also tend to cause a greater decline in the market price, if any, for our common stock.

There is also a risk that, in the event of a sharp decline in the value of our net assets, we would be in danger of failing to maintain required asset coverage ratios, which may be required by the preferred stock or convertible debt, or our current investment income might not be sufficient to meet the dividend requirements on the preferred stock or the interest payments on the debt securities. In order to counteract such an event, we might need to liquidate investments in order to fund the redemption of some or all of the preferred stock or convertible debt. In addition, we would pay (and the holders of our common stock would bear) all costs and expenses relating to the issuance and ongoing maintenance of the preferred stock, convertible debt, or any combination of these securities. Holders of preferred stock or convertible debt may have different interests than holders of common stock and may at times have disproportionate influence over our affairs.

Holders of any preferred stock that we may issue will have the right to elect certain members of the Board and have class voting rights on certain matters.

The 1940 Act requires that holders of shares of preferred stock must be entitled as a class to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if dividends on such preferred stock are in arrears by two years or more, until such arrearage is eliminated. In addition, certain matters under the 1940 Act require the separate vote of the holders of any issued and outstanding preferred stock, including changes in fundamental investment restrictions and conversion to open end status and, accordingly, preferred shareholders could veto any such changes. Restrictions imposed on the declarations and payment of dividends or other distributions to the holders of our common stock and preferred stock, both by the 1940 Act and by requirements imposed by rating agencies, might impair our ability to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the credit rating assigned by a rating agency to us or our notes, if any, or change in the debt markets, could cause the liquidity or market value of our notes to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of our notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of our notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion.

Risks Related to U.S. Federal Income Tax

We cannot predict how new tax legislation will affect us, our investments, or our stockholders, and any such legislation could adversely affect our business.

Legislative or other actions relating to taxes could have a negative effect on us. The laws pertaining to U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department. The Biden administration has enacted significant changes to the existing U.S. tax laws, and there are a number of proposals in Congress that would similarly modify the existing U.S. tax rules. The likelihood of any such legislation being enacted is uncertain. New legislation and any U.S. Treasury regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions interpreting such legislation could have adverse tax consequences, such as significantly and negatively affecting our ability to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC or negatively affecting the U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to us and our investors as a result of such qualification. Shareholders are urged to consult with their tax advisor regarding tax legislative, regulatory, or administrative developments and proposals and their potential effect on an investment in our common stock.

We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates if we are unable to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries.

To maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code, we must meet the following minimum annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements. See “ITEM 1. BUSINESS— Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations”

The Annual Distribution Requirement for a RIC generally will be satisfied if we distribute to our shareholders on an annual basis at least 90% of our “investment company taxable income,” which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess, if any, of realized net short term capital gains over realized net long term capital losses. In addition, a RIC may, in certain cases, satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement by distributing dividends relating to a taxable year after the close of such taxable year under the “spillback dividend” provisions of Subchapter M. We would be taxed, at regular corporate rates, on retained income and/or gains, including any short term capital gains or long term capital gains. We also must make distributions to satisfy an additional Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement in order to avoid a 4% excise tax on certain undistributed income. Because we may use debt financing, we are subject to (i) an asset coverage ratio requirement under the 1940 Act and may, in the future, be subject to (ii) certain financial covenants under loan and credit agreements that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to satisfy the distribution requirements. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, or choose or are required to retain a portion of our taxable income or gains, we could (1) be required to pay excise taxes and (2) fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment, and thus become subject to corporate level income tax on our taxable income (including gains).

The income source requirement will be satisfied if we obtain at least 90% of our annual income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to loans of certain securities, gains from the sale of stock or other securities or foreign currencies, net income from certain “qualified publicly traded partnerships,” or other income derived from the business of investing in stock or securities.

The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. Specifically, at least 50% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents (including receivables), U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other acceptable securities if such securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and no more than 25% of the value of our assets can be invested in (i) the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, (ii) the securities, other than the securities of other RICs of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses, or (iii) the securities of certain “qualified publicly traded partnerships.” Failure to meet these requirements may result in our having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of RIC status. Because most of our investments will be in private companies, and therefore will be relatively illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses.

If we fail to qualify for or maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason and are subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates, the resulting taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution, and the amount of our distributions.

We may invest in certain debt and equity investments through taxable subsidiaries and the net taxable income of these taxable subsidiaries will be subject to U.S. federal and state corporate income taxes. We may invest in certain foreign debt and equity investments, which could be subject to foreign taxes (such as income tax, withholding, and value added taxes).

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash. For example, since we will likely hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having OID (such as debt instruments with PIK, secondary market purchases of debt securities at a discount to par, interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or debt instruments that were issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the OID that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as unrealized appreciation for foreign currency forward contracts and deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan or are paid in non-cash compensation such as warrants or stock. Furthermore, we may invest in non-U.S. corporations (or other non-U.S. entities treated as corporations for U.S. federal income tax purposes) that could be treated under the Code and U.S. Treasury regulations as “passive foreign investment companies” and/or “controlled foreign corporations.” The rules relating to investment in these types of non-U.S. entities are designed to limit deferral and generally require the current inclusion of income derived by the entity. In certain circumstances, this could require us to recognize income where we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash.

Unrealized appreciation on derivatives, such as foreign currency forward contracts, may be included in taxable income while the receipt of cash may occur in a subsequent period when the related contract expires. Any unrealized depreciation on investments that the foreign currency forward contracts are designed to hedge are not currently deductible for tax purposes. This can result in increased taxable income whereby we may not have sufficient cash to pay distributions or we may opt to retain such taxable income and pay a 4% excise tax. In such cases we could still rely upon the “spillback provisions” to maintain RIC tax treatment.

We anticipate that a portion of our income may constitute OID or other income required to be included in taxable income prior to receipt of cash. Further, we may elect to amortize market discounts with respect to debt securities acquired in the secondary market and include such amounts in our taxable income in the current year, instead of upon disposition, as an election not to do so would limit our ability to deduct interest expenses for tax purposes. Because any OID or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of the accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our shareholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even if we will not have received any corresponding cash amount. As a result, we may have difficulty meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. We may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital, make a partial share distribution, or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, and choose not to make a qualifying share distribution, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to U.S. federal income tax.

General Risk Factors

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.

We and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation by laws at the local, state, and federal levels. These laws and regulations, as well as their interpretation, could change from time to time, including as the result of interpretive guidance or other directives from the U.S. President and others in the executive branch, and new laws, regulations and interpretations could also come into effect. For example, on August 16, 2022, the Biden administration enacted the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022, which modifies key aspects of the Code, including by creating an alternative minimum tax on certain large corporations and an excise tax on stock

repurchases by certain corporations. We are currently assessing the potential impact of these legislative changes. Any new or changed laws or regulations could have a material adverse effect on our business, and political uncertainty could increase regulatory uncertainty in the near term.

Changes to the laws and regulations governing our permitted investments may require a change to our investment strategy. Such changes could differ materially from our strategies and plans as set forth in this report and may shift our investment focus from the areas of expertise of our Adviser. Thus, any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and the value of your investment in us.

Heightened scrutiny of the financial services industry by regulators may materially and adversely affect our business.

The financial services industry has been the subject of heightened scrutiny by regulators around the globe. In particular, the SEC and its staff have focused more narrowly on issues relevant to alternative asset management firms, including by forming specialized units devoted to examining such firms and, in certain cases, bringing enforcement actions against the firms, their principals and employees. In recent periods there have been a number of enforcement actions within the industry, and it is expected that the SEC will continue to pursue enforcement actions against asset managers.

While the SEC's recent lists of examination priorities include such items as cybersecurity compliance and controls and conducting risk-based examinations of investment advisory firms, it is generally expected that the SEC's oversight of alternative asset managers will continue to focus substantially on concerns related to fiduciary duty transparency and investor disclosure practices. Although the SEC has cited improvements in disclosures and industry practices in this area, it has also indicated that there is room for improvement in particular areas, including fees and expenses (and the allocation of such fees and expenses) and co-investment practices. To this end, many investment advisory firms have received inquiries during examinations or directly from the SEC's Division of Enforcement regarding various transparency-related topics, including the acceleration of monitoring fees, the allocation of broken-deal expenses, outside business activities of firm principals and employees, group purchasing arrangements and general conflicts of interest disclosures. While we believe we have made appropriate and timely disclosures regarding the foregoing, the SEC staff may disagree.

Further, the SEC has highlighted BDC board oversight and valuation practices as one of its areas of focus in investment adviser examinations and has instituted enforcement actions against advisers for misleading investors about valuation.

If the SEC were to investigate our Adviser and find errors in its methodologies or procedures, our Adviser could be subject to penalties and fines, which could in turn harm our reputation and our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. Similarly, from time to time we or our Adviser could become the subject of litigation or other similar claims. Any investigations, litigation or similar claims could continue without resolution for long periods of time and could consume substantial amounts of our management's time and attention, and that time and attention and the devotion of associated resources could, at times, be disproportionate to the amounts at stake. Investigations, litigations and other claims are subject to inherent uncertainties, and a material adverse impact on our financial statements could occur for the period in which the effect of an unfavorable final outcome in an investigation, litigation or other similar claims becomes probable and reasonably estimable. In addition, we could incur expenses associated with defending ourselves against investigations, litigation and other similar claims, and these expenses could be material to our earnings in future periods.

Government intervention in the credit markets could adversely affect our business

The central banks and, in particular, the U.S. Federal Reserve, have taken unprecedented steps since the financial crises of 2008-2009 and the COVID-19 global pandemic. It is impossible to predict if, how, and to what extent the United States and other governments would further intervene in the credit markets. Such intervention is often prompted by politically sensitive issues involving family homes, student loans, real estate speculation, credit card receivables, pandemics, etc., and could, as a result, be contrary to what we would predict from an "economically rational" perspective.

On the other hand, recent governmental intervention could mean that the willingness of governmental bodies to take additional extraordinary action is diminished. As a result, in the event of near-term major market disruptions, there might be only limited additional government intervention, resulting in correspondingly greater market dislocation and materially greater market risk.

Our Bylaws include an exclusive forum selection provision, which could limit our shareholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or other agents.

Our Bylaws require that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Circuit Court for Baltimore City (or, if that court does not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Northern Division) shall be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of any standard of conduct or legal duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other agents to us or to our shareholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the MGCL or the Charter or the Bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time), or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine. This exclusive forum selection provision in our Bylaws will not apply to claims arising under the federal securities laws, including the Securities Act and the

Exchange Act. There is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce such a provision, and investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. In addition, this provision may increase costs for shareholders in bringing a claim against us or our directors, officers or other agents. Any investor purchasing or otherwise acquiring our shares is deemed to have notice of and consented to the foregoing provision. The exclusive forum selection provision in our Bylaws may limit our shareholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other agents, which may discourage lawsuits against us and such persons. It is also possible that, notwithstanding such exclusive forum selection provision, a court could rule that such provision is inapplicable or unenforceable. If this occurred, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in another forum, which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We expend significant financial and other resources to comply with the requirements of being a public entity.

As a public entity, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. The Exchange Act requires that we file annual, quarterly and current reports with respect to our business and financial condition. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting, which are discussed below. In order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls, significant resources and management oversight are required. We have implemented procedures, processes, policies and practices for the purpose of addressing the standards and requirements applicable to public companies. These activities may divert management's attention from other business concerns, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We may experience fluctuations in our operating results.

We may experience fluctuations in our operating results due to a number of factors, including our ability or inability to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, interest rates and default rates on the debt investments we make, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized gains or losses, unrealized appreciation or depreciation, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets, and general economic conditions. These occurrences could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, the value of your investment in us and our ability to pay distributions to you and our other shareholders.

We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

Our business is dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, portfolio monitoring, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control. There could be:

- sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
- natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
- disease pandemics, including the COVID-19 pandemic;
- events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts;
- outages due to idiosyncratic issues at specific service providers; and
- cyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and negatively affect the net asset value of our common stock and our ability to pay distributions to our shareholders.

We are subject to risks in using custodians, counterparties, administrators and other agents.

We depend on the services of custodians, counterparties, administrators and other agents to carry out certain transactions and other administrative services, including compliance with regulatory requirements in U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions. We are subject to risks of errors and mistakes made by these third parties, which may be attributed to us and subject us or our shareholders to reputational damage, penalties or losses. We depend on third parties to provide primary and back up communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, portfolio monitoring, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control. The terms of the contracts with third-party service providers are often customized and complex, and many of these arrangements occur in markets or relate to products that are not subject to regulatory oversight. Accordingly, we may be unsuccessful in seeking reimbursement or indemnification from these third-party service providers. In addition, we rely on a select number of third-party services providers and replacement of any one of our service providers could be difficult and result in disruption and expense.

Internal and external cybersecurity threats and risks, as well as other disasters, may adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies by impairing the ability to conduct business effectively.

Cybersecurity incidents and cyber-attacks have been occurring globally at a more frequent and severe level, and will likely continue to increase in frequency in the future. The occurrence of a disaster, such as a cyber-attack against us, any of our portfolio companies, or against a third-party that has access to our data or networks, a natural catastrophe, an industrial accident, failure of our disaster recovery systems, or consequential employee error, could have an adverse effect on our ability to communicate or conduct business, negatively impacting our operations and financial condition. This adverse effect can become particularly acute if those events affect our electronic data processing, transmission, storage, and retrieval systems, or impact the availability, integrity, or confidentiality of our data.

We, and our portfolio companies, depend heavily upon computer systems to perform necessary business functions. Despite the implementation of a variety of security measures, our computer systems, networks, and data, like those of other companies, could be subject to cyber-attacks and unauthorized access, use, alteration, or destruction, such as from physical and electronic break-ins or unauthorized tampering. If one or more of these events occurs, it could potentially jeopardize the confidential, proprietary, and other information processed, stored in, and transmitted through our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations, which could result in financial losses, litigation, regulatory penalties, client dissatisfaction or loss, reputational damage, and increased costs associated with mitigation of damages and remediation.

Third parties with which we do business may also be sources of cybersecurity or other technological risk. We outsource certain functions and these relationships allow for the storage and processing of our information, as well as client, counterparty, employee, and borrower information. While we engage in actions to reduce our exposure resulting from outsourcing, ongoing threats may result in unauthorized access, loss, exposure, destruction, or other cybersecurity incidents that adversely affects our data, resulting in increased costs and other consequences as described above.

Moreover, the increased use of mobile and cloud technologies due to the proliferation of remote work resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic could heighten these and other operational risks as certain aspects of the security of such technologies may be complex and unpredictable. Reliance on mobile or cloud technology or any failure by mobile technology and cloud service providers to adequately safeguard their systems and prevent cyber-attacks could disrupt our operations, the operations of a portfolio company or the operations of our or their service providers and result in misappropriation, corruption or loss of personal, confidential or proprietary information or the inability to conduct ordinary business operations. In addition, there is a risk that encryption and other protective measures may be circumvented, particularly to the extent that new computing technologies increase the speed and computing power available. Extended periods of remote working, whether by us, our portfolio companies, or our service providers, could strain technology resources, introduce operational risks and otherwise heighten the risks described above. Remote working environments may be less secure and more susceptible to hacking attacks, including phishing and social engineering attempts. Accordingly, the risks described above, are heightened under the current conditions.

We have implemented processes, procedures and internal controls to help mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber intrusions, but these measures, as well as our increased awareness of the nature and extent of a risk of a cyber-incident, do not guarantee that a cyber-incident will not occur and/or that our financial results, operations or confidential information will not be negatively impacted by such an incident

In addition, cybersecurity has become a top priority for global lawmakers and regulators around the world, and some jurisdictions have proposed or enacted laws requiring companies to notify regulators and individuals of data security breaches involving certain types of personal data. Compliance with such laws and regulations may result in cost increases due to system changes and the development of new administrative processes. If we or our Adviser or certain of its affiliates, fail to comply with the relevant and increasing laws and regulations, we could suffer financial losses, a disruption of our businesses, liability to investors, regulatory intervention or reputational damage.

Increased data protection regulation may result in increased complexities and risk in connection with the operation of our business.

We operate in businesses that are highly dependent on information systems and technology. The costs related to cyber or other security threats or disruptions may not be fully insured or indemnified by other means. Cybersecurity has become a priority for regulators in the U.S. and around the world. Many jurisdictions in which we operate have laws and regulations relating to data privacy, cybersecurity and protection of personal information, including the California Consumer Privacy Act that went into effect on January 1, 2020, and the New York SHIELD Act, which went into effect on March 1, 2020. In addition, the SEC announced that one of the 2019 examination priorities for the Office of Compliance Inspections and Examinations was to continue to examine cybersecurity procedures and controls, including testing the implementation of these procedures and controls. Further, the European General Data Protection Regulation (the “GDPR”) came into effect in May 2018. Data protection requirements under the GDPR are more stringent than those imposed under prior European legislation. There are substantial financial penalties for breach of the GDPR, including up to the higher of 20 million Euros or 4% of group annual worldwide turnover. Non-compliance with any of the aforementioned laws or other similar laws, therefore, represents a serious risk to our business. Some jurisdictions have also enacted laws requiring companies to notify individuals of data security breaches involving certain types of personal data. Breaches in security could potentially jeopardize our, our employees’ or our product investors’ or counterparties’ confidential and other information processed and stored in, and transmitted through, our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our, our employees’, our product investors’, our counterparties’ or third parties’ operations, which could result in significant losses, increased costs, disruption of our business, liability to our product investors and other counterparties, regulatory intervention or reputational damage. Furthermore, if we fail to comply with the relevant laws and regulations, it could result in regulatory investigations and penalties, which could lead to negative publicity and may cause our product investors and clients to lose confidence in the effectiveness of our security measures.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

Our corporate headquarters are located at 399 Park Avenue, 37th Floor, New York, New York 10022 and are provided by the Adviser in accordance with the terms of our Administration Agreement. We believe that our office facilities are suitable and adequate for our business as it is contemplated to be conducted.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Neither we nor the Adviser are currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, are any material legal proceeding threatened against us. From time to time, we may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of our rights under contracts with our portfolio companies. Our business is also subject to extensive regulation, which may result in regulatory proceedings against us. While the outcome of any such future legal or regulatory proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, we do not expect that any such future proceedings will have a material effect upon our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Shareholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Common Stock

Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the symbol "ORCC." Our common stock has historically traded at prices both above and below our net asset value per share. It is not possible to predict whether our common stock will trade at a price per share at, above or below net asset value per share. See "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS—Risks Related to an Investment in our Common Stock—We cannot assure you that the market price of shares of our common stock will not decline." On February 17, 2023, the last reported closing sales price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$13.18 per share, which represented a discount of approximately 12.1% to net asset value per share reported by us as of December 31, 2022.

Holdings

As of February 17, 2023, there were approximately 16 holders of record of our common stock including Cede & Co.).

Distribution Policy

To qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends of an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income (which includes, among other items, dividends, interest, the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as well as other taxable income, excluding any net capital gains reduced by deductible expenses) and 90% of our net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates on our investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to shareholders. We may be subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax if we do not distribute (or are treated as distributing) in each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income, excluding certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized during a calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of such calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

We have previously incurred, and can be expected to incur in the future, such excise tax on a portion of our income and gains. While we intend to distribute income and capital gains to minimize exposure to the 4% excise tax, we may not be able to, or may not choose to, distribute amounts sufficient to avoid the imposition of the tax entirely. In that event, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement. See "ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS – Risks Related to U.S. Federal Income Tax – We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the corporate rates if we are unable to qualify and maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code or if we make investments through taxable subsidiaries."

For the year ended December 31, 2022, we recorded expenses of \$5.8 million for U.S. federal income tax, including excise tax.

Distributions

We generally intend to distribute, out of assets legally available for distribution, substantially all of our available earnings, on a quarterly basis, as determined by Board in its discretion.

On February 21, 2023, the Board declared a first quarter dividend of \$0.33 per share for stockholders of record as of March 31, 2023, payable on or before April 14, 2023 and a fourth quarter supplemental dividend of \$0.04 per share for stockholders of record as of March 3, 2023, payable on or before March 17, 2023. The supplemental dividend is calculated as 50% of net investment income in excess of our regular dividend, subject to certain measurement tests and rounded to the nearest penny.

The following table summarizes dividends declared for the year ended December 31, 2022:

December 31, 2022			
Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023	\$ 0.33
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	\$ 0.03
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 13, 2022	\$ 0.31
Total Distributions Declared			\$ 1.29

Total distributions declared of \$507.8 million resulted in a tax dividend amount of \$517.9 million that consisted entirely of ordinary income for the tax year ending December 31, 2022. For the year ended December 31, 2022, 85.2% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which we will reinvest all cash distributions declared by the Board on behalf of our shareholders who do not elect to receive their distribution in cash as provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our shareholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock as described below, rather than receiving the cash dividend or other distribution. Any fractional share otherwise issuable to a participant in the dividend reinvestment plan will instead be paid in cash.

In connection with our IPO, we entered into our second amended and restated dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which, if newly issued shares are used to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the cash dividend or distribution payable to a shareholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange on the payment date of a distribution, or if no sale is reported for such day, the average of the reported bid and ask prices. However, if the market price per share on the payment date of a cash dividend or distribution exceeds the most recently computed net asset value per share, we will issue shares at the greater of (i) the most recently computed net asset value per share and (ii) 95% of the current market price per share (or such lesser discount to the current market price per share that still exceeded the most recently computed net asset value per share). Pursuant to our second amended and restated dividend reinvestment plan, if shares are purchased in the open market to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder shall be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the cash dividend payable to such shareholder by the weighted average price per share for all shares purchased by the plan administrator in the open market in connection with the dividend. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	51,018 ⁽¹⁾
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	616,214 ⁽¹⁾
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	886,113 ⁽¹⁾
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 15, 2022	830,764 ⁽¹⁾
November 2, 2021	December 31, 2021	January 31, 2022	814,084

(1) Shares purchased in the open market in order to satisfy dividends reinvested under our dividend reinvestment program.

Stock Repurchase Programs

On November 3, 2020, the Board approved a repurchase program (the “2020 Stock Repurchase Program”) under which we were authorized to repurchase up to \$100 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases were made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. On November 2, 2021, the Board approved an extension to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program and, on November 2, 2022, the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program ended in accordance with its terms. As of December 31, 2021, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, had repurchased 186,150 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Plan

for approximately \$2.6 million. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 944,076 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$12.6 million.

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock by Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program for each month in the year ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 (through its expiration):

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2021 - January 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
February 1, 2021 - February 28, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
March 1, 2021 - March 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
April 1, 2021 - April 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
May 1, 2021 - May 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
June 1, 2021 - June 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
July 1, 2021 - July 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
August 1, 2021 - August 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
September 1, 2021 - September 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
October 1, 2021 - October 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
November 1, 2021 - November 30, 2021	22,900	\$ 13.92	\$ 0.3	\$ 99.7
December 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	163,250	\$ 14.00	\$ 2.3	\$ 97.4
Total	186,150		\$ 2.6	

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2022 - January 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
February 1, 2022 - February 28, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
March 1, 2022 - March 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
April 1, 2022 - April 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
May 1, 2022 - May 31, 2022	757,926	\$ 13.21	\$ 10.0	\$ 87.4
June 1, 2022 - June 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
July 1, 2022 - July 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
August 1, 2022 - August 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
September 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
October 1, 2022 - October 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
	757,926		\$ 10.0	

On November 1, 2022, the Board approved a repurchase program (the "2022 Stock Repurchase Program") under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management's discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program will terminate 18-months from the date it was approved. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 1,346,326 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the 2022 Repurchase Plan for approximately \$15.9 million.

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock by Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program for each month in the year ended December 31, 2022 since its inception:

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 150.0
December 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	1,346,326	\$ 11.84	\$ 15.9	\$ 134.1
Total	1,346,326		\$ 15.9	

Price Range of Common Stock

Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the symbol “ORCC.” Our common stock has traded at prices both above and below our net asset value per share. It is not possible to predict whether our common stock will trade at a price per share at, above or below net asset value per share. See “ITEM 1A. Risk Factors—Risks Related to an Investment in Our Common Stock.”

The following table sets forth the net asset value per share of our common stock, the range of high and low closing sales prices of our common stock reported on the NYSE, the closing sales price as a premium (discount) to net asset value and the dividends declared by us in each fiscal quarter since we began trading on the NYSE. On February 17, 2023, the last reported closing sales price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$13.18 per share, which represented a discount of approximately 12.1% to the net asset value per share reported by us as of December 31, 2022.

Price Range

Period	Net Asset Value ⁽¹⁾	Price Range		High Sales Price Premium (Discount) to Net Asset Value ⁽²⁾	Low Sales Price Premium (Discount) to Net Asset Value ⁽²⁾	Cash Dividend Per Share ⁽³⁾
		High	Low			
Year Ended December 31, 2022						
First Quarter	\$ 14.88	\$ 15.07	\$ 14.14	1.3 %	-5.0 %	\$ 0.31
Second Quarter	\$ 14.48	\$ 15.19	\$ 12.24	4.9 %	-15.5 %	\$ 0.31
Third Quarter	\$ 14.85	\$ 13.77	\$ 10.34	-7.3 %	-30.4 %	\$ 0.31
Fourth Quarter	\$ 14.99	\$ 13.36	\$ 10.50	-10.9 %	-30.0 %	\$ 0.36 ⁽⁸⁾
Year Ended December 31, 2021						
First Quarter	\$ 14.82	\$ 14.29	\$ 12.31	-3.6 %	-16.9 %	\$ 0.31
Second Quarter	\$ 14.90	\$ 14.85	\$ 13.55	-0.3 %	-9.1 %	\$ 0.31
Third Quarter	\$ 14.95	\$ 14.77	\$ 14.12	-1.2 %	-5.6 %	\$ 0.31
Fourth Quarter	\$ 15.08	\$ 14.73	\$ 13.88	-2.3 %	-8.0 %	\$ 0.31
Year Ended December 31, 2020						
First Quarter	\$ 14.09	\$ 17.76	\$ 8.25	26.0 %	-41.4 %	\$ 0.39 ⁽⁴⁾
Second Quarter	\$ 14.52	\$ 13.49	\$ 10.14	-7.1 %	-30.2 %	\$ 0.39 ⁽⁵⁾
Third Quarter	\$ 14.67	\$ 12.70	\$ 11.70	-13.4 %	-20.2 %	\$ 0.39 ⁽⁶⁾
Fourth Quarter	\$ 14.74	\$ 13.74	\$ 11.37	-6.8 %	-22.9 %	\$ 0.39 ⁽⁷⁾

(1) Net asset value per share is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the net asset value per share on the date of the high and low closing sales prices. The net asset values shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of the relevant quarter.

(2) Calculated as the respective high or low closing sales price less net asset value, divided by net asset value (in each case, as of the applicable quarter).

(3) Represents the dividend or distribution declared in the relevant quarter.

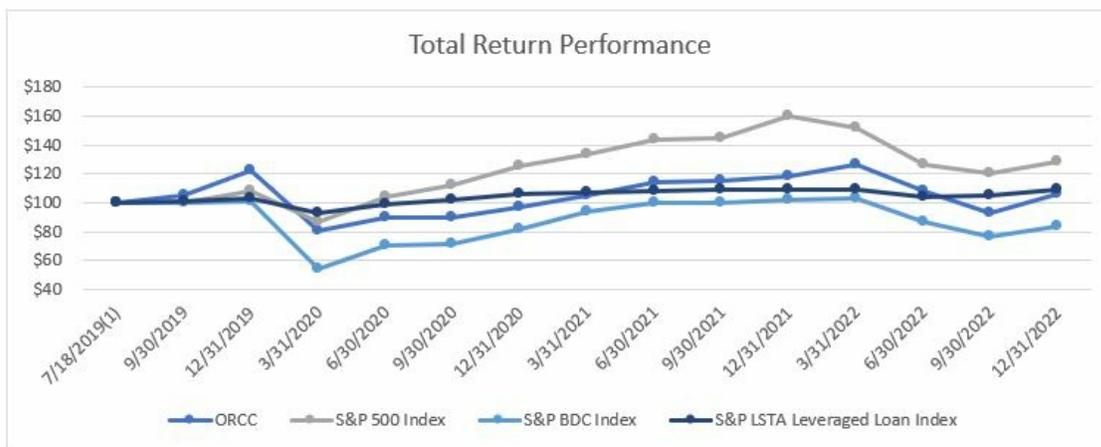
(4) Consists of a quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share and additional dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on or before May 15, 2020 subject to the satisfaction of certain Maryland law requirements.

- (5) Consists of a quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share and additional dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on or before August 14, 2020 subject to the satisfaction of certain Maryland law requirements.
- (6) Consists of a quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share and additional dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on or before November 13, 2020 subject to the satisfaction of certain Maryland law requirements.
- (7) Consists of a quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share and additional dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on or before January 19, 2021 subject to the satisfaction of certain Maryland law requirements.
- (8) Consists of a quarterly dividend of \$0.33 per share and supplemental third quarter dividend of \$0.03 per share, payable on or before January 13, 2023 and December 15, 2022, respectively, subject to the satisfaction of certain Maryland law requirements.

Stock Performance Graph

This graph compares the stockholder return on our common stock from July 18, 2019 (the date our common stock commenced trading on the NYSE) to December 31, 2022 with that of the Standard & Poor’s 500 Stock Index, Standard & Poor’s BDC Index and Standard & Poor’s LSTA Leveraged Loan Stock Index. This graph assumes that on July 18, 2019, \$100 was invested in our common stock, the Standard & Poor’s BDC Index, the Standard & Poor’s 500 Stock Index and the Standard & Poor’s LSTA Leveraged Loan Stock Index. The graph also assumes the reinvestment of all cash dividends prior to any tax effect. The graph and other information furnished under this Part II Item 5 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K shall not be deemed to be “soliciting material” or to be “filed” with the SEC or subject to Regulation 14A or 14C under, or to the liabilities of Section 18 of, the Exchange Act. The stock price performance included in the below graph is not necessarily indicative of future stock performance.

COMPARISON OF CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN AMONG OWL ROCK CAPITAL CORPORATION, STANDARD & POOR’S 500 INDEX, STANDARD & POOR’S BDC INDEX AND STANDARD & POOR’S LSTA LEVERAGED LOAN INDEX



(1) Commences with our initial public offering.

SOURCE: S&P Global Market Intelligence

NOTES: Assumes \$100 invested on July 18, 2019 in Owl Rock Capital Corporation, the Standard & Poor’s 500 Index, the Standard & Poor’s BDC Index and the Standard & Poor’s LSTA Leveraged Loan Stock Index. Assumes all dividends are reinvested on the respective dividend payment dates without commissions.

Senior Securities

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of the end of the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

Class and Period	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in millions)	Asset Coverage per Unit ⁽²⁾	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit ⁽³⁾	Average Market Value per Unit ⁽⁴⁾
Revolving Credit Facility				
December 31, 2022	\$ 557.1	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 892.3	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 252.5	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 480.9	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
December 31, 2018	\$ 308.6	\$ 2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$ —	\$ 2,580	—	N/A
SPV Asset Facility I⁽⁶⁾				
December 31, 2020	\$ —	\$ —	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 300.0	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
December 31, 2018	\$ 400.0	\$ 2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$ 400.0	\$ 2,580	—	N/A
SPV Asset Facility II				
December 31, 2022	\$ 250.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 100.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 100.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 350.0	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
December 31, 2018	\$ 550.0	\$ 2,254	—	N/A
SPV Asset Facility III				
December 31, 2022	\$ 250.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 190.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 375.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 255.0	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
December 31, 2018	\$ 300.0	\$ 2,254	—	N/A
SPV Asset Facility IV⁽⁸⁾				
December 31, 2022	\$ —	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 155.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 295.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 60.3	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
CLO I				
December 31, 2022	\$ 390.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 390.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 390.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 390.0	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
CLO II				
December 31, 2022	\$ 260.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 260.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 260.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 260.0	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
CLO III				
December 31, 2022	\$ 260.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 260.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A

Class and Period	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities⁽¹⁾ (\$ in millions)	Asset Coverage per Unit⁽²⁾	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit⁽³⁾	Average Market Value per Unit⁽⁴⁾
December 31, 2020	\$ 260.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
CLO IV				
December 31, 2022	\$ 292.5	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 292.5	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 252.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
CLO V				
December 31, 2022	\$ 509.6	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 196.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 196.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
CLO VI				
December 31, 2022	\$ 260.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 260.0	\$ 1,820	—	N/A
CLO VII				
December 31, 2022	\$ 239.2	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
Subscription Credit Facility⁽⁵⁾				
December 31, 2019	\$ —	\$ —	—	N/A
December 31, 2018	\$ 883.0	\$ 2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$ 393.5	\$ 2,580	—	N/A
December 31, 2016	\$ 495.0	\$ 2,375	—	N/A
2023 Notes⁽⁷⁾				
December 31, 2021	\$ —	\$ —	—	N/A
December 31, 2020	\$ 150.0	\$ 2,060	—	N/A
December 31, 2019	\$ 150.0	\$ 2,926	—	N/A
December 31, 2018	\$ 150.0	\$ 2,254	—	N/A
December 31, 2017	\$ 138.5	\$ 2,580	—	N/A
2024 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 400.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 400.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 1,089.7
December 31, 2020	\$ 400.0	\$ 2,060	—	\$ 1,037.1
December 31, 2019	\$ 400.0	\$ 2,926	—	\$ 1,039.3
2025 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 425.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 425.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 1,057.3
December 31, 2020	\$ 425.0	\$ 2,060	—	\$ 984.2
December 31, 2019	\$ 425.0	\$ 2,926	—	\$ 997.9
July 2025 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 500.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 500.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 1,049.9
December 31, 2020	\$ 500.0	\$ 2,060	—	\$ 971.1
2026 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 500.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 500.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 1,068.7
December 31, 2020	\$ 500.0	\$ 2,060	—	\$ 1,018.5
July 2026 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 1,000.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 1,000.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 1,032.8

Class and Period	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities⁽¹⁾ (\$ in millions)	Asset Coverage per Unit⁽²⁾	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit⁽³⁾	Average Market Value per Unit⁽⁴⁾
December 31, 2020	\$ 1,000.0	\$ 2,060	—	\$ 1,005.0
2027 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 500.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 500.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 997.4
2028 Notes				
December 31, 2022	\$ 850.0	\$ 1,788	—	N/A
December 31, 2021	\$ 850.0	\$ 1,820	—	\$ 994.3

- (1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.
- (2) Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total assets, less all liabilities excluding indebtedness represented by senior securities in this table, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness and is calculated on a consolidated basis.
- (3) The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon our involuntary liquidation in preference to any security junior to it. The “—” in this column indicates information that the SEC expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.
- (4) Not applicable, except for with respect to the 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes as other senior securities are not registered for public trading on a stock exchange. The average market value per unit for each of the 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes is based on the average daily prices of such notes and is expressed per \$1,000 of indebtedness.
- (5) Facility was terminated in 2019.
- (6) Facility was terminated in 2020.
- (7) On November 23, 2021, we caused notice to be issued to the holders of the 2023 Notes regarding our exercise of the option to redeem in full all \$150,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon through, but excluding, the redemption date, December 23, 2021. On December 23, 2021, we redeemed in full all \$150,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon through, but excluding, December 23, 2021.
- (8) Facility was terminated in 2022.

Fees and Expenses

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. The expenses shown in the table under “Annual expenses” are based on estimated amounts for our current fiscal year. The following table should not be considered a representation of our future expenses. Actual expenses may be greater or less than shown. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this Form 10-K contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by “us” or “the Company” or that “we” will pay fees or expenses, you will indirectly bear these fees or expenses as an investor in the Company.

Shareholder transaction expenses:

Sales load	— % ⁽¹⁾
Offering expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	— % ⁽²⁾
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	— % ⁽³⁾
Total shareholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	— %

Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):

Management Fee payable under the Investment Advisory Agreement	3.0 % ⁽⁴⁾
Incentive Fee payable under the Investment Advisory Agreement	2.5 % ⁽⁵⁾
Interest payments on borrowed funds	4.2 % ⁽⁶⁾
Other expenses	0.4 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.4 % ⁽⁹⁾
Total annual expenses	10.5 %⁽⁸⁾⁽¹⁰⁾

- (1) In the event that the securities are sold to or through underwriters, a related prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load (underwriting discount or commission).
- (2) A related prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the estimated amount of offering expenses borne by the Company as a percentage of the offering price.
- (3) The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in “other expenses” in the table above. For additional information, see “Dividend Reinvestment Plan.”
- (4) The Management Fee is 1.50% of our average gross assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts and assuming we borrow funds equal to 100% of net assets). See “Item 1. Business —Investment Advisory Agreement.” The Management Fee reflected in the table is calculated by determining the ratio that the Management Fee bears to our net assets attributable to common stock (rather than our gross assets).
- (5) The Incentive Fee consists of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the Incentive Fee is based on our income and a portion is based on our capital gains. For more detailed information about the Incentive Fee, see “Item 1. Business — Investment Advisory Agreement.”
- (6) The figure in the table assumes that we borrow for investment purposes an amount equal to 100% of our average net assets in the following 12-month period, and that the average annual cost of borrowings, including the amortization of cost associated with obtaining borrowings, on the amount borrowed is 4.2%. Interest payments on borrowed funds represents an estimate of our annualized interest expense based on borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, our SPV Asset Facilities, the 2024 Notes, the 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, the 2026 Notes, the July 2026 Notes, the 2027 Notes, the 2028 Notes, the CLO I Transaction, the CLO II Transaction, the CLO III Transaction, the CLO IV Transaction, the CLO V Transaction, the CLO VI Transaction and the CLO VII Transaction. The assumed weighted average interest rate on our total debt outstanding was 3.7%. We may borrow additional funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that the economic situation is conducive to doing so. We may also issue additional debt securities or preferred stock, subject to our compliance with applicable requirements under the 1940 Act.
- (7) Includes our overhead expenses, such as payments under the Administration Agreement for certain expenses incurred by the Adviser. We based these expenses on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.
- (8) Estimated.
- (9) Our shareholders indirectly bear the expenses of underlying funds or other investment vehicles in which we invest that (1) are investment companies or (2) would be investment companies under section 3(a) of the 1940 Act but for the exceptions to that definition provided for in sections 3(c)(1) and 3(c)(7) of the 1940 Act (“Acquired Funds”). This amount includes the estimated annual fees and expenses of ORCC SLF (fka Sebago Lake LLC), our joint venture with Nationwide Life Insurance Company, which is our only Acquired Fund as of December 31, 2022.
- (10) This table reflects all of the fees and expenses borne by us with respect to the CLO I Transaction, the CLO II Transaction, the CLO III Transaction, the CLO IV Transaction, the CLO V Transaction, the CLO VI Transaction and the CLO VII Transaction, but does not include fees payable to but waived by the Adviser for serving as collateral manager to the CLO Issuers.

Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. Transaction expenses are included in the following example.

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return from realized capital gains	\$ 102	\$ 312	\$ 519	\$ 1,026

The foregoing table is to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. Because the income portion of the Incentive Fee under the Investment Advisory Agreement is unlikely to be significant assuming a 5% annual return, the example assumes that the 5% annual return will be generated entirely through the realization of capital gains on our assets and, as a result, will trigger the payment of the capital gains portion of the Incentive Fee under the Investment Advisory Agreement. The income portion of the Incentive Fee under the Investment Advisory Agreement, which, assuming a 5% annual return, would either not be payable or have an immaterial impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the example. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an Incentive Fee of a material amount, our expenses, and returns to our investors, would be higher. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value, if our Board authorizes and we declare a cash dividend, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan who have not otherwise elected to receive cash will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the valuation date for the dividend. See “Dividend Reinvestment Plan” for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

This example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.

Item 6. Reserved.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with "ITEM 8. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA". This discussion contains forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or the future performance or financial condition of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and involves numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those described in "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS." This discussion also should be read in conjunction with the "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements" set forth on page 1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Actual results could differ materially from those implied or expressed in any forward-looking statements.

Overview

Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the "Company", "we", "us" or "our") is a Maryland corporation formed on October 15, 2015. We were formed primarily to originate and make loans to, and make debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity and equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company's common equity. Our investment objective is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

We are managed by Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC ("the Adviser" or "our Adviser"). The Adviser is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"), an indirect affiliate of Blue Owl Capital Inc. ("Blue Owl") (NYSE: OWL) and part of Owl Rock, a division of Blue Owl focused on direct lending. Subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors ("the Board" or "our Board"), the Adviser manages our day-to-day operations, and provides investment advisory and management services to us. The Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees. The Adviser is responsible for managing our business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring our investments, and monitoring our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals.

On July 22, 2019, we closed our initial public offering ("IPO") and our common stock began trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "ORCC" on July 18, 2019.

The Adviser also serves as investment adviser to Owl Rock Capital Corporation II and Owl Rock Core Income Corp.

Blue Owl consists of three divisions: (1) Owl Rock, which focuses on direct lending, (2) Dyal, which focuses on providing capital to institutional alternative asset managers and (3) Oak Street, which focuses on real estate strategies. Owl Rock is comprised of the Adviser, Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC ("ORTA"), Owl Rock Technology Advisors II LLC ("ORTA II"), Owl Rock Capital Private Fund Advisors LLC ("ORPFA"), and Owl Rock Diversified Advisors LLC ("ORDA" and together with the Adviser, ORTA, ORTA II, ORPFA, and ORDA, the "Owl Rock Advisers"), which also are investment advisers. As of December 31, 2022, the Adviser and its affiliates had \$68.6 billion of assets under management across the Owl Rock division of Blue Owl.

The management of our investment portfolio is the responsibility of the Adviser and the Investment Committee. We consider these individuals to be our portfolio managers. The Investment Team, is led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and is supported by certain members of the Adviser's senior executive team and the Investment Committee. The Investment Team, under the Investment Committee's supervision, sources investment opportunities, conducts research, performs due diligence on potential investments, structures our investments and will monitor our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer, Alexis Maged and Jeff Walwyn. The Investment Committee meets regularly to consider our investments, direct our strategic initiatives and supervise the actions taken by the Adviser on our behalf. In addition, the Investment Committee reviews and determines whether to make prospective investments (including approving parameters or guidelines pursuant to which investments in broadly syndicated loans may be bought and sold), structures financings and monitors the performance of the investment portfolio. Each investment opportunity requires the approval of a majority of the Investment Committee. Follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies may require the Investment Committee's approval beyond that obtained when the initial investment in the portfolio company was made. In addition, temporary investments, such as those in cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less, may require approval by the Investment Committee. The compensation packages of certain Investment Committee members from the Adviser include various combinations of discretionary bonuses and variable incentive compensation based primarily on performance for services provided and may include shares of Blue Owl.

We may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. We, our Adviser and certain affiliates have been granted an order for exemptive relief (the "Order") by the SEC to permit us to co-invest with other funds managed by our Adviser or certain of its affiliates, in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to the Order, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transactions, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our

investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing and (4) the proposed investment by us would not benefit our Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of any of them (other than the parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the exemptive relief and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act.

In addition, we received an amendment to the Order to permit us to continue to co-invest in our existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio company.

The Owl Rock Advisers' investment allocation policy seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities over time between us and other funds managed by our Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of the Order, there could be significant overlap in our investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of the Owl Rock Clients and/or other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the exemptive relief and that have an investment objective similar to ours.

On April 27, 2016, we formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR Lending LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lenders license. OR Lending LLC makes loans to borrowers headquartered in California. From time to time we may form wholly-owned subsidiaries to facilitate our normal course of business.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries of ours are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes.

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a regulated investment company ("RIC") for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, we are required to comply with various statutory and regulatory requirements, such as:

- the requirement to invest at least 70% of our assets in "qualifying assets", as such term is defined in the 1940 Act;
- source of income limitations;
- asset diversification requirements; and
- the requirement to distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and tax-exempt interest for that taxable year.

Our Investment Framework

We are a Maryland corporation organized primarily to originate and make loans to, and make debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. Our investment objective is to generate current income, and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns. Since our Adviser and its affiliates began investment activities in April 2016 through December 31, 2022, our Adviser and its affiliates have originated \$72.8 billion aggregate principal amount of investments, of which \$69.2 billion of aggregate principal amount of investments prior to any subsequent exits or repayments, was retained by either us or a corporation or fund advised by our Adviser or its affiliates. We seek to participate in transactions sponsored by what we believe to be high-quality private equity and venture capital firms capable of providing both operational and financial resources. We seek to generate current income primarily in U.S. middle market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans or originations of unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans, broadly syndicated loans and, to a lesser extent, investments in equity and equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity. Our equity investments are typically not control-oriented investments and we may structure such equity investments to include provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder.

We define "middle market companies" generally to mean companies with earnings before interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization, or "EBITDA," between \$10 million and \$250 million annually and/or annual revenue of \$50 million to \$2.5 billion at the time of investment, although we may on occasion invest in smaller or larger companies if an opportunity presents itself. We generally seek to invest in companies with a loan-to-value ratio of 50% or below.

We expect that generally our portfolio composition will be majority debt or income producing securities, which may include "covenant-lite" loans (as defined below), with a lesser allocation to equity or equity-linked opportunities, which we may hold directly or through special purpose vehicles. In addition, we may invest a portion of our portfolio in opportunistic investments and broadly syndicated loans, which will not be our primary focus, but will be intended to enhance returns to our shareholders and from time to time, we may evaluate and enter into strategic portfolio transactions which may result in additional portfolio companies which we are considered to control. These investments may include high-yield bonds and broadly-syndicated loans, including publicly traded debt instruments, which are typically originated and structured by banks on behalf of large corporate borrowers with employee counts, revenues, EBITDAs and enterprise values larger than those of middle market companies described above, and equity investments in portfolio companies that make senior secured loans or invest in broadly syndicated loans or structured products, such as life settlements and royalty interests. In addition, we generally do not intend to invest more than 20% of our total assets in companies whose principal place of business is outside the United States, although we do not generally intend to invest in companies whose principal place of business is in an emerging market. Our portfolio composition may fluctuate from time to time based on market conditions and interest rates.

Covenants are contractual restrictions that lenders place on companies to limit the corporate actions a company may pursue. Generally, the loans in which we expect to invest will have financial maintenance covenants, which are used to proactively address materially adverse changes in a portfolio company's financial performance. However, to a lesser extent, we may invest in "covenant-lite" loans. We use the term "covenant-lite" to refer generally to loans that do not have a complete set of financial maintenance covenants. Generally, "covenant-lite" loans provide borrower companies more freedom to negatively impact lenders because their covenants are incurrence-based, which means they are only tested and can only be breached following an affirmative action of the borrower, rather than by a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition. Accordingly, to the extent we invest in "covenant-lite" loans, we may have fewer rights against a borrower and may have a greater risk of loss on such investments as compared to investments in or exposure to loans with financial maintenance covenants.

We target portfolio companies where we can structure larger transactions. As of December 31, 2022, our average debt investment size in each of our portfolio companies was approximately \$67.4 million based on fair value. As of December 31, 2022, our portfolio companies, excluding the investment in ORCC SLF and certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile and represent 81.6% of our total debt portfolio based on fair value, had weighted average annual revenue of \$785 million, weighted average annual EBITDA of \$168 million and an average interest coverage of 2.3x.

The companies in which we invest use our capital to support their growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion, refinancings and/or recapitalizations. The debt in which we invest typically is not rated by any rating agency, but if these instruments were rated, they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3), which is often referred to as "high yield" or "junk".

A majority of our new investments are indexed to SOFR; however we have material contracts that are indexed to USD-LIBOR and are monitoring this activity, evaluating the related risks and our exposure, and adding alternative language to contracts, where necessary. Certain contracts have an orderly market transition already in process. However, it is not possible to predict the effect of any of these developments, and any future initiatives to regulate, reform or change the manner of administration of LIBOR could result in adverse consequences to the rate of interest payable and receivable on, market value of and market liquidity for LIBOR-based financial instruments.

Key Components of Our Results of Operations

Investments

We focus primarily on the direct origination of loans to middle market companies domiciled in the United States.

Our level of investment activity (both the number of investments and the size of each investment) can and will vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital available to middle market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity for such companies, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

In addition, as part of our risk strategy on investments, we may reduce the levels of certain investments through partial sales or syndication to additional lenders.

Revenues

We generate revenues primarily in the form of interest income from the investments we hold. In addition, we generate income from dividends on either direct equity investments or equity interests obtained in connection with originating loans, such as options, warrants or conversion rights. Our debt investments typically have a term of three to ten years. As of December 31, 2022, 98.3% of our debt investments based on fair value bear interest at a floating rate, subject to interest rate floors, in certain cases. Interest on our debt investments is generally payable either monthly or quarterly.

Our investment portfolio consists primarily of floating rate loans, and our credit facilities bear interest at floating rates. Macro trends in base interest rates like London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") and any alternative reference rates may affect our net investment income over the long term. However, because we generally originate loans to a small number of portfolio companies each quarter, and those investments vary in size, our results in any given period, including the interest rate on investments that were sold or repaid in a period compared to the interest rate of new investments made during that period, often are idiosyncratic, and reflect the characteristics of the particular portfolio companies that we invested in or exited during the period and not necessarily any trends in our business or macro trends.

Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount or premium are capitalized, and we accrete or amortize such amounts under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") as interest income using the effective yield method for term instruments and the straight-line method for revolving or delayed draw instruments. Repayments of our debt investments can reduce interest income from period to period. The frequency or volume of these repayments may fluctuate significantly. We record prepayment premiums on loans as interest income. We may also generate revenue in the form of commitment, loan origination, structuring, or due diligence fees, fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and possibly consulting fees.

Dividend income on equity investments is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded companies.

Our portfolio activity also reflects the proceeds from sales of investments. We recognize realized gains or losses on investments based on the difference between the net proceeds from the disposition and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized. We record current period changes in fair value of investments that are measured at fair value as a component of the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments in the consolidated statement of operations.

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of the management fee and, since the expiration of the incentive fee waiver on October 18, 2020, the incentive fee, expenses reimbursable under the Administration Agreement and Investment Advisory Agreement, legal and professional fees, interest and other debt expenses and other operating expenses. The management fee and incentive fee compensate our Adviser for work in identifying, evaluating, negotiating, closing, monitoring and realizing our investments.

Except as specifically provided below, all investment professionals and staff of the Adviser, when and to the extent engaged in providing investment advisory and management services to us, the base compensation, bonus and benefits, and the routine overhead expenses of such personnel allocable to such services, are provided and paid for by the Adviser. We bear our allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Financial Officer and their respective staffs (based on a percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business affairs). We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including, but not limited to (i) investment advisory fees, including management fees and incentive fees, to the Adviser, pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement; (ii) our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its administrative obligations under the Administration Agreement; and (iii) all other costs and expenses of its operations and transactions including, without limitation, those relating to:

- the cost of our organization and offerings;
- the cost of calculating our net asset value, including the cost of any third-party valuation services;
- the cost of effecting any sales and repurchases of our common stock and other securities;
- fees and expenses payable under any dealer manager agreements, if any;
- debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;
- costs of hedging;
- expenses, including travel expense, incurred by the Adviser, or members of the investment team, or payable to third parties, performing due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, enforcing our rights;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts;
- federal and state registration fees, any stock exchange listing fees and fees payable to rating agencies;
- federal, state and local taxes;
- independent directors' fees and expenses including certain travel expenses;
- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, including registration and listing fees, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to our shareholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any shareholder or director meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- research and market data;
- fidelity bond, directors' and officers' errors and omissions liability insurance and other insurance premiums;
- direct costs and expenses of administration, including printing, mailing, long distance telephone and staff;
- fees and expenses associated with independent audits, outside legal and consulting costs;
- costs of winding up;

- costs incurred in connection with the formation or maintenance of entities or vehicles to hold our assets for tax or other purposes;
- extraordinary expenses (such as litigation or indemnification); and
- costs associated with reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and applicable federal and state securities laws.

We expect, but cannot assure, that our general and administrative expenses will increase in dollar terms during periods of asset growth, but will decline as a percentage of total assets during such periods.

Leverage

The amount of leverage we use in any period depends on a variety of factors, including cash available for investing, the cost of financing and general economic and market conditions. Generally, our total borrowings are limited so that we cannot incur additional borrowings, including through the issuance of additional debt securities, if such additional indebtedness would cause our asset coverage ratio to fall below 200% or 150%, if certain requirements are met. This means that generally, \$1 for every \$1 of investor equity (or, if certain conditions are met, we can borrow up to \$2 for every \$1 of investor equity). In any period, our interest expense will depend largely on the extent of our borrowing, and we expect interest expense will increase as we increase our debt outstanding. In addition, we may dedicate assets to financing facilities. On June 8, 2020, we received shareholder approval for the application of the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act. As a result, effective on June 9, 2020, our asset coverage requirement applicable to senior securities was reduced from 200% to 150%. Our current target leverage ratio is 0.90x-1.25x.

Market Trends

We believe the middle-market lending environment provides opportunities for us to meet our goal of making investments that generate attractive risk-adjusted returns.

Limited Availability of Capital for Middle-Market Companies. We believe that regulatory and structural changes in the market have reduced the amount of capital available to U.S. middle-market companies. In particular, we believe there are currently fewer providers of capital to middle market companies. We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. We also believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a company seeking financing by being able to hold its loans without having to syndicate them, coupled with reduced capacity of traditional lenders to serve the middle-market, present an attractive opportunity to invest in middle-market companies.

Capital Markets Have Been Unable to Fill the Void in U.S. Middle Market Finance Left by Banks While underwritten bond and syndicated loan markets have been robust in recent years, middle market companies are less able to access these markets for reasons including the following:

High Yield Market – Middle market companies generally are not issuing debt in an amount large enough to be an attractively sized bond. High yield bonds are generally purchased by institutional investors who, among other things, are focused on the liquidity characteristics of the bond being issued. For example, mutual funds and exchange traded funds (“ETFs”) are significant buyers of underwritten bonds. However, mutual funds and ETFs generally require the ability to liquidate their investments quickly in order to fund investor redemptions and/or comply with regulatory requirements. Accordingly, the existence of an active secondary market for bonds is an important consideration in these entities’ initial investment decision. Because there is typically little or no active secondary market for the debt of U.S. middle market companies, mutual funds and ETFs generally do not provide debt capital to U.S. middle market companies. We believe this is likely to be a persistent problem and creates an advantage for those like us who have a more stable capital base and have the ability to invest in illiquid assets.

Syndicated Loan Market – While the syndicated loan market is modestly more accommodating to middle market issuers, as with bonds, loan issue size and liquidity are key drivers of institutional appetite and, correspondingly, underwriters’ willingness to underwrite the loans. Loans arranged through a bank are done either on a “best efforts” basis or are underwritten with terms plus provisions that permit the underwriters to change certain terms, including pricing, structure, yield and tenor, otherwise known as “flex”, to successfully syndicate the loan, in the event the terms initially marketed are insufficiently attractive to investors. Furthermore, banks are generally reluctant to underwrite middle market loans because the arrangement fees they may earn on the placement of the debt generally are not sufficient to meet the banks’ return hurdles. Loans provided by companies such as ours provide certainty to issuers in that we can commit to a given amount of debt on specific terms, at stated coupons and with agreed upon fees. As we are the ultimate holder of the loans, we do not require market “flex” or other arrangements that banks may require when acting on an agency basis.

Robust Demand for Debt Capital. We believe U.S. middle market companies will continue to require access to debt capital to refinance existing debt, support growth and finance acquisitions. In addition, we believe the large amount of uninvested capital held by funds of private equity firms broadly, estimated by Prequin Ltd., an alternative assets industry data and research company, to be \$2.5 trillion as of December 31, 2022, will continue to drive deal activity. We expect that private equity sponsors will continue to pursue acquisitions and leverage their equity investments with secured loans provided by companies such as us.

The Middle Market is a Large Addressable Market. According to GE Capital's National Center for the Middle Market mid-year 2022 Middle Market Indicator, there are approximately 200,000 U.S. middle market companies, which have approximately 48 million aggregate employees. Moreover, the U.S. middle market accounts for one-third of private sector gross domestic product ("GDP"). GE defines U.S. middle market companies as those between \$10 million and \$1 billion in annual revenue, which we believe has significant overlap with our definition of U.S. middle market companies.

Attractive Investment Dynamics. An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics. We believe the directly negotiated nature of middle market financings also generally provides more favorable terms to the lender, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection, and lender-protective change of control provisions. Additionally, we believe BDC managers' expertise in credit selection and ability to manage through credit cycles has generally resulted in BDCs experiencing lower loss rates than U.S. commercial banks through credit cycles. Further, we believe that historical middle market default rates have been lower, and recovery rates have been higher, as compared to the larger market capitalization, broadly distributed market, leading to lower cumulative losses. Lastly, we believe that in the current environment, lenders with available capital may be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities as the economy reopens and may be able to achieve improved economic spreads and documentation terms.

Conservative Capital Structures. Following the credit crisis, which we define broadly as occurring between mid-2007 and mid-2009, lenders have generally required borrowers to maintain more equity as a percentage of their total capitalization, specifically to protect lenders during economic downturns. With more conservative capital structures, U.S. middle market companies have exhibited higher levels of cash flows available to service their debt. In addition, U.S. middle market companies often are characterized by simpler capital structures than larger borrowers, which facilitates a streamlined underwriting process and, when necessary, restructuring process.

Attractive Opportunities in Investments in Loans. We invest in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity and equity-related securities. We believe that opportunities in senior secured loans are significant because of the floating rate structure of most senior secured debt issuances and because of the strong defensive characteristics of these types of investments. We believe that debt issues with floating interest rates offer a superior return profile as compared with fixed-rate investments, since floating rate structures are generally less susceptible to declines in value experienced by fixed-rate securities in a rising interest rate environment. Senior secured debt also provides strong defensive characteristics. Senior secured debt has priority in payment among an issuer's security holders whereby holders are due to receive payment before junior creditors and equity holders. Further, these investments are secured by the issuer's assets, which may provide protection in the event of a default.

Portfolio and Investment Activity

As of December 31, 2022, based on fair value, our portfolio consisted of 71.4% first lien senior secured debt investments (of which 69% we consider to be unitranche debt investments (including "last out" portions of such loans)), 14.3% second lien senior secured debt investments, 1.9% unsecured debt investments, 2.7% preferred equity investments, 7.5% common equity investments and 2.2% investment funds and vehicles.

As of December 31, 2022, our weighted average total yield of the portfolio at fair value and amortized cost was 11.0% and 11.0%, respectively, and our weighted average yield of accruing debt and income producing securities at fair value and amortized cost was 11.5% and 11.5%, respectively⁽¹⁾. As of December 31, 2022, the weighted average spread of total debt investments was 6.8%

As of December 31, 2022, we had investments in 184 portfolio companies with an aggregate fair value of \$13.0 billion. As of December 31, 2022 we had net leverage of 1.19x debt-to-equity, which is within our target range

We expect the pace of our originations to vary with the pace of repayments. In periods with lower repayment volume, the pace of our originations is expected to slow. Currently, rapidly rising interest rates, reduced refinancing activity and market uncertainty has led to a decline in merger and acquisitions activity which in turn has led to decreased repayments and originations over the quarter; however, when the interest rate environment stabilizes, we expect repayments to increase. In addition, although the pace of originations has slowed, we continue to focus on investing in recession resistant industries that we are familiar with, including service oriented sectors such as software, insurance, and healthcare, and the credit quality of our portfolio remains consistent. The majority of our investments are supported by sophisticated financial sponsors who provide operational and financial resources. In addition, the current lending environment is favorable to direct lenders and Owl Rock continues to have the opportunity to invest in large unitranche transactions in excess of \$1 billion in size which gives us the ability to structure the terms and spreads of such deals to include wider spreads, lower loan to values, extended call protection, attractive leverage profiles and credit protections.

Many of the companies in which we invest have experienced relief from earlier supply chain disruptions resulting from the pandemic, the war between Russia and Ukraine and elements of geopolitical, economic and financial market instability. In addition, we have seen a moderation in input costs which has helped to offset the impact of rising rates and support growth. However, in the event that the U.S. economy enters into a protracted recession, it is possible that the results of some of the middle market companies similar to those in which we invest could experience deterioration. While we are not seeing signs of an overall, broad deterioration in our results or those of our portfolio companies at this time, there can be no assurance that the performance of certain of our portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic conditions, which could have a negative impact on our future results.

We also continue to invest in specialty financing portfolio companies, including ORCC SLF, Wingspire, Fifth Season, LSI Financing, and Amergin AssetCo. These companies may use our capital to support acquisitions which could continue to lead to increased dividend income. See "*Specialty Financing Portfolio Companies*."

We are continuing to monitor the effect that market volatility, including as a result of a rising interest rate environment may have on our portfolio companies and our investment activities. We believe that the rapid rise in interest rates will meaningfully benefit our net investment income as we continue to see the impact of interest rates exceeding our interest rate floors. For example, based on interest rate elections in effect as of December 31, 2022, the average base rate on our floating rate debt investments is approximately 4.3% and could increase further as interest contracts reset throughout the three months ended March 31, 2023.

(1) Refer to footnote (1) of our weighted average yields and interest rates table for more information on our calculation of weighted average yields.

Our investment activity for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 is presented below (information presented herein is at par value unless otherwise indicated).

(\$ in thousands)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
New investment commitments			
Gross originations	1,997,087	\$ 7,456,901	\$ 3,667,048
Less: Sell downs	(224,665)	(632,072)	(222,276)
Total new investment commitments	\$ 1,772,422	\$ 6,824,829	\$ 3,444,772
Principal amount of investments funded:			
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 788,717	\$ 4,369,794	\$ 2,132,417
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	6,883	846,299	518,480
Unsecured debt investments	90,451	132,288	55,873
Preferred equity investments ⁽⁴⁾	90,110	238,367	22,163
Common equity investments ⁽⁴⁾	131,777	113,780	97,617
Investment funds and vehicles	69,125	141,876	18,950
Total principal amount of investments funded	\$ 1,177,063	\$ 5,842,404	\$ 2,845,500
Principal amount of investments sold or repaid:			
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ (1,116,583)	\$ (3,343,381)	\$ (1,060,352)
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	(29,800)	(910,582)	(90,686)
Unsecured debt investments	(31,427)	—	—
Preferred equity investments ⁽⁴⁾	(22,843)	—	—
Common equity investments ⁽⁴⁾	(7,350)	(4,827)	(867)
Investment funds and vehicles	—	—	—
Total principal amount of investments sold or repaid	\$ (1,208,003)	\$ (4,258,790)	\$ (1,151,905)
Number of new investment commitments in new portfolio companies⁽¹⁾	52	67	30
Average new investment commitment amount	\$ 22,757	\$ 82,831	\$ 84,891
Weighted average term for new debt investment commitments (in years)	5.6	6.3	5.9
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at floating rates	95.1 %	98.1 %	96.3 %
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at fixed rates	4.9 %	1.9 %	3.7 %
Weighted average interest rate of new debt investment commitments⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	10.4 %	7.3 %	7.8 %
Weighted average spread over applicable base rate of new floating rate debt investment commitments	6.9 %	6.4 %	6.9 %

(1) Number of new investment commitments represents commitments to a particular portfolio company.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, assumes each floating rate commitment is subject to the greater of the interest rate floor (if applicable) or 3-month LIBOR, which was 0.21% and 0.24%.

(3) For the year ended December 31, 2022, assumes each floating rate commitment is subject to the greater of the interest rate floor (if applicable) or 3-month SOFR, which was 4.59% as of December 31, 2022.

(4) As of December 31, 2020, preferred equity investments and common equity investments were reported in aggregate as equity investments.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, our investments consisted of the following:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
First-lien senior secured debt investments ⁽³⁾	\$ 9,388,499	\$ 9,279,179	\$ 9,548,096	\$ 9,539,774
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	1,934,274	1,860,978	1,919,453	1,921,447
Unsecured debt investments	270,714	248,019	197,198	196,485
Preferred equity investments ⁽⁴⁾	361,690	355,261	256,630	260,869
Common equity investments ⁽¹⁾	772,116	977,927	477,462	576,004
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽²⁾	318,839	288,981	249,714	247,061
Total Investments	\$ 13,046,132	\$ 13,010,345	\$ 12,648,553	\$ 12,741,640

(1) Includes investment in Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo, and Fifth Season.

(2) Includes investment in ORCC SLF.

(3) 69% and 55% of which we consider unitranche loans as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

(4) Includes investment in LSI Financing.

The table below describes investments by industry composition based on fair value as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Advertising and media	1.5 %	0.9 %
Aerospace and defense	2.8	2.9
Asset based lending and fund finance ⁽¹⁾	4.9	—
Automotive	1.5	1.5
Buildings and real estate	3.7	5.4
Business services	2.9	3.3
Chemicals	1.6	2.3
Consumer products	3.9	4.0
Containers and packaging	1.3	1.3
Distribution	4.2	4.4
Education	1.0	1.0
Financial services	5.0	8.4
Food and beverage	6.7	6.2
Healthcare equipment and services	3.9	4.2
Healthcare providers and services	4.5	7.1
Healthcare technology ⁽⁴⁾	4.8	4.6
Household products	2.1	1.8
Human resource support services	1.5	1.6
Infrastructure and environmental services	1.2	1.5
Insurance ⁽³⁾	9.3	8.8
Internet software and services	13.3	11.3
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽²⁾	2.2	1.9
Leisure and entertainment	2.2	2.2
Manufacturing	5.8	5.7
Oil and gas	0.8	0.9
Professional services	3.5	3.0
Specialty retail	2.2	2.0
Transportation	1.7	1.8
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

(1) Includes investment in Wingspire and Amergin AssetCo.

(2) Includes investment in ORCC SLF.

(3) Includes equity investment in Fifth Season.

(4) Includes investment in LSI Financing.

The table below describes investments by geographic composition based on fair value as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
United States:		
Midwest	17.5 %	17.0 %
Northeast	20.4	19.7
South	34.4	38.2
West	20.6	18.6
International	7.1	6.5
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

The weighted average yields and interest rates of our investments at fair value as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Weighted average total yield of portfolio ⁽¹⁾	11.0 %	7.7 %
Weighted average total yield of debt and income producing securities ⁽¹⁾	11.5 %	7.9 %
Weighted average interest rate of debt securities	11.0 %	7.4 %
Weighted average spread over base rate of all floating rate investments	6.7 %	6.5 %

(1) For non-stated rate income producing investments, computed based on (a) the dividend or interest income earned for the respective trailing twelve months ended on the measurement date, divided by (b) the ending fair value. In instances where historical dividend or interest income data is not available or not representative for the trailing twelve months ended, the dividend or interest income is annualized.

The weighted average yield of our accruing debt and income producing securities is not the same as a return on investment for our shareholders but, rather, relates to our investment portfolio and is calculated before the payment of all of our and our subsidiaries' fees and expenses. The weighted average yield was computed using the effective interest rates as of each respective date, including accretion of original issue discount and loan origination fees, but excluding investments on non-accrual status, if any. There can be no assurance that the weighted average yield will remain at its current level.

Our Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. It monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if they are meeting their respective business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action with respect to each portfolio company. Our Adviser has several methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- comparisons to other companies in the portfolio company's industry; and
- review of monthly or quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

As part of the monitoring process, our Adviser employs an investment rating system to categorize our investments. In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, our Adviser rates the credit risk of all investments on a scale of 1 to 5. This system is intended primarily to reflect the underlying risk of a portfolio investment relative to our initial cost basis in respect of such portfolio investment (i.e., at the time of origination or acquisition), although it may also take into account the performance of the portfolio company's business, the collateral coverage of the investment and other relevant factors. The rating system is as follows:

Investment Rating	Description
1	Investments rated 1 involve the least amount of risk to our initial cost basis. The borrower is performing above expectations, and the trends and risk factors for this investment since origination or acquisition are generally favorable;
2	Investments rated 2 involve an acceptable level of risk that is similar to the risk at the time of origination or acquisition. The borrower is generally performing as expected and the risk factors are neutral to favorable. All investments or acquired investments in new portfolio companies are initially assessed a rating of 2;
3	Investments rated 3 involve a borrower performing below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased somewhat since origination or acquisition;
4	Investments rated 4 involve a borrower performing materially below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased materially since origination or acquisition. In addition to the borrower being generally out of compliance with debt covenants, loan payments may be past due (but generally not more than 120 days past due); and
5	Investments rated 5 involve a borrower performing substantially below expectations and indicates that the loan's risk has increased substantially since origination or acquisition. Most or all of the debt covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. Loans rated 5 are not anticipated to be repaid in full and we will reduce the fair market value of the loan to the amount we anticipate will be recovered.

Our Adviser rates the investments in our portfolio at least quarterly and it is possible that the rating of a portfolio investment may be reduced or increased over time. For investments rated 3, 4 or 5, our Adviser enhances its level of scrutiny over the monitoring of such portfolio company.

The Adviser has built out its portfolio management team to include workout experts who closely monitor our portfolio companies and who, on at least a quarterly basis, assess each portfolio company's operational and liquidity exposure and outlook to understand and mitigate risks; and, on at least a monthly basis, evaluates existing and newly identified situations where operating results are deviating from expectations. As part of its monitoring process, the Adviser focuses on projected liquidity needs and where warranted, re-underwriting credits and evaluating downside and liquidation scenarios.

For investments that are significantly underperforming or which may need to be restructured, the Adviser's workout team partners with the investment team and all material amendments, waivers and restructurings require the approval of a majority of the Investment Committee. Since inception, only six of our investments have been placed on non-accrual and our annualized loss ratio is less than 0.15%.

The following table shows the composition of our portfolio on the 1 to 5 rating scale as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

Investment Rating (\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
1	\$ 1,636,460	12.6 %	\$ 1,486,521	11.7 %
2	9,951,409	76.5	9,989,520	78.4
3	1,268,891	9.7	1,249,149	9.8
4	103,104	0.8	16,450	0.1
5	50,481	0.4	—	—
Total	\$ 13,010,345	100.0 %	\$ 12,741,640	100.0 %

The following table shows the amortized cost of our performing and non-accrual debt investments as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Amortized Cost	Percentage	Amortized Cost	Percentage
Performing	\$ 11,367,517	98.1 %	\$ 11,637,373	99.8 %
Non-accrual	225,967	1.9	27,374	0.2
Total	\$ 11,593,484	100.0 %	\$ 11,664,747	100.0 %

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may make exceptions to this treatment and determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Portfolio Companies

The following table sets forth certain information regarding each of the portfolio companies in which we had a debt or equity investment as of December 31, 2022. We offer to make available significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. We may receive rights to observe the meetings of our portfolio companies' board of directors. Other than these investments, our only relationships with our portfolio companies are the managerial assistance we may separately provide to our portfolio companies, which services would be ancillary to our investments. As of December 31, 2022, other than ORCC SLF, Wingspire, Swipe Acquisition Corp. (dba PLI), PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC), Fifth Season and Amergin AssetCo, we did not "control" any of our portfolio companies, and, other than LSI Financing, we were not an "affiliate" of any of our portfolio companies, as defined in the 1940 Act. In general, under the 1940 Act, we would "control" a portfolio company if we owned 25.0% or more of its voting securities and would be an "affiliate" of a portfolio company if we owned five percent or more of its voting securities.

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)(1)(3) Suite 800, 250 - 2nd Street S.W. Calgary, Alberta, Canada	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	5/13/2025	0.0%	60,635	60,243	60,332
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)(1)(3)(12) Suite 800, 250 - 2nd Street S.W. Calgary, Alberta, Canada	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	5/13/2025	0.0%	1,700	1,681	1,681
AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC(12)(13) 1100 Highland Drive, Boca Raton, Florida 33487	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	40.0%	5	5	—
AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC(12)(13) 1100 Highland Drive, Boca Raton, Florida 33487	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	40.0%	1,568	1,574	1,568
Amergin Asset Management, LLC 1100 Highland Drive, Boca Raton, Florida 33487	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	5.0%	50,000	—	—
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(1)(4) 12301 NW 39th Street, Coral Springs, FL, 33065	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	2/23/2028	0.0%	67,415	66,517	67,247
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(1)(4)(12) 12301 NW 39th Street, Coral Springs, FL, 33065	Distribution	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	2/23/2028	0.0%	6,722	6,631	6,704
Accela, Inc.(1)(2) 2633 Camino Ramon, San Ramon, CA, 94583	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50% (incl. 4.25% PIK)	9/30/2024	0.0%	27,800	27,650	27,521
Accela, Inc.(1)(12) 2633 Camino Ramon, San Ramon, CA, 94583	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2024	0.0%	—	—	(30)
Access CIG, LLC(1)(2) 6818 A Patterson Pass RoadLivermore, CA 94550	Business services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/27/2026	0.0%	58,760	58,429	58,465
Alera Group, Inc.(1)(5) 3 Parkway North, Deerfield, IL, 60015	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/2/2028	0.0%	34,814	34,150	34,552
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(1)(6) 2650 McCormick Drive, Clearwater, FL, 33759	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2029	0.0%	727	713	715
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(1)(7)(12) 2650 McCormick Drive, Clearwater, FL, 33759	Insurance	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	9/2/2024	0.0%	121	118	119
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(1)(12) 2650 McCormick Drive, Clearwater, FL, 33759	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2028	0.0%	—	(2)	(2)

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Accelerate topco Holdings, LLC 2650 McCormick Drive, Clearwater, FL, 33759	Insurance	Common Units	N/A	N/A	0.0%	493	14	14
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)(1)(3) 1249 S. River Rd., Cranbury, NJ, 08512	Professional services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	7/2/2024	0.0%	109,126	108,530	108,306
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)(1)(3)(12) 1249 S. River Rd., Cranbury, NJ, 08512	Professional services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.75%	7/2/2024	0.0%	3,073	3,010	2,965
Anaplan, Inc.(1)(5) 50 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA, 94105	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	6/21/2029	0.0%	135,082	133,807	134,744
Anaplan, Inc.(1)(12) 50 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA, 94105	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	6/21/2028	0.0%	—	(89)	(24)
Project Alpine Co-Invest Fund, LP 50 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA, 94105	Internet software and services	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.2%	10,006	10,006	10,000
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(1)(3) Vallis Building, 4th Floor, 58 Par-la-Ville Rd, Hamilton HM11 Bermuda	Professional services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	7/27/2029	0.0%	44,147	43,501	41,940
Apex Service Partners, LLC(1) (7) 201 East Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33602	Professional services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.50%	10/23/2023	0.0%	997	985	989
Apex Service Partners, LLC(1) (7)(12) 201 East Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33602	Professional services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	7/31/2025	0.0%	31	31	31
Apex Service Partners Intermediate 2, LLC 201 East Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33602	Professional services	First lien senior secured loan	12.50% (incl. 12.50% PIK)	7/22/2027	0.0%	48,639	47,529	47,666
Apptio, Inc.(1)(3) 11100 NE 8th St #600, Bellevue, WA, 98004	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	1/10/2025	0.0%	50,916	50,404	50,916
Apptio, Inc.(1)(3)(12) 11100 NE 8th St #600, Bellevue, WA, 98004	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	1/10/2025	0.0%	1,667	1,649	1,667
Aptive Environmental, LLC 5132 North 300 West, Provo, UT, 84604	Household products	First lien senior secured loan	12.00% (incl. 6.00% PIK)	1/23/2026	0.0%	12,228	10,256	11,005
Evology, LLC 5132 North 300 West, Provo, UT, 84604	Household products	Class B Units	N/A	N/A	0.4%	451	2,160	2,771
AramSCO, Inc.(1)(2) 1480 Grandview Avenue, Paulsboro, NJ, 08066	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	0.0%	55,322	54,893	55,183
AramSCO, Inc.(1)(2)(12) 1480 Grandview Avenue, Paulsboro, NJ, 08066	Distribution	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	0.0%	1,676	1,618	1,655
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(1)(4) 1 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London EC3R 7AA, United Kingdom	Insurance	First lien senior secured USD term loan	L + 5.75%	7/14/2026	0.0%	26,784	26,382	26,583
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(1)(10) 1 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London EC3R 7AA, United Kingdom	Insurance	First lien senior secured EUR term loan	E + 7.00%	7/14/2026	0.0%	9,749	10,056	9,724
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(1)(6) 1 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London EC3R 7AA, United Kingdom	Insurance	First lien senior secured GBP term loan	S + 7.00%	7/14/2026	0.0%	104,242	107,189	104,242

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(1)(9) 1 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London EC3R 7AA, United Kingdom	Insurance	First lien senior secured GBP delayed draw term loan	E + 5.75%	8/20/2023	0.0%	9,803	11,009	9,729
Ardonagh Midco 2 PLC 1 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London EC3R 7AA, United Kingdom	Insurance	Unsecured notes	11.50%	1/15/2027	0.0%	11,198	11,134	10,579
Armstrong Bidco Limited (dba The Access Group)(1)(11) The Old School Lane, Stratford St Mary, Colchester, CO7 6LZ, UK	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	SA + 5.25%	6/28/2029	0.0%	2,340	2,336	2,310
Armstrong Bidco Limited (dba The Access Group)(1)(11)(12) The Old School Lane, Stratford St Mary, Colchester, CO7 6LZ, UK	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	SA + 5.25%	6/30/2025	0.0%	947	945	935
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company) (1)(2) 1500 East Lake Cook Road, Buffalo Grove, IL, 60089	Chemicals	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	11/24/2028	0.0%	10,000	9,880	9,850
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)(1)(5) 1111 Busch Parkway, Buffalo Grove, IL, 60089	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	10/2/2028	0.0%	5,498	5,451	5,457
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)(1)(12) 1111 Busch Parkway, Buffalo Grove, IL, 60089	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	9/30/2027	0.0%	—	(4)	(4)
Associations, Inc.(1)(6) 5401 North Central Expressway\nSuite 300, Dallas, TX, 75025	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	7/2/2027	0.0%	386,382	383,491	385,414
Associations, Inc.(1)(6)(12) 5401 North Central Expressway\nSuite 300, Dallas, TX, 75025	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	6/10/2024	0.0%	3,714	3,274	3,590
Associations, Inc.(1)(12) 5401 North Central Expressway\nSuite 300, Dallas, TX, 75025	Buildings and real estate	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 4.00%	7/2/2027	0.0%	—	(247)	(82)
Associations Finance, Inc. 5401 North Central Expressway\nSuite 300, Dallas, TX, 75025	Buildings and real estate	Preferred Stock	12.00% (incl. 12.00% PIK)	N/A	16.9%	54,800,000	55,348	55,641
Aviation Solutions Midco, LLC (dba STS Aviation)(1)(3) 2000 North East, Jensen Beach, FL, 34957	Aerospace and defense	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	1/3/2025	0.0%	212,678	211,054	205,233
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(1)(2) 45 Broadway, New York, NY, 10006	Financial services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/3/2027	0.0%	200,737	198,896	197,726
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(1)(12) 45 Broadway, New York, NY, 10006	Financial services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	7/21/2023	0.0%	—	(32)	(42)
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(1)(12) 45 Broadway, New York, NY, 10006	Financial services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/3/2025	0.0%	—	(141)	(273)
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba Bakemark)(1)(3) 7351 Crider Avenue, Pico Rivera, CA, 90660	Food and beverage	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/3/2029	0.0%	22,000	21,838	21,780
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(1)(2) 1400 Liberty Ridge Drive, Chesterbrook, PA, 19087	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75% (incl. 7.75% PIK)	10/2/2028	0.0%	92,829	91,215	90,973

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Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(1)(2)(12) 1400 Liberty Ridge Drive, Chesterbrook, PA, 19087	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	10/1/2027	0.0%	2,306	2,183	2,168
BCPE Nucleon (DE) SPV, LP(1)(4) 4001 Kennett Pike, Suite 302, Wilmington, DE 19807	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/24/2026	0.0%	189,778	187,787	189,303
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(1)(3) 777 Lena Drive, Aurora, OH, 44202	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/23/2028	0.0%	112,911	111,391	110,371
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(1)(12) 777 Lena Drive, Aurora, OH, 44202	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	8/23/2023	0.0%	—	(229)	(315)
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(1)(12) 777 Lena Drive, Aurora, OH, 44202	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/21/2026	0.0%	—	(149)	(267)
BCPE Watson (DE) ORML, LP(1)(7) 375 Saxonburg Boulevard, Saxonburg, PA 16056	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	7/3/2028	0.0%	15,000	14,860	14,850
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)(1)(6) 11818 I Street, Omaha, NE, 68137	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 8.00% (incl. 8.00% PIK)	12/23/2026	0.0%	52,752	52,332	52,752
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)(1)(12) 11818 I Street, Omaha, NE, 68137	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 8.00%	12/23/2026	0.0%	—	(84)	—
BEHP Co-Investor II, L.P. 11511 Reed Hartman Highway, Cincinnati, OH 45241	Healthcare technology	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.6%	1,269,969	1,266	1,270
WP Irving Co-Invest, L.P. 11511 Reed Hartman Highway, Cincinnati, OH 45241	Healthcare technology	Partnership Units	N/A	N/A	0.5%	1,250,000	1,250	1,250
Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.(1)(3) 6220 Stoneridge Mall Road, Pleasanton, CA, 94588	Financial services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	6/15/2026	0.0%	106,400	105,887	105,869
Blend Labs, Inc.(1)(5) 415 Kearny Street, San Francisco, CA, 94108	Financial services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.50%	6/30/2026	0.0%	67,500	66,275	66,319
Blend Labs, Inc.(1)(12) 415 Kearny Street, San Francisco, CA, 94108	Financial services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.50%	6/30/2026	0.0%	—	(52)	(131)
Blend Labs, Inc. 415 Kearny Street, San Francisco, CA, 94108	Financial services	Common stock	N/A	N/A	<1.0%	72,317	1,000	104
Blend Labs, Inc. 415 Kearny Street, San Francisco, CA, 94108	Financial services	Warrants	N/A	N/A	<1.0%	179,529	975	5
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(1)(3) 5701 Truxtun Avenue, Bakersfield, CA, 93309	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	5/12/2027	0.0%	68,684	68,029	68,169
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(1)(12) 5701 Truxtun Avenue, Bakersfield, CA, 93309	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	5/12/2023	0.0%	—	(26)	—
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(1)(12) 5701 Truxtun Avenue, Bakersfield, CA, 93309	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	5/12/2027	0.0%	—	(79)	(65)
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp.(1)(3) 785 Arbor Way, Blue Bell, PA, 19422	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	9/5/2025	0.0%	510	489	487

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Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp.(1)(3) 785 Arbor Way, Blue Bell, PA, 19422	Healthcare technology	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.13%	9/7/2026	0.0%	26,250	25,959	25,200
Brightway Holdings, LLC(1)(2) 3733 University Boulevard West, Jacksonville, FL, 32217	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/16/2027	0.0%	26,641	26,355	26,108
Brightway Holdings, LLC(1)(12) 3733 University Boulevard West, Jacksonville, FL, 32217	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/16/2027	0.0%	—	(33)	(63)
GrowthCurve Capital Sunrise Co-Invest LP (dba Brightway) 3733 University Boulevard West, Jacksonville, FL, 32217	Insurance	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	1.6%	638	638	632
Brooklyn Lender Co-Invest 2, L.P. (dba Boomi) 1400 Liberty Ridge Drive, Chesterbrook, PA, 19087	Internet software and services	Common Units	N/A	N/A	<1.0%	7,503,843	7,504	7,378
CD&R Value Building Partners I, L.P. (dba Belron) c/o Maples Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands	Automotive	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.8%	33,108	33,107	33,955
Centrify Corporation(1)(3) 201 Redwood Shores Parkway, Santa Clara, CA, 94065	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	3/2/2028	0.0%	66,229	64,922	65,401
Centrify Corporation(1)(3) 201 Redwood Shores Parkway, Santa Clara, CA, 94065	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	3/2/2027	0.0%	6,817	6,678	6,732
CIBT Global, Inc.(1)(3) 1600 International Drive, McLean, VA, 22102	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25% (incl. 4.25% PIK)	6/2/2025	0.0%	903	616	470
CIBT Global, Inc.(1)(3) 1600 International Drive, McLean, VA, 22102	Business services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75% (incl. 7.75% PIK)	12/1/2025	0.0%	63,678	26,736	6,048
CivicPlus, LLC(1)(3) 302 South 4th Street, Manhattan, KS, 66502	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	8/24/2027	0.0%	34,693	34,394	34,606
CivicPlus, LLC(1)(12) 302 South 4th Street, Manhattan, KS, 66502	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	8/24/2027	0.0%	—	(22)	(7)
Insight CP (Blocker) Holdings, L.P. (dba CivicPlus, LLC) 302 South 4th Street, Manhattan, KS, 66502	Internet software and services	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	1.3%	1,230	1,230	1,230
Conair Holdings, LLC(1)(3) 1 Cummings Point Road, Stamford, CT, 06902	Consumer products	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	5/17/2029	0.0%	187,500	186,310	170,626
ASP Conair Holdings LP 1 Cummings Point Road, Stamford, CT, 06902	Consumer products	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	0.8%	60,714	6,071	5,444
Confluent Medical Technologies, Inc.(1)(6) 6263 North Scottsdale Road, Scottsdale, AZ, 85250	Healthcare equipment and services	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	2/18/2030	0.0%	1,000	983	948
Covetrus Inc.(1)(6) 7 Custom House Street, Portland, ME, 04101	Healthcare providers and services	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 9.25%	10/30/2030	0.0%	5,000	4,900	4,898
Cornerstone OnDemand, Inc.(1)(2) 1601 Cloverfield Boulevard, Santa Monica, CA, 90404	Human resource support services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	10/15/2029	0.0%	115,833	114,294	111,200

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Sunshine Software Holdings, Inc. (dba Cornerstone OnDemand) 1601 Cloverfield Boulevard, Santa Monica, CA, 90404	Human resource support services	Series A Preferred Stock	10.50% (incl. 10.50% PIK)	N/A	0.0%	41,402	40,538	37,469
CP PIK DEBT ISSUER, LLC (dba CivicPlus, LLC)(1)(7) 302 South 4th Street, Manhattan, KS, 66502	Internet software and services	Unsecured notes	S + 11.75% (incl. 11.75% PIK)	6/9/2034	0.0%	17,837	17,357	17,569
CSC Mkg Topco LLC (dba Medical Knowledge Group)(1)(2) 285 Fulton Street, New York, NY, 10007	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	2/1/2029	0.0%	1,274	1,252	1,246
Maia Aggregator, LP 285 Fulton Street, New York, NY, 10007	Healthcare equipment and services	Class A-2 Units	N/A	N/A	0.0%	168,539	169	179
Delta TopCo, Inc. (dba Infoblox, Inc.)(1)(6) 3111 Coronado Drive, Santa Clara, CA, 95054	Internet software and services	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 7.25%	12/1/2028	0.0%	15,000	14,941	13,950
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(1)(3) 2500 Lexington Avenue South, Mendota Heights, MN, 55120	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	9/15/2028	0.0%	43,339	42,786	42,905
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(1)(3)(12) 2500 Lexington Avenue South, Mendota Heights, MN, 55120	Business services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	9/15/2023	0.0%	8,229	8,122	8,147
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(1)(12) 2500 Lexington Avenue South, Mendota Heights, MN, 55120	Business services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	9/15/2027	0.0%	—	(24)	(30)
Denali Holding, LP (dba Summit Companies) 2500 Lexington Avenue South, Mendota Heights, MN, 55120	Business services	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	0.4%	337,460	3,431	4,344
Diagnostic Service Holdings, Inc. (dba Rayus Radiology)(1)(2) 5775 Wayzata Boulevard, St. Louis Park, MN, 55416	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	3/17/2025	0.0%	998	998	988
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)(1)(2) 130 East Randolph Street, Chicago, IL, 60601	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	9/13/2028	0.0%	4,109	4,039	4,068
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)(1)(12) 130 East Randolph Street, Chicago, IL, 60601	Business services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	9/13/2023	0.0%	—	(9)	—
Dodge Construction Network Holdings, LP 300 American Metro Boulevard, Hamilton, NJ, 08619	Buildings and real estate	Class A-2 Common Units	N/A	N/A	0.4%	2,181,629	1,859	1,855
Dodge Construction Network Holdings, LP 300 American Metro Boulevard, Hamilton, NJ, 08619	Buildings and real estate	Series A Preferred Units	8.25% (incl. 8.25% PIK)	N/A	0.4%	—	45	45
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC(1)(5) 1550 East Old 210 Highway, Liberty, MO, 64068	Chemicals	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.00%	6/30/2025	0.0%	18,688	18,505	18,501

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Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC(1)(12) 1550 East Old 210 Highway, Liberty, MO, 64068	Chemicals	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.00%	6/30/2025	0.0%	—	(24)	(24)
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e- Emphasys)(1)(4) 2501 Weston Parkway, Cary, NC, 27513	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	11/8/2027	0.0%	4,511	4,474	4,511
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e- Emphasys)(1)(12) 2501 Weston Parkway, Cary, NC, 27513	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	11/8/2027	0.0%	—	(4)	—
Elliott Alto Co-Investor Aggregator L.P. 851 Cypress Creek Road, Fort Lauderdale, FL, 33309	Internet software and services	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.0%	3,134	3,144	3,133
Picard Holdco, LLC(1)(6) 851 Cypress Creek Road, Fort Lauderdale, FL, 33309	Internet software and services	Series A Preferred Stock	S + 12.00% (incl. 12.00% PIK)	N/A	0.0%	25,697	24,968	24,925
Endries Acquisition, Inc.(1)(6) Post Office Box 69, Brillion, WI, 54110	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	12/10/2025	0.0%	237,607	235,615	237,607
Engage Debtco Limited(1)(6) 3 St James's Square, London SW1Y 4JU, United Kingdom	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	7/13/2029	0.0%	1,000	976	978
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC(1)(5) 19495 Biscayne Boulevard, Aventura, FL, 33180	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.75%	5/1/2028	0.0%	862	855	862
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC(1)(5)(12) 19495 Biscayne Boulevard, Aventura, FL, 33180	Business services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 4.75%	4/29/2027	0.0%	89	88	89
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)(1)(6) 100 Witmer Road, Horsham, PA, 19044	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	4/28/2028	0.0%	141,715	140,083	139,589
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)(1)(12) 100 Witmer Road, Horsham, PA, 19044	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	4/30/2027	0.0%	—	(110)	(161)
Evolution Parent, LP (dba SIAA) 100 Witmer Road, Horsham, PA, 19044	Insurance	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.9%	42,838	4,284	4,284
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC(1)(5) 1230 Poplar Avenue, Superior, WI, 54880	Consumer products	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	2/25/2024	0.0%	86,016	85,934	84,726
Fifth Season Investments LLC(13) 201 Broad St, Suite 500, Stamford, Connecticut 06901	Insurance	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	35.1%	28	89,680	89,680
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(1) (3) 190 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA, 95134	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50% (incl. 9.50% PIK)	8/17/2026	0.0%	103,707	102,767	103,490
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(1) (12) 190 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA, 95134	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 8.00%	7/1/2024	0.0%	—	(215)	—
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(1) (12) 190 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA, 95134	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 8.50%	8/18/2025	0.0%	—	(49)	—
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(1) (3) 2505 Hawkeye Court, Virginia Beach, VA, 23452	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/13/2028	0.0%	4,616	4,536	4,489

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Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(1) (12) 2505 Hawkeye Court, Virginia Beach, VA, 23452	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	10/13/2023	0.0%	—	—	—
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(1) (4)(12) 2505 Hawkeye Court, Virginia Beach, VA, 23452	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	10/15/2027	0.0%	62	54	49
Foundation Consumer Brands, LLC(1)(3) 1190 Omega Drive, Pittsburgh, PA, 15205	Consumer products	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	2/12/2027	0.0%	3,456	3,456	3,447
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. (dba Applied-Cleveland Holdings, Inc.)(1)(2) 13100 Northwest Freeway, Longview, TX, 77040	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50% (incl. 2.00% PIK)	1/17/2023	0.0%	115,847	115,422	103,104
Fullsteam Operations, LLC(1) (3)(12) 197 E University Dr #2, Auburn, AL 36832	Business services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 7.50% (incl. 3.00% PIK)	5/13/2024	0.0%	6,121	5,940	5,994
Gainsight, Inc.(1)(3) 350 Bay Street, San Francisco, CA, 94133	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75% (incl. 6.75% PIK)	7/30/2027	0.0%	21,222	20,951	20,902
Gainsight, Inc.(1)(12) 350 Bay Street, San Francisco, CA, 94133	Business services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	7/30/2027	0.0%	—	(45)	(50)
Galls, LLC(1)(3) Lexington, Lexington, KY, 40505	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75% (incl. 0.50% PIK)	1/31/2025	0.0%	112,582	111,958	110,331
Galls, LLC(1)(3)(12) Lexington, Lexington, KY, 40505	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	1/31/2024	0.0%	15,232	15,034	14,583
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C.(1)(3) 106 Galeria Boulevard, Slidell, LA, 70458	Chemicals	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	3/30/2027	0.0%	151,107	149,966	151,106
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C.(1)(12) 106 Galeria Boulevard, Slidell, LA, 70458	Chemicals	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	3/30/2026	0.0%	—	(86)	—
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procure Software)(1)(4) 1125 17th Street, Denver, CO, 80202	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	7/31/2024	0.0%	17,942	17,838	17,583
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procure Software)(1)(4) 1125 17th Street, Denver, CO, 80202	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 3.75%	7/31/2024	0.0%	2,637	2,623	2,584
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(1) (2) 60 East 42nd Street, New York, NY, 10165	Professional services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	12/12/2024	0.0%	121,623	121,184	121,623
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(1) (12) 60 East 42nd Street, New York, NY, 10165	Professional services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	12/12/2024	0.0%	—	(69)	—
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(1)(6) 115 East Stevens Avenue, Valhalla, NY, 10595	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/30/2028	0.0%	4,585	4,506	4,471
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(1)(6) (12) 115 East Stevens Avenue, Valhalla, NY, 10595	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.00%	10/29/2027	0.0%	37	31	28
Global Music Rights, LLC(1)(3) 907 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA, 90024	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2028	0.0%	7,425	7,300	7,425
Global Music Rights, LLC(1) (12) 907 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA, 90024	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/27/2027	0.0%	—	(10)	—

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products) (1)(2) 25 British American Boulevard, Latham, NY, 12110	Manufacturing	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	12/29/2028	0.0%	29,250	28,653	28,811
Gloves Holdings, LP (dba Protective Industrial Products) 25 British American Boulevard, Latham, NY, 12110	Manufacturing	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.5%	32,500	3,250	3,848
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc. (1)(3) 3025 Windward Plaza, Alpharetta, GA, 30005	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2027	0.0%	10,551	10,339	10,076
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc. (1)(3)(12) 3025 Windward Plaza, Alpharetta, GA, 30005	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2023	0.0%	2,380	2,322	2,237
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc. (1)(3)(12) 3025 Windward Plaza, Alpharetta, GA, 30005	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2027	0.0%	714	699	678
Granicus, Inc.(1)(2) 408 St. Peter Street, Denver, CO, 55102	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	1/29/2027	0.0%	13,394	13,158	13,059
Granicus, Inc.(1)(2) 1999 Broadway, Denver, CO, 80202	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	1/30/2023	0.0%	2,530	2,491	2,467
Granicus, Inc.(1)(2)(12) 408 St. Peter Street, Denver, CO, 55102	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	1/29/2027	0.0%	398	379	369
Guidehouse Inc.(1)(2) 1676 International Drive, Suite 800, McLean, VA 22102	Professional services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	10/16/2028	0.0%	4,603	4,563	4,557
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.A R.L (dba Checkmarx)(1)(2) Amot Atrium Tower, 2 Jabotinsky Street, Ramat Gan 520501, Israel	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	4/16/2026	0.0%	51,567	50,623	51,567
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.A R.L (dba Checkmarx)(1) (12) Amot Atrium Tower, 2 Jabotinsky Street, Ramat Gan 520501, Israel	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	4/16/2026	0.0%	—	(267)	—
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(1)(3) 412 Georgia Avenue, Chattanooga, TN, 37403	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/15/2026	0.0%	176,892	175,005	176,447
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(1)(4)(12) 412 Georgia Avenue, Chattanooga, TN, 37403	Business services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/15/2026	0.0%	2,231	2,024	2,179
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group) 412 Georgia Avenue, Chattanooga, TN, 37403	Business services	Unsecured notes	0.48% (incl. 0.48% PIK)	12/14/2029	0.0%	5,160	5,160	5,160
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group) 412 Georgia Avenue, Chattanooga, TN, 37403	Business services	Common Units	N/A	N/A	0.3%	2,190,000	2,192	2,302
H-Food Holdings, LLC(1)(2) 3250 Lacey Road\nSuite 400, Downers Grove, IL, 60515	Food and beverage	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	3/2/2026	0.0%	121,800	120,316	105,053
H-Food Holdings, LLC 3250 Lacey Road\nSuite 400, Downers Grove, IL, 60515	Food and beverage	LLC interest	N/A	N/A	0.9%	10,875	10,874	9,337

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Hg Genesis 8 Sumoco Limited(1)(11) 2 More London Riverside London SE1 2AP UK	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	Unsecured facility	6.00% (incl. SA + 6.00% PIK)	8/28/2025	0.0%	45,071	49,137	45,071
Hg Genesis 9 SumoCo Limited(1)(9) 2 More London Riverside London SE1 2AP UK	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	Unsecured facility	7.00% (incl. E + 7.00% PIK)	3/10/2027	0.0%	46,914	48,136	46,914
Hg Satum Luchaco Limited(1)(11) 2 More London Riverside London SE1 2AP UK	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	Unsecured facility	7.50% (incl. SA + 7.50% PIK)	3/30/2026	0.0%	120,209	135,817	118,706
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(1)(5) 900 Adams Avenue Audubon, PA 19403	Household products	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	11/3/2025	0.0%	147,121	145,874	145,650
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(1)(5)(12) 900 Adams Avenue Audubon, PA 19403	Household products	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	11/3/2025	0.0%	38,681	38,407	38,284
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(1)(5)(12) 900 Adams Avenue Audubon, PA 19403	Household products	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	11/3/2025	0.0%	10,028	9,906	9,863
Hissho Sushi Merger Sub LLC(1)(6) 11949 Steele Creek Road, Charlotte, NC, 28273	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/18/2028	0.0%	901	893	899
Hissho Sushi Merger Sub LLC(1)(6)(12) 11949 Steele Creek Road, Charlotte, NC, 28273	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	5/18/2028	0.0%	14	13	14
Hissho Sushi Holdings, LLC 11949 Steele Creek Road, Charlotte, NC, 28273	Food and beverage	Class A units	N/A	N/A	0.0%	7,502	75	83
Hometown Food Company(1)(2) 500 West Madison Street, Chicago, IL, 60661	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	8/31/2023	0.0%	14,560	14,516	14,560
Hometown Food Company(1)(2)(12) 500 West Madison Street, Chicago, IL, 60661	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	8/31/2023	0.0%	847	836	847
Hyland Software, Inc.(1)(2) 28500 Clemens Road, Westlake, OH, 44145	Internet software and services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	7/7/2025	0.0%	15,482	15,472	14,630
Ideal Image Development, LLC(1)(5) 1 North Dale Mabry Highway, Tampa, FL, 33609	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	9/1/2027	0.0%	11,678	11,457	11,474
Ideal Image Development, LLC(1)(12) 1 North Dale Mabry Highway, Tampa, FL, 33609	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	3/1/2024	0.0%	—	(7)	(4)
Ideal Image Development, LLC(1)(12) 1 North Dale Mabry Highway, Tampa, FL, 33609	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	9/1/2027	0.0%	—	(34)	(32)
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.(1)(3) 8100 Tridon Drive, Smyrna, TN, 37167	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	7/31/2024	0.0%	52,697	52,448	52,697
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.(1)(2)(12) 8100 Tridon Drive, Smyrna, TN, 37167	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	7/31/2023	0.0%	3,191	3,191	3,191
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)(1)(2) 1224 Hammond Drive, Atlanta, GA, 30346	Human resource support services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/22/2028	0.0%	50,388	49,519	49,758

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IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)(1)(2)(12) 1224 Hammond Drive, Atlanta, GA, 30346	Human resource support services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	9/22/2027	0.0%	1,590	1,527	1,540
Imprivata, Inc.(1)(5) 480 Totten Pond Road, Waltham, MA, 02451	Healthcare technology	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	12/1/2028	0.0%	882	874	860
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)(1)(6) 10470 Miller Road, Dallas, TX, 75238	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/23/2028	0.0%	647	641	647
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)(1)(12) 10470 Miller Road, Dallas, TX, 75238	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	5/23/2024	0.0%	—	—	—
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)(1)(6)(12) 10470 Miller Road, Dallas, TX, 75238	Containers and packaging	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	5/23/2028	0.0%	17	16	17
BradyIFS Holdings, LLC (fka Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC)(1)(6) 5496 Lindbergh Lane, Bell, CA, 90201	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	11/21/2025	0.0%	133,438	131,992	133,104
BradyIFS Holdings, LLC (fka Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC)(1)(12) 5496 Lindbergh Lane, Bell, CA, 90201	Distribution	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	11/22/2024	0.0%	—	(176)	(54)
Innovation Ventures HoldCo, LLC (dba 5 Hour Energy)(1)(5) 38955 Hills Tech Drive, Farmington Hills, MI, 48331	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	3/11/2027	0.0%	125,000	122,950	122,500
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(1)(3) 4321 Collington Road, Bowie, MD, 20716	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25% (incl. 2.75% PIK)	11/24/2028	0.0%	182,751	178,889	178,182
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(1)(12) 4321 Collington Road, Bowie, MD, 20716	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	5/24/2024	0.0%	—	(200)	(237)
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(1)(3) 4321 Collington Road, Bowie, MD, 20716	Healthcare technology	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 10.50% (incl. 10.50% PIK)	11/24/2033	0.0%	95,535	93,916	94,102
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC(1)(4) 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, TX, 75202	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.80%	8/27/2025	0.0%	216,642	214,862	216,100
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC(1)(12) 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, TX, 75202	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	8/27/2025	0.0%	—	(98)	(37)
Intelrad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)(1)(6) 800 Boulevard de Maisonneuve East 12th floor, Montreal, Quebec H2L 4L8, Canada	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	8/21/2026	0.0%	117,793	116,791	117,204
Intelrad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)(1)(5) 800 Boulevard de Maisonneuve East 12th floor, Montreal, Quebec H2L 4L8, Canada	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	8/21/2026	0.0%	4,590	4,559	4,567
Interoperability Bidco, Inc. (dba Lyniate)(1)(6) 100 High Street, Boston, MA, 02110	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.00%	12/24/2026	0.0%	66,455	66,088	65,957

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Interoperability Bidco, Inc. (dba Lyniate)(1)(6)(12) 100 High Street, Boston, MA, 02110	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.00%	12/26/2024	0.0%	1,522	1,509	1,499
Kaseya Inc.(1)(6) 701 Brickell Avenue, Miami, FL, 33131	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	6/25/2029	0.0%	18,732	18,377	18,544
Kaseya Inc.(1)(12) 701 Brickell Avenue, Miami, FL, 33131	Business services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	6/24/2024	0.0%	—	(10)	—
Kaseya Inc.(1)(12) 701 Brickell Avenue, Miami, FL, 33131	Business services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	6/25/2029	0.0%	—	(21)	(11)
Knockout Intermediate Holdings I Inc. (dba Kaseya) 701 Brickell Avenue, Miami, FL, 33131	Business services	Perpetual Preferred Stock	11.75% (incl. 11.75% PIK)	N/A	0.0%	14,000	13,667	13,825
KPSKY Acquisition, Inc. (dba BluSky)(1)(2) 9110 East Nichols Avenue, Centennial, CO, 80112	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/19/2028	0.0%	4,941	4,856	4,817
Lazer Spot Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Lazer Spot GB Holdings, Inc.) (1)(4) 6525 Shiloh Road, Alpharetta, GA, 30005	Transportation	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/9/2025	0.0%	142,598	141,262	142,598
Lazer Spot Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Lazer Spot GB Holdings, Inc.) (1)(12) 6525 Shiloh Road, Alpharetta, GA, 30005	Transportation	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/9/2025	0.0%	—	(227)	—
Learning Care Group (US) No. 2 Inc.(1)(3) 21333 Haggerty Road, Novi, MI, 48375	Education	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	3/13/2026	0.0%	26,967	26,726	25,822
Lignetics Investment Corp.(1)(3) 1075 East South Boulder Road, Louisville, CO, 80027	Consumer products	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2027	0.0%	31,059	30,733	30,438
Lignetics Investment Corp.(1)(12) 1075 East South Boulder Road, Louisville, CO, 80027	Consumer products	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2023	0.0%	—	(39)	(78)
Lignetics Investment Corp.(1)(2)(12) 1075 East South Boulder Road, Louisville, CO, 80027	Consumer products	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/30/2026	0.0%	2,824	2,778	2,729
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(1)(4) 4203 Montrose Boulevard, Houston, TX, 77006	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	2/12/2026	0.0%	56,897	57,036	53,768
Litera Bidco LLC(1)(5) 300 South Riverside Plaza, Chicago, IL, 60606	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/29/2026	0.0%	148,677	147,381	148,354
Litera Bidco LLC(1)(3)(12) 300 South Riverside Plaza, Chicago, IL, 60606	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	5/30/2025	0.0%	1,578	1,547	1,549
LSI Financing 1 DAC(14) Victoria Building, 1-2 Haddington Rd, Dublin, D04 XN32, Ireland	Healthcare technology	Preferred equity	N/A	N/A	20.0%	6,174,611	6,224	6,175
Lytix, Inc.(1)(5) 9785 Towne Centre Drive, San Diego, CA, 92121	Transportation	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	2/27/2026	0.0%	71,005	70,312	70,472
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)(1)(5) 1552 Ridgely Street, Baltimore, MD, 21230	Household products	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	4/26/2029	0.0%	13,042	12,800	12,911
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)(1)(5)(12) 1552 Ridgely Street, Baltimore, MD, 21230	Household products	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	4/25/2024	0.0%	2,021	1,939	2,000

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Mario Midco Holdings, Inc. (dba Len the Plumber)(1)(12) 1552 Ridgely Street, Baltimore, MD, 21230	Household products	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	4/26/2028	0.0%	—	(24)	(14)
Mario Midco Holdings, Inc. (dba Len the Plumber)(1)(5) 1552 Ridgely Street, Baltimore, MD, 21230	Household products	Unsecured facility	S + 10.75% (incl. 10.75% PIK)	4/26/2032	0.0%	4,081	3,973	4,020
Medline Borrower, LP(1)(12) Three Lakes Drive, Northfield, IL, 60093	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 2.25%	10/21/2026	0.0%	—	(123)	(485)
MessageBird BidCo B.V.(1)(2) Trompenburgstraat 2C, 1079 TX Amsterdam, Netherlands	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	5/5/2027	0.0%	77,000	75,685	75,268
MessageBird Holding B.V. Trompenburgstraat 2C, 1079 TX Amsterdam, Netherlands	Internet software and services	Extended Series C Warrants	N/A	N/A	0.0%	122,890	753	89
Metis HoldCo, Inc. (dba Mavis Tire Express Services) 358 Saw Mill River Road, Millwood, NY, 10546	Automotive	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	7.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	N/A	0.0%	167,977	163,743	161,677
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(1)(7) 3235 Levis Commons Boulevard, Perrysburg, OH, 43551	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	7/21/2027	0.0%	181,776	180,317	179,957
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(1)(7)(12) 3235 Levis Commons Boulevard, Perrysburg, OH, 43551	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.00%	7/21/2027	0.0%	2,175	2,057	2,020
Milan Laser Holdings LLC(1)(5) 16939 Wright Plaza, Omaha, NE, 68130	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	4/27/2027	0.0%	24,055	23,873	24,055
Milan Laser Holdings LLC(1)(12) 16939 Wright Plaza, Omaha, NE, 68130	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.00%	4/27/2026	0.0%	—	(14)	—
MINDBODY, Inc.(1)(3) 4051 Broad Street, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93401	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	2/14/2025	0.0%	67,637	67,330	67,637
MINDBODY, Inc.(1)(12) 4051 Broad Street, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93401	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	2/14/2025	0.0%	—	(22)	—
VEPF Torreyes Aggregator, LLC (dba MINDBODY, Inc.) 4051 Broad Street, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93401	Internet software and services	Series A Preferred Stock	6.00% (incl. 6.00% PIK)	N/A	0.8%	21,250	22,544	22,319
Minerva Holdco, Inc. 135 South Road, Farmington, CT, 06032	Healthcare technology	Series A Preferred Stock	10.75% (incl. 10.75% PIK)	N/A	0.0%	7,483	7,354	6,734
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(1)(2) 14488 Old Stage Road, Lenoir City, TN, 37772	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/29/2028	0.0%	701	689	683
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(1)(12) 14488 Old Stage Road, Lenoir City, TN, 37772	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	12/27/2023	0.0%	—	(2)	(3)
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(1)(2)(12) 14488 Old Stage Road, Lenoir City, TN, 37772	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	12/30/2027	0.0%	34	33	32
Motus Group, LLC(1)(2) 60 South Street, Boston, MA, 02111	Transportation	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/10/2029	0.0%	10,810	10,712	10,594

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Muine Gall, LLC(1)(4) 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, DE 19801	Financial services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	9/23/2024	0.0%	261,493	262,995	254,956
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(1)(3) 11601 Kew Gardens Avenue, Palm Beach Gardens, FL, 33410	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00% (incl. 3.00% PIK)	10/27/2025	0.0%	106,033	104,979	103,381
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(1)(3)(12) 11601 Kew Gardens Avenue, Palm Beach Gardens, FL, 33410	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	10/27/2025	0.0%	9,195	9,055	8,961
Natural Partners, LLC(1)(4) 245 Cooper St Ottawa ON K2P 0G2	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/29/2027	0.0%	924	908	906
Natural Partners, LLC(1)(12) 245 Cooper St Ottawa ON K2P 0G2	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/29/2027	0.0%	—	(1)	(1)
Nelipak Holding Company(1)(3) 21 Amflex Drive, Cranston, RI, 02921	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	7/2/2026	0.0%	2,286	2,260	2,269
Nelipak Holding Company(1)(3) 21 Amflex Drive, Cranston, RI, 02921	Healthcare equipment and services	Second lien USD senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	7/2/2027	0.0%	67,006	66,348	66,503
Nelipak Holding Company(1)(3) (12) 21 Amflex Drive, Cranston, RI, 02921	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured USD revolving loan	L + 4.25%	7/2/2024	0.0%	1,072	1,028	1,017
Nelipak Holding Company(1)(9) (12) 21 Amflex Drive, Cranston, RI, 02921	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured EUR revolving loan	E + 4.50%	7/2/2024	0.0%	2,574	2,516	2,522
Nelipak Holding Company(1) (10) 21 Amflex Drive, Cranston, RI, 02921	Healthcare equipment and services	Second lien EUR senior secured loan	E + 8.50%	7/2/2027	0.0%	64,142	66,603	63,340
Nellson Nutraceutical, LLC(1)(5) 5115 East La Palma Avenue, Anaheim, CA, 92807	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	12/23/2025	0.0%	25,982	25,643	25,527
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(1)(2) 1450 American Lane, Schaumburg, IL, 60173	Financial services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	9/8/2025	0.0%	25,048	24,933	24,735
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(1)(2)(12) 1450 American Lane, Schaumburg, IL, 60173	Financial services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	10/2/2023	0.0%	5,923	5,844	5,834
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(1)(12) 1450 American Lane, Schaumburg, IL, 60173	Financial services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	9/8/2025	0.0%	—	(13)	(21)
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(1) (3) 214 West Huron Street, Chicago, IL, 60654	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	9/15/2025	0.0%	76,588	74,905	75,440
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(1) (12) 214 West Huron Street, Chicago, IL, 60654	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	9/13/2024	0.0%	—	(63)	(184)
GoHealth, Inc. 214 West Huron Street, Chicago, IL, 60654	Insurance	Common stock	N/A	N/A	0.3%	1,021,885	5,232	712
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(1)(6) 631 North 400 West, Salt Lake City, UT, 84103	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	11/23/2027	0.0%	109,355	107,959	108,809

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(1)(6)(12) 631 North 400 West, Salt Lake City, UT, 84103	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.75%	11/23/2023	0.0%	9,530	9,336	9,482
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(1)(6)(12) 631 North 400 West, Salt Lake City, UT, 84103	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.75%	5/24/2027	0.0%	1,596	1,481	1,548
Nutraceutical International Corporation(1)(2) 222 South Main Street, Salt Lake City, UT, 84101	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2026	0.0%	186,644	184,758	169,845
Nutraceutical International Corporation(1)(2) 222 South Main Street, Salt Lake City, UT, 84101	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2025	0.0%	13,578	13,467	12,356
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.(1)(3) 777 Lowndes Hill Road, Greenville, SC, 29607	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	9/27/2027	0.0%	95,029	93,464	93,841
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.(1)(3)(12) 777 Lowndes Hill Road, Greenville, SC, 29607	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	9/27/2027	0.0%	5,251	5,012	5,062
Ex Vivo Parent Inc. (dba OB Hospitalist)(1)(3) 777 Lowndes Hill Road, Greenville, SC, 29607	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50%	9/27/2028	0.0%	57,810	56,803	56,509
KOBHG Holdings, L.P. (dba OB Hospitalist) 777 Lowndes Hill Road, Greenville, SC, 29607	Healthcare providers and services	Class A Interests	N/A	N/A	1.4%	6,670	6,670	6,196
Offen, Inc.(1)(2) 5100 E. 78th Avenue, Commerce City, CO, 80022	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	6/22/2026	0.0%	18,695	18,596	18,695
Ole Smoky Distillery, LLC(1)(5) 236 East Main Street, Sevierville, TN, 37862	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.25%	3/31/2028	0.0%	877	861	860
Ole Smoky Distillery, LLC(1)(12) 236 East Main Street, Sevierville, TN, 37862	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	3/31/2028	0.0%	—	(2)	(2)
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)(13) 399 Park Avenue, 38th Floor, New York, NY 10022	Investment funds and vehicles	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	0.0%	318,839	318,839	288,981
Pacific BidCo Inc.(1)(6) Otto-Hahn-Strasse, Plankstadt, Germany, 68723	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	8/13/2029	0.0%	30,924	30,184	30,228
Pacific BidCo Inc.(1)(12) Otto-Hahn-Strasse, Plankstadt, Germany, 68723	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	8/11/2025	0.0%	—	(41)	(34)
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc.(1)(3) 3001 Red Lion Road, Philadelphia, PA, 19114	Healthcare equipment and services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	12/13/2029	0.0%	196,044	192,817	185,261
KPCI Holdings, L.P. 3001 Red Lion Road, Philadelphia, PA, 19114	Healthcare equipment and services	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	5.7%	30,425	32,284	34,497
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.) (1)(6) 247 Station Dr, Westwood, MA 02090	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	1/31/2028	0.0%	135,372	133,607	133,680
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.) (1)(6)(12) 247 Station Dr, Westwood, MA 02090	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.75%	1/29/2026	0.0%	2,901	2,728	2,732

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Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.) 247 Station Dr, Westwood, MA 02090	Healthcare equipment and services	Class B Units	N/A	N/A	0.8%	97,833	18	1,145
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.) 247 Station Dr, Westwood, MA 02090	Healthcare equipment and services	Class A Units	8.00% (incl. 8.00% PIK)	N/A	1.0%	7,104	8,265	8,534
Peraton Corp.(1)(2) 1875 Explorer Street, Herndon, VA, 20170	Aerospace and defense	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/1/2029	0.0%	46,113	45,539	43,691
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(1)(4) 2500 West Executive Parkway, Lehi, UT, 84043	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2028	0.0%	134,907	133,740	134,570
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(1)(12) 2500 West Executive Parkway, Lehi, UT, 84043	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2027	0.0%	—	(50)	(15)
PCF Midco II, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services) 2500 West Executive Parkway, Lehi, UT, 84043	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	9.00% (incl. 9.00% PIK)	10/31/2031	0.0%	131,818	121,345	118,636
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services) 2500 West Executive Parkway, Lehi, UT, 84043	Insurance	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	3.6%	14,772,724	37,464	67,456
PHM Netherlands Midco B.V. (dba Loparex)(1)(3) 1255 Crescent Green, Cary, NC, 27518	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	7/31/2026	0.0%	778	740	751
PHM Netherlands Midco B.V. (dba Loparex)(1)(3) 1255 Crescent Green, Cary, NC, 27518	Manufacturing	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.75%	7/30/2027	0.0%	112,000	106,756	109,200
Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(1)(2) 275 Grove Street, Waltham, MA, 02466	Healthcare providers and services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	11/15/2029	0.0%	190,000	188,302	186,200
Ping Identity Holding Corp.(1)(5) 1001 17th Street, Denver, CO, 80202	Business services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.00%	10/17/2029	0.0%	909	896	895
Ping Identity Holding Corp.(1)(12) 1001 17th Street, Denver, CO, 80202	Business services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.00%	10/17/2028	0.0%	—	(1)	(1)
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)(1)(5) 5301 Virginia Way, Brentwood, TN, 37027	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/14/2029	0.0%	679	666	667
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)(1)(12) 5301 Virginia Way, Brentwood, TN, 37027	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	5/13/2024	0.0%	—	(2)	(1)
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)(1)(12) 5301 Virginia Way, Brentwood, TN, 37027	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	5/12/2028	0.0%	—	(1)	(1)
Pluralsight, LLC(1)(3) 42 Future Way, Draper, UT, 84020	Education	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	4/6/2027	0.0%	99,450	98,455	97,958
Pluralsight, LLC(1)(2)(12) 42 Future Way, Draper, UT, 84020	Education	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 8.00%	4/6/2027	0.0%	3,118	3,055	3,024
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC(1)(6) 141 Longwater Drive, Hingham, MA, 02061	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2029	0.0%	823	808	807

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PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC(1)(12) 141 Longwater Drive, Hingham, MA, 02061	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	9/2/2024	0.0%	—	(2)	(1)
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC(1)(6)(12) 141 Longwater Drive, Hingham, MA, 02061	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2029	0.0%	18	17	17
Pregis Topco LLC(1)(2) 1650 Lake Cook Road, Deerfield, IL, 60015	Containers and packaging	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.02%	8/1/2029	0.0%	160,000	157,716	158,193
Premier Imaging, LLC (dba LucidHealth)(1)(2) 100 East Campus View Boulevard, Columbus, OH, 43235	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	1/2/2025	0.0%	42,998	42,666	42,460
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)(1)(2) 233 General Patton Ave. Mandeville, LA 70471	Oil and gas	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	5/14/2026	0.0%	44,630	44,292	44,630
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)(1)(12) 233 General Patton Ave. Mandeville, LA 70471	Oil and gas	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	5/14/2025	0.0%	—	(16)	—
Proofpoint, Inc.(1)(3) 925 West Maude Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA, 94085	Internet software and services	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	8/31/2029	0.0%	19,600	19,514	18,767
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(1)(3)(13) Post Office Box 581, Schuyler, NE, 68661	Distribution	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	12/31/2024	0.0%	13,241	12,976	12,778
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(1)(3)(12)(13) Post Office Box 581, Schuyler, NE, 68661	Distribution	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	12/31/2024	0.0%	3,807	3,708	3,633
PS Op Holdings LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(13) Post Office Box 581, Schuyler, NE, 68661	Distribution	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	33.1%	248,271	4,300	3,950
QAD, Inc.(1)(2) 100 Innovation Place, Santa Barbara, CA, 93108	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/5/2027	0.0%	26,372	25,929	25,713
QAD, Inc.(1)(12) 100 Innovation Place, Santa Barbara, CA, 93108	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/5/2027	0.0%	—	(55)	(86)
Quva Pharma, Inc.(1)(3) 3 Sugar Creek Center Boulevard, Sugar Land, TX, 77478	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	4/12/2028	0.0%	39,500	38,554	38,710
Quva Pharma, Inc.(1)(3)(12) 3 Sugar Creek Center Boulevard, Sugar Land, TX, 77478	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	4/10/2026	0.0%	1,920	1,841	1,840
REALPAGE, INC.(1)(2) 2201 Lakeside Boulevard, Richardson, TX, 75082	Buildings and real estate	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	4/23/2029	0.0%	34,500	34,067	33,033
Recipe Acquisition Corp. (dba Roland Corporation)(1)(6) 71 West 23rd Street, New York, NY, 10010	Food and beverage	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 9.00%	12/22/2023	0.0%	32,000	31,960	31,520
Relativity ODA LLC(1)(2) 231 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, IL, 60604	Professional services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50% (incl. 7.50% PIK)	5/12/2027	0.0%	83,982	83,128	83,772
Relativity ODA LLC(1)(12) 231 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, IL, 60604	Professional services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	5/12/2027	0.0%	—	(80)	(18)
Rhea Parent, Inc.(1)(6) 1 Technology Circle, Columbia, SC, 29203	Healthcare equipment and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	2/19/2029	0.0%	770	756	753

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Rhea Acquisition Holdings, LP 1 Technology Circle, Columbia, SC, 29203	Healthcare equipment and services	Series A-2 Units	N/A	N/A	0.0%	119,048	119	119
Safety Products/JHC Acquisition Corp. (dba Justrite Safety Group) (1)(2) 1751 Lake Cook Road, Deerfield, IL, 60015	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	6/29/2026	0.0%	13,781	13,706	13,470
SailPoint Technologies Holdings, Inc.(1)(5) 11120 Four Points Drive, Austin, TX, 78726	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	8/15/2029	0.0%	45,640	44,713	44,727
SailPoint Technologies Holdings, Inc.(1)(12) 11120 Four Points Drive, Austin, TX, 78726	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	8/15/2028	0.0%	—	(82)	(87)
Project Hotel California Co- Invest Fund, L.P. 11120 Four Points Drive, Austin, TX, 78726	Internet software and services	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	0.1%	2,687	2,687	2,685
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)(1)(3) 1 Tower Lane Suite 500, Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181, Oakbrook Terrace, IL, 60181	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	7/30/2025	0.0%	43,522	43,166	40,693
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)(1)(3) (12) 1 Tower Lane Suite 500, Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181, Oakbrook Terrace, IL, 60181	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.50%	7/31/2023	0.0%	7,020	6,997	6,435
Securonix, Inc.(1)(6) 5080 Spectrum Drive, Addison, TX, 75001	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	4/5/2028	0.0%	847	840	839
Securonix, Inc.(1)(12) 5080 Spectrum Drive, Addison, TX, 75001	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	4/5/2028	0.0%	—	(1)	(2)
Shearer's Foods, LLC(1)(2) 100 Lincoln Way East, Massillon, OH, 44646	Food and beverage	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	9/22/2028	0.0%	115,200	114,325	114,624
SimpliSafe Holding Corporation(1)(5) 294 Washington Street, Boston, MA, 02108	Household products	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	5/2/2028	0.0%	6,142	6,030	6,065
SimpliSafe Holding Corporation(1)(12) 294 Washington Street, Boston, MA, 02108	Household products	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.25%	5/2/2024	0.0%	—	(7)	(2)
Smarsh Inc.(1)(7) 851 Southwest 6th Avenue, Portland, OR, 97204	Financial services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	2/16/2029	0.0%	762	755	754
Smarsh Inc.(1)(7)(12) 851 Southwest 6th Avenue, Portland, OR, 97204	Financial services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	2/19/2024	0.0%	95	93	94
Smarsh Inc.(1)(12) 851 Southwest 6th Avenue, Portland, OR, 97204	Financial services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	2/16/2029	0.0%	—	—	—
Sonny's Enterprises LLC(1)(6) 5605 Hiatus Road, Tamarac, FL, 33321	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	8/5/2026	0.0%	229,908	226,995	229,908
Sonny's Enterprises LLC(1)(12) 5605 Hiatus Road, Tamarac, FL, 33321	Manufacturing	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.75%	8/5/2025	0.0%	—	(186)	—
Space Exploration Technologies Corp. 1 Rocket Road, Hawthorne, CA, 90250	Aerospace and defense	Class A Common Stock	N/A	N/A	0.0%	46,605	2,557	3,509

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Space Exploration Technologies Corp. 1 Rocket Road, Hawthorne, CA, 90250	Aerospace and defense	Class C Common Stock	N/A	N/A	0.0%	9,360	446	705
Spotless Brands, LLC(1)(6) 1 Mid America Plaza Suite 210, Chicago, IL, 60181	Professional services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	7/25/2028	0.0%	48,592	47,675	47,621
Spotless Brands, LLC(1)(12) 1 Mid America Plaza Suite 210, Chicago, IL, 60181	Professional services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	7/25/2028	0.0%	—	(24)	(26)
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(1)(5)(13) 1220 Trade Drive, Las Vegas, NV, 89030	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured loan	S + 8.00%	6/28/2024	0.0%	49,360	48,911	49,236
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(1)(6)(12)(13) 1220 Trade Drive, Las Vegas, NV, 89030	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 8.00%	5/31/2023	0.0%	14,698	14,698	14,645
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(1)(12)(13) 1220 Trade Drive, Las Vegas, NV, 89030	Advertising and media	Letter of Credit	S + 8.00%	6/28/2024	0.0%	—	2	—
New PLI Holdings, LLC (dba PLI)(13) 1220 Trade Drive, Las Vegas, NV, 89030	Advertising and media	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	86.7%	86,745	48,008	97,799
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)(1)(7) 2 Stonewall Lane, York, ME, 03909	Consumer products	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.25%	3/12/2029	0.0%	751	737	728
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)(1)(12) 2 Stonewall Lane, York, ME, 03909	Consumer products	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.25%	3/11/2024	0.0%	—	(2)	(4)
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)(1)(5)(12) 2 Stonewall Lane, York, ME, 03909	Consumer products	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	3/12/2029	0.0%	25	23	22
Tahoe Finco, LLC(1)(2) 1101 CM Amsterdam, the Netherlands, Herikerbergweg 88	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/29/2028	0.0%	123,256	122,199	121,099
Tahoe Finco, LLC(1)(12) 1101 CM Amsterdam, the Netherlands, Herikerbergweg 88	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/1/2027	0.0%	—	(73)	(162)
Tall Tree Foods, Inc.(1)(2) 1190 West Loop SouthHouston, TX 77028	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	1/31/2023	0.0%	39,084	39,084	39,084
Tamarack Intermediate, L.L.C. (dba Verisk 3E)(1)(7) 1905 Aston Avenue, Carlsbad, CA, 92029	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	3/13/2028	0.0%	855	840	838
Tamarack Intermediate, L.L.C. (dba Verisk 3E)(1)(5)(12) 1905 Aston Avenue, Carlsbad, CA, 92029	Infrastructure and environmental services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	3/13/2028	0.0%	25	23	22
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)(1)(3) 6745 Philips Industrial Blvd, Jacksonville, FL, 32256	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2028	0.0%	1,078	1,060	1,051
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)(1)(12) 6745 Philips Industrial Blvd, Jacksonville, FL, 32256	Insurance	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2023	0.0%	—	(2)	(5)

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Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)(1)(8)(12) 6745 Philips Industrial Blvd, Jacksonville, FL, 32256	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P + 4.50%	8/26/2027	0.0%	12	10	8
The NPD Group, L.P.(1)(5) 900 West Shore Road, Port Washington, NY, 11050	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25% (incl. 2.75% PIK)	12/1/2028	0.0%	23,717	23,252	23,243
The NPD Group, L.P.(1)(5)(12) 900 West Shore Road, Port Washington, NY, 11050	Advertising and media	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	12/1/2027	0.0%	181	153	151
The Shade Store, LLC(1)(6) 21 Abendroth Avenue, Port Chester, NY, 10573	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/13/2027	0.0%	9,000	8,907	8,753
The Shade Store, LLC(1)(6)(12) 21 Abendroth Avenue, Port Chester, NY, 10573	Specialty Retail	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.00%	10/13/2026	0.0%	255	246	230
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)(1)(2) 6802 Paragon Place, Richmond, VA, 23230	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/2/2026	0.0%	74,744	73,593	73,810
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)(1)(12) 6802 Paragon Place, Richmond, VA, 23230	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/2/2025	0.0%	—	(112)	(108)
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(1)(3) 4890 West Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33609	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	6/30/2028	0.0%	64,151	63,623	62,868
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(1)(3)(12) 4890 West Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33609	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	8/17/2023	0.0%	3,928	3,891	3,779
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(1)(3)(12) 4890 West Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33609	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	6/30/2027	0.0%	1,316	1,287	1,239
Thunder Topco L.P. (dba Vector Solutions) 4890 West Kennedy Boulevard, Tampa, FL, 33609	Internet software and services	Common Units	N/A	N/A	0.4%	3,829,614	3,830	3,783
Tivity Health, Inc.(1)(6) 701 Cool Springs Boulevard, Franklin, TN, 37067	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	6/28/2029	0.0%	998	974	983
Troon Golf, L.L.C.(1)(4) 15044 North Scottsdale Road, Scottsdale, AZ, 85254	Leisure and entertainment	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/5/2027	0.0%	280,236	279,111	280,236
Troon Golf, L.L.C.(1)(12) 15044 North Scottsdale Road, Scottsdale, AZ, 85254	Leisure and entertainment	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/5/2026	0.0%	—	(78)	—
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(1)(2) 828 Kasota Avenue South East, Minneapolis, MN, 55414	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	8/13/2027	0.0%	81,234	79,589	78,797
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(1)(2)(12) 828 Kasota Avenue South East, Minneapolis, MN, 55414	Food and beverage	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	8/13/2027	0.0%	2,611	2,420	2,312
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(1)(5) 1501 Yamato Road, Boca Raton, FL, 33431	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.25%	6/18/2029	0.0%	878	872	878
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(1)(12) 1501 Yamato Road, Boca Raton, FL, 33431	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.25%	6/17/2024	0.0%	—	—	—

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate	Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(1)(12) 1501 Yamato Road, Boca Raton, FL, 33431	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	6/18/2029	0.0%	—	(1)	—
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(1)(3) 99 Wood Avenue South, Iselin, NJ, 08830	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	7/23/2027	0.0%	38,696	38,075	37,922
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(1)(12) 99 Wood Avenue South, Iselin, NJ, 08830	Insurance	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	7/23/2027	0.0%	—	(65)	(85)
KUSRIP Intermediate, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(1)(4) 99 Wood Avenue South, Iselin, NJ, 08830	Insurance	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50% (incl. 9.50% PIK)	7/24/2028	0.0%	34,918	34,399	34,482
Valence Surface Technologies LLC(1)(6) 1790 Hughes Landing Blvd Ste. 300The Woodlands, TX 77380	Aerospace and defense	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.75% (incl. 3.88% PIK)	6/30/2025	0.0%	128,074	127,233	102,459
Valence Surface Technologies LLC(1)(6)(12) 1790 Hughes Landing Blvd Ste. 300The Woodlands, TX 77380	Aerospace and defense	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.75%	6/30/2025	0.0%	10,408	10,345	8,316
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)(1)(4) 222 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, IL, 60654	Chemicals	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	4/22/2027	0.0%	21,992	21,614	21,992
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)(1)(2)(12) 222 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, IL, 60654	Chemicals	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	4/22/2026	0.0%	268	248	268
Vermont Aus Pty Ltd(1)(6) Quarter One, Level 2, 1 Epping Road, North Ryde, NSW 2113	Healthcare providers and services	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.50%	3/22/2028	0.0%	993	970	968
Walker Edison Furniture Company LLC(1)(3) 1553 West 9000 South, Salt Lake City, UT, 84088	Household products	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.75% (incl. 3.00% PIK)	3/31/2027	0.0%	86,203	83,193	43,963
When I Work, Inc.(1)(3) 420 North 5th Street, Minneapolis, MN, 55401	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	11/2/2027	0.0%	5,200	5,158	5,096
When I Work, Inc.(1)(12) 420 North 5th Street, Minneapolis, MN, 55401	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/2/2027	0.0%	—	(7)	(18)
BCTO WIW Holdings, Inc. (dba When I Work) 420 North 5th Street, Minneapolis, MN, 55401	Internet software and services	Class A Common Stock	N/A	N/A	0.5%	13,000	1,300	1,171
Windows Entities 6201 E 43rd St, Tulsa, OK 74135	Manufacturing	LLC Units	N/A	N/A	22.5%	31,849	60,318	121,419
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC(12)(13) 8000 Avalon Blvd., Suite 100, Alpharetta, GA 30009	Asset Based Lending and Fund Finance	LLC interest	N/A	N/A	75.0%	364,145	364,145	431,531
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(1)(3) One Market Street, Gurnee, IL, 60031	Consumer products	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	3/26/2026	0.0%	202,864	200,481	197,793
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(1)(3)(12) One Market Street, Gurnee, IL, 60031	Consumer products	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	3/26/2025	0.0%	9,987	9,826	9,507

(\$ in thousands) Company	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate		Maturity / Dissolution Date	Percentage of Class Held on a Fully Diluted Basis	Principal Number of Shares / Number of Units	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
WMC Bidco, Inc. (dba West Monroe) 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, IL, 60606	Internet software and services	Senior Preferred Stock	11.25% (incl. 11.25% PIK)		N/A	0.0%	18,427	18,039	17,230
Zendesk, Inc.(1)(6) 989 Market Street, San Francisco, CA, 94103	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured loan	S +	6.50%	11/22/2028	0.0%	69,409	68,040	67,674
Zendesk, Inc.(1)(12) 989 Market Street, San Francisco, CA, 94103	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S +	6.50%	11/22/2024	0.0%	—	(631)	(260)
Zendesk, Inc.(1)(12) 989 Market Street, San Francisco, CA, 94103	Internet software and services	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S +	6.50%	11/22/2028	0.0%	—	(140)	(179)
Zoro TopCo, Inc. (dba Zendesk, Inc.) 989 Market Street, San Francisco, CA, 94103	Internet software and services	Series A Preferred Stock	12.50% (incl. 12.50% PIK)		N/A	0.0%	9,554	9,220	9,220
Zoro TopCo, L.P. (dba Zendesk, Inc.) 989 Market Street, San Francisco, CA, 94103	Internet software and services	Class A Common Units	N/A		N/A	0.1%	796,165	7,962	7,962
Zenith Energy U.S. Logistics Holdings, LLC(1)(2) 3900 Essex Lane Suite 700, Houston, TX, 77027	Oil and gas	First lien senior secured loan	L +	5.50%	12/20/2024	0.0%	58,042	57,575	58,042

- (1) Loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L", which can include one-, three-, six- or twelve- month LIBOR), Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR" or "S," which can include one-, three- or six- month SOFR), Euro Interbank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR"), Great Britain Pound London Interbank Offered Rate ("GBPLIBOR" or "G", which can include three- or six-month GBPLIBOR), SONIA ("SONIA" or "SA") or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (2) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.39%.
- (3) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.77%.
- (4) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 5.14%.
- (5) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.36%.
- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.59%.
- (7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.78%.
- (8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to Prime, which as of December 31, 2022 was 7.50%.
- (9) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 3 month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 2.13%.
- (10) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 6 month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 2.69%.
- (11) The interest rate on this loan is subject to SONIA, which as of December 31, 2022 was 3.43%.
- (12) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment. See "ITEM 8. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies."
- (13) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" and has "Control" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Other than for purposes of the 1940 Act, the Company does not believe that it has control over this portfolio company.
- (14) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be an "affiliated person" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 5% but less than 25% of the portfolio company's voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company, including through a management agreement ("non-controlled affiliate").

Specialty Financing Portfolio Companies

Wingspire

Wingspire is an independent diversified direct lender focused on providing asset-based commercial finance loans and related senior secured loans to U.S.-based middle market borrowers. Wingspire offers a wide variety of asset-based financing solutions to businesses in an array of industries, including revolving credit facilities, machinery and equipment term loans, real estate term loans, first-in/last-out tranches, cash flow term loans, and opportunistic / bridge financings. We committed \$50 million to Wingspire on September 24, 2019, and subsequently increased our commitment to \$100 million on March 25, 2020, to \$150 million on July 31, 2020, to \$200 million on March 8, 2021, to \$250 million on August 19, 2021, to \$350 million on February 28, 2022 and again to \$400 million on May 21, 2022.

Amergin

Amergin was created to invest in a leasing platform focused on railcar and aviation assets. Amergin consists of Amergin AssetCo and Amergin Asset Management LLC, which has entered into a Servicing Agreement with Amergin AssetCo. We made a \$90 million equity commitment to Amergin AssetCo on July 1, 2022. Our investment in Amergin is a co-investment made with our affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that we received from the SEC. We do not consolidate our equity interest in Amergin AssetCo.

Fifth Season Investments LLC (fka Chapford SMA Partnership, L.P.)

Fifth Season is a portfolio company created to invest in life settlement assets. On July 18, 2022, we made a \$15.9 million equity commitment to Fifth Season. We increased our commitment to Fifth Season on October 17, 2022, November 9, 2022, November 15, 2022 and November 29, 2022 by \$73.6 million, \$1.7 million, \$7.3 million and \$7.0 million, respectively. Our investment in Fifth Season is a co-investment with our affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that we received from the SEC. We do not consolidate our equity interest in Fifth Season.

LSI Financing I DAC (“LSI Financing”)

LSI Financing is a portfolio company formed to acquire a contractual right to revenue pursuant to an earnout agreement in the life sciences space. On December 14, 2022, we made a \$6.2 million commitment to LSI Financing. Our investment in LSI Financing is a co-investment with our affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that we received from the SEC. We do not consolidate our equity interest in LSI Financing.

ORCC Senior Loan Fund (fka Sebago Lake LLC)

ORCC SLF, a Delaware limited liability company, was formed as a joint venture between us and The Regents of the University of California (“Regents”) and commenced operations on June 20, 2017. ORCC SLF’s principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans. Through June 30, 2021, both we and Regents (the “Initial Members”) had a 50% economic ownership in ORCC SLF. Each of the Initial Members initially agreed to contribute up to \$100 million to ORCC SLF. On July 26, 2018, each of the Initial Members increased their contribution to ORCC SLF up to an aggregate of \$125 million. Effective as of June 30, 2021, capital commitments to ORCC SLF were increased to an aggregate of \$371.5 million. In connection with this change, we increased our economic ownership interest to 87.5% from 50.0% and Regents transferred its remaining economic interest of 12.5% to Nationwide Life Insurance Company (“Nationwide” and together with us, the “Members” and each a “Member”). On July 26, 2022, we increased our capital commitments in ORCC SLF to an aggregate of \$571.5 million. We increased our contribution pro rata from \$325.1 million to \$500.1 million. Nationwide increased its contribution pro rata from \$46.4 million to \$71.4 million. Our economic ownership interest remains 87.5%, and Nationwide’s economic ownership interest remains 12.5%. ORCC SLF is managed by the Members, each of which have equal voting rights. Investment decisions must be approved by each of the Members. Except under certain circumstances, contributions to ORCC SLF cannot be redeemed.

We have determined that ORCC SLF is an investment company under Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, we will generally not consolidate our investment in a company other than a wholly owned investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to us. Accordingly, we do not consolidate our non-controlling interest in ORCC SLF.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, ORCC SLF had total investments in senior secured debt at fair value of \$997.4 million and \$790.3 million, respectively. The determination of fair value is in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification 820, Fair Value Measurements (“ASC 820”), as amended; however, such fair value is not included in our Board’s valuation process. The following table is a summary of ORCC SLF’s portfolio as well as a listing of the portfolio investments in ORCC SLF’s portfolio as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Total senior secured debt investments ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,045,865	\$ 798,420
Weighted average spread over base rate ⁽¹⁾	4.05 %	4.14 %
Number of portfolio companies	56	38
Largest funded investment to a single borrower ⁽¹⁾	40,272	40,693

(1) At par.

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2022
(S in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Debt Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	1/21/2025	34,111	33,956	33,305	10.1 %
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(7)(13)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	1/21/2025	3,000	2,995	2,928	0.9 %
Bleriot US Bidco Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	10/30/2026	25,368	25,282	25,049	7.6 %
Dynasty Acquisition Co., Inc. (dba StandardAero Limited)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.50%	4/6/2026	38,700	38,602	36,813	11.0 %
				101,179	100,835	98,095	29.6 %
Automotive							
Holley, Inc.(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/17/2028	23,202	23,060	20,025	6.1 %
Mavis Tire Express Services Topco Corp. (9) (14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	5/4/2028	2,925	2,905	2,785	0.8 %
PAI Holdco, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/28/2027	9,887	9,767	8,700	2.6 %
				36,014	35,732	31,510	9.5 %
Buildings and Real estate							
CoreLogic Inc. (6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	6/2/2028	12,357	11,545	10,273	3.1 %
Wrench Group, LLC.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	4/30/2026	32,008	31,898	30,890	9.5 %
				44,365	43,443	41,163	12.6 %
Business Services							
Capstone Acquisition Holdings, Inc. (6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.75%	11/12/2027	4,953	4,916	4,941	1.5 %
Capstone Acquisition Holdings, Inc. (6)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.75%	11/12/2027	334	331	333	0.1 %
CoolSys, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2028	13,932	13,817	11,250	3.4 %
CoolSys, Inc.(10)(11)(12)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2023	—	(19)	(467)	— %
ConnectWise, LLC(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	9/29/2028	16,830	16,759	15,951	4.8 %
LABL, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	10/29/2028	7,920	7,819	7,496	2.3 %
Packers Holdings, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	3/9/2028	21,066	20,679	18,327	5.5 %
				65,035	64,302	57,831	17.6 %
Chemicals							
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/24/2027	15,874	15,525	15,398	4.7 %
				15,874	15,525	15,398	4.7 %
Consumer Products							
Olaplex, Inc.(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.50%	2/23/2029	14,925	14,892	14,030	4.2 %
				14,925	14,892	14,030	4.2 %
Containers and Packaging							
BW Holding, Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	12/14/2028	12,197	11,971	11,221	3.4 %
Five Star Lower Holding LLC (16)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	5/5/2029	21,820	21,540	21,275	6.4 %
Ring Container Technologies Group, LLC (dba Ring Container Technologies)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	8/12/2028	24,750	24,699	24,379	7.4 %
Valcour Packaging, LLC (8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/4/2028	6,948	6,927	6,218	1.9 %
				65,715	65,137	63,093	19.1 %
Distribution							
BCPE Empire Holdings, Inc. (dba Imperial-Dade) (9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.63%	6/11/2026	24,813	24,044	24,068	7.3 %

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2022
(S in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Dealer Tire, LLC(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.50%	12/12/2025	35,982	35,091	35,563	10.7 %
SRS Distribution, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	6/2/2028	9,875	9,816	9,431	2.9 %
				70,670	68,951	69,062	20.9 %
Education							
Spring Education Group, Inc. (fka SSH Group Holdings, Inc.)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/30/2025	33,512	33,470	32,646	9.9 %
Sophia, L.P. (14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	10/7/2027	19,900	19,723	19,850	6.0 %
				53,412	53,193	52,496	15.9 %
Food and beverage							
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba Bakemark)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	9/4/2028	24,750	24,533	24,193	7.3 %
Dessert Holdings(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	6/9/2028	25,718	25,560	23,789	7.2 %
Eagle Parent Corp.(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	4/2/2029	2,722	2,661	2,668	0.8 %
Naked Juice LLC (dba Tropicana)(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.25%	1/24/2029	1,990	1,986	1,775	0.5 %
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	6/8/2028	20,724	20,683	20,138	6.1 %
				75,904	75,423	72,563	21.9 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
Cadence, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2025	28,640	28,277	27,793	8.4 %
Cadence, Inc.(6)(10)(13)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2024	2,921	2,892	2,704	0.8 %
Confluent Medical Technologies, Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.75%	2/16/2029	4,963	4,940	4,702	1.4 %
Medline Intermediate, LP(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	10/23/2028	24,813	24,710	23,547	7.1 %
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc.(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	11/30/2027	4,937	4,927	4,672	1.4 %
				66,274	65,746	63,418	19.1 %
Healthcare providers and services							
Confluent Health, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2028	20,419	20,331	20,011	6.1 %
Confluent Health, LLC(6)(10)(12)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2023	2,514	2,496	2,426	0.7 %
Corgi Bidco, Inc.(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	10/13/2029	15,000	14,126	14,018	4.2 %
Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	11/15/2028	27,294	27,177	26,240	7.9 %
Physician Partners, LLC(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	12/23/2028	9,925	9,836	9,434	2.9 %
				75,152	73,966	72,129	21.8 %
Healthcare technology							
Athenahealth, Inc.(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.50%	2/15/2029	17,741	17,665	15,974	4.8 %
Athenahealth, Inc.(9)(10)(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 3.50%	8/15/2023	—	(4)	(206)	— %
Imprivata, Inc.(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	12/1/2027	19,900	19,305	19,154	5.8 %
PointClickCare Technologies Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	12/29/2027	9,925	9,794	9,751	3.0 %
				47,566	46,760	44,673	13.6 %
Infrastructure and environmental services							
CHA Holding, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	4/10/2025	40,272	40,115	39,466	11.9 %
				40,272	40,115	39,466	11.9 %
Insurance							

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2022
(S in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Acrisure, LLC(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	2/15/2027	10,000	9,513	9,900	3.0 %
AssuredPartners, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	2/12/2027	4,988	4,822	4,875	1.5 %
Integro Parent Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 10.25%	10/30/2024	3,649	3,648	3,638	1.1 %
Integro Parent Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 10.25%	10/30/2024	736	736	733	0.2 %
				19,373	18,719	19,146	5.8 %
Internet software and services							
Barracuda Networks, Inc. (15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.50%	8/15/2029	25,000	24,282	24,063	7.3 %
CDK Global, Inc.(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.50%	7/6/2029	25,000	24,292	24,745	7.5 %
DCert Buyer, Inc. (dba DigiCert)(9)(16)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	10/16/2026	21,993	21,925	21,214	6.4 %
Help/Systems Holdings, Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	11/19/2026	14,847	14,773	13,325	4.0 %
				86,840	85,272	83,347	25.2 %
Manufacturing							
Engineered Machinery Holdings (dba Duravant)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	5/19/2028	34,649	34,508	33,483	10.1 %
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	12/29/2027	14,875	14,706	14,763	4.7 %
Pro Mach Group, Inc.(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	8/31/2028	24,757	24,652	24,039	7.3 %
				74,281	73,866	72,285	22.1 %
Professional Services							
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	7/27/2028	32,685	32,584	31,050	9.4 %
Sovos Compliance, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	8/11/2028	25,518	25,374	23,477	7.1 %
				58,203	57,958	54,527	16.5 %
Telecommunications							
ETC Group(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/6/2029	5,000	4,609	4,763	1.4 %
Park Place Technologies, LLC(9) (14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	11/10/2027	14,886	14,443	13,987	4.2 %
				19,886	19,052	18,750	5.6 %
Transportation							
Safe Fleet Holdings(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	2/23/2029	14,925	14,501	14,403	4.4 %
				14,925	14,501	14,403	4.4 %
Total Debt Investments				1,045,865	1,033,388	997,385	302.0 %
Total Investments				1,045,865	1,033,388	997,385	302.0 %

- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) Unless otherwise indicated, ORCC SLF's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under ORCC SLF's credit facility.
- (3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization or accretion of premiums or discounts, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.
- (5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR), Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR" or "S," which can include one-, three- or six- month SOFR), or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.39%.
- (7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.77%.

- (8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 5.14%..
(9) Level 2 investment.
(10) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.
(11) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
(12) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
(13) Investment is not pledged as collateral under ORCC SLF's credit facilities.
(14) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.36%.
(15) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.59%.
(16) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.78%.

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Debt Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2023	\$ 34,470	\$ 34,219	\$ 33,961	12.0 %
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(8)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2022	3,000	2,989	2,956	1.0 %
Bleriot US Bidco Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	10/30/2026	24,627	24,522	24,585	8.7 %
Dynasty Acquisition Co., Inc. (dba StandardAero Limited)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	4/6/2026	39,100	38,976	36,796	13.0 %
				101,197	100,706	98,298	34.7 %
Automotive							
Holley, Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/17/2028	17,100	17,016	17,032	6.0 %
Holley, Inc.(8)(10)(11)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 3.75%	5/18/2022	855	855	844	0.3 %
PAI Holdco, Inc.(8)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/28/2027	4,987	4,975	4,975	1.9 %
				22,942	22,846	22,851	8.2 %
Buildings and Real estate							
Wrench Group, LLC.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	4/30/2026	32,341	32,198	32,179	11.4 %
Business Services							
CoolSys, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2028	16,955	16,793	16,785	5.9 %
CoolSys, Inc.(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2023	—	(29)	(30)	— %
ConnectWise, LLC(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	9/29/2028	17,000	16,918	16,879	6.0 %
LABL, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	10/29/2028	8,000	7,883	7,879	2.8 %
Packers Holdings, LLC(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	3/9/2028	9,951	9,808	9,879	3.5 %
Vistage International, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	2/10/2025	29,922	29,807	29,919	10.6 %
				81,828	81,180	81,311	28.8 %
Chemicals							
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company)(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	11/24/2027	998	998	998	0.4 %
				998	998	998	0.4 %
Containers and Packaging							
BW Holding, Inc.(8)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	12/14/2028	3,954	3,914	3,914	1.4 %
BW Holding, Inc.(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	12/17/2023	—	(5)	(5)	— %
Ring Container Technologies Group, LLC (dba Ring Container Technologies)(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	8/12/2028	25,000	24,940	25,025	8.9 %
Valcour Packaging, LLC(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/4/2028	7,000	6,976	6,965	2.5 %

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
				35,954	35,825	35,899	12.8 %
Distribution							
Dealer Tire, LLC(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	12/12/2025	36,260	36,114	36,206	12.8 %
SRS Distribution, Inc.(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	6/2/2028	9,975	9,906	9,943	3.5 %
				46,235	46,020	46,149	16.3 %
Education							
Spring Education Group, Inc. (fka SSH Group Holdings, Inc.)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	7/30/2025	33,862	33,805	33,003	11.7 %
				33,862	33,805	33,003	11.7 %
Food and beverage							
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba Bakemark)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	9/5/2028	25,000	24,749	24,938	8.8 %
Dessert Holdings(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	6/9/2028	20,160	20,019	20,001	7.1 %
	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	6/9/2023	—	—	(2)	— %
Dessert Holdings(11)(12)(13)				20,724	20,676	20,693	7.3 %
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	6/8/2028	65,884	65,444	65,630	23.2 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
Cadence, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2025	26,714	26,363	26,195	9.3 %
	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2024	2,055	2,004	1,912	0.7 %
Cadence, Inc.(6)(11)(14)				25,000	24,882	24,990	8.9 %
Medline Borrower, LP(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	10/23/2028	4,987	4,975	4,983	1.8 %
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc.(8)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/30/2027	58,756	58,224	58,080	20.7 %
Healthcare providers and services							
Confluent Health, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2028	20,575	20,473	20,472	7.3 %
	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2023	—	(22)	(22)	— %
Confluent Health, LLC(11)(12)(13)(14)				27,500	27,363	27,489	9.7 %
Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(6)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	11/15/2028	19,950	19,857	19,863	7.0 %
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	12/20/2027	68,025	67,671	67,802	24.0 %
Healthcare technology							
VVC Holdings Corp. (dba Athenahealth, Inc.)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	2/11/2026	17,179	16,961	17,162	6.1 %
				17,179	16,961	17,162	6.1 %
Infrastructure and environmental services							
CHA Holding, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	4/10/2025	40,693	40,471	40,171	14.2 %
				40,693	40,471	40,171	14.2 %
Insurance							
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(6)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	3/18/2027	7,980	7,940	7,946	2.8 %
Integro Parent Inc.(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	10/31/2022	29,615	29,584	28,422	10.1 %
	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.50%	4/30/2022	6,000	6,000	5,764	2.0 %
Integro Parent Inc.(8)(11)(14)				43,595	43,524	42,132	14.9 %
Internet software and services							
DCert Buyer, Inc. (dba DigiCert)(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	10/16/2026	22,219	22,135	22,161	7.8 %
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC)(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/28/2028	25,000	24,886	24,875	8.8 %

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
				47,219	47,021	47,036	16.6 %
Manufacturing							
Engineered Machinery Holdings (dba Duravant)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	5/19/2028	35,000	34,834	34,864	12.3 %
Pro Mach Group, Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	8/31/2028	22,207	22,100	22,262	7.9 %
Pro Mach Group, Inc.(10)(11)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	8/31/2023	—	—	—	— %
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products)(6)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	12/29/2027	7,500	7,463	7,463	2.6 %
				64,707	64,397	64,589	22.8 %
Professional Services							
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	7/27/2028	19,950	19,900	19,900	7.0 %
Sovos Compliance, LLC(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	8/11/2028	17,055	17,011	17,087	6.1 %
Sovos Compliance, LLC(10)(11)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.50%	8/12/2023	—	—	—	— %
				37,005	36,911	36,987	13.1 %
Total Debt Investments				798,420	794,202	790,277	279.9 %
Total Investments				\$ 798,420	\$ 794,202	\$ 790,277	279.9 %

- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) Unless otherwise indicated, ORCC SLF's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under ORCC SLF's credit facility.
- (3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.
- (5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure, and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.10%.
- (7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 2 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.15%.
- (8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.21%.
- (9) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.34%.
- (10) Level 2 investment.
- (11) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.
- (12) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (13) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (14) Investment is not pledged as collateral under ORCC SLF's credit facility.

Below is selected balance sheet information for ORCC SLF as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,033,388 and \$794,202, respectively)	\$ 997,385	\$ 790,277
Cash	27,914	60,723
Interest receivable	3,920	1,319
Prepaid expenses and other assets	6,108	111
Total Assets	\$ 1,035,327	\$ 852,430
Liabilities		
Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$6,117 and \$5,368, respectively)	\$ 685,265	\$ 469,514
Distributions payable	11,095	4,518
Payable for investments purchased	—	91,986
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	8,703	4,056
Total Liabilities	\$ 705,063	\$ 570,074
Members' Equity		
Members' Equity	330,264	282,356
Members' Equity	330,264	282,356
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 1,035,327	\$ 852,430

Below is selected statement of operations information for ORCC SLF for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

(\$ in thousands)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Investment Income			
Interest income	\$ 63,220	\$ 30,836	\$ 32,163
Other income	2,599	344	281
Total Investment Income	65,819	31,180	32,444
Expenses			
Interest expense	25,182	9,745	12,611
Professional fees	935	797	691
Total Expenses	26,117	10,542	13,302
Net Investment Income Before Taxes	39,702	20,638	19,142
Tax expense (benefit)	260	731	533
Net Investment Income After Taxes	\$ 39,442	\$ 19,907	\$ 18,609
Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments			
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(32,078)	663	(3,450)
Net realized gain on investments	27	207	4
Total Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	(32,051)	870	(3,446)
Net Increase in Members' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ 7,391	\$ 20,777	\$ 15,163

On August 9, 2017, Sebago Lake Financing LLC and SL Lending LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of ORCC SLF, entered into a credit facility with Goldman Sachs Bank USA. Goldman Sachs Bank USA serves as the sole lead arranger, syndication agent and administrative agent, and State Street Bank and Trust Company serves as the collateral administrator and agent. The credit facility includes a maximum borrowing capacity of \$500 million. On June 22, 2021, Sebago Lake Financing LLC and SL Lending LLC entered into an amendment with Goldman Sachs Bank USA to extend the reinvestment period on the credit facility to October 6, 2021, and again on September 20, 2021, extended the reinvestment period on the credit facility to December 6, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, there was \$451.9 million outstanding under the credit facility. On March 1, 2022, SLF Financing I LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ORCC SLF, entered into a credit facility with Natixis, New York Branch which serves as the administrative agent and the initial lender, and State Street Bank and Trust Company which serves as the collateral agent, collateral administrator and

custodian. The credit facility includes a maximum borrowing capacity of \$300 million. The re-investment period on the credit facility ends on March 1, 2024 and the maturity date of the credit facility is March 1, 2032. As of December 31, 2022, there was \$239.5 million outstanding under the credit facility.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the components of interest expense were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest expense	\$ 23,825	\$ 8,168	\$ 10,962
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,357	1,577	1,649
Total Interest Expense	25,182	9,745	12,611
Average interest rate	3.8%	2.3%	3.1%
Average daily borrowings	\$ 627,591	\$ 359,501	\$ 352,505

Results of Operations

The following table represents the operating results for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

(\$ in millions)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Total Investment Income	\$ 1,202.0	\$ 1,021.4	\$ 803.3
Less: Net operating expenses	639.5	527.3	283.8
Net Investment Income (Loss) Before Taxes	\$ 562.5	\$ 494.1	\$ 519.5
Less: Income tax expense (benefit), including excise tax expense (benefit)	5.8	4.0	2.0
Net Investment Income (Loss) After Taxes	\$ 556.7	\$ 490.1	\$ 517.5
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	(94.5)	179.8	(76.0)
Net realized gain (loss)	4.1	(45.0)	(53.8)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 466.3	\$ 624.9	\$ 387.7

Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations can vary from period to period as a result of various factors, including the level of new investment commitments, expenses, the recognition of realized gains and losses and changes in unrealized appreciation and depreciation on the investment portfolio. For the year ended December 31, 2022, our net asset value per share decreased, primarily driven by market spreads widening.

Investment Income

Investment income for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

(\$ in millions)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest income from investments	\$ 940.0	\$ 893.3	\$ 732.6
Payment-in-kind interest income from investments	113.3	53.2	36.4
Dividend income from investments	129.5	48.4	19.5
Other income	19.2	26.5	14.8
Total investment income	\$ 1,202.0	\$ 1,021.4	\$ 803.3

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Investment income increased to \$1.2 billion for the year ended December 31, 2022 from \$1.0 billion for the same period in prior year primarily due to an increase in our portfolio's weighted average yield from 7.7% as of December 31, 2021 to 11.0% as of December 31, 2022 offset by a decrease in our debt portfolio which, at par, decreased from \$11.9 billion as of December 31, 2021 to \$11.7 billion as of December 31, 2022. Included in investment income is dividend income which increased to \$129.5 million from \$48.4 million as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, primarily due to an increase in dividends related to Windows Entities,

ORCC SLF, and Wingspire. Also included in interest income are other fees such as prepayment fees and accelerated amortization of upfront fees from unscheduled paydowns. Period over period, income generated from these fees represented \$11.8 million and \$63.9 million, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This change is due to a decrease in unscheduled paydown activity year over year and while these fees are non-recurring in nature, we expect repayments to continue. For the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, payment-in-kind income represented 11.6% and 6.4% of investment income, respectively. Other income decreased period-over-period due to a decrease in incremental fee income, which are fees that are generally available to us as a result of closing investments and normally paid at the time of closing. We expect that investment income will vary based on a variety of factors including the pace of our originations and repayments.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Investment income increased to \$1,021.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 from \$803.3 million for the same period in prior year primarily due to an increase in our debt investment portfolio, which, at par, increased from \$10.7 billion as of December 31, 2020 to \$11.9 billion as of December 31, 2021, partially offset by a decrease in our portfolio's weighted average yield from 7.9% as of December 31, 2020 to 7.7% as of December 31, 2021. Included in investment income is dividend income which increased to \$48.4 million from \$19.5 million as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, primarily due to an increase in dividends related to Windows Entities, ORCC SLF, and Wingspire. Also included in interest income are other fees such as prepayment fees and accelerated amortization of upfront fees from unscheduled paydowns. Period over period, income generated from these fees represented \$63.9 million and \$23.6 million, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. This change is due to an increase in unscheduled paydown activity year over year and while these fees are non-recurring in nature, we expect repayments to continue and increase when the interest rate environment stabilizes. For the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, payment-in-kind income represented 6.4% and less than 5.0% of investment income, respectively. Other income increased period-over-period due to an increase in incremental fee income, which are fees that are generally available to us as a result of closing investments and normally paid at the time of closing. We expect that investment income will vary based on a variety of factors including the pace of our originations and repayments.

Expenses

Expenses for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

(\$ in millions)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest expense	\$ 307.5	\$ 219.1	\$ 152.9
Management fee	188.8	178.5	144.5
Performance based incentive fees	118.1	104.0	93.9
Professional fees	14.7	15.1	14.7
Directors' fees	1.1	1.0	0.8
Other general and administrative	9.3	9.6	7.9
Total operating expenses	\$ 639.5	\$ 527.3	\$ 414.7
Management and incentive fees waived	—	—	(130.9)
Total operating expenses	\$ 639.5	\$ 527.3	\$ 283.8

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, we reimburse the Adviser for services performed for us. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and we reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for us by such affiliate or third party.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Total expenses increased to \$639.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 from \$527.3 million for the same period in the prior year primarily due to an increase in interest expense, gross management fees and incentive fees. The increase in interest expense of \$88.4 million was driven by an increase in average daily borrowings to \$7.3 billion from \$6.3 billion period over period, coupled with an increase in the average interest rate to 3.7% from 3.0% period over period and includes approximately \$2.6 million of non-recurring interest expense related to the termination of ORCC Financing IV LLC during the fourth quarter of 2022. Management fees increased primary due to an overall increase in our total assets. Incentive fees increased primarily due to an increase in dividend income. As a percentage of total assets, professional fees, directors' fees and other general and administrative expenses remained relatively consistent period over period.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Total expenses increased to \$527.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 from \$283.8 million for the same period in the prior year primarily due to an increase in interest expense and increase in gross management fees and incentive fees, coupled with the expiration of the management fee and incentive fee waivers in October 2020. The increase in interest expense of \$66.2 million was driven by an increase in average daily borrowings to \$6.3 billion from \$3.8 billion period over period, partially offset by a decrease in the average interest rate to 3.0% from 3.5% period over period and includes approximately \$2.1 million of non-recurring interest expense related to the restructuring of CLO II and SPV IV and the repayment of the 2023 Notes. As a percentage of total assets, professional fees, directors' fees and other general and administrative expenses remained relatively consistent period over period.

Selected Financial Data

The following table below sets forth our selected consolidated historical financial data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020. The selected consolidated historical financial data has been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements, which is included elsewhere in this Form 10-K and our SEC filings.

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	As of and for the Year Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data			
Income			
Total investment income	\$ 1,202.0	\$ 1,021.4	\$ 803.3
Expenses			
Total operating expenses	639.5	527.3	414.7
Management and incentive fees waived	—	—	(130.9)
Net operating expenses	639.5	527.3	283.8
Net investment income before income taxes	562.5	494.1	519.5
Income tax, including excise tax expense	5.8	4.0	2.0
Net investment income after income taxes	556.7	490.1	517.5
Total change in net unrealized gain (loss)	(94.5)	179.8	(76.0)
Total net realized gain (loss)	4.1	(45.0)	(53.8)
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 466.3	\$ 624.9	\$ 387.7
Earnings per common share – basic and diluted	\$ 1.19	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.00
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data			
Cash (incl. foreign and restricted cash)	\$ 445.1	\$ 447.1	\$ 357.9
Investments at fair value	13,010.3	12,741.6	10,842.1
Total assets	13,584.9	13,298.2	11,304.4
Total debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs)	7,281.7	7,079.3	5,292.7
Total liabilities	7,702.5	7,360.3	5,557.9
Total net assets	5,882.4	5,937.9	5,746.4
Net asset value per share	\$ 14.99	\$ 15.08	\$ 14.74
Other Data:			
Number of portfolio companies	184	143	119
Distributions declared per share	\$ 1.29	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.56
Total Return, based on market value ⁽¹⁾	(9.9)%	21.7 %	(20.1)%
Total Return based on net asset value ⁽²⁾	9.0 %	11.3 %	8.7 %
Weighted average total yield of portfolio at fair value ⁽³⁾	11.0 %	7.7 %	7.9 %
Weighted average total yield of portfolio at amortized cost ⁽³⁾	11.0 %	7.8 %	7.8 %
Weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at fair value ⁽³⁾	11.5 %	7.9 %	8.1 %
Weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at amortized cost ⁽³⁾	11.5 %	7.9 %	8.0 %
Fair value of debt investments as a percentage of principal	97.0 %	98.2 %	97.3 %

- (1) Total return based on market value is calculated as the change in market value per share during the respective periods, taking into account dividends and distributions, if any, reinvested in accordance with the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.
- (2) Total return based on net asset value is calculated as the change in net asset value ("NAV") per share during the period, plus distributions per share (assuming dividends and distributions, if any, are reinvested in accordance with the Company's dividend reinvestment plan), if any, divided by the beginning NAV per share.
- (3) For non-stated rate income producing investments, computed based on (a) the dividend or interest income earned for the respective trailing twelve months ended on the measurement date, divided by (b) the ending fair value. In instances where historical dividend or interest income data is not available or not representative for the trailing twelve months ended, the dividend or interest income is annualized. Prior to September 30, 2021, non-stated rate income producing investments were computed based on (a) the IRR on the measurement date, divided by (b) the ending fair value. Prior to September 30, 2021, weighted average total yield of the portfolio at fair value and cost was 8.1% and 8.0%, respectively, for the period ended December 31, 2020. Prior to September 30, 2021, weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at fair value and cost was 8.3% and 8.2%, respectively, for the period ended December 31, 2020.

Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)	For the three months ended			
	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022
Investment income	\$ 264,159	\$ 273,286	\$ 314,053	\$ 350,506
Net expenses	\$ 141,803	\$ 148,162	\$ 167,279	\$ 188,042
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 122,356	\$ 125,124	\$ 146,774	\$ 162,464
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (78,370)	\$ (160,070)	\$ 118,653	\$ 29,424
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 43,986	\$ (34,946)	\$ 265,427	\$ 191,888
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 14.88	\$ 14.48	\$ 14.85	\$ 14.99
Earnings (losses) per share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.49

(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)	For the three months ended			
	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2021
Investment income	\$ 221,573	\$ 249,015	\$ 269,191	\$ 281,624
Net expenses	\$ 118,918	\$ 129,886	\$ 138,692	\$ 143,770
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 102,655	\$ 119,129	\$ 130,499	\$ 137,854
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 55,190	\$ 31,051	\$ 12,352	\$ 36,152
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 157,845	\$ 150,180	\$ 142,851	\$ 174,006
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 14.82	\$ 14.90	\$ 14.95	\$ 15.08
Earnings (losses) per share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.44

(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)	For the three months ended			
	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2020
Investment income	\$ 204,732	\$ 190,242	\$ 187,059	\$ 221,254
Net expenses	\$ 58,476	\$ 61,080	\$ 59,622	\$ 106,653
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 146,256	\$ 129,162	\$ 127,437	\$ 114,601
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (458,846)	\$ 174,457	\$ 88,610	\$ 66,063
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ (312,590)	\$ 303,619	\$ 216,047	\$ 180,664
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 14.09	\$ 14.52	\$ 14.67	\$ 14.74
Earnings (losses) per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.79)	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.46

Income Taxes, Including Excise Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and we intend to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we must, among other things, distribute to our shareholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we, among other things, intend to make the requisite distributions to our shareholders, which generally relieves us from U.S. federal income taxes at corporate rates.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, we will accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 we recorded U.S. federal income tax expense/(benefit) of \$5.8 million, \$4.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, including U.S. federal excise tax expense/(benefit) of \$0.6 million, \$21.6 thousand and \$(0.1) million, respectively.

Certain of our consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, we recorded a current tax expense of \$5.2 million, \$4.0 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. The income tax expense for our taxable consolidated subsidiaries will vary depending on the level of investment income earnings and realized gains from the exits of investments held by such taxable subsidiaries during the respective periods.

Net Unrealized Gains (Losses)

We fair value our portfolio investments quarterly and any changes in fair value are recorded as unrealized gains or losses. During the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, net unrealized gains (losses) were comprised of the following:

(\$ in millions)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$ (88.4)	\$ 192.4	\$ (76.9)
Income tax (provision) benefit	(4.0)	(8.6)	(3.7)
Net change in translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(2.1)	(4.0)	4.6
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	\$ (94.5)	\$ 179.8	\$ (76.0)

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the net unrealized loss was primarily driven by a decrease in the fair value of our debt investments as compared to December 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the fair value of our debt investments as a percentage of principal was 97.0%, as compared to 98.2% as of December 31, 2021. The primary driver of our portfolio's unrealized loss was due to current market conditions. The ten largest contributors to the change in net unrealized gain (loss) on investments during the year ended December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Portfolio Company (\$ in millions)	Net Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 50.2
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	27.4
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC ⁽¹⁾	23.3
Windows Entities	14.5
Remaining Portfolio Companies	(72.8)
Walker Edison Furniture Company LLC	(35.0)
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC) ⁽¹⁾	(27.2)
H-Food Holdings, LLC	(21.4)
ConAir Holdings LLC	(17.6)
Valence Surface Technologies LLC	(15.5)
Nutraceutical International Corporation	(14.3)
Total	\$ (88.4)

(1) Portfolio company is controlled, affiliated investment.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the net unrealized gain was primarily driven by an increase in the fair value of our debt investments as compared to December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2021, the fair value of our debt investments as a percentage of principal was 98.2% as compared to 97.3% as of December 31, 2020. The primary driver of our portfolio's net unrealized gain was due to the continued improvement of market conditions following the disruption seen in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The ten largest contributors to the change in net unrealized gain (loss) on investments during the year ended December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

Portfolio Company (\$ in millions)	Net Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC(1)	\$ 44.1
Windows Entities	32.6
Aviation Solutions Midco, LLC (dba STS Aviation)	14.9
CIBT Global, Inc.	13.9
Innovative Water Care Global Corporation	9.5
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC	9.1
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC	6.6
Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc.	6.5
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(1)	6.1
Remaining Portfolio Companies	64.6
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)	(15.5)
Total	\$ 192.4

Net Realized Gains (Losses)

The realized gains and losses on fully exited and partially exited portfolio companies during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were comprised of the following:

(\$ in millions)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	\$ 5.1	\$ (46.3)	\$ (51.4)
Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions	(1.0)	1.3	(2.4)
Net realized gain (loss)	\$ 4.1	\$ (45.0)	\$ (53.8)

Realized Gross Internal Rate of Return

Since we began investing in 2016 through December 31, 2022, our exited investments have resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized gross internal rate of return to us of over 10% (based on total capital invested of \$8.3 billion and total proceeds from these exited investments of \$9.8 billion). Over sixty percent of these exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized gross internal rate of return (“IRR”) to us of 10% or greater.

IRR, is a measure of our discounted cash flows (inflows and outflows). Specifically, IRR is the discount rate at which the net present value of all cash flows is equal to zero. That is, IRR is the discount rate at which the present value of total capital invested in each of our investments is equal to the present value of all realized returns from that investment. Our IRR calculations are unaudited.

Capital invested, with respect to an investment, represents the aggregate cost basis allocable to the realized or unrealized portion of the investment, net of any upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of the investment.

Realized returns, with respect to an investment, represents the total cash received with respect to each investment, including all amortization payments, interest, dividends, prepayment fees, upfront fees (except upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of an investment), administrative fees, agent fees, amendment fees, accrued interest, and other fees and proceeds.

Gross IRR, with respect to an investment, is calculated based on the dates that we invested capital and dates we received distributions, regardless of when we made distributions to our shareholders. Initial investments are assumed to occur at time zero.

Gross IRR reflects historical results relating to our past performance and is not necessarily indicative of our future results. In addition, gross IRR does not reflect the effect of management fees, expenses, incentive fees or taxes borne, or to be borne, by us or our shareholders, and would be lower if it did.

Aggregate cash flow realized gross IRR on our exited investments reflects only invested and realized cash amounts as described above, and does not reflect any unrealized gains or losses in our portfolio.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital resources are generated primarily from cash flows from interest, dividends and fees earned from our investments and principal repayments, our credit facilities, debt securitization transactions, and other secured and unsecured debt. We may also generate cash flow from operations, future borrowings and future offerings of securities including public and/or private issuances of debt and/or equity securities through both registered offerings off of our shelf registration statement and private offerings. The primary uses of our cash are (i) investments in portfolio companies and other investments and to comply with certain portfolio diversification requirements, (ii) the cost of operations (including paying or reimbursing our Adviser), (iii) debt service, repayment and other financing costs of any borrowings and (iv) cash distributions to the holders of our shares.

We may from time to time enter into additional credit facilities, increase the size of our existing credit facilities, enter into additional debt securitization transactions, or issue additional debt securities. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock, if immediately after the borrowing or issuance, the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 150%. Our current target ratio is 0.90x-1.25x. As of December 31, 2022, our weighted average cost of debt was 3.7%.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, our asset coverage ratio was 179% and 182%, respectively. We seek to carefully consider our unfunded commitments for the purpose of planning our ongoing financial leverage. Further, we maintain sufficient borrowing capacity within the 150% asset coverage limitation to cover any outstanding unfunded commitments we are required to fund.

Cash and restricted cash as of December 31, 2022, taken together with our available debt, is expected to be sufficient for our investing activities and to conduct our operations in the near term. As of December 31, 2022, we had \$1.4 billion available under our credit facilities.

Our long-term cash needs will include principal payments on outstanding indebtedness and funding of additional portfolio investments. Funding for long-term cash needs will come from unused net proceeds from financing activities. We believe that our liquidity and sources of capital are adequate to satisfy our short and long-term cash requirements. We cannot, however, be certain that these sources of funds will be available at a time and upon terms acceptable to us in sufficient amounts in the future.

As of December 31, 2022, we had \$445.1 million in cash and restricted cash. During the year ended December 31, 2022, \$217.3 million in cash was provided by operating activities, primarily as a result of sell downs and repayments of \$1.9 billion and other operating activity of \$423.8 million partially offset by funding portfolio investments of \$2.1 billion. Lastly, cash used in financing activities was \$219.3 million during the period, which was primarily the result of distributions paid of \$488.4 million, debt issuance costs of \$15.4 million and repurchases of common stock of \$26.0 million, offset by net borrowings of \$310.5 million.

Equity

Equity Issuances

There were no sales of our common stock during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Distributions

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Date Declared	December 31, 2022		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023	\$ 0.33
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	\$ 0.03
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 13, 2022	\$ 0.31

During certain periods, our distributions may exceed our earnings. As a result, it is possible that a portion of the distributions we make may represent a return of capital. A return of capital generally is a return of a shareholder's investment rather than a return of earnings or gains derived from our investment activities. Each year, a statement on Form 1099-DIV identifying the tax character of the distributions will be mailed to our shareholders. The tax character of the distributions are not determined until our taxable year end.

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Date Declared	December 31, 2021		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 2, 2021	December 31, 2021	January 31, 2022	\$ 0.31
August 3, 2021	September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	\$ 0.31
May 5, 2021	June 30, 2021	August 13, 2021	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2021	March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021	\$ 0.31

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2020:

Date Declared	December 31, 2020		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 3, 2020	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	\$ 0.08
August 4, 2020	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	\$ 0.08
May 5, 2020	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	\$ 0.08
February 19, 2020	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	\$ 0.08

Dividend Reinvestment

Pursuant to our second amended and restated dividend reinvestment plan, we will reinvest all cash distributions declared by the Board on behalf of our shareholders who do not elect to receive their distribution in cash as provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our shareholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock as described below, rather than receiving the cash dividend or other distribution. Any fractional share otherwise issuable to a participant in the dividend reinvestment plan will instead be paid in cash.

If newly issued shares are used to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the cash dividend or distribution payable to a shareholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange on the payment date of a distribution, or if no sale is reported for such day, the average of the reported bid and ask prices. However, if the market price per share on the payment date of a cash dividend or distribution exceeds the most recently computed net asset value per share, we will issue shares at the greater of (i) the most recently computed net asset value per share and (ii) 95% of the current market price per share (or such lesser discount to the current market price per share that still exceeded the most recently computed net asset value per share). For example, if the most recently computed net asset value per share is \$15.00 and the market price on the payment date of a cash dividend is \$16.00 per share, we will issue shares at \$15.20 per share (95% of the current market price). If the most recently computed net asset value per share is \$15.00 and the market price on the payment date of a cash dividend is \$15.50 per share, we will issue shares at \$15.00 per share, as net asset value is greater than 95% (\$14.73 per share) of the current market price. Pursuant to our second amended and restated dividend reinvestment plan, if shares are purchased in the open market to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder shall be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the cash dividend payable to such shareholder by the weighted average price per share for all shares purchased by the plan administrator in the open market in connection with the dividend. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

The following table reflects the shares distributed pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	51,018 ⁽¹⁾
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	616,214 ⁽¹⁾
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	886,113 ⁽¹⁾
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 15, 2022	830,764 ⁽¹⁾
November 2, 2021	December 31, 2021	January 31, 2022	814,084

(1) Shares purchased in the open market in order to satisfy dividends reinvested under our dividend reinvestment program.

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
August 3, 2021	September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	800,451
May 5, 2021	June 30, 2021	August 13, 2021	935,064
February 23, 2021	March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021	815,703
November 4, 2020	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	1,435,099

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2020:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
August 4, 2020	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	1,738,817
May 5, 2020	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	3,541,285
February 19, 2020	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	2,249,543
October 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	January 31, 2020	2,823,048

Stock Repurchase Programs

On November 3, 2020, the Board approved the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program (the “2020 Stock Repurchase Program”) under which we were authorized to repurchase up to \$100 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the program, purchases were made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. On November 2, 2021, the Board approved an extension to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program and on November 2, 2022, the 2020 Repurchase Program ended in accordance with its terms. As of December 31, 2021, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, had repurchased 186,150 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$2.6 million. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 944,076 shares of our common stock pursuant to the Repurchase Plan for approximately \$12.6 million.

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock by Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Program for each month in the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022 (through its expiration):

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2021 - January 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
February 1, 2021 - February 28, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
March 1, 2021 - March 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
April 1, 2021 - April 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
May 1, 2021 - May 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
June 1, 2021 - June 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
July 1, 2021 - July 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
August 1, 2021 - August 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
September 1, 2021 - September 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
October 1, 2021 - October 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
November 1, 2021 - November 30, 2021	22,900	\$ 13.92	\$ 0.3	\$ 99.7
December 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	163,250	\$ 14.00	\$ 2.3	\$ 97.4
Total	186,150		\$ 2.6	

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2022 - January 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
February 1, 2022 - February 28, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
March 1, 2022 - March 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
April 1, 2022 - April 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
May 1, 2022 - May 31, 2022	757,926	\$ 13.21	\$ 10.0	\$ 87.4
June 1, 2022 - June 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
July 1, 2022 - July 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
August 1, 2022 - August 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
September 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
October 1, 2022 - October 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
	757,926		\$ 10.0	

On November 1, 2022, the Board approved a repurchase program (the “2022 Stock Repurchase Program”) under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program will terminate 18-months from the date it was approved. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 1,346,326 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2022 Repurchase Plan for approximately \$15.9 million.

The following table provides information regarding purchases of our common stock by Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program for each month in the year ended December 31, 2022 since its inception:

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 150.0
December 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	1,346,326	\$ 11.84	\$ 15.9	\$ 134.1
Total	1,346,326		\$ 15.9	

Debt

Aggregate Borrowings

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022			
	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)
Revolving Credit Facility(3)(5)	\$ 1,855,000	\$ 557,144	\$ 1,253,057	\$ 542,453
SPV Asset Facility II	350,000	250,000	100,000	245,368
SPV Asset Facility III	250,000	250,000	—	249,372
CLO I	390,000	390,000	—	387,321
CLO II	260,000	260,000	—	257,206
CLO III	260,000	260,000	—	258,145
CLO IV	292,500	292,500	—	287,777
CLO V	509,625	509,625	—	506,792
CLO VI	260,000	260,000	—	258,271
CLO VII	239,150	239,150	—	237,155
2024 Notes(4)	400,000	400,000	—	384,851
2025 Notes	425,000	425,000	—	421,242
July 2025 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	495,347
2026 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	493,162
July 2026 Notes	1,000,000	1,000,000	—	982,993
2027 Notes(4)	500,000	500,000	—	438,332
2028 Notes	850,000	850,000	—	835,957
Total Debt	\$ 8,841,275	\$ 7,443,419	\$ 1,353,057	\$ 7,281,744

(1) The amount available reflects any collateral related limitations at the Company level related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, CLO VII, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$14.7 million, \$4.6 million, \$0.6 million, \$2.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$4.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.7 million, \$2.0 million, \$2.9 million, \$3.8 million, \$4.7 million, \$6.8 million, \$17.0 million, \$7.9 million and \$14.0 million respectively.

(3) Includes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(4) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.

(5) The amount available is reduced by \$44.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.

December 31, 2021

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2021			
	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)
Revolving Credit Facility(3)(5)	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 892,313	\$ 707,370	\$ 879,943
SPV Asset Facility II	350,000	100,000	250,000	95,668
SPV Asset Facility III	500,000	190,000	310,000	188,979
SPV Asset Facility IV	250,000	155,000	95,000	152,727
CLO I	390,000	390,000	—	386,989
CLO II	260,000	260,000	—	256,942
CLO III	260,000	260,000	—	257,937
CLO IV	292,500	292,500	—	287,342
CLO V	196,000	196,000	—	194,167
CLO VI	260,000	260,000	—	258,093
2024 Notes(4)	400,000	400,000	—	406,481
2025 Notes	425,000	425,000	—	419,674
July 2025 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	493,637
2026 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	491,085
July 2026 Notes	1,000,000	1,000,000	—	978,537
2027 Notes(4)	500,000	500,000	—	497,537
2028 Notes	850,000	850,000	—	833,588
Total Debt	\$ 8,588,500	\$ 7,170,813	\$ 1,362,370	\$ 7,079,326

- (1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.
- (2) The carrying value of our Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, SPV Asset Facility IV, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$12.4 million, \$4.3 million, \$1.0 million, \$2.2 million, \$3.0 million, \$3.1 million, \$2.1 million, \$5.2 million, \$1.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$5.0 million, \$5.3 million, \$6.4 million, \$8.9 million, \$21.5 million, \$9.7 million and \$16.4 million respectively.
- (3) Includes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.
- (4) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.
- (5) The amount available is reduced by \$55.3 million of outstanding letters of credit.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the components of interest expense were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest expense	\$ 273,134	\$ 192,652	\$ 136,387
Amortization of debt issuance costs	30,076	25,721	17,178
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on effective interest rate swaps and hedged items ⁽¹⁾	4,329	759	(626)
Total Interest Expense	\$ 307,539	\$ 219,132	\$ 152,939
Average interest rate	3.7 %	3.0 %	3.5 %
Average daily borrowings	\$ 7,254,857	\$ 6,329,332	\$ 3,815,270

- (1) Refer to "ITEM 1. – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt – 2023 Notes, 2024 Notes and 2027 Notes" for details on each facility's interest rate swap.

Credit Facilities

Our credit facilities contain customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by us of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events, and customary events of default (with customary cure and notice provisions).

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 26, 2022, we entered into an Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement (the “Revolving Credit Facility”), which amends and restates in its entirety that certain Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2017 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified prior to August 26, 2022). The parties to the Revolving Credit Facility include us, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (each a “Revolving Credit Lender” and collectively, the “Revolving Credit Lenders”) and Truist Bank, as Administrative Agent.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of ours in existence as of the closing date of the Revolving Credit Facility, and will be guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of ours that are formed or acquired by us in the future (collectively, the “Guarantors”). Proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The maximum principal amount of the Revolving Credit Facility is \$1.855 billion, subject to availability under the borrowing base, which is based on the our portfolio investments and other outstanding indebtedness. Maximum capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased to \$2.7825 billion through our exercise of an uncommitted accordion feature through which existing and new lenders may, at their option, agree to provide additional financing. The Revolving Credit Facility includes a \$200 million limit for swingline loans and is secured by a perfected first-priority interest in substantially all of the portfolio investments held by us and each Guarantor, subject to certain exceptions.

The availability period under the Revolving Credit Facility will terminate on March 31, 2023, with respect to \$60 million of commitments, September 3, 2024, with respect to \$15 million of commitments (together, the “Non-Extending Commitments”), and on August 26, 2026, with respect to the remaining commitments (such remaining commitments, the “Extending Commitments”) (together, the “Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date”). The Revolving Credit Facility will mature on April 2, 2024 with respect to \$60 million of commitments, September 3, 2025, with respect to \$15 million of commitments, and on August 26, 2027, with respect to the remaining commitments (together, the “Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date”). During the period from the earliest Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date to the final Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date, we will be obligated to make mandatory prepayments under the Revolving Credit Facility out of the proceeds of certain asset sales and other recovery events and equity and debt issuances.

We may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Extending Commitments in U.S. dollars will bear interest at either (i) term SOFR plus any applicable credit adjustment spread plus margin of either 1.875% per annum or, if the gross borrowing base is greater than or equal to the product of 1.60 and the combined debt amount, 1.75% per annum or (ii) the alternative base rate plus margin of either 0.875% per annum or, if the gross borrowing base is greater than or equal to the product of 1.60 and the combined debt amount, 0.75% per annum. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Non-Extending Commitments in U.S. Dollars will bear interest at either (i) term SOFR plus any applicable credit adjustment spread plus margin of 2.00% per annum or (ii) the alternative base rate plus margin of 1.00% per annum. With respect to loans denominated in U.S. dollars, we may elect either term SOFR or the alternative base rate at the time of drawdown, and such loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time at our option, subject to certain conditions. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Extending Commitments in other permitted currencies will bear interest at the relevant rate specified therein (including any applicable credit adjustment spread) plus margin of either 1.875% per annum or, if the gross borrowing base is greater than or equal to the product of 1.60 and the combined debt amount, 1.75% per annum. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Non-Extending Commitments in other permitted currencies will bear interest at the relevant rate specified therein (including any applicable credit adjustment spread) plus margin of 2.00% per annum. We will also pay a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by us of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events and certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and other maintenance covenants, as well as customary events of default. The Revolving Credit Facility requires a minimum asset coverage ratio with respect to the consolidated assets of us and our subsidiaries to senior securities that constitute indebtedness of no less than 1.50 to 1.00 at any time. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

SPV Asset Facilities

Certain of our wholly owned subsidiaries are parties to credit facilities (the “SPV Asset Facilities”). Pursuant to the SPV Asset Facilities, we sell and contribute certain investments to these wholly owned subsidiaries pursuant to sale and contribution agreements by and between us and the wholly owned subsidiaries. No gain or loss is recognized as a result of these contributions. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facilities are used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by the wholly owned subsidiary,

including the purchase of such assets from us. We retain a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired to the wholly owned subsidiary through our ownership of the wholly owned subsidiary.

The SPV Asset Facilities are secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of these wholly owned subsidiaries and on any payments received by such wholly owned subsidiaries in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to lenders under the SPV Asset Facilities will not be available to pay our debts.

The SPV Asset Facilities contain customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by us of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events, and customary events of default (with customary cure and notice provisions).

SPV Asset Facility I

On December 21, 2017 (the “SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date”), ORCC Financing LLC (“ORCC Financing”), a Delaware limited liability company and our subsidiary, entered into a Loan and Servicing Agreement (as amended, the “SPV Asset Facility I”), with ORCC Financing as Borrower, us as Transferor and Servicer, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the “SPV Asset Facility I Lenders”), Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc. as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Collateral Custodian.

From time to time, we sold and contributed certain investments to ORCC Financing pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between us and ORCC Financing. No gain or loss was recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility I were used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing, including the purchase of such assets from us. We retained a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing through its ownership of ORCC Financing. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I was \$400 million; the availability of this amount was subject to a borrowing base test, which was based on the value of ORCC Financing’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including certain concentration limits.

The SPV Asset Facility I provided for the ability to draw and redraw amounts under the SPV Asset Facility I for a period of up to three years after the SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date (the “SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date”). The SPV Asset Facility I was terminated on June 2, 2020 (the “SPV Asset Facility I Termination Date”). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility I Termination Date, proceeds received by ORCC Financing from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets were required to be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility I Termination Date, ORCC Financing repaid in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings.

Amounts drawn bore interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.25% until the six-month anniversary of the SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date, increasing to 2.50% thereafter, until the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date. We predominantly borrowed utilizing LIBOR rate loans, generally electing one-month LIBOR upon borrowing. After a ramp-up period, there was an unused fee of 0.75% per annum on the amount, if any, by which the undrawn amount under the SPV Asset Facility I exceeded 25% of the maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I. The SPV Asset Facility I contained customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility I was secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing and on any payments received by ORCC Financing in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility I Lenders were not available to pay our debts. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

SPV Asset Facility II

On May 22, 2018, our subsidiary, ORCC Financing II LLC (“ORCC Financing II”), a Delaware limited liability company and our subsidiary, entered into a Credit Agreement (as amended, the “SPV Asset Facility II”), with ORCC Financing II, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the “SPV Asset Facility II Lenders”), Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian. The parties to the SPV Asset Facility II have entered into various amendments, including to admit new lenders, increase or decrease the maximum principal amount available under the facility, extend the availability period and maturity date, change the interest rate and make various other changes. The following describes the terms of SPV Asset Facility II amended through March 25, 2022 (the “SPV Asset Facility II Seventh Amendment Date”).

From time to time, we sell and contribute certain investments to ORCC Financing II pursuant to a sale and contribution agreement by and between us and ORCC Financing II. No gain or loss will be recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility II will be used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing II, including the purchase of such assets. We retain a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing II through our ownership of ORCC Financing II. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility II as of the SPV Asset Facility II Seventh Amendment Date is \$350 million (which includes terms loans of \$100 million and revolving commitments of \$250 million); the availability of this amount is subject to an overcollateralization ratio test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing II’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an interest coverage ratio test, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility II provides for the ability to (1) draw term loans and (2) draw and redraw revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility II through April 22, 2023, unless the revolving commitments are terminated or converted to term loans sooner as provided in the SPV Asset Facility II (the "SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date"). Unless otherwise terminated, the SPV Asset Facility II will mature on December 22, 2029 (the "SPV Asset Facility II Stated Maturity"). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility II Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing II from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility II Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing II must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us.

With respect to revolving loans, amounts drawn bear interest at Term SOFR (or, in the case of certain lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of their cost of funds and Term SOFR plus 0.40%) plus a spread that steps up from 2.30% to 2.55% during the period March 25, 2022, to the date on which the reinvestment period ends. With respect to term loans, amounts drawn bear interest at Term SOFR (or, in the case of certain lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of their cost of funds and Term SOFR plus 0.40%) plus a spread that steps up from 2.30% to 2.55% during the same period. From March 25, 2022 to the SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date, there is a commitment fee ranging from 0.50% to 0.625% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility II. The SPV Asset Facility II contains customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing II, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility II is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing II and on any payments received by ORCC Financing II in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility II Lenders will not be available to pay our debts. For further details, see "ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt."

SPV Asset Facility III

On December 14, 2018 (the "SPV Asset Facility III Closing Date"), ORCC Financing III LLC ("ORCC Financing III"), a Delaware limited liability company and our newly formed subsidiary, entered into a Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement (the "SPV Asset Facility III"), with ORCC Financing III, as borrower, ourselves, as equity holder and services provider, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the "SPV Asset Facility III Lenders"), Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian. The parties to the SPV Asset Facility III have entered into various amendments, including those relating to the undrawn fee and make-whole fee and definition of "Change of Control." The following describes the terms of SPV Asset Facility III as amended through May 3, 2022.

From time to time, we expect to sell and contribute certain loan assets to ORCC Financing III pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between us and ORCC Financing III. No gain or loss will be recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility III will be used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing III, including the purchase of such assets us. We retain a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing III through its ownership of ORCC Financing III. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility III is \$250 million; the availability of this amount is subject to a borrowing base test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing III's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including interest spread and weighted average coupon tests, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility III provides for the ability to borrow, reborrow, repay and prepay advances under the SPV Asset Facility III until June 14, 2023 unless such period is extended or accelerated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III (the "SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period"). Unless otherwise extended, accelerated or terminated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III, the SPV Asset Facility III will mature on the date that is two years after the last day of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period (the "SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity"). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing III from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to us, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing III must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to us.

Amounts drawn bear interest at term SOFR (or, in the case of certain SPV Asset Facility III Lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of (a) their cost of funds and (b) term SOFR, such term SOFR not to be lower than zero) plus a spread equal to 2.20% per annum, which spread will increase (a) on and after the end of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period by 0.15% per annum if no event of default has occurred and (b) by 2.00% per annum upon the occurrence of an event of default (such spread, the “Applicable Margin”) term SOFR may be replaced as a base rate under certain circumstances. We predominantly borrow utilizing SOFR rate loans, generally electing one-month SOFR upon borrowing. During the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period, ORCC Financing III will pay an undrawn fee ranging from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility III. During the Revolving Period, if the undrawn commitments are in excess of a certain portion (initially 20% and increasing in stages to 75%) of the total commitments under the SPV Asset Facility III, ORCC Financing III will also pay a make-whole fee equal to the Applicable Margin multiplied by such excess undrawn commitment amount, reduced by the undrawn fee payable on such excess. The SPV Asset Facility III contains customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing III, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility III is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing III and on any payments received by ORCC Financing III in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility III Lenders will not be available to pay our debts. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

SPV Asset Facility IV

On August 2, 2019 (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Closing Date”), ORCC Financing IV LLC (“ORCC Financing IV”), a Delaware limited liability company and our newly formed subsidiary, entered into a Credit Agreement (the “SPV Asset Facility IV”), with ORCC Financing IV, as borrower, Société Générale, as initial Lender and as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator and Custodian, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian and the lenders from time to time party thereto pursuant to Assignment and Assumption Agreements (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Lenders”).

On March 11, 2022 (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Amendment Date”), the parties to the SPV Asset Facility IV amended the SPV Asset Facility IV to extend the reinvestment period from April 1, 2022 until October 3, 2022 and the stated maturity from April 1, 2030 to October 1, 2030. The amendment also changed the applicable interest rate from LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 2.15% during the reinvestment period and LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 2.40% after the reinvestment period to term SOFR plus an applicable margin of 2.30% during the reinvestment period and term SOFR plus an applicable margin of 2.55% after the reinvestment period.

From time to time, we sold and contributed certain investments to ORCC Financing IV pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between us and ORCC Financing IV. No gain or loss was recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility IV were used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing IV, including the purchase of such assets from us. We retained a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing IV through our ownership of ORCC Financing IV. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility IV was \$250 million; the availability of this amount was subject to an overcollateralization ratio test, which was based on the value of ORCC Financing IV’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an interest coverage ratio test, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility IV provided for the ability to (1) draw term loans and (2) draw and redraw revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility IV until the last day of the reinvestment period unless the revolving commitments are terminated or converted to term loans sooner as provided in the SPV Asset Facility IV (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Commitment Termination Date”). The SPV Asset Facility IV was terminated on October 3, 2022 (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date”). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date, proceeds received by ORCC Financing IV from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets were required to be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to us, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date, ORCC Financing IV repaid in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings.

From the SPV Asset Facility IV Closing Date to the SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date, there was a commitment fee ranging from 0.50% to 0.75% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility IV. The SPV Asset Facility IV contained customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing IV, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility IV was secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing IV and on any

payments received by ORCC Financing IV in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility IV Lenders were not available to pay our debts. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

CLOs

CLO I

On May 28, 2019 (the “CLO I Closing Date”), we completed a \$596 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO I Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO I Transaction and the secured loan borrowed in the CLO I Transaction were issued and incurred, as applicable, by our consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO I Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO I, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO I Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO I Issuer, the “CLO I Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO I Issuer.

In the CLO I Transaction the CLO I Issuers (A) issued the following notes pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO I Closing Date (the “CLO I Indenture”), by and among the CLO I Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$242 million of AAA(sf) Class A Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.80%, (ii) \$30 million of AAA(sf) Class A-F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.165%, and (iii) \$68 million of AA(sf) Class B Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.70% (together, the “CLO I Notes”) and (B) borrowed \$50 million under floating rate loans (the “Class A Loans” and together with the CLO I Notes, the “CLO I Debt”), which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.80%, under a credit agreement (the “CLO I Credit Agreement”), dated as of the CLO I Closing Date, by and among the CLO I Issuers, as borrowers, various financial institutions, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent. The Class A Loans may be exchanged by the lenders for Class A Notes at any time, subject to certain conditions under the CLO I Credit Agreement and the CLO I Indenture. The CLO I Debt is scheduled to mature on May 20, 2031. The CLO I Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas, LLC and SG Americas Securities, LLC.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO I Notes and the borrowing under the Class A Loans, the CLO I Issuer issued approximately \$206.1 million of subordinated securities in the form of 206,106 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO I Preferred Shares”). The CLO I Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO I Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO I Debt. We own all of the CLO I Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. We act as retention holder in connection with the CLO I Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO I Preferred Shares.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO I Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO I Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO I Issuers’ equity or notes that we own.

The CLO I Debt is secured by all of the assets of the CLO I Issuer, which will consist primarily of middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans, and related rights and the cash proceeds thereof. As part of the CLO I Transaction, we and ORCC Financing II LLC sold and contributed approximately \$575 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO I Issuer on the CLO I Closing Date. Such loans constituted the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO I Debt. We and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO I Issuer regarding such sales and contributions under a loan sale agreement.

Through May 20, 2023, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO I Issuer from the loans securing the CLO I Debt may be used by the CLO I Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser as the collateral manager for the CLO I Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO I Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO I Issuers, and the CLO I Indenture and the CLO I Credit Agreement include customary covenants and events of default. Assets pledged to holders of the CLO I Debt and the other secured parties under the CLO I Indenture will not be available to pay our debts.

The CLO I Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The CLO I Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

CLO II

On December 12, 2019 (the “CLO II Closing Date”), we completed a \$396.6 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO II Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO II Transaction were issued by our consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO II Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO II Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO II Issuer, the “CLO II Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO II Issuer.

The CLO II Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO II Closing Date (the “CLO II Indenture”), by and among the CLO II Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$157 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1L Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.75%, (ii) \$40 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 3.44%, (iii) \$20 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.20%, (iv) \$40 million of AA(sf) Class B-L Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.75% and (v) \$3 million of AA(sf) Class B-F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.46% (together, the “CLO II Debt”). The CLO II Debt was scheduled to mature on January 20, 2031. The CLO II Debt was privately placed by Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.

The CLO II Debt was redeemed in the CLO II Refinancing, described below.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO II Debt, the CLO II Issuer issued approximately \$136.6 million of subordinated securities in the form of 136,600 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO II Preferred Shares”). The CLO II Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO II Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO II Debt. We purchased all of the CLO II Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. We acted as retention holder in connection with the CLO II Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such was required to retain a portion of the CLO II Preferred Shares.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO II Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO II Issuers’ equity or notes that we own.

The CLO II Debt was secured by all of the assets of the CLO II Issuer, which will consist primarily of middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans, and related rights and the cash proceeds thereof. As part of the CLO II Transaction, we and ORCC Financing III LLC sold and contributed approximately \$400 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO II Issuer on the CLO II Closing Date. Such loans constituted the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO II Debt. We and ORCC Financing III LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO II Issuer regarding such sales and contributions under a loan sale agreement.

Through January 20, 2022, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO II Issuer from the loans securing the CLO II Debt could be used by the CLO II Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser as the collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer and in accordance with the our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO II Debt was the secured obligation of the CLO II Issuers, and the CLO II Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. Assets pledged to holders of the CLO II Debt and the other secured parties under the CLO II Indenture were not available to pay our debts.

The CLO II Debt was offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The CLO II Debt has not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws (e.g., blue sky) and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable.

CLO II Refinancing

On April 9, 2021 (the “CLO II Refinancing Date”), we completed a \$398.1 million term debt securitization refinancing (the “CLO II Refinancing”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation refinancing, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO II Refinancing were issued by the CLO II Issuer and the CLO II Co-Issuer and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO II Issuer.

The CLO II Refinancing was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes pursuant to the CLO II Indenture, as supplemented by the supplemental indenture dated as of the CLO II Refinancing Date (the “CLO II Refinancing Indenture”), by and among the CLO II Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$204 million of AAA(sf) Class A-LR Notes, which bear

interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.55%, (ii) \$20 million of AAA(sf) Class A-FR Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.48% and (iii) \$36 million of AA(sf) Class B-R Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.90% (together, the “CLO II Refinancing Debt”). The CLO II Refinancing Debt is secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO II Issuer. The CLO II Refinancing Debt is scheduled to mature on April 20, 2033. The CLO II Refinancing Debt was privately placed by Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO II Refinancing Debt. The proceeds from the CLO II Refinancing were used to redeem in full the classes of notes issued on the CLO II Closing Date.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO II Refinancing Debt, the CLO II Issuer issued 1,500 additional shares of CLO II Preferred Shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares”) resulting in a total outstanding number of CLO II Preferred Shares of 138,100 (\$138.1 million total issue price). The CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO II Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO II Refinancing Debt. We purchased all of the CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares. We act as retention holder in connection with the CLO II Refinancing for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO II Preferred Shares. The proceeds from the CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares were used to pay certain expenses incurred in connection with the CLO II Refinancing.

Through April 20, 2025, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO II Issuer from the loans securing the CLO II Refinancing Debt may be used by the CLO II Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO II Refinancing Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO II Issuers, and the CLO II Refinancing Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO II Refinancing Debt has not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO II Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO II Issuers’ equity or notes that we own. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

CLO III

On March 26, 2020 (the “CLO III Closing Date”), we completed a \$395.31 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO III Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO III Transaction were issued by our consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO III, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO III Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO III, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO III Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO III Issuer, the “CLO III Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO III Issuer.

The CLO III Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO III Closing Date (the “CLO III Indenture”), by and among the CLO III Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$166 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1L Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.80%, (ii) \$40 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.75%, (iii) \$20 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.00%, and (iv) \$34 million of AA(sf) Class B Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.45% (together, the “CLO III Debt”). The CLO III Debt is scheduled to mature on April 20, 2032. The CLO III Debt was privately placed by SG Americas Securities, LLC. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO III Debt.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO III Debt, the CLO III Issuer issued approximately \$135.31 million of subordinated securities in the form of 135,310 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO III Preferred Shares”). The CLO III Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO III Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO III Debt. We own all of the CLO III Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. We act as retention holder in connection with the CLO III Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO III Preferred Shares.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO III Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO III Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO III Issuers' equity or notes that we own.

The CLO III Debt is secured by all of the assets of the CLO III Issuer, which will consist primarily of middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans, and related rights and the cash proceeds thereof. As part of the CLO III Transaction, we and ORCC Financing IV LLC sold and contributed approximately \$400 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO III Issuer on the CLO III Closing Date. Such loans constituted the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO III Debt. Us and ORCC Financing IV LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO III Issuer regarding such sales and contributions under a loan sale agreement.

Through April 20, 2024, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO III Issuer from the loans securing the CLO III Debt may be used by the CLO III Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser as the collateral manager for the CLO III Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO III Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO III Issuers, and the CLO III Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. Assets pledged to holders of the CLO III Debt and the other secured parties under the CLO III Indenture will not be available to pay our debts.

The CLO III Debt was offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The CLO III Debt has not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws (e.g., "blue sky") and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable. For further details, see "ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt."

CLO IV

On May 28, 2020 (the "CLO IV Closing Date"), we completed a \$438.9 million term debt securitization transaction (the "CLO IV Transaction"), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO IV Transaction were issued by our consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the "CLO IV Issuer"), and Owl Rock CLO IV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "CLO IV Co-Issuer" and together with the CLO IV Issuer, the "CLO IV Issuers") and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO IV Issuer.

The CLO IV Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO IV Closing Date (the "CLO IV Indenture"), by and among the CLO IV Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$236.5 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.62% and (ii) \$15.5 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 3.40% (together, the "CLO IV Secured Notes"). The CLO IV Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO IV Issuer. The CLO IV Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on May 20, 2029. The CLO IV Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC.

The CLO IV Secured Notes were redeemed in the CLO IV Refinancing, described below.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO IV Secured Notes, the CLO IV Issuer issued approximately \$186.9 million of subordinated securities in the form of 186,900 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO IV Preferred Shares"). The CLO IV Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO IV Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO IV Secured Notes. We own all of the outstanding CLO IV Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. We acted as retention holder in connection with the CLO IV Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such was required to retain a portion of the CLO IV Preferred Shares while the CLO IV Secured Notes were outstanding.

As part of the CLO IV Transaction, we entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO IV Issuer dated as of the CLO IV Closing Date, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$275.07 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO IV Issuer on the CLO IV Closing Date and for future sales to the CLO IV Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO IV Secured Notes. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO IV Secured Notes consisted of approximately \$174.92 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO IV Issuer from ORCC Financing II LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO IV Closing Date between the Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC. We and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through November 20, 2021, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO IV Issuer from the loans securing the CLO IV Secured Notes could be used by the CLO IV Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO IV Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO IV Secured Notes were the secured obligation of the CLO IV Issuers, and the CLO IV Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO IV Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration. Assets pledged to the holders of the CLO IV Secured Notes were not available to pay our debts.

CLO IV Refinancing

On July 9, 2021 (the “CLO IV Refinancing Date”), we completed a \$440.5 million term debt securitization refinancing (the “CLO IV Refinancing”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation refinancing, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO IV Refinancing were issued by the CLO IV Issuer and the CLO IV Co-Issuer and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO IV Issuer.

The CLO IV Refinancing was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes pursuant to the CLO IV Indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indenture dated as of the CLO IV Refinancing Date (the “CLO IV Refinancing Indenture”), by and among the CLO IV Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$252 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1-R Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.60% and (ii) \$40.5 million of AA(sf) Class A-2-R Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.90% (together, the “CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes”). The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO IV Issuer. The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on August 20, 2033. The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes. The proceeds from the CLO IV Refinancing were used to redeem in full the classes of notes issued on the CLO IV Closing Date, to redeem a portion of the preferred shares of the CLO IV Issuer as described below and to pay expenses incurred in connection with the CLO IV Refinancing.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes, the CLO IV Issuer redeemed 38,900 preferred shares we held at a total redemption price of \$38.9 million (\$1,000 per preferred share). We retain the 148,000 CLO IV Preferred Shares that remain outstanding and that we acquired on the CLO IV Closing Date. The CLO IV Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO IV Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes. We act as retention holder in connection with the CLO IV Refinancing for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the Preferred Shares.

Through August 20, 2025, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO IV Issuer from the loans securing the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes may be used by the CLO IV Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO IV Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes are the secured obligation of the CLO IV Issuers, and the CLO IV Refinancing Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO IV Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO IV Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO IV Issuers’ equity or notes we own. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

CLO V

On November 20, 2020 (the “CLO V Closing Date”), we completed a \$345.45 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO V Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO V Transaction were issued by our consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO V Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO V, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO V Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO V Issuer, the “CLO V Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO V Issuer.

The CLO V Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO V Closing Date (the “CLO V Indenture”), by and among the CLO V Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$182 million of AAA(sf)/AAAsf Class A-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.85% and (ii) \$14 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.20% (together, the “CLO V Secured Notes”). The CLO V Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO V Issuer. The CLO V Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on November 20, 2029. The CLO V Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC.

The CLO V Secured Notes were redeemed in the CLO V refinancing, described below.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO V Secured Notes, the CLO V Issuer issued approximately \$149.45 million of subordinated securities in the form of 149,450 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO V Preferred Shares”). The CLO V Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO V Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO V Secured Notes. We own all of the outstanding CLO V Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. We acted as retention holder in connection with the CLO V Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such was required to retain a portion of the CLO V Preferred Shares, while the CLO V Secured Notes were outstanding.

As part of the CLO V Transaction, we entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO V Issuer dated as of the CLO V Closing Date, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$201.75 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO V Issuer on the CLO V Closing Date and for future sales to the CLO V Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO V Secured Notes. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO V Secured Notes consisted of approximately \$84.74 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO V Issuer from ORCC Financing II LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO V Closing Date between the Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC. We and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through July 20, 2022, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO V Issuer from the loans securing the CLO V Secured Notes could be used by the CLO V Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO V Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO V Secured Notes were the secured obligation of the CLO V Issuers, and the CLO V Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO V Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration. Assets pledged to the holders of the CLO IV Secured Notes were not available to pay the debts of the Company.

CLO V Refinancing

On April 20, 2022 (the “CLO V Refinancing Date”), we completed a \$669.2 million term debt securitization refinancing (the “CLO V Refinancing”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation refinancing, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO V Refinancing were issued by the CLO V Co-Issuer, as Issuer (the “CLO V Refinancing Issuer”), and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO V Refinancing Issuer.

The CLO V Refinancing was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes pursuant to the CLO V Indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indenture dated as of the CLO V Refinancing Date (the “CLO V Refinancing Indenture”), by and among the CLO V Refinancing Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$354.4 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1R Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark, as defined in the CLO V Refinancing Indenture, plus 1.78%, (ii) \$30.4 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2R Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark plus 1.95%, (iii) \$49.0 million of AA(sf) Class B-1 Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark plus 2.20%, (iv) \$5.0 million of AA(sf) Class B-2 Notes, which bear interest at 4.25%, (v) \$31.5 million of A(sf) Class C-1 Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark plus 3.15% and (vi) \$39.4 million of A(sf) Class C-2 Notes, which bear interest at 5.10% (together, the “CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes”). The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the Issuer. The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on April 20, 2034. The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC. The proceeds from the CLO V Refinancing were used to redeem in full the classes of notes issued on the CLO V Closing Date and to pay expenses incurred in connection with the CLO V Refinancing.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes, the CLO V Issuer issued approximately \$10.2 million of additional subordinated securities, for a total of \$159.6 million of subordinated securities in the form of 159,620 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share. The CLO V Preferred Shares are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes. We act as retention holder in connection with the CLO V Refinancing for the purposes of satisfying

certain U.S., European Union and United Kingdom regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO V Preferred Shares.

On the CLO V Closing Date, the CLO V Issuer entered into a loan sale agreement with us, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$201.8 million par amount of middle market loans from us to the CLO V Issuer on the CLO V Closing Date and for future sales from us to the CLO V Issuer on an ongoing basis. As part of the CLO V Refinancing, we and the CLO V Refinancing Issuer, as the successor to the CLO V Issuer, entered into an amended and restated loan sale agreement with us dated as of the CLO V Refinancing Date, pursuant to which the CLO V Refinancing Issuer assumed all ongoing obligations of the CLO V Issuer under the original agreement and we sold and contributed approximately \$275.67 million par amount middle market loans to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer on the CLO V Refinancing Date and provides for future sales from us to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the portfolio of assets securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes. A portion of the portfolio assets securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes consists of middle market loans purchased by the CLO V Issuer from ORCC Financing II LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO V Closing Date between the CLO V Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC and which the CLO V Refinancing Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC amended and restated on the CLO V Refinancing Date in connection with the refinancing. We and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through April 20, 2026, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO V Issuer from the loans securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes may be used by the Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO V Refinancing Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes are the secured obligation of the CLO V Refinancing Issuer, and the CLO V Refinancing Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO V Refinancing Issuer under an amended and restated collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO V Refinancing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer’s equity or notes owned by us. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

CLO VI

On May 5, 2021 (the “CLO VI Closing Date”), we completed a \$397.78 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO VI Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO VI Transaction were issued by our consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO VI, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO VI Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO VI, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO VI Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO VI Issuer, the “CLO VI Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO VI Issuer.

The CLO VI Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO VI Closing Date (the “CLO VI Indenture”), by and among the CLO VI Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$ 224 million of AAA(sf) Class A Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.45%, (ii) \$26 million of AA(sf) Class B-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.75% and (iii) \$10 million of AA(sf) Class B-F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.83% (together, the “CLO VI Secured Notes”). The CLO VI Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO VI Issuer. The CLO VI Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on June 21, 2032. The CLO VI Secured Notes are privately placed by SG Americas Securities, LLC. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO VI Secured Notes.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO VI Secured Notes, the CLO VI Issuer issued approximately \$137.78 million of subordinated securities in the form of 137,775 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO VI Preferred Shares”). The CLO VI Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO VI Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO VI Secured Notes. We purchased all of the CLO VI Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. We will act as retention holder in connection with the CLO VI Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S., United Kingdom and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO VI Preferred Shares.

As part of the CLO VI Transaction, we entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO VI Issuer dated as of the CLO VI Closing Date, which provides for the sale and contribution of approximately \$205.6 million par amount of middle market loans from us to the CLO VI Issuer on the CLO VI Closing Date and for future sales from us to the CLO VI Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constitute part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO VI Secured Notes. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO VI Secured Notes consists of approximately \$164.7 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO VI Issuer from ORCC Financing IV LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary of ours, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO VI Closing Date between the Issuer and ORCC Financing IV LLC. We and ORCC Financing IV LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO VI Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through June 20, 2024, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO VI Issuer from the loans securing the CLO VI Secured Notes may be used by the CLO VI Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO VI Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The Secured Notes are the secured obligation of the CLO VI Issuers, and the CLO VI Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO VI Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO VI Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO VI Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO VI Issuers’ equity or notes that we own. For further details, see “*ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.*”

CLO VII

On July 26, 2022 (the “CLO VII Closing Date”), we completed a \$350.47 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO VII Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by us. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO VII Transaction and the secured loan borrowed in the CLO VII Transaction were issued and incurred, as applicable, by the our consolidated subsidiary Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC, a limited liability organized under the laws of the State of Delaware (the “CLO VII Issuer”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO VII Issuer.

The CLO VII Transaction was executed by (A) the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date (the “CLO VII Indenture”), by and among the CLO VII Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$48 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month term SOFR plus 2.10%, (ii) \$24 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at 5.00%, (iii) \$6 million of AA(sf) Class B-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month term SOFR plus 2.85% and (iv) \$26.15 million of AA(sf) Class B-2 Notes, which bear interest at 5.71% and (v) \$10 million of A(sf) Class C Notes, which bear interest at 6.86% (together, the “CLO VII Secured Notes”) and (B) the borrowing by the CLO VII Issuer of \$75 million under floating rate Class A-L1 loans (the “CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans”) and \$50 million under floating rate Class A-L2 loans (the “CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans”) and together with the CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans and the CLO VII Secured Notes, the “CLO VII Debt”). The CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans and the CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans bear interest at three-month term SOFR plus 2.10%. The CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans were borrowed under a credit agreement (the “CLO VII A-L1 Credit Agreement”), dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date, by and among the CLO VII Issuer, as borrower, various financial institutions, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent and the CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans were borrowed under a credit agreement (the “CLO VII A-L2 Credit Agreement”), dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date, by and among the CLO VII Issuer, as borrower, various financial institutions, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent. The CLO VII Debt is secured by middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO VII Issuer. The CLO VII Debt is scheduled to mature on July 20, 2033. The CLO VII Secured Notes were privately placed by SG Americas Securities, LLC as Initial Purchaser.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO VII Secured Notes and the borrowing under the CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans and CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans, the CLO VII Issuer issued approximately \$111.32 million of subordinated securities in the form of 111,320 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO VII Preferred Shares”). The CLO VII Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO VII Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO VII Debt. We purchased all of the CLO VII Preferred Shares. We act as retention holder in connection with the CLO VII Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO VII Preferred Shares.

As part of the CLO VII Transaction, we entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO VII Issuer dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$255.548 million par amount of middle market loans from us to the CLO VII Issuer on the CLO VII Closing Date and for future sales from us to the CLO VII Issuer on an ongoing basis.

Such loans constituted part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO VII Debt. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO VII Debt consisted of approximately \$93.313 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO VII Issuer from ORCC Financing IV LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of us, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO VII Closing Date between the CLO VII Issuer and ORCC Financing IV LLC. We and ORCC Financing IV LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO VII Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through July 20, 2025, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO VII Issuer from the loans securing the CLO VII Debt may be used by the CLO VII Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC (“ORCA”), our investment advisor, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO VII Issuer and in accordance with our investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO VII Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO VII Issuer, and the CLO VII Indenture, the CLO VII A-L1 Credit Agreement and the CLO VII A-L2 Credit Agreement each include customary covenants and events of default. The CLO VII Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser will serve as collateral manager for the CLO VII Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, between the Adviser and us will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO VII Issuer’s equity or notes owned by us.

Unsecured Notes

2023 Notes

On December 21, 2017, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement governing the issuance of \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes (the “2023 Notes”) to institutional investors in a private placement. The issuance of \$138.5 million of the 2023 Notes occurred on December 21, 2017, and \$11.5 million of the 2023 Notes were issued in January 2018. The 2023 Notes had a fixed interest rate of 4.75% and were due on June 21, 2023. Interest on the 2023 Notes was due and ranked semiannually. This interest rate was subject to increase (up to a maximum interest rate of 5.50%) in the event that, subject to certain exceptions, the 2023 Notes ceased to have an investment grade rating. We were obligated to offer to repay the 2023 Notes at par if certain change in control events occur. The 2023 Notes were our general unsecured obligations and ranked pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us.

The Note Purchase Agreement for the 2023 Notes contained customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Code, minimum shareholders equity, minimum asset coverage ratio and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at us or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness of us or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The 2023 Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

In connection with the offering of the 2023 Notes, on December 21, 2017, we entered into a centrally cleared interest rate swap. The notional amount of the interest rate swap was \$150 million. We received fixed rate interest semi-annually at 4.75% and paid variable rate interest monthly based on 1-month LIBOR plus 2.545%. The interest rate swap matured on December 21, 2021, and therefore, for the year ended December 31, 2022, we did not make any periodic payments. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, we made periodic payments of \$4.0 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. The interest expense related to the 2023 Notes was equally offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities or prepaid expenses and other assets on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the 2023 Notes, with the remaining difference included as a component of interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

On November 23, 2021, we caused notice to be issued to the holders of the 2023 Notes regarding our exercise of the option to redeem in full all \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon through, but excluding, the redemption date, December 23, 2021. On December 23, 2021, we redeemed in full all \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon through, but excluding, December 23, 2021. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

2024 Notes

On April 10, 2019, we issued \$400 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on April 15, 2024 (the “2024 Notes”). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.25% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on October 15, 2019. We may redeem some or all of the 2024 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2024 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2024 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any 2024 Notes on or after March 15, 2024 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2024 Notes), the redemption price for the 2024 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2024 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

In connection with the issuance of the 2024 Notes, on April 10, 2019 we entered into centrally cleared interest rate swaps. The notional amount of the interest rate swaps is \$400 million. We will receive fixed rate interest at 5.25% and pay variable rate interest based on one-month LIBOR plus 2.937%. The interest rate swaps mature on April 10, 2024. For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 we made periodic payments of \$5.6 million, \$8.7 million and \$19.3 million, respectively. The interest expense related to the 2024 Notes is equally offset by the proceeds received from the interest rate swaps. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(13.1) million and \$12.0 million, respectively. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities or prepaid expenses and other assets on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the 2024 Notes, with the remaining difference included as a component of interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

2025 Notes

On October 8, 2019, we issued \$425 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on March 30, 2025 (the “2025 Notes”). The 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.00% per year, payable semi-annually on March 30 and September 30 of each year, commencing on March 30, 2020. We may redeem some or all of the 2025 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2025 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2025 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 40 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any 2025 Notes on or after February 28, 2025 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2025 Notes), the redemption price for the 2025 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2025 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

July 2025 Notes

On January 22, 2020, we issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on July 22, 2025 (the “July 2025 Notes”). The July 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year, payable semi-annually on January 22 and July 22, of each year, commencing on July 22, 2020. We may redeem some or all of the July 2025 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the July 2025 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the July 2025 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 35 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any July 2025 Notes on or after June 22, 2025 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2025 Notes), the redemption price for the July 2025 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the July 2025 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

2026 Notes

On July 23, 2020, we issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on January 15, 2026 (the “2026 Notes”). The 2026 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.25% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on January 15, 2021. We may redeem some or all of the 2026 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2026 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2026 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any 2026 Notes on or after December, 15 2025 (the date falling one month

prior to the maturity date of the 2026 Notes), the redemption price for the 2026 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2026 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

July 2026 Notes

On December 8, 2020, we issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on July 15, 2026 (the “July 2026 Notes”). The July 2026 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.40% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on July 15, 2021. We may redeem some or all of the July 2026 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the July 2026 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the July 2026 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any July 2026 Notes on or after June 15, 2026 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the July 2026 Notes), the redemption price for the July 2026 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the July 2026 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

2027 Notes

On April 26, 2021, we issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on January 15, 2027 (the “2027 Notes”). The 2027 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.625% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, of each year, commencing on July 15, 2021. We may redeem some or all of the 2027 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2027 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 30 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any 2027 Notes on or after December 15, 2026 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2027 Notes), the redemption price for the 2027 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

In connection with the issuance of the 2027 Notes, on April 26, 2021 we entered into centrally cleared interest rate swaps. The notional amount of the interest rate swaps is \$500 million. We will receive fixed rate interest at 2.625% and pay variable rate interest based on one-month LIBOR plus 1.655%. The interest rate swaps mature on January 15, 2027. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, we made periodic payments of \$3.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. The interest expense related to the 2027 Notes is equally offset by the proceeds received from the interest rate swaps. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(56.4) million and \$7.6 million, respectively. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities or prepaid expenses and other assets on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the 2027 Notes, with the remaining difference included as a component of interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

2028 Notes

On June 11, 2021, we issued \$450 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on June 11, 2028 and on August 17, 2021, we issued an additional \$400 million aggregate principal amount of our 2.875% notes due 2028 (together, the “2028 Notes”). The 2028 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.875% per year, payable semi-annually on June 11 and December 11, of each year, commencing on December 11, 2021. We may redeem some or all of the 2028 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2028 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2028 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 30 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if we redeem any 2028 Notes on or after April 11, 2028 (the date falling two months prior to the maturity date of the 2028 Notes), the redemption price for the 2028 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2028 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption. For further details, see “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 6. Debt.”

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, we may enter into commitments to fund investments. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, we had the following outstanding commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)			
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	\$ 2,193	\$ 3,893
AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC	LLC Interest	45,000	—
AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC	LLC Interest	43,432	—
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	354	—
Accela, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,000	3,000
Alera Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	417
AmeriLife Holdings LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	61	—
AmeriLife Holdings LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	91	—
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,388	10,665
Anaplan, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,722	—
Apex Group Treasury, LLC	Second lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	25,147
Apex Service Partners, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	19	—
Apptio, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,112	1,667
AramSCO, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,703	8,378
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC	First lien senior secured GBP delayed draw term loan	—	11,038
Armstrong Bidco Limited (dba The Access Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	273	—
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	565	471
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	45,792	—
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	32,923	32,923
AxiomSL Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	8,331	8,331
AxiomSL Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	18,227	18,227
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,607	6,913
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	28,014	28,014
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,855	11,855
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8,036	2,339
Blend Labs, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,500	7,500
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	29,054	29,054
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8,716	8,716
Brightway Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,158	3,158
Centrifry Corporation	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	6,817
CivicPlus, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	6,673
CivicPlus, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,698	1,335
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,719	9,849
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,998	3,556
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,080	1,080
Dodge Data & Analytics LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	1,888
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,447	3,936
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e-Emphasys)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	455	455

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	44	11,200
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	10,709	10,709
Forescout Technologies, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	48,750	—
Forescout Technologies, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5,345	5,345
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	13	1,347
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	400	462
Fullsteam Operations, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,987	—
Gainsight, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,357	3,357
Galls, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	17,192	20,468
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	13,202	13,202
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	21,563	21,563
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	614
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	332	369
Global Music Rights, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	667	667
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,111	1,111
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	79	793
Granicus, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	1,006
Granicus, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	789	1,187
Guidehouse Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	351
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.À R.L (dba Checkmarx)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	16,250	16,250
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	18,685	20,916
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,824	49,359
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,520	7,031
Hissho Sushi Merger Sub LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	56	—
Hometown Food Company	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,388	4,235
Ideal Image Development, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,463	—
Ideal Image Development, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,829	—
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,536	3,927
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,384	1,987
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	250	—
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	83	—
Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	6,890
BradyIFS Holdings, LLC (fka Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	21,567	20,609
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	18,988	18,988
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	14,832	14,832
Intelrad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	1,607
Interoperability Bidco, Inc. (dba Lyniate)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,522	4,000
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	22,672
Kaseya Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,134	—
Kaseya Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,134	—
KPSKY Acquisition, Inc. (dba BluSky)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	256
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,980	8,700
Lazer Spot Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Lazer Spot GB Holdings, Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	26,833	26,833

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	4,880	—
Mario Midco Holdings, Inc. (dba Len the Plumber)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,381	—
Lignetics Investment Corp.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,922	3,922
Lignetics Investment Corp.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,882	3,922
Litera Bidco LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	5,176
Litera Bidco LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,160	5,738
Medline Borrower, LP	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,190	7,190
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	9,850
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	13,361	15,536
Milan Laser Holdings LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,078	2,078
MINDBODY, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,071	6,071
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	226	226
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	34	68
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	3,980
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	171	6,322
Natural Partners, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	68	—
Nelipak Holding Company	First lien senior secured USD revolving loan	6,299	4,288
Nelipak Holding Company	First lien senior secured EUR revolving loan	4,481	7,518
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,077	4,073
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,652	1,652
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	12,273	2,761
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	6,385	15,962
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,981	7,981
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,897	13,533
Ole Smoky Distillery, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	116	—
Pacific BidCo Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,436	—
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	10,637	13,538
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	8,695
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,161	6,161
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	176	—
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	76	—
Ping Identity Holding Corp.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	91	—
Pluralsight, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,118	6,235
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	110	—
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	49	—
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,188	3,188
QAD, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,429	3,429
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,159	2,650
Quva Pharma, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,080	4,000
Reef Global Acquisition LLC (fka Cheese Acquisition, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	5,377
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	797
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	6,897

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Relativity ODA LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,333	7,333
SailPoint Technologies Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,358	—
Securonix, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	153	—
SimpliSafe Holding Corporation	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	772	—
Smarsh Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	95	—
Smarsh Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	48	—
Sonny's Enterprises LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	17,969	15,402
Spotless Brands, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,305	—
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	175	—
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	46	—
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	6,228	10,230
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	Letter of Credit	7,118	7,118
Tahoe Finco, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,244	9,244
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	7,685
Tamarack Intermediate, L.L.C. (dba Verisk 3E)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	116	—
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	308	308
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	141	154
The Shade Store, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	655	909
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8,608	8,608
The NPD Group, L.P.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,329	—
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	7,018	10,965
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,522	3,838
Troon Golf, L.L.C.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	21,622	21,621
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,335	4,724
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	33	—
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP	First lien senior secured revolving loan	88	—
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,239	4,168
Valence Surface Technologies LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	49	49
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,072	1,340
When I Work, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	925	925
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC	LLC interest	35,855	51,962
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	14,829
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,219	13,444
Zendesk, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	17,352	—
Zendesk, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,145	—
Total Unfunded Portfolio Company Commitments		\$ 926,091	\$ 963,808

We seek to carefully consider our unfunded portfolio company commitments for the purpose of planning our ongoing financial leverage. Further, we consider any outstanding unfunded portfolio company commitments we are required to fund within the 150% asset coverage limitation. As of December 31, 2022, we believed we had adequate financial resources to satisfy the unfunded portfolio company commitments.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

On November 3, 2020, our Board approved a repurchase program (the “2020 Repurchase Program”) under which we were authorized to repurchase up to \$100 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2020 Repurchase Program, purchases were made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. On November 2, 2021, the Board approved an extension to the 2020 Repurchase Program, and on November 2, 2022, the 2020 Repurchase Program ended in accordance with its terms. As of December 31, 2021, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, had repurchased 186,150 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2020 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$2.6 million. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 944,076 shares of our common stock pursuant to the 2020 Repurchase Plan for approximately \$12.6 million.

On November 1, 2022, the Board approved a repurchase program (the “2022 Repurchase Program”) under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program will terminate 18-months from the date it was approved. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 1,346,326 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$15.9 million.

From time to time, we may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. At December 31, 2022, we were not aware of any material pending or threatened litigation that would require accounting recognition or financial statement disclosure.

Contractual Obligations

A summary of our contractual payment obligations under our credit facilities as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	After 5 years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 1,855.0	\$ —	\$ 75.0	1,780.0	—
SPV Asset Facility II	350.0	—	—	—	350.0
SPV Asset Facility III	250.0	—	250.0	—	—
CLO I	390.0	—	—	—	390.0
CLO II	260.0	—	—	—	260.0
CLO III	260.0	—	—	—	260.0
CLO IV	292.5	—	—	—	292.5
CLO V	509.6	—	—	—	509.6
CLO VI	260.0	—	—	—	260.0
CLO VII	239.2	—	—	—	239.2
2024 Notes	400.0	—	400.0	—	—
2025 Notes	425.0	—	425.0	—	—
July 2025 Notes	500.0	—	500.0	—	—
2026 Notes	500.0	—	—	500.0	—
July 2026 Notes	1,000.0	—	—	1,000.0	—
2027 Notes	500.0	—	—	500.0	—
2028 Notes	850.0	—	—	—	850.0
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 8,841.3	\$ —	\$ 1,650.0	\$ 3,780.0	\$ 3,411.3

Related-Party Transactions

We have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

- the Investment Advisory Agreement;
- the Administration Agreement; and
- the License Agreement.

In addition to the aforementioned agreements, we, our Adviser and certain of our Adviser’s affiliates have been granted exemptive relief by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates, in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. See “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for further details.

We invest in Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo, Fifth Season and ORCC SLF, controlled affiliated investments, as defined in the 1940 Act. See “ITEM 1. – Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for further details.

We invest in LSI Financing, a non-controlled affiliated investment, as defined in the 1940 Act. See “ITEM 1. –Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements – Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for further details.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ. Our critical accounting policies should be read in connection with our risk factors as described in “ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.”

Investments at Fair Value

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees, if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act was recently adopted by the SEC and establishes requirements for determining fair value in good faith for purposes of the 1940 Act. The Company complied with the mandatory provisions of Rule 2a-5 by the September 2022 compliance date. Additionally, commencing with the fourth quarter of 2022, pursuant to Rule 2a-5, the Board designated the Adviser as the Company's valuation designee to perform fair value determinations relating to the value of assets held by the Company for which market quotations are not readily available.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at the average bid price of those market quotations. To validate market quotations, we utilize a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our Adviser, as the valuation designee, based on, among other things, independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of our Adviser.

As part of the valuation process, our Adviser, as the valuation designee takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of our investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (i.e., the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

Our Adviser, as the valuation designee, undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- With respect to investments for which market quotations are readily available, those investments will typically be valued at the average bid price of those market quotations;
- With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, the valuation process begins with the independent valuation firm(s) providing a preliminary valuation of each investment to the Adviser's valuation committee;
- Preliminary valuation conclusions are documented and discussed with the Adviser's valuation committee;
- Our Adviser, as the valuation designee, reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment;
- Each quarter, our Adviser, as the valuation designee, provides the Audit Committee a summary or description of material fair value matters that occurred in the prior quarter and on an annual basis, our Adviser, as the valuation designee, will provide the Audit Committee with a written assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of its fair value process; and
- The Audit Committee oversee the valuation designee and will report to the Board on any valuation matters requiring the Board's attention.

We conduct this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

We apply ASC 820, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, we consider its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access.
- Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurred. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, we apply the valuation policy approved by our Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, our Adviser, as the valuation designee, evaluates the source of the inputs, including any markets in which our investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When an investment is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), our Adviser, as the valuation designee, subjects those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, our Adviser, as the valuation designee, or the independent valuation firm(s), review pricing support provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

Rule 18f-4 was recently adopted by the SEC, and requires BDCs that use derivatives to, among other things, comply with a value-at-risk leverage limit, adopt a derivatives risk management program, and implement certain testing and board reporting procedures. Rule 18f-4 exempts BDCs that qualify as “limited derivatives users” from the aforementioned requirements, provided that these BDCs adopt written policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to manage the BDC’s derivatives risks and comply with certain recordkeeping requirements. The Company currently qualifies as a “limited derivatives user” and expects to continue to do so. The Company adopted a derivatives policy by Rule 18f-4’s August 2022 compliance date, and complies with the recordkeeping requirements.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and includes amortization and accretion of discounts or premiums. Certain investments may have contractual payment-in-kind (“PIK”) interest or dividends. PIK interest or dividends represent accrued interest or dividends that are added to the principal amount of the investment on the respective interest or dividend payment dates rather than being paid in cash and generally becomes due at maturity or at the occurrence of a liquidation event. Discounts to par value on securities purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective yield method. Premiums to par value on securities purchased are amortized to first call date. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization or accretion of discounts or premiums, if any. Upon prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment premiums, unamortized upfront loan origination fees and unamortized discounts are recorded as interest income in the current period.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management’s judgment regarding collectability. If at any point we believe PIK interest is not expected to be realized, the investment generating PIK interest will be placed on non-accrual status. When a PIK investment is placed on non-accrual status, the accrued, uncapitalized interest or dividends are generally reversed

through interest income. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may make exceptions to this treatment and determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

Distributions

We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and qualify annually thereafter, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. To obtain and maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we must distribute (or be deemed to distribute) in each taxable year distributions for tax purposes equal to at least 90 percent of the sum of our:

- investment company taxable income (which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses), determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid, for such taxable year; and
- net tax-exempt interest income (which is the excess of our gross tax-exempt interest income over certain disallowed deductions) for such taxable year.

As a RIC, we (but not our shareholders) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal tax on investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to our shareholders.

We intend to distribute annually all or substantially all of such income. To the extent that we retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, we generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at corporate rates. We can be expected to carry forward our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions, and pay the U.S. federal excise tax as described below.

Amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax payable by us. We may be subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax if we do not distribute (or are treated as distributing) during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income excluding certain ordinary gains or losses for that calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of that calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in the manner necessary to minimize imposition of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax, sufficient amounts of our taxable income and capital gains may not be distributed and as a result, in such cases, the excise tax will be imposed. In such an event, we will be liable for this tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our shareholders out of assets legally available for distribution. All distributions will be paid at the discretion of our Board and will depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our tax treatment as a RIC, compliance with applicable BDC regulations and such other factors as our Board may deem relevant from time to time.

To the extent our current taxable earnings for a year fall below the total amount of our distributions for that year, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our shareholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our shareholders may be the original capital invested by the shareholder rather than our income or gains. Shareholders should read written disclosure carefully and should not assume that the source of any distribution is our ordinary income or gains.

We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our common shareholders. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend or other distribution, each shareholder that has not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash distributions. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. We have also elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code beginning with the taxable year ending December 31, 2016 and intend to continue to qualify as a RIC. So long as we maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we generally will not pay U.S. federal income taxes at corporate rates on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute at least annually to our shareholders as distributions. Rather, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by us represents obligations of our investors and will not be reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. In addition, to qualify for RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our “investment company taxable income” for that year, which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of our realized net short-term capital gains over our realized net long-term capital losses. In order for us to not be subject to U.S. federal excise taxes, we must distribute annually an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of our net ordinary income (taking into account certain deferrals and elections) for the calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year and (iii) any net ordinary income and capital gains in excess of capital losses for preceding years that were not distributed during such years. We, at our discretion, may carry forward taxable income in excess of calendar year dividends and pay a 4% nondeductible U.S. excise tax on this income.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries of ours are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes.

We evaluate tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our consolidated financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are “more-likely-than-not” to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the “more-likely-than-not” threshold are reserved and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. There were no material uncertain tax positions through December 31, 2022. The 2019 through 2021 tax years remain subject to examination by the IRS, and generally years 2018 through 2021 remain subject to examination by state and local tax authorities.

Recent Developments

As of February 17, 2023, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 2,868,514 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$34.5 million at an average price of \$12.05 per share.

On February 21, 2023, the Board declared a first quarter dividend of \$0.33 per share for stockholders of record as of March 31, 2023, payable on or before April 14, 2023 and a fourth quarter supplemental dividend of \$0.04 per share for stockholders of record as of March 3, 2023, payable on or before March 17, 2023. The supplemental dividend is calculated as 50% of net investment income in excess of our regular dividend, subject to certain measurement tests and rounded to the nearest penny.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are subject to financial market risks, including valuation risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and inflation and supply chain risk.

Valuation Risk

We have invested, and plan to continue to invest, primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities of private companies. Most of our investments will not have a readily available market price, and we value these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by the Adviser, as our valuation designee, based on, among other things, the input of independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Adviser, as our valuation designee, and in accordance with our valuation policy. There is no single standard for determining fair value. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates. We intend to fund portions of our investments with borrowings, and at such time, our net investment income will be affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

In a prolonged low interest rate environment, the difference between the total interest income earned on interest earning assets and the total interest expense incurred on interest bearing liabilities may be compressed, reducing our net income and potentially adversely affecting our operating results. Conversely, in a rising interest rate environment, such difference could potentially increase thereby increasing our net income as indicated per the table below.

As of December 31, 2022, 98.3% of our debt investments based on fair value were floating rates. Additionally, the weighted average floor, based on fair value, of our debt investments was 0.8% and the majority of our debt investments have a floor of 1.0%. The Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II and SPV Asset Facility III bear interest at variable interest rates with no interest rate floor. The 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes, and 2028 Notes bear interest at fixed rates. The 2024 Notes and 2027 Notes are hedged against interest rate swaps instruments. CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI and CLO VII bear interest at both fixed and variable rates.

Based on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of December 31, 2022, the following table shows the annualized impact on net income of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates on our debt investments (considering interest rate floors for floating rate instruments) assuming each floating rate investment is subject to 3-month reference rate election and there are no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(\$ in millions)	Interest Income	Interest Expense ⁽¹⁾	Net Income ⁽²⁾
Up 300 basis points	\$ 345,984	\$ 118,917	\$ 227,067
Up 200 basis points	230,656	79,278	151,378
Up 100 basis points	115,328	39,639	75,689
Up 50 basis points	57,664	19,819	37,845
Down 50 basis points	(57,664)	(19,819)	(37,845)
Down 100 basis points	(115,328)	(39,639)	(75,689)

(1) Includes the impact of our interest rate swaps as a result of interest rate changes.

(2) Excludes the impact of income based fees. See "ITEM 1. — Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions" of our consolidated financial statements for more information on the income based fees.

We may in the future hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as additional interest rate swaps, futures, options, and forward contracts. While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Currency Risk

From time to time, we may make investments that are denominated in a foreign currency. These investments are translated into U.S. dollars at each balance sheet date, exposing us to movements in foreign exchange rates. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us. We may seek to utilize instruments such as, but not limited to, forward contracts to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates. We also have the ability to borrow in certain foreign currencies under our credit facilities. Instead of entering into a foreign currency forward contract in connection with loans or other investments we have made that are denominated in a foreign currency, we may borrow in that currency to establish a natural hedge against our loan or investment. To the extent the loan or investment is based on a floating rate other than a rate under which we can borrow under our credit facilities, we may seek to utilize interest rate derivatives to hedge our exposure to changes in the associated rate.

Inflation and Supply Chain Risk

Economic activity has continued to accelerate across sectors and regions. Nevertheless, due to global supply chain issues, geopolitical events, a rise in energy prices and strong consumer demand, inflation is showing signs of acceleration in the United States and globally. Inflation is likely to continue in the near to medium-term, particularly in the United States, with the possibility that monetary policy may tighten in response. Persistent inflationary pressures could affect our portfolio companies profit margins.

Item 8. Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors
Owl Rock Capital Corporation:

Opinions on the Consolidated Financial Statements and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations, changes in its net assets, and its cash flows for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2022, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022 based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Such procedures also included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, by correspondence with custodians, portfolio companies, agents, or by other appropriate auditing procedures. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Fair value of investments

As discussed in Notes 2 and 5 to the consolidated financial statements, substantially all of the Company's investments are not publicly traded and there is no readily determinable market value. As a result, the Company measures substantially all of its investments using unobservable inputs and assumptions. As of December 31, 2022, total investments at fair value was \$13.0 billion.

We identified the evaluation of the fair value of investments that are not publicly traded and have no readily determinable market value as a critical audit matter. Evaluation of the Company's valuation assumptions involved a high degree of auditor judgment. Specifically, subjective auditor judgment was required to evaluate market yields for investments with similar terms and risk profiles used in yield analyses for debt and other interest-bearing investments and comparable financial performance multiples used in determining enterprise values. Changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on the fair value of investments.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the valuation of investments process. This included controls related to the development of the market yield and financial performance multiple assumptions used in the Company's valuations. We evaluated the Company's ability to estimate fair value by comparing a selection of prior period fair values to the prices of transactions occurring subsequent to the prior period valuation date. For a selection of investments, we compared data used by the Company in developing such assumptions to relevant underlying documentation, including portfolio company financial information. We involved valuation professionals with specialized skills and knowledge who, for a selection of the Company's investments, assisted by developing an estimate of fair value using independent market yields and financial performance multiples that were developed using relevant market and portfolio company financial information and comparing such estimates to the fair values recorded by the Company for the respective investments.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2016.

New York, New York
February 22, 2023

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Investments at fair value		
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$12,133,062 and \$12,073,126, respectively)	\$ 12,010,369	\$ 12,124,860
Non-controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$6,224 and \$—, respectively)	6,175	—
Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$906,846, and \$575,427, respectively)	993,801	616,780
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$13,046,132 and \$12,648,553, respectively)	13,010,345	12,741,640
Cash (restricted cash of \$96,420 and \$21,481, respectively)	444,278	431,442
Foreign cash (cost of \$809 and \$16,096, respectively)	809	15,703
Interest receivable	108,085	81,716
Receivable from a controlled affiliate	17,709	3,953
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,627	23,716
Total Assets	\$ 13,584,853	\$ 13,298,170
Liabilities		
Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$95,647 and \$110,239, respectively)	\$ 7,281,744	\$ 7,079,326
Distribution payable	129,517	122,068
Management fee payable	47,583	46,770
Incentive fee payable	34,462	29,242
Payables to affiliates	6,351	5,802
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	202,793	77,085
Total Liabilities	7,702,450	7,360,293
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Net Assets		
Common shares \$0.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized; 392,476,687 and 393,766,855 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	3,925	3,938
Additional paid-in-capital	5,970,674	5,990,360
Accumulated undistributed (overdistributed) earnings	(92,196)	(56,421)
Total Net Assets	5,882,403	5,937,877
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 13,584,853	\$ 13,298,170
Net Asset Value Per Share	\$ 14.99	15.08

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Investment Income			
Investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments:			
Interest income	\$ 931,870	\$ 887,753	\$ 732,309
Payment-in-kind interest income ⁽¹⁾	113,256	53,185	36,408
Dividend income	52,422	28,052	10,409
Other income	18,514	25,845	14,736
Total investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	1,116,062	994,835	793,862
Investment income from controlled, affiliated investments:			
Interest income	8,206	5,531	327
Dividend income	77,047	20,394	9,063
Other Income	689	643	35
Total investment income from controlled, affiliated investments	85,942	26,568	9,425
Total Investment Income	1,202,004	1,021,403	803,287
Expenses			
Interest expense	307,539	219,132	152,939
Management fees	188,755	178,472	144,448
Performance based incentive fees	118,091	103,968	93,892
Professional fees	14,709	15,071	14,654
Directors' fees	1,092	1,021	849
Other general and administrative	9,290	9,593	7,936
Total Operating Expenses	639,476	527,257	414,718
Management and incentive fees waived	—	—	(130,906)
Total Operating Expenses	639,476	527,257	283,812
Net Investment Income (Loss) Before Taxes	562,528	494,146	519,475
Income tax expense (benefit)	5,810	4,009	2,019
Net Investment Income (Loss) After Taxes	\$ 556,718	\$ 490,137	\$ 517,456
Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)			
Net change in unrealized gain (loss):			
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	\$ (133,980)	\$ 148,300	\$ (75,039)
Non-controlled, affiliated investments	(49)	—	—
Controlled, affiliated investments	45,602	44,081	(1,913)
Translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(2,118)	(3,953)	4,634
Income tax (provision) benefit	(3,964)	(8,604)	(3,686)
Total Net Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(94,509)	179,824	(76,004)
Net realized gain (loss):			
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	5,171	(46,332)	(51,376)
Foreign currency transactions	(1,025)	1,253	(2,336)
Total Net Realized Gain (Loss)	4,146	(45,079)	(53,712)
Total Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss)	(90,363)	134,745	(129,716)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 466,355	\$ 624,882	\$ 387,740
Earnings Per Share - Basic and Diluted	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.00
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding - Basic and Diluted	394,006,852	392,297,907	388,645,561

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2020, interest income and payment-in-kind interest income were reported in aggregate as interest income.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Schedule of Investments
As of December 31, 2022
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments							
Debt Investments							
Advertising and media							
Global Music Rights, LLC(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2028	\$ 7,425	\$ 7,300	\$ 7,425	0.1 %
Global Music Rights, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/27/2027	—	(10)	—	— %
The NPD Group, L.P.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	6.25% (incl. S + 2.75% PIK)	12/1/2028	23,717	23,252	23,243	0.4 %
The NPD Group, L.P.(10)(14)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	12/1/2027	181	153	151	— %
				31,323	30,695	30,819	0.5 %
Aerospace and defense							
Aviation Solutions Mideco, LLC (dba STS Aviation)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	1/3/2025	212,678	211,054	205,233	3.5 %
Peraton Corp.(6)(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/1/2029	46,113	45,539	43,691	0.7 %
Valence Surface Technologies LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	7.75% (incl. S + 3.88% PIK)	6/30/2025	128,074	127,233	102,459	1.7 %
Valence Surface Technologies LLC(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.75%	6/30/2025	10,408	10,345	8,316	0.1 %
				397,273	394,171	359,699	6.0 %
Asset based lending and fund finance							
Hg Genesis 8 Sumoco Limited(10)(20)(27)(29)	Unsecured facility	6.00% (incl. SA + 6.00% PIK)	8/28/2025	45,071	49,137	45,071	0.8 %
Hg Genesis 9 SumoCo Limited(10)(18)(27)(29)	Unsecured facility	7.00% (incl. E + 7.00% PIK)	3/10/2027	46,914	48,136	46,914	0.8 %
Hg Saturn Luchaco Limited(10)(20)(27)(29)	Unsecured facility	7.50% (incl. SA + 7.50% PIK)	3/30/2026	120,209	135,817	118,706	2.0 %
				212,194	233,090	210,691	3.6 %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Schedule of Investments
As of December 31, 2022
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

<u>Company(1)(4)(8)</u>	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Par / Units</u>	<u>Amortized Cost(2)(3)</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage of Net Assets</u>
Buildings and real estate							
Associations, Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	6.50% (incl. S + 2.50% PIK)	7/2/2027	386,382	383,491	385,414	6.6 %
Associations, Inc.(10)(15)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	6.50% (incl. S + 2.50% PIK)	6/10/2024	3,714	3,274	3,590	0.1 %
Associations, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 4.00%	7/2/2027	—	(247)	(82)	— %
REALPAGE, INC.(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	4/23/2029	34,500	34,067	33,033	0.6 %
				424,596	420,585	421,955	7.3 %
Business services							
Access CIG, LLC(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/27/2026	58,760	58,429	58,465	1.0 %
CIBT Global, Inc.(10)(12)(27)(30)	First lien senior secured loan	5.25% (incl. L + 4.25% PIK)	6/2/2025	903	616	470	— %
CIBT Global, Inc.(10)(12)(27)(30)	Second lien senior secured loan	7.75% (incl. L + 7.75% PIK)	12/1/2025	63,678	26,736	6,048	0.1 %
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	9/15/2028	43,339	42,786	42,905	0.7 %
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(10)(12)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	9/15/2023	8,229	8,122	8,147	0.1 %
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	9/15/2027	—	(24)	(30)	— %
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	9/13/2028	4,109	4,039	4,068	0.1 %
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	9/13/2023	—	(9)	—	— %
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.75%	5/1/2028	862	855	862	— %
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC(10)(14)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 4.75%	4/29/2027	89	88	89	— %
Fullsteam Operations, LLC(10)(12)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	7.50% (incl. L + 3.00% PIK)	5/13/2024	6,121	5,940	5,994	0.1 %
Gainsight, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (incl. L + 6.75% PIK)	7/30/2027	21,222	20,951	20,902	0.4 %
Gainsight, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	7/30/2027	—	(45)	(50)	— %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Schedule of Investments
As of December 31, 2022
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/15/2026	176,892	175,005	176,447	3.0 %
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(10)(13)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/15/2026	2,231	2,024	2,179	— %
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(21)(27)(33)	Unsecured notes	0.48% (incl. 0.48% PIK)	12/14/2029	5,160	5,160	5,160	0.1 %
Kaseya Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	6/25/2029	18,732	18,377	18,544	0.3 %
Kaseya Inc.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	6/24/2024	—	(10)	—	— %
Kaseya Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	6/25/2029	—	(21)	(11)	— %
KPSKY Acquisition, Inc. (dba BluSky) (10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/19/2028	4,941	4,856	4,817	0.1 %
Ping Identity Holding Corp.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.00%	10/17/2029	909	896	895	— %
Ping Identity Holding Corp.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.00%	10/17/2028	—	(1)	(1)	— %
				416,177	374,770	355,900	6.0 %
Chemicals							
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company)(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	11/24/2028	10,000	9,880	9,850	0.2 %
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.00%	6/30/2025	18,688	18,505	18,501	0.3 %
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.00%	6/30/2025	—	(24)	(24)	— %
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C. (10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	3/30/2027	151,107	149,966	151,106	2.6 %
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C. (10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	3/30/2026	—	(86)	—	— %
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	4/22/2027	21,992	21,614	21,992	0.4 %
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	4/22/2026	268	248	268	— %
				202,055	200,103	201,693	3.5 %
Consumer products							
Conair Holdings, LLC(10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	5/17/2029	187,500	186,310	170,626	2.9 %
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	2/25/2024	86,016	85,934	84,726	1.4 %
Foundation Consumer Brands, LLC(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	2/12/2027	3,456	3,456	3,447	0.1 %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Schedule of Investments
As of December 31, 2022
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Lignetics Investment Corp.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2027	31,059	30,733	30,438	0.5 %
Lignetics Investment Corp.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2023	—	(39)	(78)	— %
Lignetics Investment Corp.(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/30/2026	2,824	2,778	2,729	— %
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)(10)(16)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.25%	3/12/2029	751	737	728	— %
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.25%	3/11/2024	—	(2)	(4)	— %
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)(10)(14)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	3/12/2029	25	23	22	— %
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	3/26/2026	202,864	200,481	197,793	3.4 %
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	3/26/2025	9,987	9,826	9,507	0.2 %
				524,482	520,237	499,934	8.5 %
Containers and packaging							
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	10/2/2028	5,498	5,451	5,457	0.1 %
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	9/30/2027	—	(4)	(4)	— %
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/13/2028	4,616	4,536	4,489	0.1 %
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(10)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	10/13/2023	—	—	—	— %
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(10)(13)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	10/15/2027	62	54	49	— %
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/23/2028	647	641	647	— %
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)(10)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	5/23/2024	—	—	—	— %
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	5/23/2028	17	16	17	— %
Pregis Topco LLC(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.02%	8/1/2029	160,000	157,716	158,193	2.7 %
				170,840	168,410	168,848	2.9 %

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Distribution							
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	2/23/2028	67,415	66,517	67,247	1.1 %
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(10)(13)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	2/23/2028	6,722	6,631	6,704	0.1 %
Aramco, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	55,322	54,893	55,183	0.9 %
Aramco, Inc.(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	1,676	1,618	1,655	— %
Endries Acquisition, Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	12/10/2025	237,607	235,615	237,607	4.0 %
BradyIFS Holdings, LLC (fka Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	11/21/2025	133,438	131,992	133,104	2.3 %
BradyIFS Holdings, LLC (fka Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	11/22/2024	—	(176)	(54)	— %
Offen, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	6/22/2026	18,695	18,596	18,695	0.3 %
				520,875	515,686	520,141	8.7 %
Education							
Learning Care Group (US) No. 2 Inc. (10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	3/13/2026	26,967	26,726	25,822	0.4 %
Pluralsight, LLC(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	4/6/2027	99,450	98,455	97,958	1.7 %
Pluralsight, LLC(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 8.00%	4/6/2027	3,118	3,055	3,024	0.1 %
				129,535	128,236	126,804	2.2 %
Financial services							
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/3/2027	200,737	198,896	197,726	3.4 %
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	7/21/2023	—	(32)	(42)	— %
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/3/2025	—	(141)	(273)	— %
Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc. (10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	6/15/2026	106,400	105,887	105,869	1.8 %
Blend Labs, Inc.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.50%	6/30/2026	67,500	66,275	66,319	1.1 %
Blend Labs, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.50%	6/30/2026	—	(52)	(131)	— %
Muine Gall, LLC(9)(10)(13)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (incl. L + 7.00% PIK)	9/23/2024	261,493	262,995	254,956	4.3 %

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NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	9/8/2025	25,048	24,933	24,735	0.4 %
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(10)(11)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	10/2/2023	5,923	5,844	5,834	0.1 %
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	9/8/2025	—	(13)	(21)	— %
Smarsh Inc.(10)(16)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	2/16/2029	762	755	754	— %
Smarsh Inc.(10)(16)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	2/19/2024	95	93	94	— %
Smarsh Inc.(10)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	2/16/2029	—	—	—	— %
				667,958	665,440	655,820	11.1 %
Food and beverage							
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba Bakemark)(10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/3/2029	22,000	21,838	21,780	0.4 %
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	5/12/2027	68,684	68,029	68,169	1.2 %
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	5/12/2023	—	(26)	—	— %
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	5/12/2027	—	(79)	(65)	— %
H-Food Holdings, LLC(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	3/2/2026	121,800	120,316	105,053	1.8 %
Hissho Sushi Merger Sub LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/18/2028	901	893	899	— %
Hissho Sushi Merger Sub LLC(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	5/18/2028	14	13	14	— %
Hometown Food Company(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	8/31/2023	14,560	14,516	14,560	0.2 %
Hometown Food Company(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	8/31/2023	847	836	847	— %
Innovation Ventures HoldCo, LLC (dba 5 Hour Energy)(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	3/11/2027	125,000	122,950	122,500	2.1 %
Nellson Nutraceutical, LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	12/23/2025	25,982	25,643	25,527	0.4 %
Nutraceutical International Corporation(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2026	186,644	184,758	169,845	2.9 %
Nutraceutical International Corporation(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2025	13,578	13,467	12,356	0.2 %

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Ole Smoky Distillery, LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.25%	3/31/2028	877	861	860	— %
Ole Smoky Distillery, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	3/31/2028	—	(2)	(2)	— %
Recipe Acquisition Corp. (dba Roland Corporation)(10)(15)	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 9.00%	12/22/2023	32,000	31,960	31,520	0.5 %
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	7/30/2025	43,522	43,166	40,693	0.7 %
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.50%	7/31/2023	7,020	6,997	6,435	0.1 %
Shearer's Foods, LLC(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	9/22/2028	115,200	114,325	114,624	1.9 %
Tall Tree Foods, Inc.(10)(11)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	1/31/2023	39,084	39,084	39,084	0.7 %
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	8/13/2027	81,234	79,589	78,797	1.3 %
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	8/13/2027	2,611	2,420	2,312	— %
				901,558	891,554	855,808	14.4 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
Confluent Medical Technologies, Inc. (10)(15)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	2/18/2030	1,000	983	948	— %
CSC Mkg Topco LLC (dba Medical Knowledge Group)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	2/1/2029	1,274	1,252	1,246	— %
Medline Borrower, LP(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 2.25%	10/21/2026	—	(123)	(485)	— %
Nelipak Holding Company(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	7/2/2026	2,286	2,260	2,269	— %
Nelipak Holding Company(10)(12)(27)	Second lien USD senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	7/2/2027	67,006	66,348	66,503	1.1 %
Nelipak Holding Company(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured USD revolving loan	L + 4.25%	7/2/2024	1,072	1,028	1,017	— %
Nelipak Holding Company(10)(18)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured EUR revolving loan	E + 4.50%	7/2/2024	2,574	2,516	2,522	— %
Nelipak Holding Company(10)(19)(27)	Second lien EUR senior secured loan	E + 8.50%	7/2/2027	64,142	66,603	63,340	1.1 %
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc. (10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	12/13/2029	196,044	192,817	185,261	3.1 %
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.) (10)(15)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	1/31/2028	135,372	133,607	133,680	2.3 %

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Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.) (10)(15)(22)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.75%	1/29/2026	2,901	2,728	2,732	— %
Rhea Parent, Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	2/19/2029	770	756	753	— %
				474,441	470,775	459,786	7.6 %
Healthcare providers and services							
Covetrus Inc.(10)(15)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 9.25%	10/30/2030	5,000	4,900	4,898	0.1 %
Diagnostic Service Holdings, Inc. (dba Rayus Radiology)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	3/17/2025	998	998	988	— %
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	8.00% (incl. L + 3.00% PIK)	10/27/2025	106,033	104,979	103,381	1.8 %
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	10/27/2025	9,195	9,055	8,961	0.2 %
Natural Partners, LLC(10)(13)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/29/2027	924	908	906	— %
Natural Partners, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/29/2027	—	(1)	(1)	— %
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	9/27/2027	95,029	93,464	93,841	1.6 %
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	9/27/2027	5,251	5,012	5,062	0.1 %
Ex Vivo Parent Inc. (dba OB Hospitalist)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50%	9/27/2028	57,810	56,803	56,509	1.0 %
Pacific BidCo Inc.(10)(15)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	8/13/2029	30,924	30,184	30,228	0.5 %
Pacific BidCo Inc.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	8/11/2025	—	(41)	(34)	— %
Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	11/15/2029	190,000	188,302	186,200	3.2 %
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/14/2029	679	666	667	— %
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	5/13/2024	—	(2)	(1)	— %
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	5/12/2028	—	(1)	(1)	— %

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PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2029	823	808	807	— %
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	9/2/2024	—	(2)	(1)	— %
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2029	18	17	17	— %
Premier Imaging, LLC (dba LucidHealth)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	1/2/2025	42,998	42,666	42,460	0.7 %
Quva Pharma, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	4/12/2028	39,500	38,554	38,710	0.7 %
Quva Pharma, Inc.(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	4/10/2026	1,920	1,841	1,840	— %
Tivity Health, Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	6/28/2029	998	974	983	— %
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.25%	6/18/2029	878	872	878	— %
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(10)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.25%	6/17/2024	—	—	—	— %
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	6/18/2029	—	(1)	—	— %
Vermont Aus Pty Ltd(10)(15)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.50%	3/22/2028	993	970	968	— %
				589,971	581,925	578,266	9.9 %
Healthcare technology							
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/23/2028	112,911	111,391	110,371	1.9 %
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	8/23/2023	—	(229)	(315)	— %
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/21/2026	—	(149)	(267)	— %
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp. (10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	9/5/2025	510	489	487	— %
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp. (10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.13%	9/7/2026	26,250	25,959	25,200	0.4 %
Engage Debtco Limited(10)(15)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	7/13/2029	1,000	976	978	— %
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/30/2028	4,585	4,506	4,471	0.1 %
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.00%	10/29/2027	37	31	28	— %

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Imprivata, Inc.(10)(14)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	12/1/2028	882	874	860	— %
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	6.25% (incl. L + 2.75% PIK)	11/24/2028	182,751	178,889	178,182	3.0 %
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	5/24/2024	—	(200)	(237)	— %
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	10.50% (incl. L + 10.50% PIK)	11/24/2033	95,535	93,916	94,102	1.6 %
Intelerad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)(10)(15)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	8/21/2026	117,793	116,791	117,204	2.0 %
Intelerad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)(10)(14)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	8/21/2026	4,590	4,559	4,567	0.1 %
Interoperability Bidco, Inc. (dba Lyniate)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 7.00%	12/24/2026	66,455	66,088	65,957	1.1 %
Interoperability Bidco, Inc. (dba Lyniate)(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 7.00%	12/26/2024	1,522	1,509	1,499	— %
				614,821	605,400	603,087	10.2 %
Household products							
Aptive Environmental, LLC(21)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	12.00% (incl. 6.00% PIK)	1/23/2026	12,228	10,256	11,005	0.2 %
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	11/3/2025	147,121	145,874	145,650	2.5 %
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(10)(14)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	11/3/2025	38,681	38,407	38,284	0.7 %
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(10)(14)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	11/3/2025	10,028	9,906	9,863	0.2 %
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	4/26/2029	13,042	12,800	12,911	0.2 %
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)(10)(14)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	4/25/2024	2,021	1,939	2,000	— %
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	4/26/2028	—	(24)	(14)	— %
Mario Midco Holdings, Inc. (dba Len the Plumber)(10)(14)(27)	Unsecured facility	10.75% (incl. S + 10.75% PIK)	4/26/2032	4,081	3,973	4,020	0.1 %

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SimpliSafe Holding Corporation(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	5/2/2028	6,142	6,030	6,065	0.1 %
SimpliSafe Holding Corporation(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.25%	5/2/2024	—	(7)	(2)	— %
Walker Edison Furniture Company LLC(10)(12)(27)(30)	First lien senior secured loan	8.75% (incl. L + 3.00% PIK)	3/31/2027	86,203	83,193	43,963	0.7 %
				319,547	312,347	273,745	4.7 %
Human resource support services							
Cornerstone OnDemand, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	10/15/2029	115,833	114,294	111,200	1.9 %
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/22/2028	50,388	49,519	49,758	0.8 %
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	9/22/2027	1,590	1,527	1,540	— %
				167,811	165,340	162,498	2.7 %
Infrastructure and environmental services							
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. (dba Applied-Cleveland Holdings, Inc.)(10)(11)(30)	First lien senior secured loan	9.50% (incl. L + 2.00% PIK)	1/17/2023	115,847	115,422	103,104	1.8 %
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	2/12/2026	56,897	57,036	53,768	0.9 %
Tamarack Intermediate, L.L.C. (dba Verisk 3E)(10)(16)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	3/13/2028	855	840	838	— %
Tamarack Intermediate, L.L.C. (dba Verisk 3E)(10)(14)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	3/13/2028	25	23	22	— %
				173,624	173,321	157,732	2.7 %
Insurance							
Alera Group, Inc.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/2/2028	34,814	34,150	34,552	0.6 %
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2029	727	713	715	— %
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(10)(16)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.75%	9/2/2024	121	118	119	— %
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.75%	8/31/2028	—	(2)	(2)	— %

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Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(10)(13)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured USD term loan	L + 5.75%	7/14/2026	26,784	26,382	26,583	0.5 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(10)(19)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured EUR term loan	E + 7.00%	7/14/2026	9,749	10,056	9,724	0.2 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(10)(20)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured GBP term loan	S + 7.00%	7/14/2026	104,242	107,189	104,242	1.8 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(10)(18)(24)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured GBP delayed draw term loan	E + 5.75%	8/20/2023	9,803	11,009	9,729	0.2 %
Ardonagh Midco 2 PLC(6)(21)(27)(29)	Unsecured notes	11.50%	1/15/2027	11,198	11,134	10,579	0.2 %
Brightway Holdings, LLC(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/16/2027	26,641	26,355	26,108	0.4 %
Brightway Holdings, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/16/2027	—	(33)	(63)	— %
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	4/28/2028	141,715	140,083	139,589	2.4 %
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	4/30/2027	—	(110)	(161)	— %
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.80%	8/27/2025	216,642	214,862	216,100	3.7 %
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	8/27/2025	—	(98)	(37)	— %
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	9/15/2025	76,588	74,905	75,440	1.3 %
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	9/13/2024	—	(63)	(184)	— %
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2028	134,907	133,740	134,570	2.3 %
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2027	—	(50)	(15)	— %
PCF Midco II, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(21)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	9.00% (incl. 9.00% PIK)	10/31/2031	131,818	121,345	118,636	2.0 %
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2028	1,078	1,060	1,051	— %
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2023	—	(2)	(5)	— %
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)(10)(17)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P + 4.50%	8/26/2027	12	10	8	— %

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THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/2/2026	74,744	73,593	73,810	1.3 %
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/2/2025	—	(112)	(108)	— %
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	7/23/2027	38,696	38,075	37,922	0.6 %
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	7/23/2027	—	(65)	(85)	— %
KUSRIP Intermediate, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	9.50% (incl. L + 9.50% PIK)	7/24/2028	34,918	34,399	34,482	0.6 %
				1,075,197	1,058,643	1,053,299	18.1 %
Internet software and services							
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)(10)(12)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	5/13/2025	60,635	60,243	60,332	1.0 %
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)(10)(12)(22)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	5/13/2025	1,700	1,681	1,681	— %
Accela, Inc.(10)(11)	First lien senior secured loan	7.50% (incl. L + 4.25% PIK)	9/30/2024	27,800	27,650	27,521	0.5 %
Accela, Inc.(10)(22)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2024	—	—	(30)	— %
Anaplan, Inc.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	6/21/2029	135,082	133,807	134,744	2.3 %
Anaplan, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	6/21/2028	—	(89)	(24)	— %
Apptio, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	1/10/2025	50,916	50,404	50,916	0.9 %
Apptio, Inc.(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	1/10/2025	1,667	1,649	1,667	— %
Armstrong Bidco Limited (dba The Access Group)(10)(20)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	SA + 5.25%	6/28/2029	2,340	2,336	2,310	— %
Armstrong Bidco Limited (dba The Access Group)(10)(20)(22)(24)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	SA + 5.25%	6/30/2025	947	945	935	— %
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	7.75% (incl. L + 7.75% PIK)	10/2/2028	92,829	91,215	90,973	1.5 %
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	10/1/2027	2,306	2,183	2,168	— %
BCPE Nucleon (DE) SPV, LP(10)(13)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/24/2026	189,778	187,787	189,303	3.2 %

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BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	8.00% (incl. S + 8.00% PIK)	12/23/2026	52,752	52,332	52,752	0.9 %
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 8.00%	12/23/2026	—	(84)	—	— %
Centrifry Corporation(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	3/2/2028	66,229	64,922	65,401	1.1 %
Centrifry Corporation(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	3/2/2027	6,817	6,678	6,732	0.1 %
CivicPlus, LLC(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (incl. L + 2.50% PIK)	8/24/2027	34,693	34,394	34,606	0.6 %
CivicPlus, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	8/24/2027	—	(22)	(7)	— %
CP PIK DEBT ISSUER, LLC (dba CivicPlus, LLC)(10)(16)(27)	Unsecured notes	11.75% (incl. S + 11.75% PIK)	6/9/2034	17,837	17,357	17,569	0.3 %
Delta TopCo, Inc. (dba Infoblox, Inc.) (10)(15)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	S + 7.25%	12/1/2028	15,000	14,941	13,950	0.2 %
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e-Emphasys)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	11/8/2027	4,511	4,474	4,511	0.1 %
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e-Emphasys)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	11/8/2027	—	(4)	—	— %
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	9.50% (incl. L + 9.50% PIK)	8/17/2026	103,707	102,767	103,490	1.8 %
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 8.00%	7/1/2024	—	(215)	—	— %
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 8.50%	8/18/2025	—	(49)	—	— %
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procure Software)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	7/31/2024	17,942	17,838	17,583	0.3 %
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procure Software)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 3.75%	7/31/2024	2,637	2,623	2,584	— %
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2027	10,551	10,339	10,076	0.2 %
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.(10)(12)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2023	2,380	2,322	2,237	— %
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2027	714	699	678	— %

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Granicus, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	1/29/2027	13,394	13,158	13,059	0.2 %
Granicus, Inc.(10)(11)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	1/30/2023	2,530	2,491	2,467	— %
Granicus, Inc.(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	1/29/2027	398	379	369	— %
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.À R.L (dba Checkmarx)(10)(11)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	4/16/2026	51,567	50,623	51,567	0.9 %
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.À R.L (dba Checkmarx)(10)(22)(23)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	4/16/2026	—	(267)	—	— %
Hyland Software, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	7/7/2025	15,482	15,472	14,630	0.2 %
Litera Bidco LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	5/29/2026	148,677	147,381	148,354	2.5 %
Litera Bidco LLC(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	5/30/2025	1,578	1,547	1,549	— %
MessageBird BidCo B.V.(10)(11)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	5/5/2027	77,000	75,685	75,268	1.3 %
MINDBODY, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	2/14/2025	67,637	67,330	67,637	1.1 %
MINDBODY, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	2/14/2025	—	(22)	—	— %
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/29/2028	701	689	683	— %
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	12/27/2023	—	(2)	(3)	— %
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	12/30/2027	34	33	32	— %
Proofpoint, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	8/31/2029	19,600	19,514	18,767	0.3 %
QAD, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/5/2027	26,372	25,929	25,713	0.4 %
QAD, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/5/2027	—	(55)	(86)	— %
SailPoint Technologies Holdings, Inc.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.25%	8/15/2029	45,640	44,713	44,727	0.8 %
SailPoint Technologies Holdings, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.25%	8/15/2028	—	(82)	(87)	— %

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Securonix, Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	4/5/2028	847	840	839	— %
Securonix, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	4/5/2028	—	(1)	(2)	— %
Tahoe Finco, LLC(10)(11)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/29/2028	123,256	122,199	121,099	2.1 %
Tahoe Finco, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/1/2027	—	(73)	(162)	— %
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	6/30/2028	64,151	63,623	62,868	1.1 %
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(10)(12)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	8/17/2023	3,928	3,891	3,779	0.1 %
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	6/30/2027	1,316	1,287	1,239	— %
When I Work, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	11/2/2027	5,200	5,158	5,096	0.1 %
When I Work, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/2/2027	—	(7)	(18)	— %
Zendesk, Inc.(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	11/22/2028	69,409	68,040	67,674	1.2 %
Zendesk, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	11/22/2024	—	(631)	(260)	— %
Zendesk, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	11/22/2028	—	(140)	(179)	— %
				1,640,487	1,619,825	1,621,277	27.3 %
Leisure and entertainment							
Troon Golf, L.L.C.(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/5/2027	280,236	279,111	280,236	4.8 %
Troon Golf, L.L.C.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/5/2026	—	(78)	—	— %
				280,236	279,033	280,236	4.8 %
Manufacturing							
BCPE Watson (DE) ORML, LP(9)(10)(16)(27)(29)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	7/3/2028	15,000	14,860	14,850	0.3 %
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products)(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	12/29/2028	29,250	28,653	28,811	0.5 %
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	7/31/2024	52,697	52,448	52,697	0.9 %
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.(10)(11)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	7/31/2023	3,191	3,191	3,191	0.1 %

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MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(10)(16)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	7/21/2027	181,776	180,317	179,957	3.1 %
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(10)(16)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.00%	7/21/2027	2,175	2,057	2,020	— %
PHM Netherlands Midco B.V. (dba Loparex)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	7/31/2026	778	740	751	— %
PHM Netherlands Midco B.V. (dba Loparex)(10)(12)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.75%	7/30/2027	112,000	106,756	109,200	1.9 %
Safety Products/JHC Acquisition Corp. (dba Justrite Safety Group)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	6/29/2026	13,781	13,706	13,470	0.2 %
Sonny's Enterprises LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	8/5/2026	229,908	226,995	229,908	3.9 %
Sonny's Enterprises LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.75%	8/5/2025	—	(186)	—	— %
				640,556	629,537	634,855	10.9 %
Oil and gas							
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	5/14/2026	44,630	44,292	44,630	0.8 %
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	5/14/2025	—	(16)	—	— %
Zenith Energy U.S. Logistics Holdings, LLC(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/20/2024	58,042	57,575	58,042	1.0 %
				102,672	101,851	102,672	1.8 %
Professional services							
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	7/2/2024	109,126	108,530	108,306	1.8 %
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.75%	7/2/2024	3,073	3,010	2,965	0.1 %
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(10)(12)(27)(29)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	7/27/2029	44,147	43,501	41,940	0.7 %
Apex Service Partners, LLC(10)(16)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 5.50%	10/23/2023	997	985	989	— %
Apex Service Partners, LLC(10)(16)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.25%	7/31/2025	31	31	31	— %
Apex Service Partners Intermediate 2, LLC(21)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	12.50% (incl. 12.50% PIK)	7/22/2027	48,639	47,529	47,666	0.8 %
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	12/12/2024	121,623	121,184	121,623	2.1 %
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	12/12/2024	—	(69)	—	— %

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Guidehouse Inc.(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	10/16/2028	4,603	4,563	4,557	0.1 %
Relativity ODA LLC(10)(11)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	7.50% (incl. L + 7.50% PIK)	5/12/2027	83,982	83,128	83,772	1.4 %
Relativity ODA LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	5/12/2027	—	(80)	(18)	— %
Spotless Brands, LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	7/25/2028	48,592	47,675	47,621	0.8 %
Spotless Brands, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	7/25/2028	—	(24)	(26)	— %
				464,813	459,963	459,426	7.8 %
Specialty retail							
Galls, LLC(10)(12)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (incl. L + 0.50% PIK)	1/31/2025	112,582	111,958	110,331	1.9 %
Galls, LLC(10)(12)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	1/31/2024	15,232	15,034	14,583	0.2 %
Ideal Image Development, LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.50%	9/1/2027	11,678	11,457	11,474	0.2 %
Ideal Image Development, LLC(10)(22)(23)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.50%	3/1/2024	—	(7)	(4)	— %
Ideal Image Development, LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.50%	9/1/2027	—	(34)	(32)	— %
Milan Laser Holdings LLC(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	4/27/2027	24,055	23,873	24,055	0.4 %
Milan Laser Holdings LLC(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 5.00%	4/27/2026	—	(14)	—	— %
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	11/23/2027	109,355	107,959	108,809	1.8 %
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(10)(15)(22)(24)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 6.75%	11/23/2023	9,530	9,336	9,482	0.2 %
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.75%	5/24/2027	1,596	1,481	1,548	— %
The Shade Store, LLC(10)(15)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/13/2027	9,000	8,907	8,753	0.1 %
The Shade Store, LLC(10)(15)(22)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 6.00%	10/13/2026	255	246	230	— %
				293,283	290,196	289,229	4.8 %

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<u>Company(1)(4)(8)</u>	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Par / Units</u>	<u>Amortized Cost(2)(3)</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage of Net Assets</u>
Transportation							
Lazer Spot Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Lazer Spot GB Holdings, Inc.)(10)(13)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/9/2025	142,598	141,262	142,598	2.4 %
Lazer Spot Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Lazer Spot GB Holdings, Inc.)(10)(22)(23)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/9/2025	—	(227)	—	— %
Lytx, Inc.(10)(14)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.75%	2/27/2026	71,005	70,312	70,472	1.2 %
Motus Group, LLC(10)(11)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/10/2029	10,810	10,712	10,594	0.2 %
				<u>224,413</u>	<u>222,059</u>	<u>223,664</u>	<u>3.8 %</u>
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company debt investments				\$ 11,660,738	\$ 11,513,192	\$ 11,307,884	191.8 %
Equity Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
Space Exploration Technologies Corp. (27)(28)(31)	Class A Common Stock	N/A	N/A	46,605	2,557	3,509	0.1 %
Space Exploration Technologies Corp. (27)(28)(31)	Class C Common Stock	N/A	N/A	9,360	446	705	— %
					<u>3,003</u>	<u>4,214</u>	<u>0.1 %</u>
Asset based lending and fund finance							
Amergin Asset Management, LLC(27)(28)(29)(31)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	50,000,000	—	—	— %
					<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>— %</u>
Automotive							
CD&R Value Building Partners I, L.P. (dba Belron)(27)(28)(29)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	33,108	33,107	33,955	0.6 %
Metis HoldCo, Inc. (dba Mavis Tire Express Services)(21)(27)(28)	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	7.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	N/A	167,977	163,743	161,677	2.7 %
					<u>196,850</u>	<u>195,632</u>	<u>3.3 %</u>
Buildings and real estate							
Associations Finance, Inc.(21)(27)(28)	Preferred Stock	12.00% (incl. 12.00% PIK)	N/A	54,800,000	55,348	55,641	0.9 %
Dodge Construction Network Holdings, LP(27)(28)(31)	Class A-2 Common Units	N/A	N/A	2,181,629	1,859	1,855	— %
Dodge Construction Network Holdings, LP(21)(27)(28)	Series A Preferred Units	8.25% (incl. 8.25% PIK)	N/A	—	45	45	— %
					<u>57,252</u>	<u>57,541</u>	<u>0.9 %</u>

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Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Business services							
Denali Holding, LP (dba Summit Companies)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	337,460	3,431	4,344	0.1 %
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(27)(28)(31)(33)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	2,190,000	2,192	2,302	— %
Knockout Intermediate Holdings I Inc. (dba Kaseya)(21)(27)(28)	Perpetual Preferred Stock	11.75% (incl. 11.75% PIK)	N/A	14,000	13,667	13,825	0.2 %
					19,290	20,471	0.3 %
Consumer Products							
ASP Conair Holdings LP(27)(28)(31)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	60,714	6,071	5,444	0.1 %
					6,071	5,444	0.1 %
Financial services							
Blend Labs, Inc.(5)(27)(31)	Common stock	N/A	N/A	72,317	1,000	104	— %
Blend Labs, Inc.(27)(28)(31)	Warrants	N/A	N/A	179,529	975	5	— %
					1,975	109	— %
Food and beverage							
H-Food Holdings, LLC(27)(28)(31)	LLC interest	N/A	N/A	10,875	10,874	9,337	0.2 %
Hissho Sushi Holdings, LLC(27)(28)(31)	Class A units	N/A	N/A	7,502	75	83	— %
					10,949	9,420	0.2 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
KPCI Holdings, L.P.(27)(28)(31)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	30,425	32,284	34,497	0.6 %
Maia Aggregator, LP(27)(28)(31)	Class A-2 Units	N/A	N/A	168,539	169	179	— %
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)(27)(28)(29)(31)	Class B Units	N/A	N/A	97,833	18	1,145	— %
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)(21)(27)(28)(29)	Class A Units	8.00% (incl. 8.00% PIK)	N/A	7,104	8,265	8,534	0.1 %
Rhea Acquisition Holdings, LP(27)(28)(31)	Series A-2 Units	N/A	N/A	119,048	119	119	— %
					40,855	44,474	0.7 %
Healthcare providers and services							
KOBHG Holdings, L.P. (dba OB Hospitalist)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Interests	N/A	N/A	6,670	6,670	6,196	0.1 %
					6,670	6,196	0.1 %
Healthcare technology							
BEHP Co-Investor II, L.P.(27)(28)(29)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	1,270	1,266	1,270	— %
WP Irving Co-Invest, L.P.(27)(28)(29)(31)	Partnership Units	N/A	N/A	1,250,000	1,250	1,250	— %
Minerva Holdco, Inc.(21)(27)(28)	Series A Preferred Stock	10.75% (incl. 10.75% PIK)	N/A	7,483	7,354	6,734	0.1 %
					9,870	9,254	0.1 %

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Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Household products							
Evology, LLC(27)(28)(31)	Class B Units	N/A	N/A	451	2,160	2,771	— %
					2,160	2,771	— %
Human resource support services							
Sunshine Software Holdings, Inc. (dba Cornerstone OnDemand)(21)(27)(28)	Series A Preferred Stock	10.50% (incl. 10.50% PIK)	N/A	41,402	40,538	37,469	0.6 %
					40,538	37,469	0.6 %
Insurance							
Accelerate topco Holdings, LLC(27)(28)(31)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	493	14	14	— %
Evolution Parent, LP (dba SIAA)(27)(28)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	42,838	4,284	4,284	0.1 %
GrowthCurve Capital Sunrise Co-Invest LP (dba Brightway)(27)(28)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	638	638	632	— %
GoHealth, Inc. (5)(27)(31)	Common stock	N/A	N/A	68,125	5,232	712	— %
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	14,772,724	37,464	67,456	1.1 %
					47,632	73,098	1.2 %
Internet and software services							
BCTO WIW Holdings, Inc. (dba When I Work)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Common Stock	N/A	N/A	13,000	1,300	1,171	— %
Brooklyn Lender Co-Invest 2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(27)(28)(31)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	7,503,843	7,504	7,378	0.1 %
Elliott Alto Co-Investor Aggregator L.P.(27)(28)(29)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	3,134	3,144	3,133	0.1 %
Insight CP (Blocker) Holdings, L.P. (dba CivicPlus, LLC)(27)(28)(29)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	1,230	1,230	1,230	— %
MessageBird Holding B.V.(27)(28)(29)(31)	Extended Series C Warrants	N/A	N/A	122,890	753	89	— %
Picard Holdco, LLC(10)(15)(27)(28)	Series A Preferred Stock	12.00% (incl. S + 12.00% PIK)	N/A	25,697	24,968	24,925	0.4 %
Project Alpine Co-Invest Fund, LP(27)(28)(29)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	10,006	10,006	10,000	0.2 %
Project Hotel California Co-Invest Fund, L.P. (27)(28)(29)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	2,687	2,687	2,685	— %
Thunder Topco L.P. (dba Vector Solutions)(27)(28)(31)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	3,829,614	3,830	3,783	0.1 %
VEPF Torreys Aggregator, LLC (dba MINDBODY, Inc.)(21)(27)(28)	Series A Preferred Stock	6.00% (incl. 6.00% PIK)	N/A	21,250	22,544	22,319	0.4 %

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Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
WMC Bidco, Inc. (dba West Monroe)(21)(27)(28)	Senior Preferred Stock	11.25% (incl. 11.25% PIK)	N/A	18,427	18,039	17,230	0.3 %
Zoro TopCo, Inc. (dba Zendesk, Inc.)(21)(27)(28)	Series A Preferred Stock	12.50% (incl. 12.50% PIK)	N/A	9,554	9,220	9,220	0.2 %
Zoro TopCo, L.P. (dba Zendesk, Inc.)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	796,165	7,962	7,962	0.1 %
					113,187	111,125	1.9 %
Manufacturing							
Gloves Holdings, LP (dba Protective Industrial Products)(27)(28)(31)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	32,500	3,250	3,848	0.1 %
Windows Entities(27)(28)(32)	LLC Units	N/A	N/A	31,849	60,318	121,419	2.1 %
					63,568	125,267	2.2 %
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company equity investments					\$ 619,870	\$ 702,485	11.7 %
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments					\$ 12,133,062	\$ 12,010,369	203.5 %
Non-controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments							
Equity Investments							
Healthcare technology							
LSI Financing 1 DAC(26)(27)(28)(29)(31)	Preferred equity	N/A	N/A	6,174,611	6,224	6,175	0.1 %
					6,224	6,175	0.1 %
Total non-controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments					\$ 6,224	\$ 6,175	0.1 %
Controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments							
Debt Investments							
Advertising and media							
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(10)(14)(26)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 8.00%	6/28/2024	49,360	48,911	49,236	0.8 %
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(10)(15)(22)(24)(26)(27)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 8.00%	5/31/2023	14,698	14,698	14,645	0.2 %
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)(10)(22)(26)(27)	Letter of Credit	S + 8.00%	6/28/2024	—	2	—	— %
				64,058	63,611	63,881	1.0 %

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Company(1)(4)(8)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Distribution							
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(10)(12)(26)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	12/31/2024	13,241	12,976	12,778	0.2 %
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(10)(12)(22)(26)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	12/31/2024	3,807	3,708	3,633	0.1 %
				17,048	16,684	16,411	0.3 %
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company debt investments				81,106	\$ 80,295	\$ 80,292	1.3 %
Equity Investments							
Advertising and media							
New PLI Holdings, LLC (dba PLI)(26)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	86,745	48,008	97,799	1.7 %
					48,008	97,799	1.7 %
Asset based lending and fund finance							
AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC(22)(26)(27)(28)(29)(31)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	5	5	—	— %
AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC(22)(26)(27)(28)(29)(31)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	1,568	1,574	1,568	— %
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC(9)(22)(26)(28)	LLC interest	N/A	N/A	364,145	364,145	431,531	7.3 %
					365,724	433,099	7.3 %
Distribution							
PS Op Holdings LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(26)(28)(31)	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	248,271	4,300	3,950	0.1 %
					4,300	3,950	0.1 %
Insurance							
Fifth Season Investments LLC(9)(25)(27)(28)(31)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	28	89,680	89,680	1.5 %
					89,680	89,680	1.5 %
Investment funds and vehicles							
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)(7)(9)(26)(28)(29)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	318,839	318,839	288,981	4.9 %
					318,839	288,981	4.9 %
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company equity investments				\$ 826,551	\$ 913,509		14.1 %
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments				\$ 906,846	\$ 993,801		15.4 %
Total Investments				\$ 13,046,132	\$ 13,010,345		220.4 %

Interest Rate Swaps as of December 31, 2022

	Company Receives	Company Pays	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Hedged Instrument	Footnote Reference
Interest rate swap	5.25%	L + 2.937%	4/10/2024	400,000	2024 Notes	Note 6
Interest rate swap	2.63%	L + 1.655%	1/15/2027	500,000	2027 Notes	Note 6
Total				900,000		

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- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales. Refer to footnote 28 for additional information on our restricted securities.
- (2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization or accretion of premium or discount, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (3) As of December 31, 2022, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$126.2 million based on a tax cost basis of \$13.1 billion. As of December 31, 2022, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$382.2 million and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$256.0 million.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.
- (5) Level 1 investment.
- (6) Level 2 investment.
- (7) Investment measured at net asset value ("NAV").
- (8) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company's portfolio companies are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facilities and CLOs. See Note 6 "Debt".
- (9) Investment is not pledged as collateral for the credit facilities.
- (10) Loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L", which can include one-, three-, six- or twelve- month LIBOR), Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR" or "S," which can include one-, three- or six- month SOFR), Euro Interbank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR"), Great Britain Pound London Interbank Offered Rate ("GBPLIBOR" or "G", which can include three- or six-month GBPLIBOR), SONIA ("SONIA" or "SA") or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (11) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.39%.
- (12) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.77%.
- (13) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 5.14%.
- (14) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.36%.
- (15) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.59%.
- (16) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.78%.
- (17) The interest rate on these loans is subject to Prime, which as of December 31, 2022 was 7.50%.
- (18) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 3 month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 2.13%.
- (19) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 6 month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 2.69%.
- (20) The interest rate on this loan is subject to SONIA, which as of December 31, 2022 was 3.43%.
- (21) Contains a fixed-rate structure.
- (22) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan or equity commitment. See Note 7 "Commitments and Contingencies".
- (23) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (24) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (25) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be an "affiliated person" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 5% but less than 25% of the portfolio company's voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company, including through a management agreement ("non-controlled affiliate"). Transactions related to investments in non-controlled affiliates for the period ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Fair value as of December 31, 2021	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions(b)	Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Fair value as of December 31, 2022	Interest Income	Dividend Income	Other Income
LSI Financing 1 DAC	—	6,224	—	(49)	6,175	—	—	—
Total Non-Controlled Affiliates	\$ —	\$ 6,224	\$ —	\$ (49)	\$ 6,175	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

- (a) Gross additions may include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, amounts related to payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest capitalized and added to the principal balance of the respective loans, the accretion of discounts, the exchange of one or more existing investments for one or more new investments and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this controlled affiliated category from a different category.
- (b) Gross reductions may include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments and sales, return of capital, the amortization of premiums and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities.
- (26) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" and has "Control" of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company, including through a management agreement ("controlled affiliate"). The Company's investment in controlled affiliates for the period ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

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(\$ in thousands)	Fair value as of December 31, 2021	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions(b)	Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Fair value as of December 31, 2022	Interest Income	Dividend Income	Other Income
Controlled Affiliates								
AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC ^(d)	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ (5)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC ^(d)	—	1,574	—	(6)	1,568	—	—	—
Fifth Season Investments LLC (fka Chapford SMA Partnership, L.P.)	—	89,680	—	—	89,680	—	201	—
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC) ^(c)	247,061	118,125	(49,000)	(27,205)	288,981	—	33,673	—
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)	19,495	2,979	(1,444)	(669)	20,361	1,375	—	9
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	108,061	4,284	(891)	50,226	161,680	6,831	6,673	680
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC	242,163	201,107	(35,000)	23,261	431,531	—	36,500	—
Total Controlled Affiliates	\$ 616,780	\$ 417,754	\$ (86,335)	\$ 45,602	\$ 993,801	\$ 8,206	\$ 77,047	\$ 689

(a) Gross additions may include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, amounts related to payment-in-kind (“PIK”) interest capitalized and added to the principal balance of the respective loans, the accretion of discounts, the exchange of one or more existing investments for one or more new investments and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this controlled affiliated category from a different category.

(b) Gross reductions may include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments and sales, return of capital, the amortization of premiums and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities.

(c) For further description of the Company's investment in ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC), see Note 4 "Investments."

(d) In connection with its investment in AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC and AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC (collectively, “Amergin Assetco”) the Company made a minority investment in Amergin Asset Management, LLC which has entered into a Servicing Agreement with Amergin Assetco.

(27) Represents co-investment made with the Company's affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that the Company received from the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. See Note 3 “Agreements and Related Party Transactions.”

(28) Securities acquired in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) and may be deemed to be “restricted securities” under the Securities Act. As of December 31, 2022, the aggregate fair value of these securities is \$1.6 billion or 27.6% of the Company's net assets. The acquisition dates of the restricted securities are as follows:

Portfolio Company	Investment	Acquisition Date
AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC**	LLC Interest	July 1, 2022
AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC**	LLC Interest	July 1, 2022
Amergin Asset Management, LLC	Class A Units	July 1, 2022
Accelerate topco Holdings, LLC	Common Units	September 1, 2022
ASP Conair Holdings LP	Class A Units	May 17, 2021
Associations Finance, Inc.	Preferred Stock	June 10, 2022
Windows Entities	LLC Units	January 16, 2020
BCTO WIW Holdings, Inc. (dba When I Work)	Class A Common Stock	November 2, 2021
BEHP Co-Investor II, L.P.	LP Interest	May 11, 2022
WP Irving Co-Invest, L.P.	Partnership Units	May 18, 2022
Blend Labs, Inc.	Warrants	July 2, 2021
Brooklyn Lender Co-Invest 2, L.P. (dba Boomi)	Common Units	October 1, 2021
CD&R Value Building Partners I, L.P. (dba Belron)	LP Interest	December 2, 2021
Fifth Season Investments LLC (fka Chapford SMA Partnership, L.P.)**	Class A Units	July 18, 2022
Denali Holding, LP (dba Summit Companies)	Class A Units	September 15, 2021
Dodge Construction Network Holdings, LP	Class A-2 Common Units	February 23, 2022
Dodge Construction Network Holdings, LP	Series A Preferred Units	February 23, 2022
Elliott Alto Co-Investor Aggregator L.P.	LP Interest	September 27, 2022

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Portfolio Company	Investment	Acquisition Date
Picard Holdco, LLC	Series A Preferred Stock	September 30, 2022
Evology, LLC	Class B Units	January 24, 2022
Evolution Parent, LP (dba SIAA)	LP Interest	April 30, 2021
Gloves Holdings, LP (dba Protective Industrial Products)	LP Interest	December 29, 2020
GrowthCurve Capital Sunrise Co-Invest LP (dba Brightway)	LP Interest	December 16, 2021
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)	Common Units	December 15, 2020
Hissho Sushi Holdings, LLC	Class A units	May 17, 2022
Insight CP (Blocker) Holdings, L.P. (dba CivicPlus, LLC)	LP Interest	June 8, 2022
Knockout Intermediate Holdings I Inc. (dba Kaseya)	Perpetual Preferred Stock	June 23, 2022
KOBHG Holdings, L.P. (dba OB Hospitalist)	Class A Interests	September 27, 2021
Maia Aggregator, LP	Class A-2 Units	February 1, 2022
H-Food Holdings, LLC	LLC Interest	November 23, 2018
LSI Financing 1 DAC**	Preferred equity	December 14, 2022
MessageBird Holding B.V.	Extended Series C Warrants	May 5, 2021
Metis HoldCo, Inc. (dba Mavis Tire Express Services)	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	May 4, 2021
Minerva Holdco, Inc.	Series A Preferred Stock	February 15, 2022
KPCI Holdings, L.P.	Class A Units	November 30, 2020
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)	Class B Units	January 29, 2021
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)	Class A Units	January 29, 2021
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	Class A Units	November 1, 2021
LP		
Project Alpine Co-Invest Fund,	LP Interest	June 10, 2022
Project Hotel California Co-Invest Fund, L.P.	LP Interest	August 9, 2022
PS Op Holdings LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)**	Class A Common Units	December 21, 2021
Rhea Acquisition Holdings, LP	Series A-2 Units	February 18, 2022
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)*	LLC Interest	June 20, 2017
Space Exploration Technologies Corp.	Class A Common Stock	March 25, 2021
Space Exploration Technologies Corp.	Class C Common Stock	March 25, 2021
Sunshine Software Holdings, Inc. (dba Cornerstone OnDemand)	Series A Preferred Stock	October 14, 2021
New PLI Holdings, LLC (dba PLI)**	Class A Common Units	December 23, 2020
Thunder Topco L.P. (dba Vector Solutions)	Common Units	June 30, 2021
VEPF Torreys Aggregator, LLC (dba MINDBODY, Inc.)	Series A Preferred Stock	October 15, 2021
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC**	LLC Interest	September 24, 2019
WMC Bideo, Inc. (dba West Monroe)	Senior Preferred Stock	November 9, 2021
Zoro TopCo, Inc. (dba Zendesk, Inc.)	Series A Preferred Stock	November 22, 2022
Zoro TopCo, L.P. (dba Zendesk, Inc.)	Class A Common Units	November 22, 2022

* Refer to Note 4 “Investments – ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC,” for further information.

** Refer to Note 3 “Agreements and Related Party Transactions – Controlled/Affiliated Portfolio Companies”.

(29) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. As of December 31, 2022, non-qualifying assets represented 13.5% of total assets as calculated in accordance with the regulatory requirements.

(30) Loan was on non-accrual status as of December 31, 2022.

(31) Investment is non-income producing.

(32) Investment represents multiple underlying investments, including Midwest Custom Windows, LLC, Greater Toronto Custom Windows, Corp., Garden State Custom Windows, LLC, Long Island Custom Windows, LLC, Jemico, LLC, Atlanta Custom Windows, LLC and Fairchester Custom Windows. Greater Toronto Custom Windows, Corp. is considered a non-qualifying asset, with a fair value of \$9.1 million as of December 31, 2022.

(33) We invest in this portfolio company through underlying blocker entities Hercules Blocker 1 LLC, Hercules Blocker 2 LLC, Hercules Blocker 3 LLC, Hercules Blocker 4 LLC, and Hercules Blocker 5 LLC.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Company(1)(4)(7)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments							
Debt Investments							
Advertising and media							
Global Music Rights, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/28/2028	7,500	7,356	7,350	0.1 %
Global Music Rights, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/27/2027	—	(13)	(13)	— %
				7,500	7,343	7,337	0.1 %
Aerospace and defense							
Aviation Solutions Midco, LLC (dba STS Aviation)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	1/3/2025	214,643	212,314	202,838	3.4 %
Peraton Corp.(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/1/2029	47,500	46,840	47,263	0.8 %
Valence Surface Technologies LLC(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	6.75%(incl. L + 1.00% PIK)	6/28/2025	121,823	120,674	110,249	1.9 %
Valence Surface Technologies LLC(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6.75% (incl. L + 1.00% PIK)	6/28/2025	9,984	9,897	9,031	0.2 %
				393,950	389,725	369,381	6.3 %
Buildings and real estate							
Associations, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	6.50% (incl. L + 2.50% PIK)	7/2/2027	452,630	448,461	448,102	7.5 %
Associations, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	7/2/2027	—	(302)	(329)	— %
Dodge Data & Analytics LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	4/14/2026	32,561	31,987	33,538	0.6 %
Dodge Data & Analytics LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	4/14/2026	—	(32)	—	— %
REALPAGE, INC.(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	4/23/2029	34,500	34,017	34,897	0.6 %
Reef Global Acquisition LLC (fka Cheese Acquisition, LLC)(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	6.00% (incl. L + 1.25% PIK)	11/28/2024	134,585	133,921	128,528	2.2 %
Imperial Parking Canada(9)(16)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	6.00% (incl. C + 1.25% PIK)	11/28/2024	27,966	26,705	26,707	0.4 %
Reef Global Acquisition LLC (fka Cheese Acquisition, LLC)(9)(10)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.75%	11/28/2023	10,987	10,982	10,251	0.2 %
				693,229	685,739	681,694	11.5 %
Business services							
Access CIG, LLC(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	2/27/2026	58,760	58,343	58,466	1.0 %
CIBT Global, Inc.(9)(12)(25)(28)	First lien senior secured loan	5.25% (incl. L + 4.25% PIK)	6/3/2024	856	629	531	— %
CIBT Global, Inc.(9)(14)(25)(28)	Second lien senior secured loan	7.75% (incl. L + 6.75% PIK)	12/1/2025	63,678	26,745	15,919	0.3 %

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Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/15/2028	51,393	50,665	50,879	0.9 %
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(9)(12)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	9/15/2023	2,003	1,927	1,983	— %
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	9/15/2027	—	(34)	(36)	— %
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	9/13/2028	5,407	5,302	5,298	0.1 %
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	9/13/2023	—	(10)	(11)	— %
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC(9)(11)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	8.25% (incl. L + 2.50% PIK)	9/30/2025	83,600	82,795	79,838	1.3 %
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8.25% (incl. L + 2.50% PIK)	9/30/2024	—	(91)	(504)	— %
Gainsight, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75% PIK	7/30/2027	19,547	19,231	19,254	0.3 %
Gainsight, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	7/30/2027	—	(55)	(50)	— %
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/15/2026	178,693	176,397	178,693	3.0 %
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/15/2026	—	(259)	—	— %
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(20)(25)(31)	Unsecured notes	0.48% PIK	12/14/2029	5,135	5,135	5,135	0.1 %
KPSKY Acquisition, Inc. (dba BluSky)(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/19/2028	4,476	4,389	4,386	0.1 %
KPSKY Acquisition, Inc. (dba BluSky)(9)(15)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	P + 4.50%	10/19/2023	256	248	248	— %
				473,804	431,357	420,029	7.1 %
Chemicals							
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company)(9)(13)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	11/24/2028	10,000	9,867	10,000	0.2 %
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	10/19/2022	106,179	105,952	105,117	1.8 %
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC(9)(15)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P + 4.75%	10/19/2022	5,147	5,135	5,056	0.1 %
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C. (9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	3/30/2027	152,645	151,277	151,882	2.6 %
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C. (9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	3/30/2026	—	(112)	(66)	— %

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Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	4/22/2027	22,215	21,763	21,771	0.4 %
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	4/22/2026	—	(26)	(27)	— %
				296,186	293,856	293,733	5.1 %
Consumer products							
ConAir Holdings LLC(9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	5/17/2029	187,500	186,174	187,500	3.2 %
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	5/25/2023	86,956	86,671	86,956	1.5 %
Lignetics Investment Corp.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2027	31,373	30,989	30,980	0.5 %
Lignetics Investment Corp.(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2023	—	(48)	(49)	— %
Lignetics Investment Corp.(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/2/2026	784	727	725	— %
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	3/26/2026	190,078	187,304	190,078	3.2 %
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	5/21/2022	—	(129)	—	— %
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	3/26/2025	5,762	5,529	5,762	0.1 %
				502,453	497,217	501,952	8.5 %
Containers and packaging							
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	10/2/2028	5,554	5,500	5,498	0.1 %
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	9/30/2027	94	89	88	— %
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/13/2028	3,324	3,259	3,257	0.1 %
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	10/13/2023	—	(13)	(13)	— %
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	10/15/2027	—	(9)	(9)	— %
Pregis Topco LLC(9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.95%	8/1/2029	160,000	157,467	160,000	2.7 %
				168,972	166,293	168,821	2.9 %
Distribution							
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	6/15/2023	74,831	74,484	74,456	1.3 %

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ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC(9)(10)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 9.00%	6/17/2024	25,000	24,705	24,875	0.4 %
AramSCO, Inc.(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	55,899	55,224	55,899	0.9 %
AramSCO, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	8/28/2024	—	(93)	—	— %
Endries Acquisition, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	12/10/2025	200,163	197,994	200,163	3.4 %
Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	11/21/2025	140,861	138,813	140,156	2.4 %
Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC(9)(13)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.25%	6/30/2022	28,084	27,594	27,909	0.5 %
Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC(9)(10)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	11/22/2024	959	690	851	— %
Offen, Inc.(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	6/22/2026	19,582	19,450	19,582	0.3 %
				545,379	538,861	543,891	9.2 %
Education							
Learning Care Group (US) No. 2 Inc. (9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	3/13/2026	26,967	26,663	26,293	0.4 %
Pluralsight, LLC(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	4/6/2027	99,450	98,526	98,455	1.7 %
Pluralsight, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 8.00%	4/6/2027	—	(55)	(62)	— %
				126,417	125,134	124,686	2.1 %
Financial services							
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	12/3/2027	202,775	200,614	201,254	3.4 %
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	7/21/2023	—	(39)	—	— %
AxiomSL Group, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	12/3/2025	—	(190)	(137)	— %
Blackhawk Network Holdings, Inc. (9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	6/15/2026	106,400	105,763	106,400	1.8 %
Blend Labs, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	7/1/2026	67,500	65,988	66,150	1.1 %
Blend Labs, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	7/1/2026	—	(67)	(150)	— %
Hg Genesis 8 Sumoco Limited(9)(19)(25)(27)	Unsecured facility	S + 7.50% PIK	8/28/2025	47,207	46,102	47,207	0.8 %
Hg Saturn Luchaco Limited(9)(19)(25)(27)	Unsecured facility	S + 7.50% PIK	3/30/2026	133,862	135,510	132,523	2.2 %

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Muine Gall, LLC(8)(9)(13)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00% PIK	9/20/2024	239,896	240,229	239,896	4.0 %
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	9/8/2025	25,313	25,158	25,148	0.4 %
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(9)(10)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	10/2/2023	4,978	4,877	4,945	0.1 %
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	9/8/2025	—	(18)	(11)	— %
				827,931	823,927	823,225	13.8 %
Food and beverage							
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba BakeMark)(9)(13)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/3/2029	22,000	21,821	21,815	0.4 %
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(9)(11)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	5/12/2027	69,381	68,596	68,687	1.2 %
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	5/12/2023	—	(32)	—	— %
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	5/12/2027	—	(97)	(87)	— %
H-Food Holdings, LLC(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	3/2/2026	121,800	119,919	121,800	2.1 %
Hometown Food Company(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	8/31/2023	15,947	15,830	15,787	0.3 %
Hometown Food Company(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	8/31/2023	—	(28)	(42)	— %
Nellson Nutraceutical, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	12/23/2023	27,280	26,586	26,735	0.5 %
Nutraceutical International Corporation(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2026	211,824	209,206	207,587	3.5 %
Nutraceutical International Corporation(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2025	13,578	13,426	13,307	0.2 %
Recipe Acquisition Corp. (dba Roland Corporation)(9)(12)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 9.00%	12/1/2022	32,000	31,881	30,080	0.5 %
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	7/30/2025	43,860	43,377	41,668	0.7 %
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)(9)(15)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P + 3.50%	7/30/2023	300	236	(150)	— %
Shearer's Foods, LLC(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75%	9/22/2028	120,000	118,973	120,000	2.0 %
Tall Tree Foods, Inc.(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	8/12/2022	39,684	39,609	40,477	0.7 %

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Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(9)(11)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	8/13/2027	82,053	80,108	80,003	1.3 %
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC(9)(13)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	8/13/2027	5,222	4,989	4,973	0.1 %
				804,929	794,400	792,640	13.5 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
Medline Intermediate, LP(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 3.25%	10/21/2026	—	(155)	(162)	— %
Nelipak Holding Company(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	7/2/2026	24,760	24,419	24,450	0.4 %
Nelipak Holding Company(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.25%	7/2/2024	3,082	3,008	2,990	0.1 %
Nelipak Holding Company(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	E + 4.50%	7/2/2024	—	(261)	(94)	— %
Nelipak Holding Company(9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	7/2/2027	67,006	66,237	66,336	1.1 %
Nelipak Holding Company(9)(17)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	E + 8.50%	7/2/2027	68,346	66,496	67,321	1.1 %
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc. (9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	11/30/2028	196,044	192,494	192,123	3.2 %
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.) (9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	1/31/2028	136,736	134,627	135,027	2.3 %
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.) (9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	1/29/2026	—	(229)	(169)	— %
				495,974	486,636	487,822	8.2 %
Healthcare providers and services							
KS Management Services, L.L.C.(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	1/9/2026	122,500	121,420	122,500	2.1 %
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	10/3/2025	70,723	69,731	70,192	1.2 %
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(9)(12)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 7.00%	3/31/2022	35,582	35,166	35,315	0.6 %
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	10/3/2025	3,044	2,853	2,974	0.1 %
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	9/27/2027	116,855	114,603	114,518	1.9 %
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.(9)(10)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	9/27/2027	1,616	1,326	1,313	— %
Ex Vivo Parent Inc. (dba OB Hospitalist)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50% PIK	9/27/2028	57,810	56,685	56,654	1.0 %

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Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	11/15/2029	190,000	188,123	188,100	3.2 %
Premier Imaging, LLC (dba LucidHealth)(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	1/2/2025	42,998	42,517	42,675	0.7 %
Quva Pharma, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	4/12/2028	39,900	38,802	38,803	0.7 %
Quva Pharma, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	4/10/2026	—	(103)	(110)	— %
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/9/2026	88,973	87,832	88,306	1.5 %
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.50%	6/9/2022	28,463	28,098	28,243	0.5 %
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/9/2026	3,879	3,746	3,799	0.1 %
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	11/14/2023	73,081	72,560	73,081	1.2 %
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.50%	11/14/2022	—	(27)	—	— %
				875,424	863,332	866,363	14.8 %
Healthcare technology							
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/23/2028	114,052	112,307	112,227	1.9 %
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	8/23/2023	—	(269)	(133)	— %
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/21/2026	—	(190)	(190)	— %
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp. (9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	9/5/2025	516	487	514	— %
Bracket Intermediate Holding Corp. (9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.13%	9/7/2026	26,250	25,896	26,119	0.4 %
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	10/30/2028	4,017	3,938	3,937	0.1 %
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	10/30/2023	—	(6)	(6)	— %
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/29/2027	—	(7)	(7)	— %

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Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	11/24/2028	177,727	173,336	173,283	2.9 %
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	5/24/2024	—	(234)	(237)	— %
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 10.50% PIK	11/24/2033	84,661	82,975	82,967	1.4 %
Intelerad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)(9)(12)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	8/21/2026	115,684	114,517	115,395	1.9 %
Intelerad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)(9)(12)(21)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	8/21/2026	2,983	2,944	2,972	0.1 %
Interoperability Bidco, Inc.(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	6/25/2026	75,270	74,616	75,270	1.3 %
Interoperability Bidco, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	6/25/2024	—	(25)	—	— %
				601,160	590,285	592,111	10.0 %
Household products							
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	11/3/2025	108,230	106,916	107,418	1.8 %
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(9)(11)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	2/10/2023	33,699	33,376	33,429	0.6 %
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	11/3/2025	2,689	2,596	2,616	— %
Walker Edison Furniture Company LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	8.75% (incl. L + 3.00% PIK)	3/31/2027	84,258	84,258	80,047	1.3 %
				228,876	227,146	223,510	3.7 %
Human resource support services							
Cornerstone OnDemand, Inc.(9)(13)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	10/15/2029	115,833	114,128	114,096	1.9 %
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/22/2028	50,898	49,915	50,008	0.8 %
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	9/22/2027	1,987	1,911	1,917	— %
				168,718	165,954	166,021	2.7 %
Infrastructure and environmental services							
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. (dba Applied-Cleveland Holdings, Inc.)(9)(13)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	9/8/2022	118,253	118,545	112,932	1.9 %
LineStar Integrity Services LLC(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	2/12/2024	82,714	82,413	72,788	1.2 %
				200,967	200,958	185,720	3.1 %

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Insurance							
Alera Group, Inc.(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/2/2028	43,036	42,097	42,068	0.7 %
Alera Group, Inc.(9)(10)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	10/2/2023	11,825	11,560	11,554	0.2 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(9)(13)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured USD delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	7/14/2026	26,784	26,269	26,784	0.5 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(9)(18)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	E + 6.75%	7/14/2026	10,388	10,013	10,388	0.2 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(9)(19)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured GBP term loan	S + 6.75%	7/14/2026	117,374	106,703	117,374	2.0 %
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC(9)(21)(23)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured GBP delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/19/2023	—	—	—	— %
Ardonagh Midco 2 PLC(20)(25)(27)	Unsecured notes	12.75% PIK	1/15/2027	10,527	10,451	11,620	0.2 %
Brightway Holdings, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/16/2027	26,842	26,509	26,507	0.4 %
Brightway Holdings, LLC(9)(21)(22)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	12/16/2027	—	(39)	(39)	— %
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	4/28/2028	143,150	141,253	141,360	2.4 %
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.25%	4/30/2027	—	(135)	(134)	— %
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	8/27/2025	218,876	216,446	218,876	3.7 %
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	8/27/2025	—	(135)	—	— %
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	9/15/2025	77,376	75,139	77,763	1.3 %
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(9)(10)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	9/13/2024	9,511	9,412	9,511	0.2 %
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2028	108,430	107,368	107,347	1.8 %
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(9)(13)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	5/1/2023	19,143	18,953	18,952	0.3 %
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/1/2027	—	(60)	(62)	— %
PCF Midco II, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(20)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	9.00% PIK	10/31/2031	118,693	107,530	107,418	1.8 %

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TEMPO BUYER CORP. (dba Global Claims Services)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2028	1,089	1,068	1,067	— %
TEMPO BUYER CORP. (dba Global Claims Services)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/26/2023	—	(3)	(3)	— %
TEMPO BUYER CORP. (dba Global Claims Services)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/28/2028	—	(3)	(3)	— %
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/2/2026	75,513	74,093	74,569	1.3 %
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/2/2025	—	(151)	(107)	— %
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	7/23/2027	39,087	38,349	38,306	0.6 %
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(9)(12)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	7/23/2027	71	(8)	(14)	— %
KUSR Intermediate, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	9.50% PIK	7/24/2028	31,237	30,655	30,612	0.5 %
				1,088,952	1,053,334	1,071,714	18.1 %
Internet software and services							
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)(9)(12)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	5/13/2025	61,259	60,718	60,340	1.0 %
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)(9)(21)(22)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	5/13/2025	—	(27)	(58)	— %
Accela, Inc.(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	7.50% (incl. L + 4.25% PIK)	9/30/2024	23,990	23,818	23,990	0.4 %
Accela, Inc.(9)(21)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	9/30/2024	—	—	—	— %
Apptio, Inc.(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	1/10/2025	50,916	50,179	50,916	0.9 %
Apptio, Inc.(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.25%	1/10/2025	1,112	1,084	1,112	— %
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.75% PIK	10/2/2028	82,962	81,145	81,095	1.4 %
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	10/1/2027	—	(149)	(156)	— %
BCPE Nucleon (DE) SPV, LP(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	9/24/2026	189,778	187,355	188,829	3.2 %
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.00%	12/23/2026	44,643	44,258	44,420	0.7 %
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	12/23/2026	3,018	2,973	2,991	0.1 %

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Centrify Corporation(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	3/2/2028	66,903	65,383	65,564	1.1 %
Centrify Corporation(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	3/2/2027	—	(173)	(136)	— %
CivicPlus, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	8/24/2027	14,236	14,101	14,094	0.2 %
CivicPlus, LLC(9)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	8/24/2023	—	—	—	— %
CivicPlus, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	8/24/2027	—	(13)	(13)	— %
Delta TopCo, Inc. (dba Infoblox, Inc.) (9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 7.25%	12/1/2028	15,000	14,934	15,000	0.3 %
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e-Emphasys)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	11/8/2027	4,545	4,501	4,500	0.1 %
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e-Emphasys)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	11/8/2027	—	(4)	(5)	— %
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 9.50% PIK	8/17/2026	54,811	54,119	54,811	0.9 %
Forescout Technologies, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 8.50%	8/18/2025	—	(68)	—	— %
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procure Software)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/31/2024	18,129	17,961	17,630	0.3 %
Genesis Acquisition Co. (dba Procure Software)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.00%	7/31/2024	2,637	2,614	2,564	— %
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2027	10,658	10,407	10,392	0.2 %
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.(9)(10)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2023	2,404	2,333	2,330	— %
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/4/2027	—	(18)	(20)	— %
Granicus, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	1/29/2027	13,495	13,211	13,259	0.2 %
Granicus, Inc.(9)(12)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.50%	1/30/2023	1,535	1,498	1,501	— %
Granicus, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	1/29/2027	—	(24)	(21)	— %
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.À R.L (dba Checkmarx)(9)(13)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50%	4/16/2026	51,567	50,388	51,567	0.9 %
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.À R.L (dba Checkmarx)(9)(21)(22)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.50%	4/16/2026	—	(348)	—	— %

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Hyland Software, Inc.(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	7/7/2025	15,482	15,468	15,579	0.3 %
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline)(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	8/20/2024	150,639	149,528	150,639	2.5 %
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	8/21/2023	—	(111)	—	— %
Litera Bidco LLC(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.87%	5/29/2026	154,049	152,423	154,049	2.6 %
Litera Bidco LLC(9)(10)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.00%	10/29/2022	1,998	1,943	1,998	— %
Litera Bidco LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	5/29/2026	—	(44)	—	— %
MessageBird BidCo B.V.(9)(12)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	4/29/2027	77,000	75,447	75,460	1.3 %
MINDBODY, Inc.(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	8.50% (incl. L + 1.50% PIK)	2/14/2025	67,127	66,713	67,127	1.1 %
MINDBODY, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 7.00%	2/14/2025	—	(32)	—	— %
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/29/2028	706	692	692	— %
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.50%	12/27/2023	—	(2)	(2)	— %
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	12/27/2027	—	(1)	(1)	— %
Proofpoint, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.25%	8/31/2029	19,600	19,505	19,502	0.3 %
QAD, Inc.(9)(11)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/5/2027	26,571	26,051	26,040	0.4 %
QAD, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/5/2027	—	(67)	(69)	— %
Tahoe Finco, LLC(9)(12)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	9/29/2028	123,255	122,057	121,777	2.1 %
Tahoe Finco, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)(27)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/1/2027	—	(89)	(111)	— %

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Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	6/30/2028	64,802	64,189	64,357	1.1 %
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	8/17/2023	—	—	(41)	— %
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	6/30/2027	—	(35)	(29)	— %
When I Work, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	11/2/2027	4,932	4,884	4,883	0.1 %
When I Work, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	11/2/2027	—	(9)	(9)	— %
				1,419,759	1,400,666	1,408,337	23.7 %
Leisure and entertainment							
Tron Golf, L.L.C.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	8/5/2027	283,073	281,736	281,659	4.7 %
Tron Golf, L.L.C.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	8/5/2026	—	(99)	(108)	— %
				283,073	281,637	281,551	4.7 %
Manufacturing							
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products)(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	12/29/2028	29,250	28,584	28,884	0.5 %
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	7/31/2024	53,209	52,784	53,209	0.9 %
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.(9)(10)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	7/31/2023	1,800	1,782	1,800	— %
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	7/21/2027	160,321	158,816	158,718	2.7 %
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(9)(12)(21)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 5.75%	7/21/2023	13,420	13,291	13,286	0.2 %
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	7/21/2027	—	(144)	(155)	— %
PHM Netherlands Midco B.V. (dba Loparex)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	7/31/2026	786	738	782	— %
PHM Netherlands Midco B.V. (dba Loparex)(9)(10)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 8.75%	7/30/2027	112,000	105,916	110,600	1.9 %

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Safety Products/JHC Acquisition Corp. (dba Justrite Safety Group)(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	6/28/2026	13,923	13,829	12,948	0.2 %
Sonny's Enterprises LLC(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	8/5/2026	232,258	228,600	232,258	3.9 %
Sonny's Enterprises LLC(9)(10)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	8/5/2025	2,567	2,309	2,567	— %
				619,534	606,505	614,897	10.3 %
Oil and gas							
Black Mountain Sand Eagle Ford LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.25%	8/17/2022	4,808	4,808	4,808	0.1 %
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	5/14/2026	45,091	44,664	45,091	0.8 %
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	5/14/2025	—	(22)	—	— %
Zenith Energy U.S. Logistics Holdings, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/20/2024	64,476	63,728	64,476	1.1 %
				114,375	113,178	114,375	2.0 %
Professional services							
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	7/2/2024	110,265	109,296	109,713	1.8 %
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)(9)(15)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	P + 3.75%	7/2/2024	3,796	3,691	3,724	0.1 %
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(9)(12)(25)(27)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	7/27/2029	19,000	18,817	18,810	0.3 %
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(9)(21)(23)(25)(27)	Second lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.75%	6/30/2022	—	—	—	— %
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(9)(13)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.25%	12/12/2024	151,895	151,062	151,895	2.6 %
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.25%	12/12/2024	—	(105)	—	— %
Guidehouse Inc.(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	10/16/2028	4,649	4,604	4,603	0.1 %
Guidehouse Inc.(9)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	10/15/2027	—	—	(4)	— %
Relativity ODA LLC(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 7.50% PIK	5/12/2027	77,263	76,255	76,297	1.3 %
Relativity ODA LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	5/12/2027	—	(98)	(92)	— %
				366,868	363,522	364,946	6.2 %

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Company(1)(4)(7)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Specialty retail							
Galls, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (incl. L + 0.50% PIK)	1/31/2025	104,742	103,983	98,458	1.7 %
Galls, LLC(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.75%	1/31/2024	11,943	11,624	9,999	0.2 %
Milan Laser Holdings LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	4/27/2027	24,299	24,080	24,117	0.4 %
Milan Laser Holdings LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	4/27/2026	—	(18)	(16)	— %
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	11/22/2027	110,460	108,827	108,803	1.8 %
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(9)(21)(22)(23)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 6.50%	11/23/2023	—	(98)	(40)	— %
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)(9)(12)(21)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.50%	5/24/2027	1,596	1,455	1,453	— %
The Shade Store, LLC(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	10/13/2027	9,091	8,981	8,977	0.2 %
The Shade Store, LLC(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	10/13/2026	—	(11)	(11)	— %
				262,131	258,823	251,740	4.3 %
Transportation							
Lazer Spot G B Holdings, Inc.(9)(12)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	12/9/2025	144,064	142,314	144,064	2.4 %
Lazer Spot G B Holdings, Inc.(9)(21)(22)(25)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.75%	12/9/2025	—	(304)	—	— %
Lytix, Inc.(9)(10)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.75%	2/28/2026	71,733	70,839	71,195	1.2 %
Motus Group, LLC(9)(12)(25)	Second lien senior secured loan	L + 6.50%	12/10/2029	10,810	10,702	10,702	0.2 %
				226,607	223,551	225,961	3.8 %
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company debt investments				\$ 11,793,168	\$ 11,589,379	\$ 11,582,457	195.7 %
Equity Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
Space Exploration Technologies Corp. (25)(26)(29)	Class A Common Stock	N/A	N/A	3,232	1,557	1,810	— %
Space Exploration Technologies Corp. (25)(26)(29)	Class C Common Stock	N/A	N/A	936	446	524	— %
					2,003	2,334	— %

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<u>Company(1)(4)(7)</u>	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Par / Units</u>	<u>Amortized Cost(2)(3)</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage of Net Assets</u>
Automotive							
CD&R Value Building Partners I, L.P.(25)(26)(27)(29)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	33,000	33,065	33,000	0.6 %
Metis HoldCo, Inc. (dba Mavis Tire Express Services)(20)(25)(26)	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	7.00% PIK	N/A	149,692	151,894	155,888	2.6 %
					184,959	188,888	3.2 %
Buildings and real estate							
Skyline Holdco B, Inc. (dba Dodge Data & Analytics)(25)(26)(29)	Series A Preferred Stock	N/A	N/A	2,181,629	3,272	3,612	0.1 %
					3,272	3,612	0.1 %
Business services							
Denali Holding LP (dba Summit Companies)(25)(26)(29)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	313,850	3,136	3,136	0.1 %
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)(25)(26)(29)(31)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	2,190,000	2,192	2,192	— %
					5,328	5,328	0.1 %
Consumer Products							
ASP Conair Holdings LP(25)(26)(29)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	60,714	6,071	6,071	0.1 %
					6,071	6,071	0.1 %
Financial services							
Blend Labs, Inc.(25)(26)(29)	Common Stock	N/A	N/A	72,317	1,000	515	— %
Blend Labs, Inc.(25)(26)(29)	Warrants	N/A	N/A	179,529	975	380	— %
					1,975	895	— %
Food and beverage							
H-Food Holdings, LLC(25)(26)(29)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	10,875	10,875	13,633	0.2 %
					10,875	13,633	0.2 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
KPCI Holdings, LP(25)(26)(29)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	30,425	32,285	37,331	0.6 %
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)(20)(25)(26)	Class A Units	8.00% PIK	N/A	7,104	7,633	7,633	0.1 %
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)(25)(26)(29)	Class B Units	N/A	N/A	97,833	18	1,109	— %
					39,936	46,073	0.7 %
Healthcare providers and services							
KOBHG Holdings, L.P. (dba OB Hospitalist)(25)(26)(29)	Class A Interests	N/A	N/A	6,670	6,670	6,670	0.1 %
Restore OMH Intermediate Holdings, Inc.(20)(25)(26)	Senior Preferred Stock	13.00% PIK	N/A	2,616	25,566	25,506	0.4 %
					32,236	32,176	0.5 %
Human resource support services							
Sunshine Software Holdings, Inc. (dba Cornerstone OnDemand, Inc.)(20)(25)(26)	Series A Preferred Stock	10.50% PIK	N/A	38,500	38,401	38,380	0.6 %
					38,401	38,380	0.6 %

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Company(1)(4)(7)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Insurance							
Evolution Parent, LP (dba SIAA)(25)(26)(29)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	42,838	4,284	4,284	0.1 %
GrowthCurve Capital Sunrise Co-Invest LP(25)(26)(29)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	632	633	632	— %
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)(5)(25)(29)	Common Stock	N/A	N/A	1,021,885	5,232	3,873	0.1 %
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(25)(26)(29)	Class A Units	N/A	N/A	11,028	27,968	27,968	0.5 %
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)(25)(26)(29)	Class A Warrants	N/A	N/A	3,744	9,496	9,496	0.2 %
					47,613	46,253	0.9 %
Internet and software services							
BCTO WIW Holdings, Inc. (dba When I Work)(25)(26)(29)	Class A Common Stock	N/A	N/A	13	1,300	1,300	— %
Brooklyn Lender Co-Invest 2, L.P.(25)(26)(29)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	7,503,843	7,504	7,504	0.1 %
MessageBird Holding B.V.(25)(26)(27)(29)	Extended Series C Warrants	N/A	N/A	122,890	753	753	— %
Thunder Topco L.P. (dba Vector Solutions)(25)(26)(29)	Common Units	N/A	N/A	3,829,614	3,830	4,519	0.1 %
VEPF Torreys Aggregator, LLC (dba MINDBODY, Inc.)(20)(25)(26)	Series A Preferred Stock	6.00% PIK	N/A	21,500	21,250	21,250	0.4 %
					34,637	35,326	0.6 %
Manufacturing							
Gloves Holdings, LP (dba Protective Industrial Products)(25)(26)(29)	LP Interest	N/A	N/A	3,250	3,250	3,640	0.1 %
Windows Entities(25)(26)(27)(29)(30)	LLC Units	N/A	N/A	31,826	56,944	103,561	1.7 %
					60,194	107,201	1.8 %
Professional services							
WMC Bidco, Inc.(20)(25)(26)	Senior Preferred Stock	11.25% PIK	N/A	16,692	16,247	16,233	0.3 %
					16,247	16,233	0.3 %
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company equity investments					\$ 483,747	\$ 542,403	9.1 %
Total non-controlled/non-affiliated portfolio company investments					\$ 12,073,126	\$ 12,124,860	204.8 %

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Company(1)(4)(7)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(2)(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments							
Debt Investments							
Advertising and media							
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI) (9)(12)(24)(25)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 8.00%	6/29/2024	50,044	49,316	49,419	0.8 %
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI) (9)(12)(21)(23)(24)(25)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 8.00%	12/30/2022	10,899	10,899	10,635	0.2 %
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI) (9)(21)(24)(25)	Letter of Credit	L + 8.00%	6/29/2024	—	3	—	— %
				60,943	60,218	60,054	1.0 %
Distribution							
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(9)(12)(24)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	12/31/2024	13,241	12,979	12,976	0.2 %
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)(9)(12)(21)(24)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	12/31/2024	2,319	2,171	2,219	— %
				15,560	15,150	15,195	0.2 %
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company debt investments				\$ 76,503	\$ 75,368	\$ 75,249	1.2 %
Equity Investments							
Advertising and media							
New PLI Holdings, LLC(24)(25)(26)(29)	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	86,745	48,007	48,007	0.8 %
					48,007	48,007	0.8 %
Distribution							
PS Op Holdings LLC(24)(26)(29)	Class A Common Units	N/A	N/A	248,271	4,300	4,300	0.1 %
					4,300	4,300	0.1 %
Financial services							
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC(8)(21)(24)(26)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	198,038	198,038	242,163	4.1 %
					198,038	242,163	4.1 %
Investment funds and vehicles							
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)(6)(8)(24)(26)(27)	LLC Interest	N/A	N/A	249,714	249,714	247,061	4.2 %
					249,714	247,061	4.2 %
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company equity investments					\$ 500,059	\$ 541,531	9.2 %
Total controlled/affiliated portfolio company investments					\$ 575,427	\$ 616,780	10.4 %
Total Investments					\$ 12,648,553	\$ 12,741,640	215.2 %

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Interest Rate Swaps as of December 31, 2021

	Company Receives	Company Pays	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Hedged Instrument	Footnote Reference
Interest rate swap	5.25%	L + 2.937%	4/10/2024	400,000	2024 Notes	Note 6
Interest rate swap	2.63%	L + 1.655%	1/15/2027	500,000	2027 Notes	Note 6
Total				900,000		

- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (3) As of December 31, 2021, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$36.8 million based on a tax cost basis of \$12.8 billion. As of December 31, 2021, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$217.6 million and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$180.8 million.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.
- (5) Level 1 investment.
- (6) Investment measured at net asset value (“NAV”).
- (7) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company’s portfolio companies are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facilities and CLOs. See Note 6 “Debt”.
- (8) Investment is not pledged as collateral for the credit facilities.
- (9) Loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR” or “L”, which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR), Euro Interbank Offered Rate (“EURIBOR” or “E”, which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month EURIBOR), SONIA (“SONIA” or “S”), or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower’s option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (10) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.10%.
- (11) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 2 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.15%.
- (12) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.21%.
- (13) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.34%.
- (14) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 12 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.58%.
- (15) The interest rate on these loans is subject to Prime, which as of December 31, 2021 was 3.25%.
- (16) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 3 month Canadian Dollar Offered Rate (“CDOR” or “C”), which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.52%.
- (17) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 3 month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was (0.57)%.
- (18) The interest rate on this loan is subject to 6 month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was (0.55)%.
- (19) The interest rate on this loan is subject to SONIA, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.26%.
- (20) Contains a fixed-rate structure.
- (21) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan or equity commitment. See Note 7 “Commitments and Contingencies”.
- (22) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (23) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (24) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an “Affiliated Person” and has “Control” of this portfolio company as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). The Company’s investment in affiliates for the year ended December 31, 2021, were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Fair value as of December 31, 2020	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions(b)	Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	Fair value as of December 31, 2021	Interest Income	Dividend Income	Other Income
Controlled Affiliates								
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)(c)	\$ 105,546	\$ 168,001	\$ (26,125)	\$ (362)	\$ 247,061	\$ —	\$ 14,394	\$ —
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)	—	20,440	(994)	49	19,495	34	—	—
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	99,297	8,495	—	269	108,061	5,497	—	643
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC	67,538	277,500	(147,000)	44,125	242,163	—	6,000	—
Total Controlled Affiliates	\$ 272,381	\$ 474,436	\$ (174,119)	\$ 44,081	\$ 616,780	\$ 5,531	\$ 20,394	\$ 643

- (a) Gross additions may include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, amounts related to payment-in-kind (“PIK”) interest capitalized and added to the principal balance of the respective loans, the accretion of discounts, the exchange of one or more existing investments for one or more new investments and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this controlled affiliated category from a different category.
- (b) Gross reductions may include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments and sales, return of capital, the amortization of premiums and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities.

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- (c) For further description of the Company's investment in ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC), see Note 4 "Investments."
- (25) Represents co-investment made with the Company's affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that the Company received from the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. See Note 3 "Agreements and Related Party Transactions."
- (26) Securities acquired in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act. As of December 31, 2021, the aggregate fair value of these securities is \$1.1 billion or 18.3% of the Company's net assets. The acquisition dates of the restricted securities are as follows:

Portfolio Company	Investment	Acquisition Date
ASP Conair Holdings LP	Class A Units	May 17, 2021
BCTO WIW Holdings, Inc. (dba When I Work)	Class A Common Stock	November 2, 2021
Blend Labs, Inc.	Common Stock	February 24, 2021
Blend Labs, Inc.	Warrants	July 2, 2021
Brooklyn Lender Co-Invest 2, L.P.	Common Units	October 1, 2021
CD&R Value Building Partners I, L.P.	LP Interest	December 2, 2021
Denali Holding LP (dba Summit Companies)	Class A Units	September 15, 2021
Evolution Parent, LP (dba SIAA)	LP Interest	April 30, 2021
KOBHG Holdings, L.P. (dba OB Hospitalist)	Class A Interests	September 27, 2021
Gloves Holdings, LP (dba Protective Industrial Products)	LP Interest	December 29, 2020
GrowthCurve Capital Sunrise Co-Invest LP	LP Interest	December 16, 2021
Hercules Buyer, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)	Common Units	December 15, 2020
H-Food Holdings, LLC	LLC Interest	November 23, 2018
KPCI Holdings, LP	Class A Units	November 30, 2020
MessageBird Holding B.V.	Extended Series C Warrants	May 5, 2021
Metis HoldCo, Inc. (dba Mavis Tire Express Services)	Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	May 4, 2021
New PLI Holdings, LLC	Class A Common Units	December 23, 2020
ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC)	LLC Interest	June 20, 2017
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)	Class A Units	January 29, 2021
Patriot Holdings SCSp (dba Corza Health, Inc.)	Class B Units	January 29, 2021
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	Class A Units	November 1, 2021
PCF Holdco, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	Class A Warrants	October 29, 2021
PS Op Holdings LLC	Class A Common Units	December 21, 2021
Restore OMH Intermediate Holdings, Inc.	Senior Preferred Stock	December 9, 2020
Skyline Holdco B, Inc. (dba Dodge Data & Analytics)	Series A Preferred Stock	April 14, 2021
Space Exploration Technologies Corp.	Class A Common Stock	March 25, 2021
Space Exploration Technologies Corp.	Class C Common Stock	March 25, 2021
Sunshine Software Holdings, Inc. (dba Cornerstone OnDemand, Inc.)	Series A Preferred Stock	October 14, 2021
Thunder Topco L.P. (dba Vector Solutions)	Common Units	June 30, 2021
VEPF Torreys Aggregator, LLC (dba MINDBODY, Inc.)	Series A Preferred Stock	October 15, 2021
Windows Entities	LLC Units	January 16, 2020
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC	LLC Interest	September 24, 2019
WMC Bidco, Inc.	Senior Preferred Stock	November 9, 2021

* Refer to Note 4 "Investments – ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC," for further information.

** Refer to Note 3 "Agreements and Related Party Transactions – Controlled/Affiliated Portfolio Companies"

- (27) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. As of December 31, 2021, non-qualifying assets represented 9.9% of total assets as calculated in accordance with the regulatory requirements.
- (28) Loan was on non-accrual status as of December 31, 2021.
- (29) Investment is non-income producing.
- (30) Investment represents multiple underlying investments, including Midwest Custom Windows, LLC, Greater Toronto Custom Windows, Corp., Garden State Custom Windows, LLC, Long Island Custom Windows, LLC, Jemico, LLC and Atlanta Custom Windows, LLC. Greater Toronto Custom Windows, Corp. is considered a non-qualifying asset, with a fair value of \$8.0 million as of December 31, 2021.
- (31) We invest in this portfolio company through underlying blocker entities Hercules Blocker 1 LLC, Hercules Blocker 2 LLC, Hercules Blocker 3 LLC, Hercules Blocker 4 LLC, and Hercules Blocker 5 LLC.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets
(Amounts in thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations			
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 556,718	\$ 490,137	\$ 517,456
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	(94,509)	179,824	(76,004)
Net realized gain (loss)	4,146	(45,079)	(53,712)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	466,355	624,882	387,740
Distributions			
Distributions declared from earnings ⁽¹⁾	(507,822)	(486,868)	(605,958)
Net Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Shareholders' Distributions	(507,822)	(486,868)	(605,958)
Capital Share Transactions			
Repurchase of common shares	(25,958)	(2,604)	(150,250)
Reinvestment of distributions	11,951	56,033	137,619
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions	(14,007)	53,429	(12,631)
Total Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(55,474)	191,443	(230,849)
Net Assets, at beginning of period	5,937,877	5,746,434	5,977,283
Net Assets, at end of period	\$ 5,882,403	\$ 5,937,877	\$ 5,746,434

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2022, distributions declared were derived from net investment income. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, distributions declared from earnings were derived from net investment income and capital gains.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Amounts in thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 466,355	\$ 624,882	\$ 387,740
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities:			
Purchases of investments, net	(2,132,632)	(7,135,785)	(3,855,603)
Proceeds from investments and investment repayments, net	1,926,108	5,511,556	1,790,500
Net amortization/accretion of premium/discount on investments	(41,712)	(82,000)	(50,498)
Payment-in-kind interest and dividends	(147,758)	(59,918)	(35,645)
Net change in unrealized (gain) loss on investments	88,427	(192,381)	76,952
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap attributed to unsecured notes	(84,779)	(9,531)	16,860
Net change in unrealized (gains) losses on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	2,514	3,206	(4,301)
Net realized (gain) loss on investments	(5,171)	46,332	51,376
Net realized (gain) loss on foreign currency transactions relating to investments	3,586	(20)	8
Amortization of debt issuance costs	30,076	25,721	17,178
Amortization of offering costs	—	96	24
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in receivable for investments sold	—	6,316	2,934
(Increase) decrease in interest receivable	(26,369)	(24,608)	524
(Increase) decrease in receivable from a controlled affiliate	(13,756)	(1,606)	128
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	20,089	14,792	(20,751)
Increase (decrease) in management fee payable	813	10,834	19,680
Increase (decrease) in incentive fee payable	5,220	10,172	19,070
Increase (decrease) in payables to affiliate	549	(725)	752
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	125,708	25,504	22,755
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	217,268	(1,227,163)	(1,560,317)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Borrowings on debt	2,531,427	5,521,730	5,404,027
Payments on debt	(2,220,889)	(3,697,000)	(3,135,250)
Debt issuance costs	(15,484)	(44,875)	(63,961)
Repurchases of common stock	(25,958)	(2,604)	(150,250)
Cash distributions paid to shareholders	(488,422)	(460,854)	(453,497)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(219,326)	1,316,397	1,601,069
Net increase (decrease) in cash and restricted cash, including foreign cash (restricted cash of \$74,939 and \$12,640, respectively)	(2,058)	89,234	40,752
Cash and restricted cash, including foreign cash, beginning of period (restricted cash of \$21,481 and \$8,841, respectively)	447,145	357,911	317,159
Cash and restricted cash, including foreign cash, end of period (restricted cash of \$96,420 and \$21,481, respectively)	\$ 445,087	\$ 447,145	\$ 357,911

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Amounts in thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Supplemental and Non-Cash Information			
Interest paid during the period	\$ 234,195	\$ 166,531	\$ 113,099
Distributions declared during the period	507,822	486,868	605,958
Reinvestment of distributions during the period	11,951	56,033	137,619
Distributions Payable	129,517	122,068	152,087
Receivable for investments sold	—	—	6,316
Taxes, including excise tax, paid during the period	3,913	4,962	1,990

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization

Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the “Company”) is a Maryland corporation formed on October 15, 2015. The Company was formed primarily to originate and make loans to, and make debt and equity investments in, U.S. middle market companies. The Company invests in senior secured or unsecured loans, subordinated loans or mezzanine loans and, to a lesser extent, equity and equity-related securities including warrants, preferred stock and similar forms of senior equity, which may or may not be convertible into a portfolio company’s common equity. The Company’s investment objective is to generate current income and to a lesser extent, capital appreciation by targeting investment opportunities with favorable risk-adjusted returns.

The Company has elected to be regulated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). In addition, for tax purposes, the Company is treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). Because the Company has elected to be regulated as a BDC and qualifies as a RIC under the Code, the Company’s portfolio is subject to diversification and other requirements.

On April 27, 2016, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, OR Lending LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lenders license. OR Lending LLC makes loans to borrowers headquartered in California. From time to time the Company may form wholly-owned subsidiaries to facilitate the normal course of business.

Certain of the Company’s consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes.

Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC (the “Adviser”) serves as the Company’s investment adviser. The Adviser is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “Advisers Act”), an indirect affiliate of Blue Owl Capital Inc. (“Blue Owl”) (NYSE: OWL) and part of Owl Rock, a division of Blue Owl focused on direct lending. Blue Owl consists of three divisions: (1) Owl Rock, which focuses on direct lending, (2) Dyal, which focuses on providing capital to institutional alternative asset managers and (3) Oak Street, which focuses on real estate strategies. Subject to the overall supervision of the Company’s board of directors (the “Board”), the Adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory and management services to, the Company.

On July 22, 2019, the Company closed its initial public offering (“IPO”) and the Company’s common stock began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the symbol “ORCC” on July 18, 2019 (“Listing Date”).

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). The Company is an investment company and, therefore, applies the specialized accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 946, Financial Services – Investment Companies. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. The Company was initially capitalized on March 1, 2016 and commenced operations on March 3, 2016. The Company’s fiscal year ends on December 31.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

Cash

Cash consists of deposits held at a custodian bank and restricted cash pledged as collateral. Cash is carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company deposits its cash with highly-rated banking corporations and, at times, may exceed the insured limits under applicable law.

Investments at Fair Value

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received and the amortized cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period. Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act was recently adopted by the SEC and establishes requirements for determining fair value in good faith for purposes of the 1940 Act. The Company complied with the

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

mandatory provisions of Rule 2a-5 by the September 2022 compliance date. Additionally, commencing with the fourth quarter of 2022, pursuant to Rule 2a-5, the Board designated the Adviser as the Company's valuation designee to perform fair value determinations relating to the value of assets held by the Company for which market quotations are not readily available.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at the average bid price of those market quotations. To validate market quotations, the Company utilizes a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of the Company's investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Adviser, as the valuation designee, based on, among other things, the input of the independent third-party valuation firm(s) engaged at the direction of the Adviser.

As part of the valuation process, the Adviser, as the valuation designee, takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of the Company's investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (*i.e.*, the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase or sale transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Adviser, as the valuation designee, considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Adviser, as the valuation designee, undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- With respect to investments for which market quotations are readily available, those investments will typically be valued at the average bid price of those market quotations;
- With respect to investments for which market quotations are not readily available, the valuation process begins with the independent valuation firm(s) providing a preliminary valuation of each investment to the Adviser's valuation committee;
- Preliminary valuation conclusions are documented and discussed with the Adviser's valuation committee;
- The Adviser, as the valuation designee, reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment;
- Each quarter, the Adviser, as the valuation designee, will provide the Audit Committee a summary or description of material fair value matters that occurred in the prior quarter and on an annual basis, the Adviser, as the valuation designee, will provide the Audit Committee with a written assessment of the adequacy and effectiveness of its fair value process; and
- The Audit Committee oversees the valuation designee and will report to the Board on any valuation matters requiring the Board's attention.

The Company conducts this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

The Company applies Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements* ("ASC 820"), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, the Company considers its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the period in which the transfer occurs. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, the Company applies the valuation policy approved by its Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, the Adviser, as the valuation designee, evaluates the source of the inputs, including any

markets in which its investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When an investment is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (such as broker quotes), the Adviser, as the valuation designee, subjects those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, the Adviser, as the valuation designee, or the independent valuation firm(s), reviews pricing support provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If the Company were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

Pursuant to ASC 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*, all derivative instruments entered into by the Company are designated as hedging instruments. For all derivative instruments designated as a hedge, the entire change in the fair value of the hedging instrument shall be recorded in the same line item of the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the hedged item. The Company's derivative instruments are used to hedge the Company's fixed rate debt, and therefore both the periodic payment and the change in fair value for the effective hedge, if applicable, will be recognized as components of interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Fair value is estimated by discounting remaining payments using applicable current market rates, or market quotes, if available. Rule 18f-4 was recently adopted by the SEC, and requires BDCs that use derivatives to, among other things, comply with a value-at-risk leverage limit, adopt a derivatives risk management program, and implement certain testing and board reporting procedures.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- cash, fair value of investments, outstanding debt, other assets and liabilities: at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- purchases and sales of investments, borrowings and repayments of such borrowings, income and expenses: at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

The Company includes net changes in fair values on investments held resulting from foreign exchange rate fluctuations with the change in unrealized gains (losses) on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company's current approach to hedging the foreign currency exposure in its non-U.S. dollar denominated investments is primarily to borrow the par amount in local currency under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility to fund these investments. Fluctuations arising from the translation of foreign currency borrowings are included with the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin, including unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and includes amortization or accretion of premiums or discounts. Certain investments may have contractual payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividends. PIK interest and dividends represent accrued interest or dividends that are added to the principal amount or liquidation amount of the investment on the respective interest or dividend payment dates rather than being paid in cash and generally becomes due at maturity or at the occurrence of a liquidation event. For the year ended December 31, 2022, PIK interest and PIK dividend income earned was \$139.2 million, representing 11.6% of investment income. For the year ended December 31, 2021, PIK interest and PIK dividend income earned was \$65.0 million, representing 6.4% of investment income. For the year ended December 31, 2020, PIK interest and PIK dividend income was less than 5% of investment income. Discounts to par value on securities purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective yield method. Premiums to par value on securities purchased are amortized to first call date. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization or accretion of premiums or discounts, if any. Upon prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment premiums, unamortized upfront loan origination fees and unamortized discounts are recorded as interest income in the current period.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. If at any point the Company believes PIK interest or dividends are not expected to be realized, the investment generating PIK interest or dividends will be placed on non-accrual status. When a PIK investment is placed on non-accrual status, the accrued, uncapitalized interest or dividends are generally reversed through interest income. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may make exceptions to this treatment and determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

Other Income

From time to time, the Company may receive fees for services provided to portfolio companies. These fees are generally only available to the Company as a result of closing investments, are generally paid at the closing of the investments, are generally non-recurring and are recognized as revenue when earned upon closing of the investment. The services that the Adviser provides vary by investment, but can include closing, work, diligence or other similar fees and fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.

Offering Expenses

Costs associated with the private placement offering of common shares of the Company were capitalized as deferred offering expenses and included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities and were amortized over a twelve-month period from incurrence. The Company records expenses related to public equity offerings as a reduction of capital upon completion of an offering of registered securities. The costs associated with renewals of the Company's shelf registration statement will be expensed as incurred.

Debt Issuance Costs

The Company records origination and other expenses related to its debt obligations as deferred financing costs. These expenses are deferred and amortized utilizing the effective yield method, over the life of the related debt instrument. Debt issuance costs are presented on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as a direct deduction from the debt liability. In circumstances in which there is not an associated debt liability amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements when the debt issuance costs are incurred, such debt issuance costs will be reported on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as an asset until the debt liability is recorded.

Reimbursement of Transaction-Related Expenses

The Company may receive reimbursement for certain transaction-related expenses in pursuing investments. Transaction-related expenses, which are generally expected to be reimbursed by the Company's portfolio companies, are typically deferred until the transaction is consummated and are recorded in prepaid expenses and other assets on the date incurred. The costs of successfully completed investments not otherwise reimbursed are borne by the Company and are included as a component of the investment's cost basis.

Cash advances received in respect of transaction-related expenses are recorded as cash with an offset to accrued expenses and other liabilities. Accrued expenses and other liabilities are relieved as reimbursable expenses are incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The Company has elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code beginning with its taxable year ending December 31, 2016 and intends to continue to qualify as a RIC. So long as the Company maintains its tax treatment as a RIC, it generally will not pay U.S. federal income taxes at corporate rates on any ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes at least annually to its shareholders as dividends. Instead, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by the Company represents obligations of the Company's investors and will not be reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

To qualify as a RIC, the Company must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. In addition, to qualify for RIC tax treatment, the Company must distribute to its shareholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of its "investment company taxable income" for that year, which is generally its ordinary income plus the excess of its realized net short-term capital gains over its realized net long-term capital losses. In order for the Company not to be subject to U.S. federal excise taxes, it must distribute annually an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of its net ordinary income (taking into account certain deferrals and elections) for the calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of its capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year and (iii) any net ordinary income and capital gains in excess of capital losses for preceding years that were not distributed during such years. The Company, at its discretion, may carry forward taxable income in excess of calendar year dividends and pay a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on this income.

Certain of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing its consolidated financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold are reserved and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. There were no material uncertain tax positions through December 31, 2022. The 2019 through 2021 tax years remain subject to examination by the IRS, and generally years 2018 through 2021 remain subject to examination by state and local tax authorities.

Distributions to Common Shareholders

Distributions to common shareholders are recorded on the record date. The amount to be distributed is determined by the Board and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by the Adviser. Net realized long-term capital gains, if any, would generally be distributed at least annually, although the Company may decide to retain such capital gains for investment.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any cash distributions on behalf of shareholders, unless a shareholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes and declares a cash distribution, then the shareholders who have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distribution automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company's common stock, rather than receiving the cash distribution. The Company expects to use newly issued shares or shares purchased in the open-market to implement the dividend reinvestment plan.

Consolidation

As provided under Regulation S-X and ASC Topic 946 – Financial Services – Investment Companies, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly-owned investment company or controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. Accordingly, the Company consolidated the accounts of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries that meet the aforementioned criteria in its consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company does not consolidate its equity interest in ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC) ("ORCC SLF"), Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC ("Wingspire"), Fifth Season Investment LLC (fka Chapford SMA Partnership, L.P.) ("Fifth Season"), or AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC and AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC (collectively, "Amergin AssetCo"). For further description of the Company's investment in ORCC SLF, see Note 4 "Investments". For further description of the Company's investment in Wingspire and Amergin AssetCo, see Note 3 "Agreements and Related Party Transactions – Controlled/Affiliated Portfolio Companies".

New Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)," which provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying GAAP to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. The amendments apply only to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. In January 2021, the FASB issued ASU No. 2021-01, "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)," which expanded the scope of Topic 848 to include derivative instruments impacted by discounting transition. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-06, "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)," which extended the transition period provided under ASU No. 2020-04 and 2021-01 for all entities from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024. ASU No. 2021-01 provides increased clarity as the Company continues to evaluate the transition of reference rates and is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU No. 2020-04, 2021-01 and 2022-06 on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-03, "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)," which clarifies the guidance in Topic 820 when measuring the fair value of an equity security subject to contractual restrictions that prohibit the sale of an equity security and introduces new disclosure requirements for equity securities subject to contractual sale restrictions that are measured at fair value in accordance with Topic 820. The amendments affect all entities that have investments in equity securities measured at fair

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

value that are subject to a contractual sale restriction. ASU 2022-03 is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for both interim and annual financial statements that have not yet been issued or made available for issuance. An entity that qualifies as an investment company under Topic 946 should apply the amendments in ASU No. 2022-03 to an investment in an equity security subject to a contractual sale restriction that is executed or modified on or after the date of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU No. 2022-03 on the consolidated financial statements.

Other than the aforementioned guidance, the Company's management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Note 3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions

Administration Agreement

The Company has entered into an amended and restated Administration Agreement (the "Administration Agreement") with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs, or oversees, the performance of, required administrative services, which includes providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to shareholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others.

The Administration Agreement also provides that the Company reimburses the Adviser for certain offering costs.

The Company reimburses the Adviser for services performed for it pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser may delegate its obligations under the Administration Agreement to an affiliate or to a third party and the Company will reimburse the Adviser for any services performed for it by such affiliate or third party.

Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect for two years from the date it first became effective, and will remain in effect from year to year thereafter if approved annually by (1) the vote of the Board, or by the vote of a majority of its outstanding voting securities, and (2) the vote of a majority of the Company's directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company, of the Adviser or of any of their respective affiliates, as defined in the 1940 Act. On May 3, 2022, the Board approved the continuation of the Administration Agreement. The Administration Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, on 60 days' written notice, by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company, or by the vote of the Board or by the Adviser.

No person who is an officer, director, or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as a director of the Company receives any compensation from the Company for his or her services as a director. However, the Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to the Company's Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business and affairs of the Company). Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the Company incurred expenses of approximately \$6.4 million, \$5.8 million and \$6.1 million, respectively, for costs and expenses reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

Investment Advisory Agreement

The Investment Advisory Agreement became effective on May 18, 2021. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for managing the Company's business and activities, including sourcing investment opportunities, conducting research, performing diligence on potential investments, structuring its investments, and monitoring its portfolio companies on an ongoing basis through a team of investment professionals.

The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its services to the Company are not impaired.

Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect for two years from the date it first became effective, and will remain in effect from year-to-year thereafter if approved annually by a majority of the Board or by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and, in each case, by a majority of independent directors. On May 3, 2022, the Board approved the continuation of the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate within the meaning of the 1940 Act and related SEC guidance and interpretations in the event of its assignment. In accordance with the 1940 Act, without payment of any penalty, the Company may terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser upon 60 days' written notice. The decision to terminate the agreement may be made by a majority of the Board or the shareholders holding a majority (as defined under the 1940 Act) of the

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

outstanding shares of the Company's common stock or the Adviser. In addition, without payment of any penalty, the Adviser may generally terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 60 days' written notice and, in certain circumstances, the Adviser may only be able to terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement upon 20 days' written notice.

From time to time, the Adviser may pay amounts owed by the Company to third-party providers of goods or services, including the Board, and the Company will subsequently reimburse the Adviser for such amounts paid on its behalf. Amounts payable to the Adviser are settled in the normal course of business without formal payment terms.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company will pay the Adviser a base management fee and may also pay to it certain incentive fees. The cost of both the management fee and the incentive fee will ultimately be borne by the Company's shareholders.

The management fee is currently payable quarterly in arrears. The management fee is payable at an annual rate of (x) 1.50% of the Company's average gross assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts) that is above an asset coverage ratio of 200% calculated in accordance with Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act and (y) 1.00% of the Company's average gross assets (excluding cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed amounts) that is below an asset coverage ratio of 200% calculated in accordance with Section 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, in each case, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. The management fee for any partial month or quarter, as the case may be, will be appropriately prorated and adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the relevant calendar months or quarters, as the case may be.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, management fees were \$88.8 million and \$178.5 million, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2020, management fees, net of \$56.1 million in management fee waivers were \$88.4 million.

The incentive fee consists of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the incentive fee is based on the Company's pre-incentive fee net investment income and a portion is based on the Company's capital gains. The portion of the incentive fee based on pre-incentive fee net investment income is determined and paid quarterly in arrears commencing with the first calendar quarter following the Listing Date, and equals 100% of the pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate," until the Adviser has received 17.5% of the total pre-incentive fee net investment income for that calendar quarter and, for pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 17.5% of all remaining pre-incentive fee net investment income for that calendar quarter.

The second component of the incentive fee, the capital gains incentive fee, payable at the end of each calendar year in arrears, equals 7.5% of cumulative realized capital gains from the Listing Date to the end of each calendar year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation from the Listing Date to the end of each calendar year, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gains incentive fee for prior periods. In no event will the capital gains incentive fee payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement be in excess of the amount permitted by the Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, including Section 205 thereof.

While the Investment Advisory Agreement neither includes nor contemplates the inclusion of unrealized gains in the calculation of the capital gains incentive fee, as required by U.S. GAAP, the Company accrues capital gains incentive fees on unrealized gains. This accrual reflects the incentive fees that would be payable to the Adviser if the Company's entire investment portfolio was liquidated at its fair value as of the balance sheet date even though the Adviser is not entitled to an incentive fee with respect to unrealized gains unless and until such gains are actually realized.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred \$18.1 million and \$104.0 million of performance based incentive fees based on net investment income, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company incurred \$19.1 million of performance based incentive fees based on net investment income, net of \$74.8 million fee waiver.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not accrue capital gains based incentive fees.

Affiliated Transactions

The Company may be prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with its affiliates without prior approval of the directors who are not interested persons, and in some cases, the prior approval of the SEC. The Company, the Adviser and certain of their affiliates have been granted an order for exemptive relief (the "Order") by the SEC for the Company to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or certain affiliates in a manner consistent with the Company's investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to such Order, the Company generally is permitted to co-invest with certain of its affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of the Board make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to the Company and its shareholders and do not involve overreaching by the Company or its shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of the Company's shareholders and is consistent with its investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by its affiliates would not disadvantage the Company, and the Company's participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which its affiliates are investing and (4) the proposed investment by the Company would not benefit the Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of any of them (other than the parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the Order and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act. In addition, the Company has received an amendment to its Order to permit it to participate in follow-on investments in its existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds, if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio company.

The Adviser is affiliated with Owl Rock Technology Advisors LLC ("ORTA"), Owl Rock Technology Advisors II LLC ("ORTA II"), Owl Rock Capital Private Fund Advisors LLC ("ORPFA") and Owl Rock Diversified Advisors LLC ("ORDA" together with ORTA, ORTA II, ORPFA and the Adviser, the "Owl Rock Advisers"), which are also investment advisers. The Owl Rock Advisers are affiliates of Blue Owl and comprise part of "Owl Rock," a division of Blue Owl focused on direct lending. The Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy seeks to ensure equitable allocation of investment opportunities over time between the Company and other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates. As a result of the Order, there could be significant overlap in the Company's investment portfolio and the investment portfolio of other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates that could avail themselves of the Order and that have an investment objective similar to the Company's.

License Agreement

The Company has entered into a license agreement (the "License Agreement"), pursuant to which an affiliate of Blue Owl has granted the Company a non-exclusive license to use the name "Owl Rock." Under the License Agreement, the Company has a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains the Company's investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, the Company will have no legal right to the "Owl Rock" name or logo.

Controlled/Affiliated Portfolio Companies

Under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify non-controlled investments where it owns 5% or more of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "affiliated" companies. In addition, under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify investments where it owns more than 25% of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "controlled" companies. Under the 1940 Act, "non-affiliated investments" are defined as investments that are neither controlled investments nor affiliated investments. Detailed information with respect to the Company's non-controlled, non-affiliated; non-controlled, affiliated; and controlled affiliated investments is contained in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedule of investments.

The Company has made investments in controlled, affiliated companies, including ORCC SLF, Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo, and Fifth Season Investments LLC (fka Chapford SMA Partnership, L.P.) ("Fifth Season") and in a non-controlled, affiliated company, LSI Financing DAC 1 ("LSI Financing"). For further description of ORCC SLF, see "Note 4. Investments."

Wingspire is an independent diversified direct lender focused on providing asset-based commercial finance loans and related senior secured loans to U.S.-based middle market borrowers. Wingspire offers a wide variety of asset-based financing solutions to businesses in an array of industries, including revolving credit facilities, machinery and equipment term loans, real estate term loans, first-in/last-out tranches, cash flow term loans, and opportunistic / bridge financings. Wingspire conducts its business through an indirectly owned subsidiary, Wingspire Capital LLC. The Company committed \$50 million to Wingspire on September 24, 2019, and subsequently increased its commitment to \$100 million on March 25, 2020, to \$150 million on July 31, 2020, to \$200 million on March 8, 2021, to \$250 million on August 19, 2021, to \$350 million on February 28, 2022 and again to \$400 million on May 21, 2022. The Company does not consolidate its equity interest in Wingspire.

Amergin AssetCo was created to invest in a leasing platform focused on railcar and aviation assets. Amergin consists of Amergin AssetCo and Amergin Asset Management LLC, which has entered into a Servicing Agreement with Amergin AssetCo. The Company made a \$0.0 million equity commitment to Amergin AssetCo on July 1, 2022. The Company's investment in Amergin is a co-investment made with the Company's affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that the Company received from the SEC. The Company does not consolidate its equity interest in Amergin AssetCo.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Fifth Season is a portfolio company created to invest in life settlement assets. On July 18, 2022, the Company made a \$15.9 million equity commitment to Fifth Season. We increased our commitment to Fifth Season on October 17, 2022, November 9, 2022, November 15, 2022 and November 29, 2022 by \$73.6 million, \$1.7 million, \$7.3 million and \$7.0 million, respectively. Our investment in Fifth Season is a co-investment with our affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that we received from the SEC. We do not consolidate our equity interest in Fifth Season.

LSI Financing is a portfolio company formed to acquire a contractual right to revenue pursuant to an earnout agreement in the life sciences space. On December 14, 2022, we made a \$6.2 million commitment to LSI Financing. Our investment in LSI Financing is a co-investment with our affiliates in accordance with the terms of the exemptive relief that we received from the SEC. We do not consolidate our equity interest in LSI Financing.

Note 4. Investments

The information in the tables below is presented on an aggregate portfolio basis, without regard to whether they are non-controlled non-affiliated, non-controlled affiliated or controlled affiliated investments.

Investments at fair value and amortized cost consisted of the following as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 9,388,499	\$ 9,279,179	\$ 9,548,096	\$ 9,539,774
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	1,934,274	1,860,978	1,919,453	1,921,447
Unsecured debt investments	270,714	248,019	197,198	196,485
Preferred equity investments ⁽³⁾	361,690	355,261	256,630	260,869
Common equity investments ⁽¹⁾	772,116	977,927	477,462	576,004
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽²⁾	318,839	288,981	249,714	247,061
Total Investments	\$ 13,046,132	\$ 13,010,345	\$ 12,648,553	\$ 12,741,640

(1) Includes equity investment in Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo, and Fifth Season.

(2) Includes equity investment in ORCC SLF. See below, within Note 4, for more information regarding ORCC SLF.

(3) Includes equity investment in LSI Financing.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

The industry composition of investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Advertising and media	1.5 %	0.9 %
Aerospace and defense	2.8	2.9
Asset based lending and fund finance ⁽¹⁾	4.9	—
Automotive	1.5	1.5
Buildings and real estate	3.7	5.4
Business services	2.9	3.3
Chemicals	1.6	2.3
Consumer products	3.9	4.0
Containers and packaging	1.3	1.3
Distribution	4.2	4.4
Education	1.0	1.0
Financial services	5.0	8.4
Food and beverage	6.7	6.2
Healthcare equipment and services	3.9	4.2
Healthcare providers and services	4.5	7.1
Healthcare technology ⁽⁴⁾	4.8	4.6
Household products	2.1	1.8
Human resource support services	1.5	1.6
Infrastructure and environmental services	1.2	1.5
Insurance ⁽³⁾	9.3	8.8
Internet software and services	13.3	11.3
Investment funds and vehicles ⁽²⁾	2.2	1.9
Leisure and entertainment	2.2	2.2
Manufacturing	5.8	5.7
Oil and gas	0.8	0.9
Professional services	3.5	3.0
Specialty retail	2.2	2.0
Transportation	1.7	1.8
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

(1) Includes equity investment in Wingspire and Amergin AssetCo.

(2) Includes equity investment in ORCC SLF. See below, within Note 4, for more information regarding ORCC SLF.

(3) Includes equity investment in Fifth Season.

(4) Includes equity investment in LSI Financing.

The geographic composition of investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
United States:		
Midwest	17.5 %	17.0 %
Northeast	20.4	19.7
South	34.4	38.2
West	20.6	18.6
International	7.1	6.5
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

ORCC Senior Loan Fund (fka Sebago Lake LLC)

ORCC Senior Loan Fund LLC (fka Sebago Lake LLC), a Delaware limited liability company, was formed as a joint venture between the Company and The Regents of the University of California (“Regents”) and commenced operations on June 20, 2017. ORCC SLF’s principal purpose is to make investments, primarily in senior secured loans that are made to middle-market companies or in broadly syndicated loans. Through June 30, 2021, both the Company and Regents (the “Initial Members”) had a 50% economic ownership in ORCC SLF. Each of the Initial Members initially agreed to contribute up to \$100 million to ORCC SLF. On July 26, 2018, each of the Initial Members increased their contribution to ORCC SLF up to an aggregate of \$125 million. Effective as of June 30, 2021, capital commitments to ORCC SLF were increased to an aggregate of \$371.5 million. In connection with this change, the Company increased its economic ownership interest to 87.5% from 50.0% and Regents transferred its remaining economic interest of 12.5% to Nationwide Life Insurance Company (“Nationwide” and together with the Company, the “Members” and each a “Member”). On July 26, 2022, the Members increased their capital commitments in ORCC SLF to an aggregate of \$571.5 million. The Company increased its contribution pro rata from \$325.1 million to \$500.1 million. Nationwide increased its contribution pro rata from \$46.4 million to \$71.4 million. The Company’s economic ownership interest remains 87.5%, and Nationwide’s economic ownership interest remains 12.5%. ORCC SLF is managed by the Members, each of which have equal voting rights. Investment decisions must be approved by each of the Members. Except under certain circumstances, contributions to ORCC SLF cannot be redeemed.

The Company has determined that ORCC SLF is an investment company under ASC 946; however, in accordance with such guidance, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly owned investment company subsidiary or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. Other than for purposes of the 1940 Act, the Company does not believe that it has control over this portfolio company. Accordingly, the Company does not consolidate its non-controlling interest in ORCC SLF.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, ORCC SLF had total investments in senior secured debt at fair value of \$997.4 million and \$790.3 million, respectively. The determination of fair value is in accordance with ASC 820; however, such fair value is not included in the Board’s valuation process described herein. The following table is a summary of ORCC SLF’s portfolio as well as a listing of the portfolio investments in ORCC SLF’s portfolio as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Total senior secured debt investments ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,045,865	\$ 798,420
Weighted average spread over base rate ⁽¹⁾	4.05 %	4.14 %
Number of portfolio companies	56	38
Largest funded investment to a single borrower ⁽¹⁾	40,272	40,693

(1) At par.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2022
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Debt Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 6.00%	1/21/2025	\$ 34,111	\$ 33,956	\$ 33,305	10.1 %
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(7)(13)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 6.00%	1/21/2025	3,000	2,995	2,928	0.9 %
Bleriot US Bidco Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	10/30/2026	25,368	25,282	25,049	7.6 %
Dynasty Acquisition Co., Inc. (dba StandardAero Limited)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.50%	4/6/2026	38,700	38,602	36,813	11.0 %
				<u>101,179</u>	<u>100,835</u>	<u>98,095</u>	<u>29.6 %</u>
Automotive							
Holley, Inc.(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/17/2028	23,202	23,060	20,025	6.1 %
Mavis Tire Express Services Topco Corp. (9) (14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	5/4/2028	2,925	2,905	2,785	0.8 %
PAI Holdco, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/28/2027	9,887	9,767	8,700	2.6 %
				<u>36,014</u>	<u>35,732</u>	<u>31,510</u>	<u>9.5 %</u>
Buildings and Real estate							
CoreLogic Inc. (6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	6/2/2028	12,357	11,545	10,273	3.1 %
Wrench Group, LLC.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	4/30/2026	32,008	31,898	30,890	9.5 %
				<u>44,365</u>	<u>43,443</u>	<u>41,163</u>	<u>12.6 %</u>
Business Services							
Capstone Acquisition Holdings, Inc. (6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.75%	11/12/2027	4,953	4,916	4,941	1.5 %
Capstone Acquisition Holdings, Inc. (6)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.75%	11/12/2027	334	331	333	0.1 %
CoolSys, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2028	13,932	13,817	11,250	3.4 %
CoolSys, Inc.(10)(11)(12)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2023	—	(19)	(467)	— %
ConnectWise, LLC(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	9/29/2028	16,830	16,759	15,951	4.8 %
LABL, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	10/29/2028	7,920	7,819	7,496	2.3 %
Packers Holdings, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	3/9/2028	21,066	20,679	18,327	5.5 %
				<u>65,035</u>	<u>64,302</u>	<u>57,831</u>	<u>17.6 %</u>
Chemicals							
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/24/2027	15,874	15,525	15,398	4.7 %
				<u>15,874</u>	<u>15,525</u>	<u>15,398</u>	<u>4.7 %</u>
Consumer Products							
Olaplex, Inc.(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.50%	2/23/2029	14,925	14,892	14,030	4.2 %
				<u>14,925</u>	<u>14,892</u>	<u>14,030</u>	<u>4.2 %</u>
Containers and Packaging							
BW Holding, Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	12/14/2028	12,197	11,971	11,221	3.4 %
Five Star Lower Holding LLC (16)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	5/5/2029	21,820	21,540	21,275	6.4 %
Ring Container Technologies Group, LLC (dba Ring Container Technologies)(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	8/12/2028	24,750	24,699	24,379	7.4 %
Valcour Packaging, LLC (8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/4/2028	6,948	6,927	6,218	1.9 %
				<u>65,715</u>	<u>65,137</u>	<u>63,093</u>	<u>19.1 %</u>

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2022
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Distribution							
BCPE Empire Holdings, Inc. (dba Imperial-Dade) (9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.63%	6/11/2026	24,813	24,044	24,068	7.3 %
Dealer Tire, LLC(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.50%	12/12/2025	35,982	35,091	35,563	10.7 %
SRS Distribution, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	6/2/2028	9,875	9,816	9,431	2.9 %
				70,670	68,951	69,062	20.9 %
Education							
Spring Education Group, Inc. (fka SSH Group Holdings, Inc.)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/30/2025	33,512	33,470	32,646	9.9 %
Sophia, L.P. (14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	10/7/2027	19,900	19,723	19,850	6.0 %
				53,412	53,193	52,496	15.9 %
Food and beverage							
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba Bakemark)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	9/4/2028	24,750	24,533	24,193	7.3 %
Dessert Holdings(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	6/9/2028	25,718	25,560	23,789	7.2 %
Eagle Parent Corp.(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	4/2/2029	2,722	2,661	2,668	0.8 %
Naked Juice LLC (dba Tropicana)(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.25%	1/24/2029	1,990	1,986	1,775	0.5 %
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	6/8/2028	20,724	20,683	20,138	6.1 %
				75,904	75,423	72,563	21.9 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
Cadence, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2025	28,640	28,277	27,793	8.4 %
	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2024	2,921	2,892	2,704	0.8 %
Confluent Medical Technologies, Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.75%	2/16/2029	4,963	4,940	4,702	1.4 %
Medline Intermediate, LP(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	10/23/2028	24,813	24,710	23,547	7.1 %
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc.(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	11/30/2027	4,937	4,927	4,672	1.4 %
				66,274	65,746	63,418	19.1 %
Healthcare providers and services							
Confluent Health, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2028	20,419	20,331	20,011	6.1 %
	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2023	2,514	2,496	2,426	0.7 %
Corgi Bidco, Inc.(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	10/13/2029	15,000	14,126	14,018	4.2 %
Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	11/15/2028	27,294	27,177	26,240	7.9 %
Physician Partners, LLC(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	12/23/2028	9,925	9,836	9,434	2.9 %
				75,152	73,966	72,129	21.8 %
Healthcare technology							
Athenahealth, Inc.(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 3.50%	2/15/2029	17,741	17,665	15,974	4.8 %
	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	S + 3.50%	8/15/2023	—	(4)	(206)	— %
Imprivata, Inc.(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.25%	12/1/2027	19,900	19,305	19,154	5.8 %
PointClickCare Technologies Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	12/29/2027	9,925	9,794	9,751	3.0 %
				47,566	46,760	44,673	13.6 %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2022
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Infrastructure and environmental services							
CHA Holding, Inc.(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	4/10/2025	40,272	40,115	39,466	11.9 %
				40,272	40,115	39,466	11.9 %
Insurance							
Acrisure, LLC(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.75%	2/15/2027	10,000	9,513	9,900	3.0 %
AssuredPartners, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	2/12/2027	4,988	4,822	4,875	1.5 %
Integro Parent Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 10.25%	10/30/2024	3,649	3,648	3,638	1.1 %
Integro Parent Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	S + 10.25%	10/30/2024	736	736	733	0.2 %
				19,373	18,719	19,146	5.8 %
Internet software and services							
Barracuda Networks, Inc. (15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.50%	8/15/2029	25,000	24,282	24,063	7.3 %
CDK Global, Inc.(9)(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.50%	7/6/2029	25,000	24,292	24,745	7.5 %
DCert Buyer, Inc. (dba DigiCert)(9)(16)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	10/16/2026	21,993	21,925	21,214	6.4 %
Help/Systems Holdings, Inc.(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 4.00%	11/19/2026	14,847	14,773	13,325	4.0 %
				86,840	85,272	83,347	25.2 %
Manufacturing							
Engineered Machinery Holdings (dba Duravant)(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	5/19/2028	34,649	34,508	33,483	10.1 %
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products) (6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	12/29/2027	14,875	14,706	14,763	4.7 %
Pro Mach Group, Inc.(6)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	8/31/2028	24,757	24,652	24,039	7.3 %
				74,281	73,866	72,285	22.1 %
Professional Services							
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(7)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	7/27/2028	32,685	32,584	31,050	9.4 %
Sovos Compliance, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	8/11/2028	25,518	25,374	23,477	7.1 %
				58,203	57,958	54,527	16.5 %
Telecommunications							
ETC Group(15)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 6.00%	10/6/2029	5,000	4,609	4,763	1.4 %
Park Place Technologies, LLC(9) (14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	11/10/2027	14,886	14,443	13,987	4.2 %
				19,886	19,052	18,750	5.6 %
Transportation							
Safe Fleet Holdings(14)	First lien senior secured loan	S + 5.00%	2/23/2029	14,925	14,501	14,403	4.4 %
				14,925	14,501	14,403	4.4 %
Total Debt Investments				1,045,865	1,033,388	997,385	302.0 %
Total Investments				\$ 1,045,865	\$ 1,033,388	\$ 997,385	302.0 %

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) Unless otherwise indicated, ORCC SLF's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under ORCC SLF's credit facility.

(3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization or accretion of premiums or discounts, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

(4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.

(5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR), Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR" or "S," which can include one-, three- or six- month SOFR), or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.

- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.39%.
(7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.77%.
(8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 5.14%.
(9) Level 2 investment.
(10) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.
(11) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
(12) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
(13) Investment is not pledged as collateral under ORCC SLF's credit facilities.
(14) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.36%.
(15) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.59%.
(16) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2022 was 4.78%.

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Debt Investments							
Aerospace and defense							
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2023	\$ 34,470	\$ 34,219	\$ 33,961	12.0 %
Applied Composites Holdings, LLC (fka AC&A Enterprises Holdings, LLC)(8)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.50%	12/21/2022	3,000	2,989	2,956	1.0 %
Bleriot US Bidco Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	10/30/2026	24,627	24,522	24,585	8.7 %
Dynasty Acquisition Co., Inc. (dba StandardAero Limited)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	4/6/2026	39,100	38,976	36,796	13.0 %
				101,197	100,706	98,298	34.7 %
Automotive							
Holley, Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/17/2028	17,100	17,016	17,032	6.0 %
Holley, Inc.(8)(10)(11)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 3.75%	5/18/2022	855	855	844	0.3 %
PAI Holdco, Inc.(8)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/28/2027	4,987	4,975	4,975	1.9 %
				22,942	22,846	22,851	8.2 %
Buildings and Real estate							
Wrench Group, LLC.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	4/30/2026	32,341	32,198	32,179	11.4 %
Business Services							
CoolSys, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2028	16,955	16,793	16,785	5.9 %
CoolSys, Inc.(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.75%	8/11/2023	—	(29)	(30)	— %
ConnectWise, LLC(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	9/29/2028	17,000	16,918	16,879	6.0 %
LABL, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	10/29/2028	8,000	7,883	7,879	2.8 %
Packers Holdings, LLC(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	3/9/2028	9,951	9,808	9,879	3.5 %
Vistage International, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	2/10/2025	29,922	29,807	29,919	10.6 %
				81,828	81,180	81,311	28.8 %
Chemicals							
Aruba Investments Holdings LLC (dba Angus Chemical Company)(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	11/24/2027	998	998	998	0.4 %
				998	998	998	0.4 %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Containers and Packaging							
BW Holding, Inc.(8)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	12/14/2028	3,954	3,914	3,914	1.4 %
BW Holding, Inc.(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	12/17/2023	—	(5)	(5)	— %
Ring Container Technologies Group, LLC (dba Ring Container Technologies)(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	8/12/2028	25,000	24,940	25,025	8.9 %
Valcour Packaging, LLC(7)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	10/4/2028	7,000	6,976	6,965	2.5 %
				35,954	35,825	35,899	12.8 %
Distribution							
Dealer Tire, LLC(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	12/12/2025	36,260	36,114	36,206	12.8 %
SRS Distribution, Inc.(9)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	6/2/2028	9,975	9,906	9,943	3.5 %
				46,235	46,020	46,149	16.3 %
Education							
Spring Education Group, Inc. (fka SSH Group Holdings, Inc.)(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	7/30/2025	33,862	33,805	33,003	11.7 %
				33,862	33,805	33,003	11.7 %
Food and beverage							
Balrog Acquisition, Inc. (dba Bakemark)(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	9/5/2028	25,000	24,749	24,938	8.8 %
Dessert Holdings(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	6/9/2028	20,160	20,019	20,001	7.1 %
Dessert Holdings(11)(12)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	6/9/2023	—	—	(2)	— %
Sovos Brands Intermediate, Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	6/8/2028	20,724	20,676	20,693	7.3 %
				65,884	65,444	65,630	23.2 %
Healthcare equipment and services							
Cadence, Inc.(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2025	26,714	26,363	26,195	9.3 %
Cadence, Inc.(6)(11)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 5.00%	5/21/2024	2,055	2,004	1,912	0.7 %
Medline Borrower, LP(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.25%	10/23/2028	25,000	24,882	24,990	8.9 %
Packaging Coordinators Midco, Inc.(8)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	11/30/2027	4,987	4,975	4,983	1.8 %
				58,756	58,224	58,080	20.7 %
Healthcare providers and services							
Confluent Health, LLC(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2028	20,575	20,473	20,472	7.3 %
Confluent Health, LLC(11)(12)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	11/30/2023	—	(22)	(22)	— %
Phoenix Newco, Inc. (dba Parexel)(6)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.50%	11/15/2028	27,500	27,363	27,489	9.7 %
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP(6)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	12/20/2027	19,950	19,857	19,863	7.0 %
				68,025	67,671	67,802	24.0 %
Healthcare technology							
VVC Holdings Corp. (dba Athenahealth, Inc.)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.25%	2/11/2026	17,179	16,961	17,162	6.1 %
				17,179	16,961	17,162	6.1 %
Infrastructure and environmental services							
CHA Holding, Inc.(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	4/10/2025	40,693	40,471	40,171	14.2 %
				40,693	40,471	40,171	14.2 %

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

ORCC Senior Loan Fund's Portfolio as of December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)

Company(1)(2)(4)(5)	Investment	Interest	Maturity Date	Par / Units	Amortized Cost(3)	Fair Value	Percentage of Members' Equity
Insurance							
AmeriLife Holdings LLC(6)(10)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	3/18/2027	7,980	7,940	7,946	2.8 %
Integro Parent Inc.(9)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 5.75%	10/31/2022	29,615	29,584	28,422	10.1 %
Integro Parent Inc.(8)(11)(14)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	L + 4.50%	4/30/2022	6,000	6,000	5,764	2.0 %
				43,595	43,524	42,132	14.9 %
Internet software and services							
DCert Buyer, Inc. (dba DigiCert)(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	10/16/2026	22,219	22,135	22,161	7.8 %
Trader Interactive, LLC (fka Dominion Web Solutions, LLC)(9)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	7/28/2028	25,000	24,886	24,875	8.8 %
				47,219	47,021	47,036	16.6 %
Manufacturing							
Engineered Machinery Holdings (dba Duravant)(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	5/19/2028	35,000	34,834	34,864	12.3 %
Pro Mach Group, Inc.(8)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	8/31/2028	22,207	22,100	22,262	7.9 %
Pro Mach Group, Inc.(10)(11)(13)(14)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.00%	8/31/2023	—	—	—	— %
Gloves Buyer, Inc. (dba Protective Industrial Products)(6)(14)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.00%	12/29/2027	7,500	7,463	7,463	2.6 %
				64,707	64,397	64,589	22.8 %
Professional Services							
Apex Group Treasury, LLC(8)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 3.75%	7/27/2028	19,950	19,900	19,900	7.0 %
Sovos Compliance, LLC(6)(10)	First lien senior secured loan	L + 4.50%	8/11/2028	17,055	17,011	17,087	6.1 %
Sovos Compliance, LLC(10)(11)(13)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	L + 4.50%	8/12/2023	—	—	—	— %
				37,005	36,911	36,987	13.1 %
Total Debt Investments				798,420	794,202	790,277	279.9 %
Total Investments				\$ 798,420	\$ 794,202	\$ 790,277	279.9 %

- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) Unless otherwise indicated, ORCC SLF's investments are pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under ORCC SLF's credit facility.
- (3) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (4) Unless otherwise indicated, all investments are considered Level 3 investments.
- (5) Unless otherwise indicated, loan contains a variable rate structure and may be subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, and which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement.
- (6) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.10%.
- (7) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 2 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.15%.
- (8) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.21%.
- (9) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 month LIBOR, which as of December 31, 2021 was 0.34%.
- (10) Level 2 investment.
- (11) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan commitment.
- (12) The negative cost is the result of the capitalized discount being greater than the principal amount outstanding on the loan. The negative fair value is the result of the capitalized discount on the loan.
- (13) The date disclosed represents the commitment period of the unfunded term loan. Upon expiration of the commitment period, the funded portion of the term loan may be subject to a longer maturity date.
- (14) Investment is not pledged as collateral under ORCC SLF's credit facility.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Below is selected balance sheet information for ORCC SLF as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets		
Investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,033,388 and \$794,202, respectively)	\$ 997,385	\$ 790,277
Cash	27,914	60,723
Interest receivable	3,920	1,319
Prepaid expenses and other assets	6,108	111
Total Assets	\$ 1,035,327	\$ 852,430
Liabilities		
Debt (net of unamortized debt issuance costs of \$6,117 and \$5,368, respectively)	\$ 685,265	\$ 469,514
Distributions payable	11,095	4,518
Payable for investments purchased	—	91,986
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	8,703	4,056
Total Liabilities	\$ 705,063	\$ 570,074
Members' Equity		
Members' Equity	330,264	282,356
Members' Equity	330,264	282,356
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 1,035,327	\$ 852,430

Below is selected statement of operations information for ORCC SLF for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

(\$ in thousands)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Investment Income			
Interest income	\$ 63,220	\$ 30,836	\$ 32,163
Other income	2,599	344	281
Total Investment Income	65,819	31,180	32,444
Expenses			
Interest expense	25,182	9,745	12,611
Professional fees	935	797	691
Total Expenses	26,117	10,542	13,302
Net Investment Income Before Taxes	39,702	20,638	19,142
Tax expense (benefit)	260	731	533
Net Investment Income After Taxes	\$ 39,442	\$ 19,907	\$ 18,609
Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments			
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(32,078)	663	(3,450)
Net realized gain on investments	27	207	4
Total Net Realized and Change in Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	(32,051)	870	(3,446)
Net Increase in Members' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ 7,391	\$ 20,777	\$ 15,163

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Note 5. Fair Value of Investments

Investments

The following tables present the fair value hierarchy of investments as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value Hierarchy as of December 31, 2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9,279,179	\$ 9,279,179
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	—	43,692	1,817,286	1,860,978
Unsecured debt investments	—	10,579	237,440	248,019
Preferred equity investments ⁽³⁾	—	—	355,261	355,261
Common equity investments ⁽¹⁾	816	—	977,111	977,927
Subtotal	\$ 816	\$ 54,271	\$ 12,666,277	\$ 12,721,364
Investments measured at NAV ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	288,981
Total Investments at fair value	\$ 816	\$ 54,271	\$ 12,666,277	\$ 13,010,345

(1) Includes equity investment in Wingspire, Amergin AssetCo, and Fifth Season.

(2) Includes equity investment in ORCC SLF.

(3) Includes equity investment in LSI Financing.

(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value Hierarchy as of December 31, 2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9,539,774	\$ 9,539,774
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	—	—	1,921,447	1,921,447
Unsecured debt investments	—	—	196,485	196,485
Preferred equity investments	—	—	260,869	260,869
Common equity investments ⁽¹⁾	3,873	515	571,616	576,004
Subtotal	\$ 3,873	\$ 515	\$ 12,490,191	\$ 12,494,579
Investments measured at NAV ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	247,061
Total Investments at fair value	\$ 3,873	\$ 515	\$ 12,490,191	\$ 12,741,640

(1) Includes equity investment in Wingspire.

(2) Includes equity investment in ORCC SLF.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

The following tables present changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022						
(\$ in thousands)	First-lien senior secured debt investments	Second-lien senior secured debt investments	Unsecured debt investments	Preferred equity investments	Common equity investments	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 9,539,774	\$ 1,921,447	\$ 196,485	\$ 260,869	\$ 571,616	\$ 12,490,191
Purchases of investments, net	1,436,533	32,091	89,239	114,012	344,631	2,016,506
Payment-in-kind	98,788	10,874	17,947	18,847	632	147,088
Proceeds from investments, net	(1,731,097)	(30,499)	(31,506)	(33,694)	(50,925)	(1,877,721)
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	(100,996)	(73,019)	(20,258)	(10,667)	110,838	(94,102)
Net realized gains (losses)	133	—	(3,347)	4,482	319	1,587
Net amortization/accretion of premium/discount on investments	36,044	3,655	500	1,412	—	41,611
Transfers into (out of) Level 3(1)	—	(47,263)	(11,620)	—	—	(58,883)
Fair value, end of period	\$ 9,279,179	\$ 1,817,286	\$ 237,440	\$ 355,261	\$ 977,111	\$ 12,666,277

(1) Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the period in which the transfers occur. For the year ended December 31, 2022, transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 were a result of changes in the observability of significant inputs for certain portfolio companies.

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2021						
(\$ in thousands)	First-lien senior secured debt investments	Second-lien senior secured debt investments	Unsecured debt investments	Preferred equity investments ⁽²⁾	Common equity investments ⁽²⁾	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 8,389,486	\$ 1,949,703	\$ 59,562	\$ 22,157	\$ 230,307	\$ 10,651,215
Purchases of investments, net	5,342,940	884,294	130,137	223,853	403,627	6,984,851
Payment-in-kind	38,841	—	10,253	10,296	529	59,919
Proceeds from investments, net	(4,351,523)	(933,073)	—	(136)	(148,551)	(5,433,283)
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	70,658	37,207	(3,802)	4,245	86,063	194,371
Net realized gains (losses)	(19,490)	(29,827)	—	—	(359)	(49,676)
Net amortization of discount on investments	68,015	13,143	335	454	—	81,947
Transfers into (out of) Level 3 ⁽¹⁾	847	—	—	—	—	847
Fair value, end of period	\$ 9,539,774	\$ 1,921,447	\$ 196,485	\$ 260,869	\$ 571,616	\$ 12,490,191

(1) Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the period in which the transfers occur. For the year ended December 31, 2021, transfers into Level 3 from Level 2 were a result of changes in the observability of significant inputs for certain portfolio companies.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

(\$ in thousands)	First-lien senior secured debt investments	Second-lien senior secured debt investments	Unsecured debt investments	Preferred equity investments ⁽²⁾	Common equity investments ⁽²⁾	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 6,976,014	\$ 1,544,457	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,875	\$ 8,533,346
Purchases of investments, net	2,757,217	561,456	56,435	22,157	303,319	3,700,584
Payment-in-kind	35,642	—	—	—	—	35,642
Proceeds from investments, net	(1,309,129)	(130,562)	—	—	(100,000)	(1,539,691)
Net change in unrealized gain (loss)	(50,336)	(29,749)	3,089	(6)	14,115	(62,887)
Net realized gains (losses)	(61,283)	—	—	—	—	(61,283)
Net amortization of discount on investments	41,361	4,101	38	6	(2)	45,504
Transfers into (out of) Level 3 ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fair value, end of period	\$ 8,389,486	\$ 1,949,703	\$ 59,562	\$ 22,157	\$ 230,307	\$ 10,651,215

(1) Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the period in which the transfers occur.

(2) As of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, preferred equity investments and common equity investments were reported in aggregate as equity investments.

The following tables present information with respect to net change in unrealized gains on investments for which Level 3 inputs were used in determining the fair value that are still held by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

	Net change in unrealized gain (loss) for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 on Investments Held at December 31, 2022	Net change in unrealized gain (loss) for the Year Ended December 31, 2021 on Investments Held at December 31, 2021	Net change in unrealized gain (loss) for the Year Ended December 31, 2020 on Investments Held at December 31, 2020 ⁽¹⁾
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ (106,893)	\$ 59,528	\$ (53,756)
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	(68,165)	11,446	(32,954)
Unsecured debt investments	(20,259)	(3,802)	3,089
Preferred equity investments	(10,388)	4,245	(6)
Common equity investments	110,841	86,059	14,115
Total Investments	\$ (94,864)	\$ 157,476	\$ (69,512)

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2020, preferred equity investments and common equity investments were reported in aggregate as equity investments.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

The following tables present quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs of the Company's Level 3 investments as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021. The weighted average range of unobservable inputs is based on fair value of investments. The tables are not intended to be all-inclusive but instead capture the significant unobservable inputs relevant to the Company's determination of fair value.

As of December 31, 2022						
(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	(Range) Weighted Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input	
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 9,148,610	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(8.2% - 42.0%) 13.1%	Decrease	
	86,606	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(97.5% - 99.0%) 97.8%	Increase	
	43,963	Collateral Analysis	Recovery Rate	(51.0% - 51.0%) 51.0%	Increase	
Second-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 1,806,340	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(12.6% - 21.0%) 16.0%	Decrease	
	6,048	Collateral Analysis	Recovery Rate	(9.5% - 9.5%) 9.5%	Increase	
	4,898	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(98.0% - 98.0%) 98.0%	Increase	
Unsecured debt investments	\$ 232,280	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(10.4% - 20.2%) 12.4%	Decrease	
	5,160	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	(14.3x - 14.3x) 14.3x	Increase	
Preferred equity investments	\$ 339,821	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(11.9% - 17.9%) 14.1%	Decrease	
	15,395	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(96.5% - 100.0%) 97.9%	Increase	
	45	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	(11.5x - 11.5x) 11.5x	Increase	
	848,356	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	(1.2x - 23.3x) 5.5x	Increase	
Common equity investments	25,241	Market Approach	Revenue	(0.8x - 16.6x) 12.2x	Increase	
	99,210	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(100.0% - 100.0%) 100.0%	Increase	
	4,215	Market Approach	Transaction Price	(\$75.31 - \$75.31) \$75.31	Increase	
	89	Market Approach	Gross Profit	(8.5x - 8.5x) 8.5x	Increase	

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

As of December 31, 2021

(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
First-lien senior secured debt investments	\$ 8,670,821	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(5.3% - 20.0%) 8.7%	Decrease
	868,953	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(90.5% - 99.4%) 97.4%	Increase
Second-lien senior secured debt investments(1)	\$ 1,459,187	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(7.8% - 15.0%) 9.6%	Decrease
	395,865	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(98.0% - 99.0%) 98.6%	Increase
	15,919	Collateral Analysis	Recovery Rate	(25.0% - 25.0%) 25.0%	Increase
Unsecured debt investments(2)	\$ 179,730	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(7.2% - 9.4%) 8.8%	Decrease
	5,135	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	(14.8x - 14.8x) 14.8x	Increase
Preferred equity investments	\$ 181,394	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	(11.4% - 14.6%) 11.9%	Decrease
	75,863	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(97.3% - 100.0%) 98.1%	Increase
	3,612	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	(9.3x - 9.3x) 9.3x	Increase
Common equity investments	\$ 488,629	Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	(1.2x - 24.0x) 5.0x	Increase
	79,900	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	(100.0% - 100.0%) 100.0%	Increase
	2,334	Market Approach	Transaction Price	(\$560.00 - \$560.00) \$560.00	Increase
	753	Market Approach	Gross Profit Multiple	(27.0x - 27.0x) 27.0x	Increase

(1) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$50.5 million, which the Company valued using indicative bid prices obtained from brokers.

(2) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$11.6 million, which the Company valued using indicative bid prices obtained from brokers.

The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing Level 3 debt investments utilizing a yield analysis. In a yield analysis, a price is ascribed for each investment based upon an assessment of current and expected market yields for similar investments and risk profiles. Additional consideration is given to the expected life, portfolio company performance since close, and other terms and risks associated with an investment. Among other factors, a determinant of risk is the amount of leverage used by the portfolio company relative to its total enterprise value, and the rights and remedies of the Company's investment within the portfolio company's capital structure.

Significant unobservable quantitative inputs typically used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level 3 debt investments primarily include current market yields, including relevant market indices, but may also include quotes from brokers, dealers, and pricing services as indicated by comparable investments. For the Company's Level 3 equity investments, a market approach, based on comparable publicly-traded company and comparable market transaction multiples of revenues, earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") or some combination thereof and comparable market transactions typically would be used.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Debt Not Carried at Fair Value

Fair value is estimated by discounting remaining payments using applicable current market rates, which take into account changes in the Company's marketplace credit ratings, or market quotes, if available. The following table presents the carrying and fair values of the Company's debt obligations as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Net Carrying Value ⁽¹⁾	Fair Value	Net Carrying Value ⁽²⁾	Fair Value
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 542,453	\$ 542,453	\$ 879,943	\$ 879,943
SPV Asset Facility II	245,368	245,368	95,668	95,668
SPV Asset Facility III	249,372	249,372	188,979	188,979
SPV Asset Facility IV	—	—	152,727	152,727
CLO I	387,321	387,321	386,989	386,989
CLO II	257,206	257,206	256,942	256,942
CLO III	258,145	258,145	257,937	257,937
CLO IV	287,777	287,777	287,342	287,342
CLO V	506,792	506,792	194,167	194,167
CLO VI	258,271	258,271	258,093	258,093
CLO VII	237,155	237,155	—	—
2024 Notes	384,851	395,000	406,481	427,000
2025 Notes	421,242	399,500	419,674	443,063
July 2025 Notes	495,347	462,500	493,637	518,750
2026 Notes	493,162	461,250	491,085	526,250
July 2026 Notes	982,993	875,000	978,537	1,017,500
2027 Notes	438,332	412,500	497,537	488,750
2028 Notes	835,957	673,625	833,588	837,250
Total Debt	\$ 7,281,744	\$ 6,909,235	\$ 7,079,326	\$ 7,217,350

- (1) The carrying value of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, CLO VII, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$14.7 million, \$4.6 million, \$0.6 million, \$2.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$4.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.7 million, \$2.0 million, \$2.9 million, \$3.8 million, \$4.7 million, \$6.8 million, \$17.0 million, \$7.9 million and \$14.0 million, respectively.
- (2) The carrying value of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, SPV Asset Facility IV, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$12.4 million, \$4.3 million, \$1.0 million, \$2.2 million, \$3.0 million, \$3.1 million, \$2.1 million, \$5.2 million, \$1.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$5.0 million, \$5.3 million, \$6.4 million, \$8.9 million, \$21.5 million, \$9.7 million and \$16.4 million, respectively.

The following table presents fair value measurements of the Company's debt obligations as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Level 1	\$ —	\$ —
Level 2	3,679,375	4,258,563
Level 3	3,229,860	2,958,787
Total Debt	\$ 6,909,235	\$ 7,217,350

Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value and debt, approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Note 6. Debt

In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limitations, the Company is allowed to borrow amounts such that its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 150%. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company's asset coverage was 179% and 182%, respectively.

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2022			
	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)
Revolving Credit Facility(3)(5)	\$ 1,855,000	\$ 557,144	\$ 1,253,057	\$ 542,453
SPV Asset Facility II	350,000	250,000	100,000	245,368
SPV Asset Facility III	250,000	250,000	—	249,372
SPV Asset Facility IV	—	—	—	—
CLO I	390,000	390,000	—	387,321
CLO II	260,000	260,000	—	257,206
CLO III	260,000	260,000	—	258,145
CLO IV	292,500	292,500	—	287,777
CLO V	509,625	509,625	—	506,792
CLO VI	260,000	260,000	—	258,271
CLO VII	239,150	239,150	—	237,155
2024 Notes(4)	400,000	400,000	—	384,851
2025 Notes	425,000	425,000	—	421,242
July 2025 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	495,347
2026 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	493,162
July 2026 Notes	1,000,000	1,000,000	—	982,993
2027 Notes(4)	500,000	500,000	—	438,332
2028 Notes	850,000	850,000	—	835,957
Total Debt	\$ 8,841,275	\$ 7,443,419	\$ 1,353,057	\$ 7,281,744

- (1) The amount available reflects any collateral related limitations at the Company level related to each credit facility's borrowing base.
- (2) The carrying value of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, CLO VII, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$14.7 million, \$4.6 million, \$0.6 million, \$2.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$4.7 million, \$2.8 million, \$1.7 million, \$2.0 million, \$2.9 million, \$3.8 million, \$4.7 million, \$6.8 million, \$17.0 million, \$7.9 million and \$14.0 million respectively.
- (3) Includes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.
- (4) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.
- (5) The amount available is reduced by \$44.8 million of outstanding letters of credit.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

December 31, 2021

(\$ in thousands)	Aggregate Principal Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available(1)	Net Carrying Value(2)
Revolving Credit Facility(3)(5)	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 892,313	\$ 707,370	\$ 879,943
SPV Asset Facility II	350,000	100,000	250,000	95,668
SPV Asset Facility III	500,000	190,000	310,000	188,979
SPV Asset Facility IV	250,000	155,000	95,000	152,727
CLO I	390,000	390,000	—	386,989
CLO II	260,000	260,000	—	256,942
CLO III	260,000	260,000	—	257,937
CLO IV	292,500	292,500	—	287,342
CLO V	196,000	196,000	—	194,167
CLO VI	260,000	260,000	—	258,093
2024 Notes(4)	400,000	400,000	—	406,481
2025 Notes	425,000	425,000	—	419,674
July 2025 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	493,637
2026 Notes	500,000	500,000	—	491,085
July 2026 Notes	1,000,000	1,000,000	—	978,537
2027 Notes(4)	500,000	500,000	—	497,537
2028 Notes	850,000	850,000	—	833,588
Total Debt	\$ 8,588,500	\$ 7,170,813	\$ 1,362,370	\$ 7,079,326

(1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to each credit facility's borrowing base.

(2) The carrying value of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, SPV Asset Facility II, SPV Asset Facility III, SPV Asset Facility IV, CLO I, CLO II, CLO III, CLO IV, CLO V, CLO VI, 2024 Notes, 2025 Notes, July 2025 Notes, 2026 Notes, July 2026 Notes, 2027 Notes and 2028 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$12.4 million, \$4.3 million, \$1.0 million, \$2.2 million, \$3.0 million, \$3.1 million, \$2.1 million, \$5.2 million, \$1.8 million, \$1.9 million, \$5.0 million, \$5.3 million, \$6.4 million, \$8.9 million, \$21.5 million, \$9.7 million and \$16.4 million, respectively.

(3) Includes the unrealized translation gain (loss) on borrowings denominated in foreign currencies.

(4) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.

(5) The amount available is reduced by \$55.3 million of outstanding letters of credit.

For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the components of interest expense were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest expense	\$ 273,134	\$ 192,652	\$ 136,387
Amortization of debt issuance costs	30,076	25,721	17,178
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on effective interest rate swaps and hedged items ⁽¹⁾	4,329	759	(626)
Total Interest Expense	\$ 307,539	\$ 219,132	\$ 152,939
Average interest rate	3.7 %	3.0 %	3.5 %
Average daily borrowings	\$ 7,254,857	\$ 6,329,332	\$ 3,815,270

(1) Refer to the 2023 Notes, 2024 Notes and 2027 Notes for details on each facility's interest rate swap.

Credit Facilities

The Company's credit facilities contain customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by us of additional indebtedness and on our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events, and customary events of default (with customary cure and notice provisions).

Description of Facilities

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 26, 2022, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which amends and restates in its entirety that certain Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2017 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified prior to August 26, 2022). The parties to the Revolving Credit Facility include the Company, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (each a "Revolving Credit Lender" and collectively, the "Revolving Credit Lenders") and Truist Bank, as Administrative Agent.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of the Company in existence as of the closing date of the Revolving Credit Facility, and will be guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of the Company that are formed or acquired by the Company in the future (collectively, the "Guarantors"). Proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The maximum principal amount of the Revolving Credit Facility is \$1.855 billion, subject to availability under the borrowing base, which is based on the Company's portfolio investments and other outstanding indebtedness. Maximum capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased to \$2.7825 billion through the Company's exercise of an uncommitted accordion feature through which existing and new lenders may, at their option, agree to provide additional financing. The Revolving Credit Facility includes a \$200 million limit for swingline loans and is secured by a perfected first-priority interest in substantially all of the portfolio investments held by the Company and each Guarantor, subject to certain exceptions.

The availability period under the Revolving Credit Facility will terminate on March 31, 2023, with respect to \$0 million of commitments, September 3, 2024, with respect to \$15 million of commitments (together, the "Non-Extending Commitments"), and on August 26, 2026, with respect to the remaining commitments (such remaining commitments, the "Extending Commitments") (together, the "Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date"). The Revolving Credit Facility will mature on April 2, 2024 with respect to \$60 million of commitments, September 3, 2025, with respect to \$15 million of commitments, and on August 26, 2027, with respect to the remaining commitments (together, the "Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date"). During the period from the earliest Revolving Credit Facility Commitment Termination Date to the final Revolving Credit Facility Maturity Date, the Company will be obligated to make mandatory prepayments under the Revolving Credit Facility out of the proceeds of certain asset sales and other recovery events and equity and debt issuances.

The Company may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Extending Commitments in U.S. dollars will bear interest at either (i) term SOFR plus any applicable credit adjustment spread plus margin of either 1.875% per annum or, if the gross borrowing base is greater than or equal to the product of 1.60 and the combined debt amount, 1.75% per annum or (ii) the alternative base rate plus margin of either 0.875% per annum or, if the gross borrowing base is greater than or equal to the product of 1.60 and the combined debt amount, 0.75% per annum. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Non-Extending Commitments in U.S. Dollars will bear interest at either (i) term SOFR plus any applicable credit adjustment spread plus margin of 2.00% per annum or (ii) the alternative base rate plus margin of 1.00% per annum. With respect to loans denominated in U.S. dollars, the Company may elect either term SOFR or the alternative base rate at the time of drawdown, and such loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time at the Company's option, subject to certain conditions. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Extending Commitments in other permitted currencies will bear interest at the relevant rate specified therein (including any applicable credit adjustment spread) plus margin of either 1.875% per annum or, if the gross borrowing base is greater than or equal to the product of 1.60 and the combined debt amount, 1.75% per annum. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility with respect to the Non-Extending Commitments in other permitted currencies will bear interest at the relevant rate specified therein (including any applicable credit adjustment spread) plus margin of 2.00% per annum. The Company will also pay a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary covenants, including certain limitations on the incurrence by the Company of additional indebtedness and on the Company's ability to make distributions to the Company's shareholders, or redeem, repurchase or retire shares of stock, upon the occurrence of certain events and certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and other maintenance covenants, as well as customary events of default. The Revolving Credit Facility requires a minimum asset coverage ratio with respect to the consolidated assets of the Company and its subsidiaries to senior securities that constitute indebtedness of no less than 1.50 to 1.00 at any time.

SPV Asset Facilities

SPV Asset Facility I

On December 21, 2017 (the “SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date”), ORCC Financing LLC (“ORCC Financing”), a Delaware limited liability company and subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Loan and Servicing Agreement (as amended, the “SPV Asset Facility I”), with ORCC Financing as Borrower, the Company as Transferor and Servicer, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the “SPV Asset Facility I Lenders”), Morgan Stanley Asset Funding Inc. as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Collateral Custodian.

From time to time, the Company sold and contributed certain investments to ORCC Financing pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing. No gain or loss was recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility I were used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retained a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing through its ownership of ORCC Financing. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I was \$400 million; the availability of this amount was subject to a borrowing base test, which was based on the value of ORCC Financing’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including certain concentration limits.

The SPV Asset Facility I provided for the ability to draw and redraw amounts under the SPV Asset Facility I for a period of up to three years after the SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date (the “SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date”). The SPV Asset Facility I was terminated on June 2, 2020 (the “SPV Asset Facility I Termination Date”). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility I Termination Date, proceeds received by ORCC Financing from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets were required to be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may have been returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility I Termination Date, ORCC Financing repaid in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings.

Amounts drawn bore interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 2.25% until the six-month anniversary of the SPV Asset Facility I Closing Date, increasing to 2.50% thereafter, until the SPV Asset Facility I Commitment Termination Date. The Company predominantly borrowed utilizing LIBOR rate loans, generally electing one-month LIBOR upon borrowing. After a ramp-up period, there was an unused fee of 0.75% per annum on the amount, if any, by which the undrawn amount under the SPV Asset Facility I exceeded 25% of the maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility I. The SPV Asset Facility I contained customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility I was secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing and on any payments received by ORCC Financing in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility I Lenders were not available to pay the debts of the Company.

SPV Asset Facility II

On May 22, 2018, ORCC Financing II LLC (“ORCC Financing II”), a Delaware limited liability company and subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Credit Agreement (as amended, the “SPV Asset Facility II”), with ORCC Financing II, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the “SPV Asset Facility II Lenders”), Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian. The parties to the SPV Asset Facility II have entered into various amendments, including to admit new lenders, increase or decrease the maximum principal amount available under the facility, extend the availability period and maturity date, change the interest rate and make various other changes. The following describes the terms of SPV Asset Facility II amended through March 25, 2022 (the “SPV Asset Facility II Seventh Amendment Date”).

From time to time, the Company sells and contributes certain investments to ORCC Financing II pursuant to a sale and contribution agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing II. No gain or loss will be recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility II will be used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing II, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retains a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing II through the Company’s ownership of ORCC Financing II. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility II as of the SPV Asset Facility II Seventh Amendment Date is \$350 million (which includes terms loans of \$100 million and revolving commitments of \$250 million). The availability of this amount is subject to an overcollateralization ratio test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing II’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an interest coverage ratio test, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility II provides for the ability to (1) draw term loans and (2) draw and redraw revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility II through April 22, 2023, unless the revolving commitments are terminated or converted to term loans sooner as provided in the SPV Asset Facility II (the “SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date”). Unless otherwise terminated, the SPV Asset Facility II will mature on December 22, 2029 (the “SPV Asset Facility II Stated Maturity”). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility II Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing II from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company, subject to certain

conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility II Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing II must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may be returned to the Company.

With respect to revolving loans, amounts drawn bear interest at Term SOFR (or, in the case of certain lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of their cost of funds and Term SOFR plus 0.40%) plus a spread that steps up from 2.30% to 2.55% during the period March 25, 2022 to the date on which the reinvestment period ends. With respect to term loans, amounts drawn bear interest at Term SOFR (or, in the case of certain lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of their cost of funds and Term SOFR plus 0.40%) plus a spread that steps up from 2.30% to 2.55% during the same period. From March 25, 2022 to the SPV Asset Facility II Commitment Termination Date, there is a commitment fee ranging from 0.50% to 0.625% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility II. The SPV Asset Facility II contains customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing II, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility II is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing II and on any payments received by ORCC Financing II in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility II Lenders will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

SPV Asset Facility III

On December 14, 2018 (the “SPV Asset Facility III Closing Date”), ORCC Financing III LLC (“ORCC Financing III”), a Delaware limited liability company and newly formed subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement (the “SPV Asset Facility III”), with ORCC Financing III, as borrower, the Company, as equity holder and services provider, the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the “SPV Asset Facility III Lenders”), Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian. The parties to the SPV Asset Facility III have entered into various amendments, including those relating to the undrawn fee and make-whole fee and definition of “Change of Control.” The following describes the terms of SPV Asset Facility III as amended through May 3, 2022.

From time to time, the Company expects to sell and contribute certain loan assets to ORCC Financing III pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing III. No gain or loss will be recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility III will be used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing III, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retains a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing III through its ownership of ORCC Financing III. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility III is \$250 million; the availability of this amount is subject to a borrowing base test, which is based on the value of ORCC Financing III’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including interest spread and weighted average coupon tests, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility III provides for the ability to borrow, reborrow, repay and prepay advances under the SPV Asset Facility III until June 14, 2023 unless such period is extended or accelerated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III (the “SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period”). Unless otherwise extended, accelerated or terminated under the terms of the SPV Asset Facility III, the SPV Asset Facility III will mature on the date that is two years after the last day of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period (the “SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity”). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity, proceeds received by ORCC Financing III from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets must be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility III Stated Maturity, ORCC Financing III must pay in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding advances, and the excess may be returned to the Company.

Amounts drawn bear interest at term SOFR (or, in the case of certain SPV Asset Facility III Lenders that are commercial paper conduits, the lower of (a) their cost of funds and (b) term SOFR, such term SOFR not to be lower than zero) plus a spread equal to 2.20% per annum, which spread will increase (a) on and after the end of the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period by 0.15% per annum if no event of default has occurred and (b) by 2.00% per annum upon the occurrence of an event of default (such spread, the “Applicable Margin”). Term SOFR may be replaced as a base rate under certain circumstances. The Company predominantly borrows utilizing term SOFR rate loans, generally electing one-month SOFR upon borrowing. During the Revolving Period, ORCC Financing III will pay an undrawn fee ranging from 0.25% to 0.50% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility III. During the SPV Asset Facility III Revolving Period, if the undrawn commitments are in excess of a certain portion (initially 20% and increasing in stages to 75%) of the total commitments under the SPV Asset Facility III, ORCC Financing III will also pay a make-whole fee equal to the Applicable Margin multiplied by such excess undrawn commitment amount, reduced by the undrawn fee payable on such excess. The SPV Asset Facility III contains customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing III, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility III is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing III and on any payments received by ORCC Financing III in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility III Lenders will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

SPV Asset Facility IV

On August 2, 2019 (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Closing Date”), ORCC Financing IV LLC (“ORCC Financing IV”), a Delaware limited liability company and newly formed subsidiary of the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the “SPV Asset Facility IV”), with ORCC Financing IV, as borrower, Société Générale, as initial Lender and as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator and Custodian, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian and the lenders from time to time party thereto pursuant to Assignment and Assumption Agreements (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Lenders”).

On March 11, 2022, (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Amendment Date”), the parties to the SPV Asset Facility IV amended the SPV Asset Facility IV to extend the reinvestment period from April 1, 2022 until October 3, 2022 and the stated maturity from April 1, 2030 to October 1, 2030. The amendment also changed the applicable interest rate from LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 2.15% during the reinvestment period and LIBOR plus an applicable margin of 2.40% after the reinvestment period to term SOFR plus an applicable margin of 2.30% during the reinvestment period and term SOFR plus an applicable margin of 2.55% after the reinvestment period.

From time to time, the Company sold and contributed certain investments to ORCC Financing IV pursuant to a Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and ORCC Financing IV. No gain or loss was recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the SPV Asset Facility IV were used to finance the origination and acquisition of eligible assets by ORCC Financing IV, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retained a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by ORCC Financing IV through its ownership of ORCC Financing IV. The maximum principal amount of the SPV Asset Facility IV was \$250 million; the availability of this amount was subject to an overcollateralization ratio test, which was based on the value of ORCC Financing IV’s assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an interest coverage ratio test, certain concentration limits and collateral quality tests.

The SPV Asset Facility IV provides for the ability to (1) draw term loans and (2) draw and redraw revolving loans under the SPV Asset Facility IV until the last day of the reinvestment period unless the revolving commitments are terminated or converted to term loans sooner as provided in the SPV Asset Facility IV (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Commitment Termination Date”). The SPV Asset Facility IV was terminated on October 3, 2022 (the “SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date”). Prior to the SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date, proceeds received by ORCC Financing IV from principal and interest, dividends, or fees on assets were required to be used to pay fees, expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess may have been returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions. On the SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date, ORCC Financing IV repaid in full all outstanding fees and expenses and all principal and interest on outstanding borrowings.

From the SPV Asset Facility IV Closing Date to the SPV Asset Facility IV Termination Date, there was a commitment fee ranging from 0.50% to 0.75% per annum on the undrawn amount, if any, of the revolving commitments in the SPV Asset Facility IV. The SPV Asset Facility IV contained customary covenants, including certain financial maintenance covenants, limitations on the activities of ORCC Financing IV, including limitations on incurrence of incremental indebtedness, and customary events of default. The SPV Asset Facility IV was secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of ORCC Financing IV and on any payments received by ORCC Financing IV in respect of those assets. Assets pledged to the SPV Asset Facility IV Lenders were not available to pay the debts of the Company.

CLOs

CLO I

On May 28, 2019 (the “CLO I Closing Date”), the Company completed a \$596 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO I Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO I Transaction and the secured loan borrowed in the CLO I Transaction were issued and incurred, as applicable, by the Company’s consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO I Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO I, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO I Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO I Issuer, the “CLO I Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO I Issuer.

In the CLO I Transaction the CLO I Issuers (A) issued the following notes pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO I Closing Date (the “CLO I Indenture”), by and among the CLO I Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$242 million of AAA(sf) Class A Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.80%, (ii) \$30 million of AAA(sf) Class A-F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.165%, and (iii) \$68 million of AA(sf) Class B Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.70% (together, the “CLO I Notes”) and (B) borrowed \$50 million under floating rate loans (the “Class A Loans” and together with the CLO I Notes, the “CLO I Debt”), which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.80%, under a credit agreement (the “CLO I Credit Agreement”), dated as of the CLO I Closing Date, by and among the CLO I Issuers, as

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borrowers, various financial institutions, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent. The Class A Loans may be exchanged by the lenders for Class A Notes at any time, subject to certain conditions under the CLO I Credit Agreement and the CLO I Indenture. The CLO I Debt is scheduled to mature on May 20, 2031. The CLO I Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas, LLC and SG Americas Securities, LLC.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO I Notes and the borrowing under the Class A Loans, the CLO I Issuer issued approximately \$206.1 million of subordinated securities in the form of 206,106 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO I Preferred Shares"). The CLO I Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO I Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO I Debt. The Company owns all of the CLO I Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO I Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO I Preferred Shares.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO I Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO I Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO I Issuers' equity or notes owned by the Company.

The CLO I Debt is secured by all of the assets of the CLO I Issuer, which will consist primarily of middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans, and related rights and the cash proceeds thereof. As part of the CLO I Transaction, ORCC Financing II LLC and the Company sold and contributed approximately \$575 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO I Issuer on the CLO I Closing Date. Such loans constituted the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO I Debt. The Company and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO I Issuer regarding such sales and contributions under a loan sale agreement.

Through May 20, 2023, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO I Issuer from the loans securing the CLO I Debt may be used by the CLO I Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser as the collateral manager for the CLO I Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO I Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO I Issuers, and the CLO I Indenture and the CLO I Credit Agreement include customary covenants and events of default. Assets pledged to holders of the CLO I Debt and the other secured parties under the CLO I Indenture will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

The CLO I Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The CLO I Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities (e.g. "blue sky") laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable.

CLO II

On December 12, 2019 (the "CLO II Closing Date"), the Company completed a \$396.6 million term debt securitization transaction (the "CLO II Transaction"), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO II Transaction were issued by the Company's consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the "CLO II Issuer"), and Owl Rock CLO II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "CLO II Co-Issuer" and together with the CLO II Issuer, the "CLO II Issuers") and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO II Issuer.

The CLO II Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO II Closing Date (the "CLO II Indenture"), by and among the CLO II Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$157 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1L Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.75%, (ii) \$40 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 3.44%, (iii) \$20 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.20%, (iv) \$40 million of AA(sf) Class B-L Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.75% and (v) \$3 million of AA(sf) Class B-F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 4.46% (together, the "CLO II Debt"). The CLO II Debt was scheduled to mature on January 20, 2031. The CLO II Debt was privately placed by Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.

The CLO II Debt was redeemed in the CLO II Refinancing, described below.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO II Debt, the CLO II Issuer issued approximately \$136.6 million of subordinated securities in the form of 136,600 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO II Preferred Shares"). The CLO II Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO II Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO II Debt. The Company owns all of the CLO II Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. The

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Company acted as retention holder in connection with the CLO II Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such was required to retain a portion of the CLO II Preferred Shares.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO II Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO II Issuers' equity or notes owned by the Company.

The CLO II Debt was secured by all of the assets of the CLO II Issuer, which will consist primarily of middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans, and related rights and the cash proceeds thereof. As part of the CLO II Transaction, ORCC Financing III LLC and the Company sold and contributed approximately \$400 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO II Issuer on the CLO II Closing Date. Such loans constituted the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO II Debt. The Company and ORCC Financing III LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO II Issuer regarding such sales and contributions under a loan sale agreement.

Through January 20, 2022, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO II Issuer from the loans securing the CLO II Debt could be used by the CLO II Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser as the collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO II Debt was the secured obligation of the CLO II Issuers, and the CLO II Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. Assets pledged to holders of the CLO II Debt and the other secured parties under the CLO II Indenture were not available to pay the debts of the Company.

The CLO II Debt was offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The CLO II Debt has not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities (e.g. "blue sky") laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable.

CLO II Refinancing

On April 9, 2021 (the "CLO II Refinancing Date"), the Company completed a \$398.1 million term debt securitization refinancing (the "CLO II Refinancing"), also known as a collateralized loan obligation refinancing, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO II Refinancing were issued by the CLO II Issuer and the CLO II Co-Issuer and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO II Issuer.

The CLO II Refinancing was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes pursuant to the CLO II Indenture, as supplemented by the supplemental indenture dated as of the CLO II Refinancing Date (the "CLO II Refinancing Indenture"), by and among the CLO II Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$204 million of AAA(sf) Class A-LR Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.55%, (ii) \$20 million of AAA(sf) Class A-FR Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.48% and (iii) \$36 million of AA(sf) Class B-R Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.90% (together, the "CLO II Refinancing Debt"). The CLO II Refinancing Debt is secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO II Issuer. The CLO II Refinancing Debt is scheduled to mature on April 20, 2033. The CLO II Refinancing Debt was privately placed by Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO II Refinancing Debt. The proceeds from the CLO II Refinancing were used to redeem in full the classes of notes issued on the CLO II Closing Date.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO II Refinancing Debt, the CLO II Issuer issued 1,500 additional shares of CLO II Preferred Shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares") resulting in a total outstanding number of CLO II Preferred Shares of 138,100 (\$138.1 million total issue price). The CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO II Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO II Refinancing Debt. The Company purchased all of the CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO II Refinancing for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO II Preferred Shares. The proceeds from the CLO II Refinancing Preferred Shares were used to pay certain expenses incurred in connection with the CLO II Refinancing.

Through April 20, 2025, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO II Issuer from the loans securing the CLO II Refinancing Debt may be used by the CLO II Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in

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its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO II Refinancing Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO II Issuers, and the CLO II Refinancing Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO II Refinancing Debt has not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., "blue sky") laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO II Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO II Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO II Issuers' equity or notes owned by the Company.

CLO III

On March 26, 2020 (the "CLO III Closing Date"), the Company completed a \$395.31 million term debt securitization transaction (the "CLO III Transaction"), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO III Transaction were issued by the Company's consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO III, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the "CLO III Issuer"), and Owl Rock CLO III, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "CLO III Co-Issuer" and together with the CLO III Issuer, the "CLO III Issuers") and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO III Issuer.

The CLO III Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO III Closing Date (the "CLO III Indenture"), by and among the CLO III Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$166 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1L Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.80%, (ii) \$40 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.75%, (iii) \$20 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.00%, and (iv) \$34 million of AA(sf) Class B Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.45% (together, the "CLO III Debt"). The CLO III Debt is scheduled to mature on April 20, 2032. The CLO III Debt was privately placed by SG Americas Securities, LLC. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO III Debt.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO III Debt, the CLO III Issuer issued approximately \$135.31 million of subordinated securities in the form of 135,310 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO III Preferred Shares"). The CLO III Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO III Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO III Debt. The Company owns all of the CLO III Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO III Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO III Preferred Shares.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO III Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO III Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO III Issuers' equity or notes owned by the Company.

The CLO III Debt is secured by all of the assets of the CLO III Issuer, which will consist primarily of middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans, and related rights and the cash proceeds thereof. As part of the CLO III Transaction, ORCC Financing IV LLC and the Company sold and contributed approximately \$400 million par amount of middle market loans to the CLO III Issuer on the CLO III Closing Date. Such loans constituted the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO III Debt. The Company and ORCC Financing IV LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO III Issuer regarding such sales and contributions under a loan sale agreement.

Through April 20, 2024, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO III Issuer from the loans securing the CLO III Debt may be used by the CLO III Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser as the collateral manager for the CLO III Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO III Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO III Issuers, and the CLO III Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. Assets pledged to holders of the CLO III Debt and the other secured parties under the CLO III Indenture will not be available to pay the debts of the Company.

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The CLO III Debt was offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The CLO III Debt has not been registered under the Securities Act or any state securities (e.g. “blue sky”) laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act as applicable.

CLO IV

On May 28, 2020 (the “CLO IV Closing Date”), the Company completed a \$438.9 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO IV Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO IV Transaction were issued by the Company’s consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO IV Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO IV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO IV Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO IV Issuer, the “CLO IV Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO IV Issuer.

The CLO IV Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO IV Closing Date (the “CLO IV Indenture”), by and among the CLO IV Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$236.5 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.62% and (ii) \$15.5 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 3.40% (together, the “CLO IV Secured Notes”). The CLO IV Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO IV Issuer. The CLO IV Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on May 20, 2029. The CLO IV Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC.

The CLO IV Secured Notes were redeemed in the CLO IV Refinancing, described below.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO IV Secured Notes, the CLO IV Issuer issued approximately \$186.9 million of subordinated securities in the form of 186,900 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO IV Preferred Shares”). The CLO IV Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO IV Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO IV Secured Notes. The Company owns all of the outstanding CLO IV Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. The Company acted as retention holder in connection with the CLO IV Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such was required to retain a portion of the CLO IV Preferred Shares while the CLO IV Secured Notes were outstanding.

As part of the CLO IV Transaction, the Company entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO IV Issuer dated as of the CLO IV Closing Date, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$275.07 million par amount of middle market loans from the Company to the CLO IV Issuer on the CLO IV Closing Date and for future sales from the Company to the CLO IV Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO IV Secured Notes. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO IV Secured Notes consisted of approximately \$174.92 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO IV Issuer from ORCC Financing II LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO IV Closing Date between the CLO IV Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC. The Company and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through November 20, 2021, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO IV Issuer from the loans securing the CLO IV Secured Notes could be used by the CLO IV Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO IV Issuer and in accordance with the Company’s investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO IV Secured Notes were the secured obligation of the CLO IV Issuers, and the CLO IV Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO IV Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration. Assets pledged to the holders of the CLO IV Secured Notes were not available to pay the debts of the Company.

CLO IV Refinancing

On July 9, 2021 (the “CLO IV Refinancing Date”), the Company completed a \$440.5 million term debt securitization refinancing (the “CLO IV Refinancing”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation refinancing, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO IV Refinancing were issued by the CLO IV Issuer and the CLO IV Co-Issuer and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO IV Issuer.

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The CLO IV Refinancing was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes pursuant to the CLO IV Indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indenture dated as of the CLO IV Refinancing Date (the “CLO IV Refinancing Indenture”), by and among the CLO IV Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$252 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1-R Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.60% and (ii) \$40.5 million of AA(sf) Class A-2-R Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.90% (together, the “CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes”). The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the Issuer. The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on August 20, 2033. The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes. The proceeds from the CLO IV Refinancing were used to redeem in full the classes of notes issued on the CLO IV Closing Date, to redeem a portion of the preferred shares of the CLO IV Issuer as described below and to pay expenses incurred in connection with the CLO IV Refinancing.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes, the CLO IV Issuer redeemed 38,900 preferred shares held by the Company at a total redemption price of \$38.9 million (\$1,000 per preferred share). The Company retains the 148,000 CLO IV Preferred Shares that remain outstanding and that the Company acquired on the CLO IV Closing Date. The CLO IV Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO IV Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO IV Refinancing for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the Preferred Shares.

Through August 20, 2025, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO IV Issuer from the loans securing the CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes may be used by the CLO IV Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO IV Issuer and in accordance with the Company’s investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes are the secured obligation of the CLO IV Issuers, and the CLO IV Refinancing Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO IV Refinancing Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO IV Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO IV Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO IV Issuers’ equity or notes owned by the Company.

CLO V

On November 20, 2020 (the “CLO V Closing Date”), the Company completed a \$45.45 million term debt securitization transaction (the “CLO V Transaction”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO V Transaction were issued by the Company’s consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the “CLO V Issuer”), and Owl Rock CLO V, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “CLO V Co-Issuer” and together with the CLO V Issuer, the “CLO V Issuers”) and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO V Issuer.

The CLO V Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO V Closing Date (the “CLO V Indenture”), by and among the CLO V Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$182 million of AAA(sf)/AAA(sf) Class A-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.85% and (ii) \$14 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 2.20% (together, the “CLO V Secured Notes”). The CLO V Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO V Issuer. The CLO V Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on November 20, 2029. The CLO V Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC.

The CLO V Secured Notes were redeemed in the CLO V Refinancing, described below.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO V Secured Notes, the CLO V Issuer issued approximately \$149.45 million of subordinated securities in the form of 149,450 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the “CLO V Preferred Shares”). The CLO V Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO V Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO V Secured Notes. The Company owns all of the outstanding CLO V Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. The Company acted as retention holder in connection with the CLO V Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such was required to retain a portion of the CLO V Preferred Shares while the CLO V Secured Notes were outstanding.

As part of the CLO V Transaction, the Company entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO V Issuer dated as of the CLO V Closing Date, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$201.75 million par amount of middle market loans from the Company to the CLO V Issuer on the CLO V Closing Date and for future sales from the Company to the CLO V Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO V Secured Notes. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO V Secured Notes consisted of approximately \$84.74 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO V Issuer from ORCC Financing II LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO V Closing Date between the Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC. The Company and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through July 20, 2022, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO V Issuer from the loans securing the CLO V Secured Notes could be used by the CLO V Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO V Issuer and in accordance with the Company’s investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO V Secured Notes were the secured obligation of the CLO V Issuers, and the CLO V Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO V Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., “blue sky”) laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration. Assets pledged to the holders of the CLO V Secured Notes were not available to pay the debts of the Company.

CLO V Refinancing

On April 20, 2022 (the “CLO V Refinancing Date”), the Company completed a \$669.2 million term debt securitization refinancing (the “CLO V Refinancing”), also known as a collateralized loan obligation refinancing, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO V Refinancing were issued by the CLO V Co-Issuer, as Issuer (the “CLO V Refinancing Issuer”), and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO V Refinancing Issuer.

The CLO V Refinancing was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes pursuant to the CLO V Indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indenture dated as of the CLO V Refinancing Date (the “CLO V Refinancing Indenture”), by and among the CLO V Refinancing Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$354.4 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1R Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark, as defined in the CLO V Refinancing Indenture, plus 1.78%, (ii) \$30.4 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2R Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark plus 1.95%, (iii) \$49.0 million of AA(sf) Class B-1 Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark plus 2.20%, (iv) \$5.0 million of AA(sf) Class B-2 Notes, which bear interest at 4.25%, (v) \$31.5 million of A(sf) Class C-1 Notes, which bear interest at the Benchmark plus 3.15% and (vi) \$39.4 million of A(sf) Class C-2 Notes, which bear interest at 5.10% (together, the “CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes”). The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the Issuer. The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on April 20, 2034. The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes were privately placed by Natixis Securities Americas LLC. The proceeds from the CLO V Refinancing were used to redeem in full the classes of notes issued on the CLO V Closing Date and to pay expenses incurred in connection with the CLO V Refinancing.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes, the CLO V Issuer issued approximately \$10.2 million of additional subordinated securities, for a total of \$159.6 million of subordinated securities in the form of 159,620 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share. The CLO V Preferred Shares are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO V Refinancing for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S., European Union and United Kingdom regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO V Preferred Shares.

On the CLO V Closing Date, the CLO V Issuer entered into a loan sale agreement with Company, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$201.8 million par amount of middle market loans from the Company to the CLO V Issuer on the CLO V Closing Date and for future sales from the Company to the CLO V Issuer on an ongoing basis. As part of the CLO V Refinancing, the CLO V Refinancing Issuer, as the successor to the CLO V Issuer, and the Company entered into an amended and

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restated loan sale agreement with the Company dated as of the CLO V Refinancing Date, pursuant to which the CLO V Refinancing Issuer assumed all ongoing obligations of the CLO V Issuer under the original agreement and the Company sold and contributed approximately \$275.67 million par amount middle market loans to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer on the CLO V Refinancing Date and provides for future sales from the Company to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the portfolio of assets securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes. A portion of the of the portfolio assets securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes consists of middle market loans purchased by the CLO V Issuer from ORCC Financing II LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO V Closing Date between the CLO V Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC and which the CLO V Refinancing Issuer and ORCC Financing II LLC amended and restated on the CLO V Refinancing Date in connection with the refinancing. The Company and ORCC Financing II LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through April 20, 2026, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO V Issuer from the loans securing the CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes may be used by the Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO V Refinancing Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes are the secured obligation of the CLO V Refinancing Issuer, and the CLO V Refinancing Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO V Refinancing Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., "blue sky") laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO V Refinancing Issuer under an amended and restated collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO V Refinancing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO V Refinancing Issuer's equity or notes owned by the Company.

CLO VI

On May 5, 2021 (the "CLO VI Closing Date"), the Company completed a \$397.78 million term debt securitization transaction (the "CLO VI Transaction"), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO VI Transaction were issued by the Company's consolidated subsidiaries Owl Rock CLO VI, Ltd., an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (the "CLO VI Issuer"), and Owl Rock CLO VI, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "CLO VI Co-Issuer" and together with the CLO VI Issuer, the "CLO VI Issuers") and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO VI Issuer.

The CLO VI Transaction was executed by the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO VI Closing Date (the "CLO VI Indenture"), by and among the CLO VI Issuers and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$224 million of AAA(sf) Class A Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.45%, (ii) \$26 million of AA(sf) Class B-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus 1.75% and (iii) \$10 million of AA(sf) Class B-F Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.83% (together, the "CLO VI Secured Notes"). The CLO VI Secured Notes are secured by the middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO VI Issuer. The CLO VI Secured Notes are scheduled to mature on June 21, 2032. The CLO VI Secured Notes are privately placed by SG Americas Securities, LLC. Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events relating to the end of LIBOR, a different benchmark rate will replace LIBOR as the reference rate for interest accruing on the CLO VI Secured Notes.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO VI Secured Notes, the CLO VI Issuer issued approximately \$137.78 million of subordinated securities in the form of 137,775 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO VI Preferred Shares"). The CLO VI Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO VI Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO VI Secured Notes. The Company purchased all of the CLO VI Preferred Shares, and as such, these securities are eliminated in consolidation. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO VI Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S., United Kingdom and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO VI Preferred Shares.

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As part of the CLO VI Transaction, the Company entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO VI Issuer dated as of the CLO VI Closing Date, which provides for the sale and contribution of approximately \$205.6 million par amount of middle market loans from the Company to the CLO VI Issuer on the CLO VI Closing Date and for future sales from the Company to the CLO VI Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constitute part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO VI Secured Notes. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO VI Secured Notes consists of approximately \$164.7 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO VI Issuer from ORCC Financing IV LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO VI Closing Date between the CLO VI Issuer and ORCC Financing IV LLC. The Company and ORCC Financing IV LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO VI Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through June 20, 2024, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO VI Issuer from the loans securing the CLO VI Secured Notes may be used by the CLO VI Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO VI Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The Secured Notes are the secured obligation of the CLO VI Issuers, and the CLO VI Indenture includes customary covenants and events of default. The CLO VI Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., "blue sky") laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser serves as collateral manager for the CLO VI Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO VI Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO VI Issuers' equity or notes owned by the Company.

CLO VII

On July 26, 2022 (the "CLO VII Closing Date"), the Company completed a \$350.47 million term debt securitization transaction (the "CLO VII Transaction"), also known as a collateralized loan obligation transaction, which is a form of secured financing incurred by the Company. The secured notes and preferred shares issued in the CLO VII Transaction and the secured loan borrowed in the CLO VII Transaction were issued and incurred, as applicable, by the Company's consolidated subsidiary Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC, a limited liability organized under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "CLO VII Issuer") and are backed by a portfolio of collateral obligations consisting of middle market loans and participation interests in middle market loans as well as by other assets of the CLO VII Issuer.

The CLO VII Transaction was executed by (A) the issuance of the following classes of notes and preferred shares pursuant to an indenture and security agreement dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date (the "CLO VII Indenture"), by and among the CLO VII Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company: (i) \$48 million of AAA(sf) Class A-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month term SOFR plus 2.10%, (ii) \$24 million of AAA(sf) Class A-2 Notes, which bear interest at 5.00%, (iii) \$6 million of AA(sf) Class B-1 Notes, which bear interest at three-month term SOFR plus 2.85% and (iv) \$26.15 million of AA(sf) Class B-2 Notes, which bear interest at 5.71% and (v) \$10 million of A(sf) Class C Notes, which bear interest at 6.86% (together, the "CLO VII Secured Notes") and (B) the borrowing by the CLO VII Issuer of \$75 million under floating rate Class A-L1 loans (the "CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans") and \$50 million under floating rate Class A-L2 loans (the "CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans" and together with the CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans and the CLO VII Secured Notes, the "CLO VII Debt"). The CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans and the CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans bear interest at three-month term SOFR plus 2.10%. The CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans were borrowed under a credit agreement (the "CLO VII A-L1 Credit Agreement"), dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date, by and among the CLO VII Issuer, as borrower, various financial institutions, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent and the CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans were borrowed under a credit agreement (the "CLO VII A-L2 Credit Agreement"), dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date, by and among the CLO VII Issuer, as borrower, various financial institutions, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent. The CLO VII Debt is secured by middle market loans, participation interests in middle market loans and other assets of the CLO VII Issuer. The CLO VII Debt is scheduled to mature on July 20, 2033. The CLO VII Secured Notes were privately placed by SG Americas Securities, LLC as Initial Purchaser.

Concurrently with the issuance of the CLO VII Secured Notes and the borrowing under the CLO VII Class A-L1 Loans and CLO VII Class A-L2 Loans, the CLO VII Issuer issued approximately \$111.32 million of subordinated securities in the form of 111,320 preferred shares at an issue price of U.S.\$1,000 per share (the "CLO VII Preferred Shares"). The CLO VII Preferred Shares were issued by the CLO VII Issuer as part of its issued share capital and are not secured by the collateral securing the CLO VII Debt. The Company purchased all of the CLO VII Preferred Shares. The Company acts as retention holder in connection with the CLO VII Transaction for the purposes of satisfying certain U.S. and European Union regulations requiring sponsors of securitization transactions to retain exposure to the performance of the securitized assets and as such is required to retain a portion of the CLO VII Preferred Shares.

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As part of the CLO VII Transaction, the Company entered into a loan sale agreement with the CLO VII Issuer dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date, which provided for the sale and contribution of approximately \$255.548 million par amount of middle market loans from the Company to the CLO VII Issuer on the CLO VII Closing Date and for future sales from the Company to the CLO VII Issuer on an ongoing basis. Such loans constituted part of the initial portfolio of assets securing the CLO VII Debt. The remainder of the initial portfolio assets securing the CLO VII Debt consisted of approximately \$93.313 million par amount of middle market loans purchased by the CLO VII Issuer from ORCC Financing IV LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, under an additional loan sale agreement executed on the CLO VII Closing Date between the CLO VII Issuer and ORCC Financing IV LLC. The Company and ORCC Financing IV LLC each made customary representations, warranties, and covenants to the CLO VII Issuer under the applicable loan sale agreement.

Through July 20, 2025, a portion of the proceeds received by the CLO VII Issuer from the loans securing the CLO VII Debt may be used by the CLO VII Issuer to purchase additional middle market loans under the direction of the Adviser, in its capacity as collateral manager for the CLO VII Issuer and in accordance with the Company's investing strategy and ability to originate eligible middle market loans.

The CLO VII Debt is the secured obligation of the CLO VII Issuer, and the CLO VII Indenture, the CLO VII A-L1 Credit Agreement and the CLO VII A-L2 Credit Agreement each include customary covenants and events of default. The CLO VII Secured Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, or any state securities (e.g., "blue sky") laws, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission or pursuant to an applicable exemption from such registration.

The Adviser will serve as collateral manager for the CLO VII Issuer under a collateral management agreement dated as of the CLO VII Closing Date. The Adviser is entitled to receive fees for providing these services. The Adviser has waived its right to receive such fees but may rescind such waiver at any time; provided, however, that if the Adviser rescinds such waiver, the management fee payable to the Adviser pursuant to the Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, between the Adviser and the Company will be offset by the amount of the collateral management fee attributable to the CLO VII Issuer's equity or notes owned by the Company.

Unsecured Notes

2023 Notes

On December 21, 2017, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement governing the issuance of \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes (the "2023 Notes") to institutional investors in a private placement. The issuance of \$138.5 million of the 2023 Notes occurred on December 21, 2017, and \$11.5 million of the 2023 Notes were issued in January 2018. The 2023 Notes had a fixed interest rate of 4.75% and were due on June 21, 2023. Interest on the 2023 Notes was due and ranked semiannually. This interest rate was subject to increase (up to a maximum interest rate of 5.50%) in the event that, subject to certain exceptions, the 2023 Notes ceased to have an investment grade rating. The Company was obligated to offer to repay the 2023 Notes at par if certain change in control events occur. The 2023 Notes were general unsecured obligations of the Company and ranked pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company.

The Note Purchase Agreement for the 2023 Notes contained customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of the Company's status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Code, minimum shareholders equity, minimum asset coverage ratio and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at the Company or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness of the Company or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The 2023 Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

In connection with the offering of the 2023 Notes, on December 21, 2017, the Company entered into a centrally cleared interest rate swap. The notional amount of the interest rate swap was \$150 million. The Company received fixed rate interest semi-annually at 4.75% and paid variable rate interest monthly based on 1-month LIBOR plus 2.545%. The interest rate swap matured on December 21, 2021, and therefore, for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company did not make any periodic payments. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company made periodic payments of \$4.0 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. The interest expense related to the 2023 Notes is equally offset by the proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities or prepaid expenses and other assets on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the 2023 Notes, with the remaining difference included as a component of interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

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On November 23, 2021, we caused notice to be issued to the holders of the 2023 Notes regarding our exercise of the option to redeem in full all \$50 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon through, but excluding, the redemption date, December 23, 2021. On December 23, 2021, we redeemed in full all \$150 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes at 100% of their principal amount, plus the accrued and unpaid interest thereon through, but excluding, December 23, 2021.

2024 Notes

On April 10, 2019, the Company issued \$400 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on April 15, 2024 (the “2024 Notes”). The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.25% per year, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on October 15, 2019. The Company may redeem some or all of the 2024 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2024 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2024 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any 2024 Notes on or after March 15, 2024 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2024 Notes), the redemption price for the 2024 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2024 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

In connection with the issuance of the 2024 Notes, on April 10, 2019 the Company entered into centrally cleared interest rate swaps. The notional amount of the interest rate swaps is \$400 million. The Company will receive fixed rate interest at 5.25% and pay variable rate interest based on one-month LIBOR plus 2.937%. The interest rate swaps mature on April 10, 2024. For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 the Company made periodic payments of \$5.6 million, \$8.7 million and \$19.3 million, respectively. The interest expense related to the 2024 Notes is equally offset by the proceeds received from the interest rate swaps. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(13.1) million and \$12.0 million, respectively. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities or prepaid expenses and other assets on the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the 2024 Notes, with the remaining difference included as a component of interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

2025 Notes

On October 8, 2019, the Company issued \$425 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on March 30, 2025 (the “2025 Notes”). The 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.00% per year, payable semi-annually on March 30 and September 30 of each year, commencing on March 30, 2020. The Company may redeem some or all of the 2025 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2025 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2025 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 40 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any 2025 Notes on or after February 28, 2025 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2025 Notes), the redemption price for the 2025 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2025 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

July 2025 Notes

On January 22, 2020, the Company issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on July 22, 2025 (the “July 2025 Notes”). The July 2025 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year, payable semi-annually on January 22 and July 22, of each year, commencing on July 22, 2020. The Company may redeem some or all of the July 2025 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the July 2025 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the July 2025 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 35 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any July 2025 Notes on or after June 22, 2025 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2025 Notes), the redemption price for the July 2025 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the July 2025 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

2026 Notes

On July 23, 2020, the Company issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on January 15, 2026 (the “2026 Notes”). The 2026 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.25% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on January 15, 2021. The Company may redeem some or all of the 2026 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2026 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2026 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any 2026 Notes on or after December, 15 2025 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2026 Notes), the redemption price for the 2026 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2026 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

July 2026 Notes

On December 8, 2020, the Company issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on July 15, 2026 (the “July 2026 Notes”). The July 2026 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.40% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on July 15, 2021. The Company may redeem some or all of the July 2026 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the July 2026 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the July 2026 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any July 2026 Notes on or after June 15, 2026 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the July 2026 Notes), the redemption price for the July 2026 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the July 2026 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

2027 Notes

On April 26, 2021, the Company issued \$500 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on January 15, 2027 (the “2027 Notes”). The 2027 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.625% per year, payable semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, of each year, commencing on July 15, 2021. The Company may redeem some or all of the 2027 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2027 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 30 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any 2027 Notes on or after December 15, 2026 (the date falling one month prior to the maturity date of the 2027 Notes), the redemption price for the 2027 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

In connection with the issuance of the 2027 Notes, on April 26, 2021, the Company entered into centrally cleared interest rate swaps. The notional amount of the interest rate swaps is \$500 million. The Company will receive fixed rate interest at 2.625% and pay variable rate interest based on one-month LIBOR plus 1.655%. The interest rate swaps mature on January 15, 2027. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 the Company made periodic payments of \$3.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. The interest expense related to the 2027 Notes is equally offset by the proceeds received from the interest rate swaps. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(56.4) million and \$7.6 million, respectively. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swaps is either included as a component of accrued expenses and other liabilities or prepaid expenses and other assets on the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The change in fair value of the interest rate swaps is offset by the change in fair value of the 2027 Notes, with the remaining difference included as a component of interest expense on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

2028 Notes

On June 11, 2021, the Company issued \$450 million aggregate principal amount of notes that mature on June 11, 2028 and on August 17, 2021, the Company issued an additional \$400 million aggregate principal amount of the Company's 2.875% notes due 2028 (together, the "2028 Notes"). The 2028 Notes bear interest at a rate of 2.875% per year, payable semi-annually on June 11 and December 11, of each year, commencing on December 11, 2021. The Company may redeem some or all of the 2028 Notes at any time, or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the 2028 Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the 2028 Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus 30 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date; provided, however, that if the Company redeems any 2028 Notes on or after April 11, 2028 (the date falling two months prior to the maturity date of the 2028 Notes), the redemption price for the 2028 Notes will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2028 Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, the Company may enter into commitments to fund investments. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had the following outstanding commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
(\$ in thousands)			
3ES Innovation Inc. (dba Aucerna)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	\$ 2,193	\$ 3,893
AAM Series 1.1 Rail and Domestic Intermodal Feeder, LLC	LLC Interest	45,000	—
AAM Series 2.1 Aviation Feeder, LLC	LLC Interest	43,432	—
ABB/Con-cise Optical Group LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	354	—
Accela, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,000	3,000
Alera Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	417
AmeriLife Holdings LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	61	—
AmeriLife Holdings LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	91	—
AmSpec Group, Inc. (fka AmSpec Services Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,388	10,665
Anaplan, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,722	—
Apex Group Treasury, LLC	Second lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	25,147
Apex Service Partners, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	19	—
Apptio, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,112	1,667
Aramsco, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,703	8,378
Ardonagh Midco 3 PLC	First lien senior secured GBP delayed draw term loan	—	11,038
Armstrong Bidco Limited (dba The Access Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	273	—
Ascend Buyer, LLC (dba PPC Flexible Packaging)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	565	471
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	45,792	—
Associations, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	32,923	32,923
AxiomSL Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	8,331	8,331
AxiomSL Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	18,227	18,227
Bayshore Intermediate #2, L.P. (dba Boomi)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,607	6,913
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	28,014	28,014
BCPE Osprey Buyer, Inc. (dba PartsSource)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	11,855	11,855
BCTO BSI Buyer, Inc. (dba Buildertrend)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8,036	2,339
Blend Labs, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,500	7,500
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	29,054	29,054

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
BP Veraison Buyer, LLC (dba Sun World)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8,716	8,716
Brightway Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,158	3,158
Centrifry Corporation	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	6,817
CivicPlus, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	6,673
CivicPlus, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,698	1,335
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,719	9,849
Denali BuyerCo, LLC (dba Summit Companies)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,998	3,556
Diamondback Acquisition, Inc. (dba Sphera)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,080	1,080
Dodge Data & Analytics LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	1,888
Douglas Products and Packaging Company LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,447	3,936
EET Buyer, Inc. (dba e-Emphasys)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	455	455
Entertainment Benefits Group, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	44	11,200
Evolution BuyerCo, Inc. (dba SIAA)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	10,709	10,709
Forescout Technologies, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	48,750	—
Forescout Technologies, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5,345	5,345
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	13	1,347
Fortis Solutions Group, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	400	462
Fullsteam Operations, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,987	—
Gainsight, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,357	3,357
Galls, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	17,192	20,468
Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	13,202	13,202
Gerson Lehrman Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	21,563	21,563
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	614
GI Ranger Intermediate, LLC (dba Rectangle Health)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	332	369
Global Music Rights, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	667	667
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,111	1,111
GovBrands Intermediate, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	79	793
Granicus, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	1,006
Granicus, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	789	1,187
Guidehouse Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	351
H&F Opportunities LUX III S.À R.L (dba Checkmarx)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	16,250	16,250
Hercules Borrower, LLC (dba The Vincit Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	18,685	20,916
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,824	49,359
HGH Purchaser, Inc. (dba Horizon Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,520	7,031
Hissho Sushi Merger Sub LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	56	—
Hometown Food Company	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,388	4,235
Ideal Image Development, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,463	—
Ideal Image Development, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,829	—
Ideal Tridon Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,536	3,927
IG Investments Holdings, LLC (dba Insight Global)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,384	1,987
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	250	—
Indigo Buyer, Inc. (dba Inovar Packaging Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	83	—
Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	6,890
BradyIFS Holdings, LLC (fka Individual Foodservice Holdings, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	21,567	20,609

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Inovalon Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	18,988	18,988
Integrity Marketing Acquisition, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	14,832	14,832
Intelrad Medical Systems Incorporated (fka 11849573 Canada Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	1,607
Interoperability Bidco, Inc. (dba Lyniate)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,522	4,000
IQN Holding Corp. (dba Beeline)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	22,672
Kaseya Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	1,134	—
Kaseya Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,134	—
KPSKY Acquisition, Inc. (dba BluSky)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	256
Sara Lee Frozen Bakery, LLC (fka KSLB Holdings, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,980	8,700
Lazer Spot Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Lazer Spot GB Holdings, Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	26,833	26,833
Mario Purchaser, LLC (dba Len the Plumber)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	4,880	—
Mario Midco Holdings, Inc. (dba Len the Plumber)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,381	—
Lignetics Investment Corp.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,922	3,922
Lignetics Investment Corp.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,882	3,922
Litera Bidco LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	5,176
Litera Bidco LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,160	5,738
Medline Borrower, LP	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,190	7,190
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	9,850
MHE Intermediate Holdings, LLC (dba OnPoint Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	13,361	15,536
Milan Laser Holdings LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,078	2,078
MINDBODY, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,071	6,071
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	226	226
Ministry Brands Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	34	68
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	3,980
National Dentex Labs LLC (fka Barracuda Dental LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	171	6,322
Natural Partners, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	68	—
Nelipak Holding Company	First lien senior secured USD revolving loan	6,299	4,288
Nelipak Holding Company	First lien senior secured EUR revolving loan	4,481	7,518
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,077	4,073
NMI Acquisitionco, Inc. (dba Network Merchants)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,652	1,652
Norvax, LLC (dba GoHealth)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	12,273	2,761
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	6,385	15,962
Notorious Topco, LLC (dba Beauty Industry Group)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,981	7,981
OB Hospitalist Group, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,897	13,533
Ole Smoky Distillery, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	116	—
Pacific BidCo Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	3,436	—
Patriot Acquisition TopCo S.A.R.L (dba Corza Health, Inc.)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	10,637	13,538
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	8,695
Peter C. Foy & Associates Insurance Services, LLC (dba PCF Insurance Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6,161	6,161

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Portfolio Company	Investment	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	176	—
Plasma Buyer LLC (dba PathGroup)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	76	—
Ping Identity Holding Corp.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	91	—
Pluralsight, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,118	6,235
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	110	—
PPV Intermediate Holdings, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	49	—
Project Power Buyer, LLC (dba PEC-Veriforce)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,188	3,188
QAD, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	3,429	3,429
PS Operating Company LLC (fka QC Supply, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,159	2,650
Quva Pharma, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,080	4,000
Reef Global Acquisition LLC (fka Cheese Acquisition, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	5,377
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	797
Refresh Parent Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	6,897
Relativity ODA LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,333	7,333
SailPoint Technologies Holdings, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,358	—
Securonix, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	153	—
SimpliSafe Holding Corporation	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	772	—
Smarsh Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	95	—
Smarsh Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	48	—
Sonny's Enterprises LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	17,969	15,402
Spotless Brands, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,305	—
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	175	—
SWK BUYER, Inc. (dba Stonewall Kitchen)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	46	—
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	6,228	10,230
Swipe Acquisition Corporation (dba PLI)	Letter of Credit	7,118	7,118
Tahoe Finco, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,244	9,244
TC Holdings, LLC (dba TrialCard)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	—	7,685
Tamarack Intermediate, L.L.C. (dba Verisk 3E)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	116	—
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	308	308
Tempo Buyer Corp. (dba Global Claims Services)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	141	154
The Shade Store, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	655	909
THG Acquisition, LLC (dba Hilb)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	8,608	8,608
The NPD Group, L.P.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,329	—
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	7,018	10,965
Thunder Purchaser, Inc. (dba Vector Solutions)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	2,522	3,838
Troon Golf, L.L.C.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	21,622	21,621
Ultimate Baked Goods Midco, LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,335	4,724
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	33	—
Unified Women's Healthcare, LP	First lien senior secured revolving loan	88	—
USRP Holdings, Inc. (dba U.S. Retirement and Benefits Partners)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	4,239	4,168
Valence Surface Technologies LLC	First lien senior secured revolving loan	49	49
Velocity HoldCo III Inc. (dba VelocityEHS)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	1,072	1,340
When I Work, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	925	925
Wingspire Capital Holdings LLC	LLC interest	35,855	\$ 51,962

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

<u>Portfolio Company</u>	<u>Investment</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	—	\$ 14,829
WU Holdco, Inc. (dba Weiman Products, LLC)	First lien senior secured revolving loan	9,219	\$ 13,444
Zendesck, Inc.	First lien senior secured delayed draw term loan	17,352	\$ —
Zendesck, Inc.	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7,145	\$ —
Total Unfunded Portfolio Company Commitments		\$ 926,091	\$ 963,808

As of December 31, 2022, the Company believed they had adequate financial resources to satisfy the unfunded portfolio company commitments.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

On November 3, 2020, the Board approved the 2020 Repurchase Program (the “2020 Repurchase Program”) under which the Company may repurchase up to \$100 million of the Company’s outstanding common stock. Under the 2020 Repurchase Program, purchases were made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2020 Repurchase Program will terminate 12-months from the date it was approved. On November 2, 2021, the Board approved an extension to the 2020 Repurchase Program for an additional 12-months. As of December 31, 2021, Goldman Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 186,150 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2020 Repurchase Program for approximately \$2.6 million. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 44,076 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2020 Repurchase Program for approximately \$12.6 million. On November 2, 2022, the 2020 Repurchase Program ended in accordance with its terms.

On November 1, 2022, the Board approved the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management’s discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program will terminate 18-months from the date it was approved. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 1,346,326 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$5.9 million.

From time to time, the Company may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. At December 31, 2022, management was not aware of any material pending or threatened litigation that would require accounting recognition or financial statement disclosure.

Note 8. Net Assets

Equity Issuances

The Company has the authority to issue 500,000,000 common shares at \$0.01 per share par value.

There were no sales of the Company’s common stock during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

Distributions

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of the Company’s common stock during the year ended December 31, 2022:

<u>Date Declared</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>		
	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payment Date</u>	<u>Distribution per Share</u>
November 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023	\$ 0.33
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	\$ 0.03
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 13, 2022	\$ 0.31

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of the Company's common stock during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Date Declared	December 31, 2021		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 2, 2021	December 31, 2021	January 31, 2022	\$ 0.31
August 3, 2021	September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	\$ 0.31
May 5, 2021	June 30, 2021	August 13, 2021	\$ 0.31
February 23, 2021	March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021	\$ 0.31

The following table reflects the distributions declared on shares of the Company's common stock during the year ended December 31, 2020:

Date Declared	December 31, 2020		
	Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per Share
November 3, 2020	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	\$ 0.08
August 4, 2020	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	\$ 0.08
May 5, 2020	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	\$ 0.08
February 19, 2020	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	\$ 0.31
May 28, 2019 (special dividend)	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	\$ 0.08

Dividend Reinvestment

With respect to distributions, the Company has adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for common shareholders. As a result, in the event of a declared distribution, each shareholder that has not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company's common stock rather than receiving cash distributions. If newly issued shares are used to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the cash dividend or distribution payable to a shareholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange on the payment date of a distribution, or if no sale is reported for such day, the average of the reported bid and ask prices. However, if the market price per share on the payment date of a cash dividend or distribution exceeds the most recently computed net asset value per share, we will issue shares at the greater of (i) the most recently computed net asset value per share and (ii) 95% of the current market price per share (or such lesser discount to the current market price per share that still exceeded the most recently computed net asset value per share). If shares are purchased in the open market to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a shareholder shall be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the cash dividend payable to such shareholder by the weighted average price per share for all shares purchased by the plan administrator in the open market in connection with the dividend. Shareholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

The following table reflects the shares distributed pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
November 1, 2022 (supplemental dividend)	November 30, 2022	December 15, 2022	51,018 ⁽¹⁾
August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	November 15, 2022	616,214 ⁽¹⁾
May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	August 15, 2022	886,113 ⁽¹⁾
February 23, 2022	March 31, 2022	May 15, 2022	830,764 ⁽¹⁾
November 2, 2021	December 31, 2021	January 31, 2022	814,084

(1) Shares purchased in the open market in order to satisfy dividends reinvested under our dividend reinvestment program.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
August 3, 2021	September 30, 2021	November 15, 2021	800,451
May 5, 2021	June 30, 2021	August 13, 2021	935,064
February 23, 2021	March 31, 2021	May 14, 2021	815,703
November 4, 2020	December 31, 2020	January 19, 2021	1,435,099

The following table reflects the common stock issued pursuant to the dividend reinvestment plan during the year ended December 31, 2020:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Shares
August 4, 2020	September 30, 2020	November 13, 2020	1,738,817
May 5, 2020	June 30, 2020	August 14, 2020	3,541,285
February 19, 2020	March 31, 2020	May 15, 2020	2,249,543
October 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	January 31, 2020	2,823,048

2020 Stock Repurchase Program

On November 3, 2020, the Board approved the 2020 Repurchase Program under which the Company was authorized to repurchase up to \$100 million of the Company's outstanding common stock. Under the 2020 Repurchase Program program, purchases were made at management's discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. On November 2, 2021, the Board approved an extension to the 2020 Repurchase Program for an additional 12-months and on November 2, 2022, the 2020 Repurchase Program ended in accordance with its terms.

The following provides information regarding purchases of the Company's common stock by Goldman Sachs & Co., as agent, pursuant to the 2020 Repurchase Program. For the periods ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 repurchases under the 2020 Repurchase Program were as follows:

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2021 - January 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
February 1, 2021 - February 28, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
March 1, 2021 - March 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
April 1, 2021 - April 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
May 1, 2021 - May 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
June 1, 2021 - June 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
July 1, 2021 - July 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
August 1, 2021 - August 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
September 1, 2021 - September 30, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
October 1, 2021 - October 31, 2021	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100.0
November 1, 2021 - November 30, 2021	22,900	\$ 13.92	\$ 0.3	\$ 99.7
December 1, 2021 - December 31, 2021	163,250	\$ 14.00	\$ 2.3	\$ 97.4
Total	186,150		\$ 2.6	

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
January 1, 2022 - January 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
February 1, 2022 - February 28, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
March 1, 2022 - March 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
April 1, 2022 - April 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97.4
May 1, 2022 - May 31, 2022	757,926	\$ 13.21	\$ 10.0	\$ 87.4
June 1, 2022 - June 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
July 1, 2022 - July 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
August 1, 2022 - August 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
September 1, 2022 - September 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
October 1, 2022 - October 31, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 87.4
	<u>757,926</u>		<u>\$ 10.0</u>	

2022 Stock Repurchase Program

On November 1, 2022, the Board approved the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program under which we may repurchase up to \$150 million of our outstanding common stock. Under the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program, purchases may be made at management's discretion from time to time in open-market transactions, in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations. Unless extended by the Board, the 2022 Stock Repurchase Program will terminate 18-months from the date it was approved. As of December 31, 2022, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 1,346,326 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$15.9 million. For the period ended December 31, 2022, since its inception, repurchases under the 2022 Repurchase Program were as follows:

Period (\$ in millions, except share and per share amounts)	Total Number of Shares Repurchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that have been Purchased Under the Plans	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plan
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 150.0
December 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	1,346,326	\$ 11.84	\$ 15.9	\$ 134.1
Total	<u>1,346,326</u>		<u>\$ 15.9</u>	

Note 9. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 466,355	\$ 624,882	\$ 387,740
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted	394,006,852	392,297,907	388,645,561
Earnings per common share-basic and diluted	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.59	\$ 1.00

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Note 10. Income Taxes

Taxable income generally differs from increase in net assets resulting from operations due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized.

The Company makes certain adjustments to the classification of net assets as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, which include differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal taxes or losses among other items. To the extent these differences are permanent, they are charged or credited to additional paid in capital, or total distributable earnings (losses), as appropriate.

The following reconciles the increase in net assets resulting from operations for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020 to undistributed taxable income at December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively:

(\$ in millions)	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2022⁽¹⁾	2021	2020
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 466.3	\$ 624.9	\$ 387.7
Adjustments:			
Net unrealized (gain) loss on investments	\$ 94.5	\$ (179.8)	\$ 76.0
Other income (loss) for tax purposes, not book	(33.0)	(2.0)	14.2
Deferred organization costs	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Other book-tax differences	5.8	4.0	2.0
Realized gain/loss differences	1.0	37.4	61.6
Taxable Income	\$ 534.5	\$ 484.4	\$ 541.5

(1) Tax information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 is estimated and is not considered final until the Company files its tax return.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Total distributions declared of \$507.8 million resulted in a tax dividend amount of \$517.9 million that consisted entirely of ordinary income for the tax year ending December 31, 2022. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2022 the Company had \$13.1 million of undistributed ordinary income and \$7.4 million of undistributed capital gains, as well as, \$(123.0) million of net unrealized gains (losses) on investments and \$10.4 million of other temporary differences. For the year ended December 31, 2022, 85.2% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company increased the total distributable earnings (losses) and decreased additional paid in capital. These permanent differences were principally related to \$5.7 million attributable to U.S. federal income tax, including excise taxes.

As of December 31, 2022, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$26.2 million based on a tax cost basis of \$13.1 billion. As of December 31, 2022, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$382.2 million and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$256.0 million.

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Total distributions declared of \$486.9 million resulted in a tax dividend amount of \$484.4 million that consisted of approximately \$458.2 million of ordinary income and \$26.2 million of long-term capital gains for the tax year ending December 31, 2021. The remaining \$0.1 million will be reported in tax year December 31, 2022. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2021 the Company had no undistributed ordinary income or capital gains, as well as, \$(51.7) million of net unrealized gains (losses) on investments and \$(4.7) million of other temporary differences. For the year ended December 31, 2021, 85.2% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company increased the total distributable earnings (losses) and decreased additional paid in capital. These permanent differences were principally related to \$4.0 million attributable to U.S. federal income tax, including excise taxes.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

As of December 31, 2021, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$6.8 million based on a tax cost basis of \$12.8 billion. As of December 31, 2021, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$217.6 million and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$180.8 million.

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Total distributions declared of \$605.9 million resulted in a tax dividend amount of \$597.9 million that consisted of approximately \$581.9 million of ordinary income and \$16.0 million of long-term capital gains for the tax year ending December 31, 2020. The remaining \$8.0 million will be reported in tax year December 31, 2021. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2020 the Company had no undistributed ordinary income or capital gains, as well as, \$(197.8) million of net unrealized gains (losses) on investments and \$(0.7) million of other temporary differences. For the year ended December 31, 2020, 91.9% of distributed ordinary income qualified as interest related dividend which is exempt from U.S. withholding tax applicable to non-U.S. shareholders.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company increased the total distributable earnings (losses) and decreased additional paid in capital. These permanent differences were principally related to \$2.0 million attributable to U.S. federal income tax, including excise taxes.

As of December 31, 2020, the net estimated unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$0.2 billion based on a tax cost basis of \$11.0 billion. As of December 31, 2020, the estimated aggregate gross unrealized loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$0.3 billion and the estimated aggregate gross unrealized gain for U.S. federal income tax purposes was \$0.1 billion.

Taxable Subsidiaries

Certain of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Company recorded a current tax expense of approximately \$5.1 million, \$4.0 million and \$2.1 million for taxable subsidiaries, respectively.

The Company recorded a net deferred tax liability of \$16.0 million and \$12.0 million as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, for taxable subsidiaries, which is significantly related to GAAP to tax outside basis differences in the taxable subsidiaries' investment in certain partnership interests.

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Note 11. Financial Highlights

The following are the financial highlights for a common share outstanding during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016:

For the Years Ended December 31,

(\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Per share data:							
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 15.08	\$ 14.74	\$ 15.24	\$ 15.10	\$ 15.03	\$ 14.85	\$ —
Net investment income ⁽¹⁾	1.41	1.25	1.33	1.54	1.68	1.40	0.42
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.22)	0.33	(0.35)	0.08	(0.19)	0.13	0.36
Total from operations	1.19	1.58	0.98	1.62	1.49	1.53	0.78
Repurchase of common shares ⁽²⁾	0.01	—	0.08	(0.03)	—	—	14.13
Distributions declared from earnings ⁽²⁾	(1.29)	(1.24)	(1.56)	(1.45)	(1.42)	(1.35)	(0.06)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	(0.09)	0.34	(0.50)	0.14	0.07	0.18	14.85
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 14.99	\$ 15.08	\$ 14.74	\$ 15.24	\$ 15.10	\$ 15.03	\$ 14.85
Shares outstanding, end of period	392,476,687	393,766,855	389,966,688	392,129,619	216,204,837	97,959,595	45,833,313
Per share market value at end of period	\$ 11.55	\$ 14.16	\$ 12.66	\$ 17.89	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Return, based on market value ⁽³⁾	(9.9)%	21.7 %	(20.1)%	22.0 % ⁽⁸⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Return, based on net asset value ⁽⁴⁾	9.0 %	11.3 %	8.7 %	10.7 %	10.2 %	10.6 %	(0.6)%
Ratios / Supplemental Data⁽⁵⁾							
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾	11.0 %	9.1 %	5.0 %	4.4 %	6.4 %	6.3 %	6.5 %
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets ⁽⁷⁾	9.5 %	8.4 %	9.1 %	10.0 %	10.9 %	9.0 %	2.9 %
Net assets, end of period	\$ 5,882,403	\$ 5,937,877	\$ 5,746,434	\$ 5,977,283	\$ 3,264,845	\$ 1,472,579	\$ 680,525
Weighted-average shares outstanding	394,006,852	392,297,907	388,645,561	324,630,279	146,422,371	67,082,905	21,345,191
Total capital commitments, end of period	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 5,471,160	\$ 5,067,680	\$ 2,313,237
Ratio of total contributed capital to total committed capital, end of period	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	57.4 %	27.9 %	28.8 %
Portfolio turnover rate	11.6 %	43.1 %	14.7 %	17.7 %	29.1 %	30.8 %	25.4 %

- (1) The per share data was derived using the weighted average shares outstanding during the period.
- (2) The per share data was derived using actual shares outstanding at the date of the relevant transaction.
- (3) Total return based on market value is calculated as the change in market value per share during the respective periods, taking into account dividends and distributions, if any, reinvested in accordance with the Company's dividend reinvestment plan. The beginning market value per share is based on the initial public offering price of \$15.30 per share.
- (4) Total return is calculated as the change in net asset value ("NAV") per share during the period, plus distributions per share (assuming dividends and distributions, if any, are reinvested in accordance with the Company's dividend reinvestment plan), if any, divided by the beginning NAV per share.
- (5) Does not include expenses of investment companies in which the Company invests.
- (6) Prior to the management and incentive fee waivers, the total expenses to average net assets for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were 7.3%, 5.9%, 6.4% and 6.3%, respectively.
- (7) For the year ended December 31, 2016, the ratio reflects an annualized amount, except in the case of non-recurring expenses (e.g. initial organization expenses).

Owl Rock Capital Corporation
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

Note 12. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date of issuance. There are no subsequent events to disclose except for the following:

As of February 17, 2023, Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, has repurchased 2,868,514 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the 2022 Stock Repurchase Plan for approximately \$34.5 million at an average price of \$12.05 per share.

On February 21, 2023, the Board declared a first quarter dividend of \$0.33 per share for stockholders of record as of March 31, 2023, payable on or before April 14, 2023 and a fourth quarter supplemental dividend of \$0.04 per share for stockholders of record as of March 3, 2023, payable on or before March 17, 2023.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In accordance with Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), we, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K and determined that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(b) Management’s Report on Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 COSO Framework). Based on our evaluation under the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013), management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2022.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

(c) Attestation Report of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Our independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, has issued an audit report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, which is set forth under the heading “Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm” on page F-2.

(d) Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2022 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Our Board of Directors

As of December 31, 2022, our Board consisted of six members. The Board is divided into three classes, with the members of each class serving staggered, three-year terms. The terms of our Class I directors will expire at the 2023 annual meeting of shareholders; the terms of our Class II directors will expire at the 2024 annual meeting of shareholders; and the terms of our Class III directors will expire at the 2025 annual meeting of shareholders.

Biographical Information

Brief biographies of the members of the Board are set forth below. Also included below following each biography is a brief discussion of the specific experience, qualifications, attributes or skills that led our Board to conclude that the applicable director should serve on our Board at this time. In addition, set forth further below is a biography of each of our executive officers who is not a director.

Name, Address, and Age(1)	Position(s) Held with the Company	Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years	Term of Office and Length of Time Served(2)	Number of Companies in Fund Complex(3) Overseen by Director	Other Directorships Held by Director or Nominee for Director
Independent Directors					
Eric Kaye, 59	Director	Founder of Kayezen, LLC (formerly ARQ^EX Fitness Systems)	Class I Director since 2016; Term expires in 2023	7	ORCC II ORCC III ORTF ORCIC ORTF II ORTIC
Victor Woolridge, 66	Director	Managing Director of Barings Real Estate Advisers LLC	Class I Director since 2021; Term expires in 2023	7	ORCC II ORCC III ORTF ORCIC ORTF II ORTIC
Christopher M. Temple, 55	Director	President of DelTex Capital LLC	Class II Director since 2016; Term expires in 2024	7	ORCC II ORCC III ORTF ORCIC ORTF II ORTIC Plains All American Pipeline Company
Melissa Weiler, 58	Director	Private Investor Managing Director and member of the Management Committee of Crescent Capital Group (through 2020)	Class II Director since 2021, Term expires in 2024	7	ORCC II ORCC III ORTF ORCIC ORTF II ORTIC Jefferies Financial Group, Inc.

Name, Address, and Age(1)	Position(s) Held with the Company	Principal Occupation(s) During the Past 5 Years	Term of Office and Length of Time Served(2)	Number of Companies in Fund Complex(3) Overseen by Director	Other Directorships Held by Director or Nominee for Director
Edward D'Alelio, 70	Chairman of the Board, Director	Retired	Class III Director since 2016; Term expires in 2025	7	ORCC II ORCC III ORTF ORCIC ORTF II ORTIC Blackstone/GSO Long Short Credit Fund Blackstone/GSO Sen. Flt Rate Fund
Interested Directors(4)					
Craig W. Packer, 56	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director	Co-Founder of Owl Rock Capital Partners Co-Founder and Senior Managing Director of Blue Owl Co-Chief Investment Officer of each of the Owl Rock Advisers President and Chief Executive Officer of the Owl Rock BDCs" Co-Head of Leveraged Finance in the Americas, Goldman Sachs	Class III Director since 2016; Term expires in 2025	7	ORCC II ORCC III ORTF ORCIC ORTF II ORTIC Blue Owl Capital Inc. ("Blue Owl")

- (1) The address for each director is c/o Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 37th Floor, New York, New York 10022.
- (2) Directors serve for three-year terms until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until their successors are duly elected and qualified.
- (3) The term "Fund Complex" refers to the Owl Rock BDCs. Directors and officers who oversee the funds in the Fund Complex are noted.
- (4) "Interested person" of the Company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). Mr. Packer is an "interested person" because of his affiliation with the Adviser.

Independent Directors

Mr. Kaye is the founder of Kayezen, LLC, a physical therapy and fitness equipment design company. Prior to founding Kayezen, LLC, Mr. Kaye served as a Vice Chairman and Managing Director of UBS Investment Bank, and a member of the division's Global Operating and U.S. Executive Committees, from June 2001 to May 2012. For the majority of Mr. Kaye's tenure with UBS, he was a Managing Director and led the firm's Exclusive Sales and Divestitures Group, where he focused on advising middle market companies. Prior to joining UBS, Mr. Kaye has served as Global Co Head of Mergers & Acquisitions for Robertson Stephens, an investment banking firm, from February 1998 to June 2001. Mr. Kaye joined Robertson Stephens from PaineWebber where he served as Executive Director and head of the firm's Technology Mergers & Acquisitions team. Since March 2016 and November 2016 he has served on the boards of directors of the Company and ORCC II, respectively, since August 2018 he has served on the board of directors of ORTF, since February 2020 and September 2020 he has served on the boards of directors of ORCC III and ORCIC, respectively and since August 2021 and November 2021 he has served on the boards of directors of ORTIC and ORTF II, respectively. Mr. Kaye holds a B.A. from Union College and an M.B.A. from Columbia Business School.

We believe Mr. Kaye's management positions and experiences in the middle market provide the Board with valuable insight.

Mr. Temple has served as President of DelTex Capital LLC (a private investment firm) since its founding in 2010. Mr. Temple has served as an Operating Executive/Senior Advisor for Tailwind Capital, LLC, a New York based middle market private equity firm since June 2011. Prior to forming DelTex Capital, Mr. Temple served as President of Vulcan Capital, the investment arm of Vulcan Inc., from May 2009 until December 2009 and as Vice President of Vulcan Capital from September 2008 to May 2009. Prior to joining Vulcan in September 2008, Mr. Temple served as a managing director at Tailwind Capital, LLC from May to August 2008. Prior to joining Tailwind, Mr. Temple was a managing director at Friend Skoler & Co., Inc. from May 2005 to May 2008. From April 1996 to December 2004, Mr. Temple was a managing director at Thayer Capital Partners. Mr. Temple started his career in the audit and tax departments of KPMG's Houston office and was a licensed CPA from 1989 to 1993. Mr. Temple has served on the board of

directors of Plains GP Holdings, L.P., the general partner of Plains All American Pipeline Company since November 2016 and has served as a member of the Plains GP Holdings, L.P. compensation committee since November 2020 and as a director of Plains All American Pipeline, L.P.'s ("PAA") general partner from May 2009 to November 2016. He was a member of the PAA Audit Committee from 2009 to 2016. Prior public board service includes board and audit committee service for Clear Channel Outdoor Holdings from April 2011 to May 2016 and on the board and audit committee of Charter Communications Inc. from November 2009 through January 2011. In addition to public boards, as part of his role with Tailwind, Mr. Temple has served on private boards including Brawler Industries, and National HME and currently serves on the boards of Loenbro, Inc. and HMT, LLC. Since March 2016 and November 2016 he has served on the boards of directors of the Company and ORCC II, respectively, since August 2018 he has served on the board of directors of ORTF, since February 2020 and September 2020 he has served on the boards of directors of ORCC III and ORCIC, respectively and since August 2021 and November 2021 he has served on the boards of directors of ORTIC and ORTF II, respectively. Mr. Temple holds a B.B.A., magna cum laude, from the University of Texas and an M.B.A. from Harvard.

We believe Mr. Temple's broad investment management background, together with his financial and accounting knowledge, brings important and valuable skills to the Board.

Mr. D'Alelio was formerly a Managing Director and CIO for Fixed Income at Putnam Investments, Boston, where he served from 1989 until he retired in 2002. While at Putnam, he served on the Investment Policy Committee, which was responsible for oversight of all investments. He also sat on various Committees including attribution and portfolio performance. Prior to joining Putnam, he was a portfolio manager at Keystone Investments and prior to that, he was an Investment Analyst at The Hartford Ins. Co. Since 2002, Mr. D'Alelio has served as an Executive in Residence at the University of Mass., Boston—School of Management. He is also chair of the investment committee of the UMass Foundation. He serves on the Advisory Committees of Ceres Farms. Since September 2009, he has served as director of Vermont Farmstead Cheese. Since January 2008 he has served on the board of Blackstone/GSO Long Short Credit Fund & Blackstone/GSO Sen. Flt Rate Fund. Since March 2016 and November 2016, he has served on the boards of directors of the Company and ORCC II, respectively, since August 2018 he has served on the board of directors of ORTF, since February 2020 and September 2020 he has served on the boards of directors of ORCC III and ORCIC, respectively and since August 2021 and November 2021 he has served on the boards of directors of ORTIC and ORTF II, respectively. Mr. D'Alelio's previous corporate board assignments include Archibald Candy, Doane Pet Care, Trump Entertainment Resorts and UMass Memorial Hospital. Mr. D'Alelio is a graduate of the Univ. of Mass Boston and has an M.B.A. from Boston University.

We believe Mr. D'Alelio's numerous management positions and broad experiences in the financial services sector provide him with skills and valuable insight in handling complex financial transactions and issues, all of which make him well qualified to serve on the Board.

Ms. Weiler was formerly a Managing Director and a member of the Management Committee of Crescent Capital Group, a Los Angeles-based asset management firm ("Crescent"), where she served from January 2011 until she retired in December 2020. During that time, Ms. Weiler was responsible for the oversight of Crescent's CLO management business from July 2017 through December 2020, and managed several multi-strategy credit funds from January 2011 through June 2017. During her tenure at Crescent, she also served on the Risk Management and Diversity & Inclusion committees. From October 1995 to December 2010, Ms. Weiler was a Managing Director at Trust Company of the West, a Los Angeles-based asset management firm ("TCW"). At TCW, she managed several multi-strategy credit funds from July 2006 to December 2010, and served as lead portfolio manager for TCW's high-yield bond strategy from October 1995 to June 2006. Ms. Weiler has served on the board of directors of Jefferies Financial Group Inc. since 2021. She is a member of the Cedars-Sinai Board of Governors and is actively involved in 100 Women in Finance. Ms. Weiler holds a B.S. in Economics from the Wharton School at the University of Pennsylvania. Ms. Weiler joined the boards of directors of the Company, ORCC II, ORCC III, ORTF and ORCIC in February 2021 and the boards of directors of ORTIC and ORTF II in August 2021 and November 2021, respectively.

We believe Ms. Weiler's broad investment management background, together with her financial and accounting knowledge, brings important and valuable skills to the Board.

Mr. Woolridge was formerly a Managing Director of Barings Real Estate Advisers, LLC ("Barings"), the real estate investment unit of Barings LLC, a global asset management firm. Mr. Woolridge most recently served as Head of the U.S. Capital Markets for Equity Real Estate Funds at Barings. Mr. Woolridge previously served as Vice President and Managing Director and Head of Debt Capital Markets - Equities of Cornerstone Real Estate Advisers LLC (prior to its rebranding under the Barings name) ("Cornerstone") from January 2013 to September 2016 and as Vice President Special Servicing from January 2010 to January 2013. Prior to joining Cornerstone, Mr. Woolridge served as a Managing Director of Babson Capital Management LLC ("Babson") from January 2000 to January 2010. Prior to joining Babson, Mr. Woolridge served as Director of Loan Originations and Assistant Regional Director of MassMutual Financial Group from September 1982 to January 2000. Since 2009, Mr. Woolridge has served on the University of Massachusetts (UMass) Board of Trustees and has previously served as Chairman of the Board and as Chairman of the Board's Committee on Administration and Finance and as trustee for University of Massachusetts Global. Since 2022, Mr. Woolridge has served as a director of Trumbull Property Income Fund and Fallon Health. Mr. Woolridge has also served on the UMass Foundation's investment committee since 2021. Mr. Woolridge previously served on the Board of Trustees of Baystate Health from 2005 to 2016, which included service as Chairman of the Board and on the Board's compensation, finance, governance and strategy

committees. Mr. Woolridge holds a B.S. from the University of Massachusetts at Amherst and is a Certified Commercial Investment Member. Mr. Woolridge joined the boards of directors of the Company, ORCC II, ORCC III, ORTF, ORCIC, ORTIC, and ORTF II in November 2021.

We believe Mr. Woolridge's numerous management positions and broad experiences in the asset management and financial services sectors provide him with skills and valuable insight in handling complex financial transactions and issues, all of which makes him well qualified to serve on the Board of Directors.

Interested Director

Mr. Packer is the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Owl Rock BDCs, the Co-Chief Investment Officer of each of the Owl Rock Advisers, is a member of the Investment Committee of each of the Owl Rock Advisers, and was a Co-Founder of Owl Rock Capital Partners. Mr. Packer is also a Co-Founder and Senior Managing Director of Blue Owl, a member of Blue Owl's Executive Committee and a member of Blue Owl's board of directors. In addition, Mr. Packer has served on the boards of directors of the Company and ORCC II since March 2016 and November 2016, respectively, on the board of directors of ORTF since August 2018, and on the boards of directors of ORCC III and ORCIC since February 2020 and September 2020, respectively and since August 2021 and November 2021 he has served on the boards of directors of ORTIC and ORTF II, respectively. Prior to co-founding Owl Rock, Mr. Packer was Co-Head of Leveraged Finance in the Americas at Goldman, Sachs & Co., where he served on the Firmwide Capital Committee, Investment Banking Division ("IBD") Operating Committee, IBD Client and Business Standards Committee and the IBD Risk Committee. Mr. Packer joined Goldman, Sachs & Co. as a Managing Director and Head of High Yield Capital Markets in 2006 and was named partner in 2008. Prior to joining Goldman Sachs, Mr. Packer was the Global Head of High Yield Capital Markets at Credit Suisse First Boston, and before that he worked at Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette. Mr. Packer serves as Treasurer and member of the Board of Trustees of Greenwich Academy, and Co-Chair of the Honorary Board of Kids in Crisis, a nonprofit organization that serves children in Connecticut, and on the Advisory Board for the McIntire School of Commerce, University of Virginia. Mr. Packer earned a B.S. from the University of Virginia and an M.B.A. from Harvard Business School.

We believe Mr. Packer's depth of experience in corporate finance, capital markets and financial services gives the Board valuable industry-specific knowledge and expertise on these and other matters, and his history with us and the Adviser, provide an important skillset and knowledge base to the Board.

Meetings and Attendance

The Board met seventeen times during 2022 and acted on various occasions by written consent. All directors then in office attended at least 75% of the aggregate number of meetings of the Board held during the period for which they were a director and of the respective committees on which they served during 2022.

Board Attendance at the Annual Meeting

Our policy is to encourage our directors to attend each annual meeting; however, such attendance is not required at this time.

Board Leadership Structure and Role in Risk Oversight

Overall responsibility for our oversight rests with the Board. We have entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement pursuant to which the Adviser will manage the Company on a day-to-day basis. The Board is responsible for overseeing the Adviser and our other service providers in accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act, applicable provisions of state and other laws and our charter. The Board is composed of six members, five of whom are directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company or the Adviser as defined in the 1940 Act. The Board meets in person at regularly scheduled quarterly meetings each year. In addition, the Board may hold special in-person or telephonic meetings or informal conference calls to discuss specific matters that may arise or require action between regular meetings. As described below, the Board has established a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, a Compensation Committee and an Audit Committee, and may establish ad hoc committees or working groups from time to time, to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities. The Board has appointed Edward D'Alelio, an independent director, to serve in the role of Chairman of the Board. The Chairman's role is to preside at all meetings of the Board and to act as a liaison with the Adviser, counsel and other directors generally between meetings. The Chairman serves as a key point person for dealings between management and the directors. The Chairman also may perform such other functions as may be delegated by the Board from time to time. The Board reviews matters related to its leadership structure annually. The Board has determined that the Board's leadership structure is appropriate because it allows the Board to exercise informed and independent judgment over the matters under its purview and it allocates areas of responsibility among committees of directors and the full Board in a manner that enhances effective oversight.

We are subject to a number of risks, including investment, compliance, operational and valuation risks, among others. Risk oversight forms part of the Board's general oversight of the Company and is addressed as part of various Board and committee activities. Day to day risk management functions are subsumed within the responsibilities of the Adviser and other service providers (depending on the nature of the risk), which carry out our investment management and business affairs. The Adviser and other service providers employ a variety of processes, procedures and controls to identify various events or circumstances that give rise to risks, to lessen the probability of their occurrence and to mitigate the effects of such events or circumstances if they do occur. Each of the

Adviser and other service providers has their own independent interest in risk management, and their policies and methods of risk management will depend on their functions and business models. The Board recognizes that it is not possible to identify all of the risks that may affect the Company or to develop processes and controls to eliminate or mitigate their occurrence or effects. As part of its regular oversight of the Company, the Board interacts with and reviews reports from, among others, the Adviser, our chief compliance officer, our independent registered public accounting firm and counsel, as appropriate, regarding risks faced by the Company and applicable risk controls. The Board may, at any time and in its discretion, change the manner in which it conducts risk oversight.

Communications with Directors

Shareholders and other interested parties may contact any member (or all members) of the Board by mail. To communicate with the Board, any individual directors or any group or committee of directors, correspondence should be addressed to the Board or any such individual directors or group or committee of directors by either name or title. All such correspondence should be sent to Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 37th Floor, New York, New York 10022, Attention: Secretary.

Committees of the Board

The Board has an Audit Committee, a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and a Compensation Committee, and may form additional committees in the future. A brief description of each committee is included in this Form 10-K and the charters of the Audit, Nominating and Corporate Governance, and Compensation Committees can be accessed on the Company's website at www.owlrockcapitalcorporation.com.

As of December 31, 2022, the members of each of the Board's committees were as follows (the names of the respective committee chairperson are bolded):

Audit Committee	Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee	Compensation Committee
Edward D'Alelio	Edward D'Alelio	Edward D'Alelio
Christopher M. Temple	Christopher M. Temple	Christopher M. Temple
Eric Kaye	Eric Kaye	Eric Kaye
Melissa Weiler	Melissa Weiler	Melissa Weiler
Victor Woolridge	Victor Woolridge	Victor Woolridge

Audit Committee Governance, Responsibilities and Meetings

In accordance with its written charter adopted by the Board, the Audit Committee:

- (a) assists the Board's oversight of the integrity of our financial statements, the independent registered public accounting firm's qualifications and independence, our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and the performance of our independent registered public accounting firm;
- (b) prepares an Audit Committee report, if required by the SEC, to be included in our annual proxy statement;
- (c) oversees the scope of the annual audit of our financial statements, the quality and objectivity of our financial statements, accounting and financial reporting policies and internal controls;
- (d) determines the selection, appointment, retention and termination of our independent registered public accounting firm, as well as approving the compensation thereof;
- (e) pre-approves all audit and non-audit services provided to us and certain other persons by such independent registered public accounting firm; and
- (f) acts as a liaison between our independent registered public accounting firm and the Board.

The Audit Committee had nine formal meetings in 2022.

Our Board has determined that Christopher M. Temple qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" as defined in Item 407 of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act, and otherwise satisfies the sophistication requirements of NYSE Rule 303A.07.

Each member of the Audit Committee simultaneously serves on the audit committees of three or more public companies, and the Board has determined that each member's simultaneous service on the audit committees of other public companies does not impair such member's ability to effectively serve on the Audit Committee.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Governance, Responsibilities and Meetings

In accordance with its written charter adopted by the Board, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee:

- (a) recommends to the Board persons to be nominated by the Board for election at the Company's meetings of our shareholders, special or annual, if any, or to fill any vacancy on the Board that may arise between shareholder meetings;
- (b) makes recommendations with regard to the tenure of the directors;
- (c) is responsible for overseeing an annual evaluation of the Board and its committee structure to determine whether the structure is operating effectively; and
- (d) recommends to the Board the compensation to be paid to the independent directors of the Board.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider for nomination to the Board candidates submitted by our shareholders or from other sources it deems appropriate.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee had four formal meetings in 2022.

Director Nominations

Nomination for election as a director may be made by, or at the direction of, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee or by shareholders in compliance with the procedures set forth in our bylaws.

Shareholder proposals or director nominations to be presented at the annual meeting of shareholders, other than shareholder proposals submitted pursuant to the SEC's Rule 14a-8, must be submitted in accordance with the advance notice procedures and other requirements set forth in our bylaws. These requirements are separate from the requirements discussed above to have the shareholder nomination or other proposal included in our proxy statement and form of proxy/voting instruction card pursuant to the SEC's rules.

Our bylaws require that the proposal or recommendation for nomination must be delivered to, or mailed and received at, the principal executive offices of the Company not earlier than the 150th day prior to the one year anniversary of the date the Company's proxy statement for the preceding year's annual meeting, or later than the 120th day prior to the first anniversary of the date of the proxy statement for the preceding year's annual meeting. If the date of the annual meeting has changed by more than 30 days from the first anniversary of the date of the preceding year's annual meeting, shareholder proposals or director nominations must be so received not earlier than the 150th day prior to the date of such annual meeting and not later than the 120th day prior to the date of such annual meeting or the tenth day following the day on which public announcement of the date of such meeting is first made.

In evaluating director nominees, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers, among others, the following factors:

- whether the individual possesses high standards of character and integrity, relevant experience, a willingness to ask hard questions and the ability to work well with others;
- whether the individual is free of conflicts of interest that would violate applicable law or regulation or interfere with the proper performance of the responsibilities of a director;
- whether the individual is willing and able to devote sufficient time to the affairs of the Company and be diligent in fulfilling the responsibilities of a director and Board Committee member;
- whether the individual has the capacity and desire to represent the balanced, best interests of the shareholder as a whole and not a special interest group or constituency; and
- whether the individual possesses the skills, experiences (such as current business experience or other such current involvement in public service, academia or scientific communities), particular areas of expertise, particular backgrounds, and other characteristics that will help ensure the effectiveness of the Board and Board committees.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee's goal is to assemble a board that brings to the Company a variety of perspectives and skills derived from high-quality business and professional experience.

Other than the foregoing, there are no stated minimum criteria for director nominees, although the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may also consider other factors as they may deem are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board also believes it appropriate for certain key members of our management to participate as members of the Board.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identifies nominees by first evaluating the current members of the Board willing to continue in service. Current members of the Board with skills and experience that are relevant to our business and who are willing to continue in service are considered for re-nomination. If any member of the Board does not wish to continue in service or if the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee decides not to re-nominate a member for re-election, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identify the desired skills and experience of a new nominee in light of the criteria above. The members of the Board are polled for suggestions as to individuals meeting the aforementioned criteria. Research may also be performed to identify qualified individuals. To date, we have not engaged third parties to identify or evaluate or assist in identifying potential nominees, although we reserve the right in the future to retain a third-party search firm, if necessary.

The Board has not adopted a formal policy with regard to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees. In determining whether to recommend a director nominee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers and discusses diversity, among other factors, with a view toward the needs of the Board as a whole. The Board generally conceptualizes diversity expansively to include, without limitation, concepts such as race, gender, national origin, differences of viewpoint, professional experience, education, skill and other qualities that contribute to the Board, when identifying and recommending director nominees. The Board believes that the inclusion of diversity as one of many factors considered in selecting director nominees is consistent with the Board's goal of creating a Board that best serves the needs of the Company and the interests of its shareholders.

Compensation Committee Governance, Responsibilities and Meetings

In accordance with its written charter adopted by the Board, the Compensation Committee:

- (a) determines, or recommends to the Board for determination, the compensation, if any, of our chief executive officer and all other executive officers;
- (b) assists the Board with matters related to compensation generally, except with respect to the compensation of the directors; and
- (c) may delegate its authority to subcommittees or the Chair of the Compensation Committee when it deems appropriate and in the best interests of the Company.

As none of our executive officers are currently compensated by us, the Compensation Committee will not produce and/or review a report on executive compensation practices. The Compensation Committee had one formal meeting in 2022. Each member of the Compensation Committee (during the period for which he has been a member of the committee) who served on such committee during the 2022 fiscal year attended the meeting.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

No member of the Compensation Committee is a current or former officer of the Company. No member of the Compensation Committee (i) has had any relationship with the Company requiring disclosure under Item 404 of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act, or (ii) is an executive officer of another entity, at which one of our executive officers serves on the Board.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act, the Company's directors and executive officers, and any persons holding more than 10% of its shares, are required to report their beneficial ownership and any changes therein to the SEC and the Company. Specific due dates for those reports have been established, and the Company is required to report herein any failure to file such reports by those due dates. Based on the Company's review of Forms 3, 4, and 5 filed by such persons and information provided by the Company's directors and officers, the Company believes that during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to such persons were timely filed except for one Form 4 filing for Victor Woolridge which was filed late due to an administrative error.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics which applies to our executive officers, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as well as every officer, director and employee of the Company. Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics can be accessed on our website at www.owlrockcapitalcorporation.com.

There have been no material changes to our corporate code of ethics or material waivers of the code that apply to our Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer. If we make any substantive amendment to, or grant a waiver from, a provision of our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, we will promptly disclose the nature of the amendment or waiver on our website at www.owlrockcapitalcorporation.com as well as file a Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Information about Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors

The following sets forth certain information regarding the executive officers of the Company who are not directors of the Company.

Name	Age	Position	Officer Since
Karen Hager	50	Chief Compliance Officer	2018
Bryan Cole	38	Chief Accounting Officer	2017
Neena Reddy	45	Vice President and Secretary	2019
Alan Kirshenbaum	52	Executive Vice President	2020
Jonathan Lamm	48	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer	2021
Matthew Swatt	34	Co-Treasurer and Co-Controller	2021
Shari Withem	40	Co-Treasurer and Co-Controller	2021
Jennifer McMillon	45	Co-Treasurer and Co-Controller	2022

The address for each of our executive officers is c/o Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 37th Floor, New York, New York 10022.

Ms. Hager is a Managing Director of Blue Owl, a member of the firm's Operating Committee and also serves as the Chief Compliance Officer of each of the Owl Rock BDCs, Blue Owl and each of Blue Owl's registered investment advisers, including the Owl Rock Advisers. Prior to joining Owl Rock in March 2018, Ms. Hager was Chief Compliance Officer at Abbott Capital Management. Previous to Abbott, Ms. Hager worked as SVP, Director of Global Compliance and Chief Compliance Officer at The Permal Group, and as Director of Compliance at Dominick & Dominick Advisors LLC. Prior to joining Dominick & Dominick Advisors LLC, Ms. Hager was a Senior Securities Compliance Examiner/Staff Accountant at the US Securities and Exchange Commission. Ms. Hager received a B.S. in Accounting from Brooklyn College of the City University of New York.

Mr. Cole is a Managing Director of Blue Owl and serves as the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of ORCC II, ORCC III, ORCIC and ORTIC, and as the Chief Accounting Officer and Controller of the Company, ORTF and ORTF II. Prior to joining Owl Rock in January 2016, Mr. Cole was Assistant Controller of Business Development Corporation of America, a non-traded business development company, where he was responsible for overseeing the finance, accounting, financial reporting, operations and internal controls functions. Preceding that role, Mr. Cole worked within the Financial Services—Alternative Investments practice of PwC where he specialized in financial reporting, fair valuation of illiquid investments and structured products, internal controls and other technical accounting matters pertaining to alternative investment advisers, hedge funds, business development companies and private equity funds. Mr. Cole received a B.S. in Accounting from Fordham University and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant in New York.

Ms. Reddy is a Managing Director, the General Counsel and the Secretary of Blue Owl Capital Inc., Chief Legal Officer of all of Blue Owl's registered investment advisers, including the Owl Rock Advisers and a member of the firm's Executive Committee and Operating Committee. Ms. Reddy also serves as Vice President and Secretary of each of the Owl Rock BDCs. Prior to joining Owl Rock from June 2010 to April 2019, Ms. Reddy was associate general counsel at Goldman, Sachs & Co LLC, dedicated to Goldman Sachs Asset Management L.P., where she was responsible for GSAM managed direct alternative products, including private credit. Prior to GSAM, Ms. Reddy practiced as a corporate attorney at Boies Schiller & Flexner LLP and at Debevoise & Plimpton LLP. Prior to becoming an attorney, Ms. Reddy was a financial analyst in the private wealth division at Goldman, Sachs & Co. Ms. Reddy received a B.A. in English, magna cum laude, from Georgetown University and a J.D. from New York University School of Law.

Mr. Kirshenbaum is Executive Vice President of the Owl Rock BDCs, the Chief Financial Officer of Blue Owl and also serves as the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Owl Rock Advisers. Mr. Kirshenbaum has served on the board of directors of ORTIC and ORTF II since June 2021 and October 2021, respectively. Previously, Mr. Kirshenbaum served as Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company and ORTF, and as Chief Operating Officer of ORCC II, ORCC III and ORCIC. In addition, Mr. Kirshenbaum served on the boards of directors of ORCC and ORCC II from 2015-2021, ORTF from 2018-2021, and the Company and ORCIC from 2020-2021. Prior to Owl Rock, Mr. Kirshenbaum was Chief Financial Officer of Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc., a business development company traded on the NYSE (TSLX). Mr. Kirshenbaum was responsible for building and overseeing TSLX's finance, treasury, accounting and operations functions from August 2011 through October 2015, including during its initial public offering in March 2014. From 2011 to 2013, Mr. Kirshenbaum was also Chief Financial Officer of TPG Special Situations Partners. From 2007 to 2011, Mr. Kirshenbaum was the Chief Financial Officer of Natsource, a private investment firm and, prior to that, Managing Director, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of MainStay Investments. Mr. Kirshenbaum joined Bear Stearns Asset Management ("BSAM") in 1999 and was BSAM's Chief Financial Officer from 2003 to 2006. Before joining BSAM, Mr. Kirshenbaum worked in public accounting at KPMG and J.H. Cohn. Mr. Kirshenbaum is actively involved in a variety of non-profit organizations including the Boy Scouts of America and as trustee for the Jewish Federation of Greater MetroWest NJ. Mr. Kirshenbaum is also a member of the Rutgers University Dean's Cabinet. Mr. Kirshenbaum received a B.S. from Rutgers University and an M.B.A. from New York University Stern School of Business.

Mr. Lamm is a Managing Director of Blue Owl a Vice President of ORCC II, ORCC III, ORCIC and ORTIC, and the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, ORTF and ORTF II. Prior to joining Owl Rock, a division of Blue Owl, in April 2021, Mr. Lamm served as the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Goldman Sachs BDC, Inc. ("GSBD"), a business development company traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Mr. Lamm was responsible for building and overseeing GSBD's finance, treasury, accounting and operations functions from April 2013 through March 2021, including during its initial public offering in March 2015. During his time at Goldman Sachs, Mr. Lamm also served as Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Goldman Sachs Private Middle Market Credit LLC, Goldman Sachs Private Middle Market Credit II LLC and Goldman Sachs Middle Market Lending Corp. prior to the completion of its merger with GSBD in October 2020. Throughout his twenty-two years at Goldman Sachs, Mr. Lamm held various positions. From 2013 to 2021, Mr. Lamm served as Managing Director, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer at GSAM Credit Alternatives. From 2007 to 2013, Mr. Lamm served as Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer at GSAM Credit Alternatives. From 2005 to 2007, Mr. Lamm served as Vice President in the Financial Reporting group and, from 1999 to 2005, he served as a Product Controller. Prior to joining Goldman Sachs, Mr. Lamm worked in public accounting at Deloitte & Touche.

Mr. Swatt is a Managing Director of Blue Owl and also serves as the Co-Chief Accounting Officer of ORCC II, ORCC III, ORCIC and ORTIC, and as the Co-Treasurer and Co-Controller of each of the Owl Rock BDCs. Prior to joining Owl Rock in May 2016, Mr. Swatt was an Assistant Controller at Guggenheim Partners in their Private Credit group, where he was responsible for the finance, accounting, and financial reporting functions. Preceding that role, Mr. Swatt worked within the Financial Services--Alternative Investments practice of PwC where he specialized in financial reporting, fair valuation of illiquid investments and structured products, internal controls and other technical accounting matters pertaining to alternative investment advisors, hedge funds, business development companies and private equity funds. Mr. Swatt received a B.S. in Accounting from the University of Maryland and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant in New York.

Ms. Withem is a Managing Director of Blue Owl and also serves as the Co-Chief Accounting Officer of ORCC II, ORCC III, ORCIC and ORTIC, and as the Co-Treasurer and Co-Controller of each of the Owl Rock BDCs. Prior to joining Owl Rock in March 2018, Ms. Withem was Vice President of Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. (formerly TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.), a business development company traded on the NYSE (TSLX), where she was responsible for accounting, financial reporting, treasury and internal controls functions. Preceding that role, Ms. Withem worked for MCG Capital Corporation, a business development company formerly traded on the Nasdaq (MCGC) and Deloitte in the Audit and Assurance Practice. Ms. Withem received a B.S. in Accounting from James Madison University and is licensed as a Certified Public Accountant in Virginia.

Ms. McMillon is a Managing Director of Blue Owl and also serves as the Co-Chief Accounting officer of ORCC II, ORCC III, ORCIC and ORTIC and as the Co-Treasurer and Co-Controller of each of the Owl Rock BDCs. Before joining Blue Owl, Ms. McMillon led the accounting department of Tiptree Inc. (TIPT), a national capital holding company, as the Vice President of Technical Accounting and External Reporting from 2017-2022. She was responsible for financial reporting, valuation/purchase accounting, and numerous internal control functions. From 2013-2017, Ms. McMillon served as the Regional Accounting & Reporting Director, Americas of Koch Industries/Georgia Pacific, from 2009-2013 she served as an Accounting Manager at Oaktree Capital and Centerbridge Partners, and prior to that Ms. McMillon worked in public accounting for nearly ten years, spending most of this tenure at PricewaterhouseCoopers. Ms. McMillon earned her B.S. in Accounting from Florida State University and is a licensed Certified Public Accountant in New York.

Portfolio Managers

The management of our investment portfolio is the responsibility of the Adviser and the Investment Committee. We consider these individuals to be our portfolio managers. The Investment Team, is led by Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz and Craig W. Packer and is supported by certain members of the Adviser's senior executive team and the Investment Committee. The Investment Team, under the Investment Committee's supervision, sources investment opportunities, conducts research, performs due diligence on potential investments, structures our investments and will monitor our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Investment Committee meets regularly to consider our investments, direct our strategic initiatives and supervise the actions taken by the Adviser on our behalf. In addition, the Investment Committee reviews and determines whether to make prospective investments (including approving parameters or guidelines pursuant to which investments in broadly syndicated loans may be made) and monitors the performance of the investment portfolio. Each investment opportunity requires the approval of a majority of the Investment Committee. Follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies may require the Investment Committee's approval beyond that obtained when the initial investment in the portfolio company was made. In addition, temporary investments, such as those in cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less, may require approval by the Investment Committee. The compensation packages of certain Investment Committee members from the Adviser include various combinations of discretionary bonuses and variable incentive compensation based primarily on performance for services provided and may include shares of Blue Owl.

None of the Adviser's investment professionals receive any direct compensation from us in connection with the management of our portfolio. Certain members of the Investment Committee, through their financial interests in the Adviser, are entitled to a portion of the profits earned by the Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Investment Team performs a similar role for ORCC II, ORCC III and ORCIC and certain members of the Investment Team also perform a similar role for ORTF, ORTF II and ORTIC, from which the Adviser and its affiliates may receive incentive fees. See "ITEM 1. BUSINESS – Affiliated Transactions" for a description of the Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy governing allocations of investments among us and other investment vehicles with similar or overlapping strategies, as well as a description of certain other relationships between us and the Adviser. See "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS—Our Adviser or its affiliates may have incentives to favor their respective other accounts and clients and/or Blue Owl over us, which may result in conflicts of interest that could be harmful to us." for a discussion of potential conflicts of interests.

The members of the Investment Committee function as portfolio managers with the most significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of our portfolio. The Investment Committee is comprised of Douglas I. Ostrover, Marc S. Lipschultz, Craig W. Packer, Alexis Maged and Jeff Walwyn. Information regarding the Investment Committee, is as follows:

Name	Year of Birth
Douglas I. Ostrover	1962
Marc S. Lipschultz	1969
Craig W. Packer	1966
Alexis Maged	1965
Jeff Walwyn	1979

In addition to managing our investments, as of December 31, 2022, our portfolio managers also managed investments on behalf of the following entities:

Name	Entity	Investment Focus	Gross Assets (\$ in millions)
Owl Rock Capital Corporation II	Business development company	U.S. middle-market lending	\$ 2,326.1
Owl Rock Capital Corporation III	Business development company	U.S. middle-market lending	\$ 3,552.7
Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.	Business development company	U.S. middle-market technology lending	\$ 6,663.4
Owl Rock Core Income Corp.	Business development company	U.S. middle-market lending	\$ 11,036.4
Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II	Business development company	U.S. middle-market technology lending	\$ 2,513.8
Owl Rock Technology Income Corp.	Business development company	U.S. middle-market technology lending	\$ 2,043.6

As of December 31, 2022, our portfolio managers also managed private funds (the "Owl Rock Private Funds" and together with the Owl Rock BDCs, the "Owl Rock Clients") with a total of approximately \$7.1 billion in gross assets.

The management and incentive fees payable by the Owl Rock Clients are based on the gross or net assets and performance, respectively of each Owl Rock Client.

Biographical information regarding the member of the Investment Committee, who is not a director or executive officer of the Company is as follows:

Douglas I. Ostrover

Mr. Ostrover serves as Chief Executive Officer and Co-Chief Investment Officer of each of the Owl Rock Advisers, is a member of the Investment Committee of each of the Owl Rock BDCs and was a Co-Founder of Owl Rock Capital Partners. Mr. Ostrover is also a Co-Founder and Chief Executive Officer of Blue Owl, a member of Blue Owl's Executive Committee and a member of Blue Owl's board of directors. Mr. Ostrover has served on the boards of directors of the Company and ORCC II from 2016 through 2021, on the board of directors of ORTF from 2018 through 2021, and on the boards of directors of ORCC III and ORCIC since from 2020 through 2021. In addition, since April 2020, Mr. Ostrover has served on the board of Jaws Acquisition Corp. Prior to co-founding Owl Rock, Mr. Ostrover was one of the founders of GSO Capital Partners (GSO), Blackstone's alternative credit platform, and a Senior Managing Director at Blackstone until June 2015. Prior to co-founding GSO in 2005, Mr. Ostrover was a Managing Director and Chairman of the Leveraged Finance Group of Credit Suisse First Boston (CSFB). Prior to his role as Chairman, Mr. Ostrover was Global Co-Head of CSFB's Leveraged Finance Group, during which time he was responsible for all of CSFB's origination, distribution and trading activities relating to high yield securities, leveraged loans, high yield credit derivatives and distressed securities. Mr. Ostrover was a member of CSFB's Management Council and the Fixed Income Operating Committee. Mr. Ostrover joined CSFB in November 2000 when CSFB acquired Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette ("DLJ"), where he was a Managing Director in charge of High Yield and Distressed Sales, Trading and Research. Mr. Ostrover had been a member of DLJ's high yield team since he joined the firm in 1992. Mr. Ostrover is actively involved in non-profit organizations including serving on the Board of Directors of the Michael J. Fox Foundation. Mr. Ostrover is also a board member of the Brunswick School. Mr. Ostrover received a B.A. in Economics from the University of Pennsylvania and an M.B.A. from New York University Stern School of Business.

Marc S. Lipschultz

Mr. Lipschultz serves as Co-Chief Investment Officer of each of the Owl Rock Advisers, and is a member of the Adviser's Investment Committee and was Co-Founder of Owl Rock Capital Partners. Mr. Lipschultz is also Co-Founder and Co-President of Blue Owl, a member of Blue Owl's Executive Committee and a member of Blue Owl's board of directors. Prior to founding Owl Rock, Mr. Lipschultz spent more than two decades at KKR, and he served on the firm's Management Committee and as the Global Head of Energy and Infrastructure. Mr. Lipschultz has a wide range of experience in alternative investments, including leadership roles in private equity, infrastructure and direct-asset investing. Prior to joining KKR, Mr. Lipschultz was with Goldman, Sachs & Co., where he focused on mergers and acquisitions and principal investment activities. He received an A.B. with honors and distinction, Phi Beta Kappa, from Stanford University and an M.B.A. with high distinction, Baker Scholar, from Harvard Business School. Mr. Lipschultz serves on the board of the Hess Corporation and is actively involved in a variety of nonprofit organizations, serving as a trustee or board member of the 92nd Street Y, American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research, Michael J. Fox Foundation, Mount Sinai Health System, Riverdale Country School and the Stanford University Board of Trustees.

Alexis Maged

Mr. Maged is a Managing Director in the Owl Rock division of Blue Owl and also serves as the Head of Credit for each of the Owl Rock Advisers and as Vice President of each of the Owl Rock BDCs and is a member of the Investment Committee of each of the Owl Rock Advisers. Prior to joining Owl Rock in January 2016, Mr. Maged was Chief Financial Officer of Barkbox, Inc., a New York-based provider of pet-themed products and technology from September 2014 to November 2015. Prior to that, Mr. Maged was a Managing Director with Goldman Sachs & Co. from 2007 until 2014. At Goldman Sachs & Co., Mr. Maged held several leadership positions, including Chief Operating Officer of the investment bank's Global Credit Finance businesses, Co-Chair of the Credit Markets Capital Committee and a member of the Firmwide Capital Committee. Prior to assuming that role in 2011, Mr. Maged served as Chief Underwriting Officer for the Americas and oversaw the U.S. Bank Debt Portfolio Group and US Loan Negotiation Group. From mid-2007 to the end of 2008, Mr. Maged was Head of Bridge Finance Capital Markets in the Americas Financing Group's Leveraged Finance Group, where he coordinated the firm's High Yield Bridge Lending and Syndication business. Prior to joining Goldman, Sachs & Co, Mr. Maged was Head of the Bridge Finance Group at Credit Suisse and also worked in the Loan Capital Markets Group at Donaldson, Lufkin and Jenrette. Upon DLJ's merger with Credit Suisse in 2000, Mr. Maged joined Credit Suisse's Syndicated Loan Group and, in 2003, founded its Bridge Finance Group. Earlier in his career, Mr. Maged was a member of the West Coast Sponsor Coverage Group at Citigroup and the Derivatives Group at Republic National Bank, as well as a founding member of the Loan Syndication Group at Swiss Bank Corporation. Mr. Maged received a B.A. from Vassar College and an M.B.A. from New York University Stern School of Business.

Jeff Walwyn

Mr. Walwyn is a Managing Director in the Owl Rock division of Blue Owl, serves as the Head of Underwriting nontechnology for each of the Owl Rock Advisers and, effective September 1, 2021, serves as a member of the investment committee of the Adviser and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC. Prior to joining Owl Rock in 2017, Mr. Walwyn was a Managing Director with Guggenheim Partners from 2015 until 2017. Upon Apollo Global Management's acquisition of Gulf Stream Asset management in 2011, Mr. Walwyn joined Apollo and was a Principal until 2014. Prior to its acquisition by Apollo, Mr. Walwyn was a Vice President at Gulf Stream Asset Management where he started in 2006. Earlier in his career, Mr. Walwyn worked in Investment Banking with

JPMorgan. Mr. Walwyn received a B.A. from Cornell University and an M.B.A. from Duke University's Fuqua School of Business and is a Chartered Financial Analyst.

The table below shows the dollar range of shares of our common stock to be beneficially owned by the members of the Investment Committee as of February 17, 2023 stated as one of the following dollar ranges: None; \$1-\$10,000; \$10,001- \$50,000; \$50,001-\$100,000; or Over \$100,000. For purposes of this Annual Report, the term "Fund Complex" is defined to include the Owl Rock BDCs.

Name	Dollar Range of Equity Securities in Owl Rock Capital Corporation ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾
Douglas I. Ostrover	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Marc S. Lipschultz	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Craig W. Packer	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Alexis Maged	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Jeff Walwyn	None	None

- (1) Beneficial ownership determined in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) promulgated under the 1934 Act.
- (2) The dollar range of equity securities of the Company beneficially owned by investment committee members of the Company, if applicable, is calculated by multiplying the closing price of the Company's common stock as of February 17, 2023 on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") times the number of shares of the Company's common stock beneficially owned.
- (3) The dollar range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex beneficially owned by investment committee members of the Company, if applicable, is the sum of (1) the total dollar range of equity securities in the Company beneficially owned by the investment committee member, (2) the current net asset value per share of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's common stock multiplied by the number of shares of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II's common stock beneficially owned by the investment committee member, (3) the current net asset value per share of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.'s common stock multiplied by the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp.'s common stock beneficially owned by the investment committee member, (4) the current net offering price per share of Owl Rock Core Income Corp.'s common stock multiplied by the number of shares of Owl Rock Core Income Corp.'s common stock beneficially owned by the investment committee member, (5) the current net asset value per share of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II's common stock multiplied by the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II's common stock beneficially owned by the investment committee member, (6) the current net offering price per share of Owl Rock Technology Income Corp.'s common stock multiplied by the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Income Corp.'s common stock beneficially owned by the investment committee member and (7) the current net asset value per share of Owl Rock Capital Corporation III's common stock multiplied by the number of shares of Owl Rock Capital Corporation III's common stock beneficially owned by the investment committee member.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of the Adviser or its affiliates, pursuant to the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, as applicable. Our day to day investment and administrative operations are managed by the Adviser. Most of the services necessary for the origination and administration of our investment portfolio will be provided by investment professionals employed by the Adviser or its affiliates.

None of our executive officers will receive direct compensation from us. We will reimburse the Adviser the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our chief compliance officer and chief financial officer and their respective staffs (based on the percentage of time such individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs). The members of the Investment Committee, through their financial interests in the Adviser, are entitled to a portion of the profits earned by the Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Advisory Agreement.

Director Compensation

No compensation is expected to be paid to our director who is an “interested person,” as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. Our directors who do not also serve in an executive officer capacity for us or the Adviser are entitled to receive annual cash retainer fees, fees for participating in in person board and committee meetings and annual fees for serving as a committee chairperson, determined based on our net assets as of the end of each fiscal quarter. As of December 31, 2022, these directors were Edward D’Alelio, Eric Kaye, Christopher M. Temple, Melissa Weiler and Victor Woolridge. We pay each independent director the following amounts for serving as a director:

Annual Committee Chair Cash Retainer					
Annual Cash Retainer	Board Meeting Fee	Chair of the Board	Audit	Committee Chair	Committee Meeting Fee
\$ 150,000	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 1,000

We also reimburse each of the directors for all reasonable and authorized business expenses in accordance with our policies as in effect from time to time, including reimbursement of reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each board meeting and each committee meeting not held concurrently with a board meeting.

The table below sets forth the compensation received by each director from the Company and the Fund Complex for service during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

Name	Fees Earned and Paid in Cash by the Company	Total Compensation from the Company	Total Compensation from the Fund Complex
Edward D’Alelio	\$ 225,500	\$ 225,500	\$ 1,533,749
Christopher M. Temple	\$ 220,500	\$ 220,500	\$ 1,504,587
Eric Kaye	\$ 205,500	\$ 205,500	\$ 1,417,984
Brian Finn ⁽¹⁾	\$ 31,753	\$ 31,753	\$ 202,067
Melissa Weiler	\$ 203,000	\$ 203,000	\$ 1,382,115
Victor Woolridge	\$ 205,500	\$ 205,500	\$ 1,394,615

(1) Mr. Finn retired from the Board on February 23, 2022.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Shareholder Matters

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. These rules generally provide that a person is the beneficial owner of securities if such person has or shares the power to vote or direct the voting thereof, or to dispose or direct the disposition thereof or has the right to acquire such powers within 60 days. The following table sets forth, as of February 17, 2023 the beneficial ownership according to information furnished to us by such persons or publicly available filings. Ownership information for those persons who beneficially own 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock is based upon filings by such persons with the SEC and other information obtained from such persons of each current director, the nominees for director, the Company’s executive officers, the executive officers and directors as a group, and each person known to us to beneficially own 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

The percentage ownership is based on 390,954,494 shares of our common stock outstanding as of February 17, 2023. To our knowledge, except as indicated in the footnotes to the table, each of the shareholders listed below has sole voting and/or investment power with respect to shares of our common stock beneficially owned by such shareholder.

Name and Address	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage of Class Outstanding
5% Owners		
Regents of the University of California ⁽¹⁾	27,024,369	7 %
State of New Jersey Common Pension Fund E ⁽²⁾	22,751,338	6 %
Interested Directors		
Craig W. Packer ⁽³⁾	290,849	*
Independent Directors		
Edward D'Alelio	—	—
Eric Kaye ⁽⁴⁾	15,395	*
Christopher M. Temple	30,100	*
Melissa Weiler ⁽⁵⁾	28,000	*
Victor Woolridge	11,655	*
Executive Officers		
Karen Hager	—	—
Bryan Cole	—	—
Alan Kirshenbaum	13,997	*
Jennifer McMillon	—	—
Jonathan Lamm	1,000	*
Matthew Swatt	2,314	*
Shari Withem	—	—
Neena Reddy	—	—
All officers and directors as a group (14 persons) ⁽⁶⁾	393,310	*

* Less than 1%

- (1) The address of Regents of the University of California is 1111 Broadway, 21st Floor, Oakland, CA 94607.
- (2) The address of the State of New Jersey Common Pension Fund E is 50 West State Street, 9th Floor, PO Box 290, Trenton, NJ 08625.
- (3) Includes 65,733 shares owned by Mr. Packer's wife.
- (4) Shares are owned by Mr. Kaye's wife.
- (5) Held in The Weiler Family Living Trust.
- (6) The address for each of the directors and officers is c/o Owl Rock Capital Corporation, 399 Park Avenue, 37th Floor, New York, New York 10022.

Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned by Directors

The table below shows the dollar range of equity securities of the Company and the aggregate dollar range of equity securities of the Fund Complex that were beneficially owned by each director as of February 17, 2023 stated as one of the following dollar ranges: None; \$1 \$10,000; \$10,001 \$50,000; \$50,001 \$100,000; or Over \$100,000. For purposes of this Form 10-K, the term “Fund Complex” is defined to include the Company, Owl Rock Capital Corporation II, Owl Rock Capital Corporation III, Owl Rock Core Income Corp., Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp., Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II and Owl Rock Technology Income Corp.

Name of Director	Dollar Range of Equity Securities in Owl Rock Capital Corporation ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾
Interested Directors		
Craig W. Packer	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Independent Directors		
Edward D'Alelio	—	over \$100,000
Eric Kaye	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Christopher M. Temple	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Melissa Weiler	over \$100,000	over \$100,000
Victor Woolridge	over \$100,000	over \$100,000

- (1) Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 16a 1(a)(2) of the Exchange Act.
- (2) The dollar range of equity securities of the Company beneficially owned by directors of the Company, if applicable, is calculated by multiplying the closing price of the Company’s common stock as of February 17, 2023 on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) times the number of shares of the Company’s common stock beneficially owned.
- (3) The dollar range of Equity Securities in the Fund Complex beneficially owned by directors of the Company, if applicable, is the sum of (t) the product obtained by multiplying the current net asset value per share of the Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. times the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. beneficially owned, (u) the product obtained by multiplying the current net offering price of Owl Rock Core Income Corp., times the number of shares of Owl Rock Core Income Corp. beneficially owned, (v) the product obtained by multiplying the current net asset value per share of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II times the number of shares of Owl Rock Capital Corporation II beneficially owned, (w) the product obtained by multiplying the current net asset value per share of the Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II times the number of shares of Owl Rock Technology Finance Corp. II beneficially owned, (x) the product obtained by multiplying the current net offering price of Owl Rock Core Technology Income Corp., times the number of shares of Owl Rock Core Technology Income Corp. beneficially owned, (y) the product obtained by multiplying the current net asset value per share of the Owl Rock Capital Corporation III times the number of shares of Owl Rock Capital Corporation III beneficially owned and (z) the total dollar range of equity securities in the Company beneficially owned by the director.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

We have entered into both the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, we will pay the Adviser a base management fee and an incentive fee. See “ITEM 1. BUSINESS —Investment Advisory Agreement” for a description of how the fees payable to the Adviser will be determined. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, we will reimburse the Adviser for expenses necessary to perform services related to our administration and operations. In addition, the Adviser or its affiliates may engage in certain origination activities and receive attendant arrangement, structuring or similar fees.

Our executive officers, certain of our directors and certain other finance professionals of Blue Owl also serve as executives of the Owl Rock Advisers and officers and directors of the Company and certain professionals of Blue Owl and the Adviser are officers of Blue Owl Securities LLC (formerly Owl Rock Capital Securities LLC). In addition, our executive officers and directors and the members of the Adviser and members of its investment committee serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same, or a related, line of business as we do (including the Owl Rock Advisers) including serving on their respective investment committees and/or on the investment committees of investments funds, accounts or other investment vehicles managed by our affiliates which may have investment objective similar to our investment objective. At time we may compete with the Owl Rock Clients, for capital and investment opportunities. As a result, we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by the Owl Rock Clients. This can create a potential conflict when allocating investment opportunities among us and such other Owl Rock Clients. An investment opportunity that is suitable for multiple clients of the Owl Rock Advisers may not be capable of being shared among some or all of such clients and affiliates due to the limited scale of the opportunity or other factors, including regulatory restrictions imposed by the 1940 Act. However, in order for the Adviser and its affiliates to fulfill their fiduciary duties to

each of their clients, the Owl Rock Advisers have put in place an investment allocation policy that seeks to ensure the fair and equitable allocation of investment opportunities over time and addresses the co-investment restrictions set forth under the 1940 Act.

Allocation of Investment Opportunities

The Owl Rock Advisers intend to allocate investment opportunities in a manner that is fair and equitable over time and is consistent with its allocation policy, so that no client of the Adviser or its affiliates is disadvantaged in relation to any other client of the Adviser or its affiliates, taking into account such factors as the relative amounts of capital available for new investments, cash on hand, existing commitments and reserves, the investment programs and portfolio positions of the participating investment accounts, the clients for which participation is appropriate, targeted leverage level, targeted asset mix and any other factors deemed appropriate. The Owl Rock Advisers intend to allocate common expenses among us and other clients of the Adviser and its affiliates in a manner that is fair and equitable over time or in such other manner as may be required by applicable law or the Investment Advisory Agreement. Fees and expenses generated in connection with potential portfolio investments that are not consummated will be allocated in a manner that is fair and equitable over time and in accordance with policies adopted by the Owl Rock Advisers and the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Owl Rock Advisers have put in place an investment allocation policy that seeks to ensure the equitable allocation of investment opportunities and addresses the co-investment restrictions set forth under the 1940 Act. When we engage in co-investments as permitted by the exemptive relief described below, we will do so in a manner consistent with the Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy. In situations where co-investment with other entities managed by the Adviser or its affiliates is not permitted or appropriate, such as when there is an opportunity to invest in different securities of the same issuer, a committee comprised of certain executive officers of the Owl Rock Advisers (including executive officers of the Adviser) along with other officers and employees, will need to decide whether we or such other entity or entities will proceed with the investment. The allocation committee will make these determinations based on the Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy, which generally requires that such opportunities be offered to eligible accounts in a manner that will be fair and equitable over time.

The Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy is designed to manage the potential conflicts of interest between the Adviser's fiduciary obligations to us and its or its affiliates' similar fiduciary obligations to other Owl Rock Clients, however, there can be no assurance that the Owl Rock Advisers' efforts to allocate any particular investment opportunity fairly among all clients for whom such opportunity is appropriate will result in an allocation of all or part of such opportunity to us. Not all conflicts of interest can be expected to be resolved in our favor.

The allocation of investment opportunities among us and any of the other investment funds sponsored or accounts managed by the Adviser or its affiliates may not always, and often will not, be proportional. In general, pursuant to the Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy, the process for making an allocation determination includes an assessment as to whether a particular investment opportunity (including any follow-on investment in, or disposition from, an existing portfolio company held by the Company or another investment fund or account) is suitable for us or another investment fund or account including the Owl Rock Clients. In making this assessment, the Owl Rock Advisers may consider a variety of factors, including, without limitation: the investment objectives, guidelines and strategies applicable to the investment fund or account; the nature of the investment, including its risk-return profile and expected holding period; portfolio diversification and concentration concerns; the liquidity needs of the investment fund or account; the ability of the investment fund or account to accommodate structural, timing and other aspects of the investment process; the life cycle of the investment fund or account; legal, tax and regulatory requirements and restrictions, including, as applicable, compliance with the 1940 Act (including requirements and restrictions pertaining to co-investment opportunities discussed below); compliance with existing agreements of the investment fund or account; the available capital of the investment fund or account; diversification requirements for BDCs or RICs; the gross asset value and net asset value of the investment fund or account; the current and targeted leverage levels for the investment fund or account; and portfolio construction considerations. The relevance of each of these criteria will vary from investment opportunity to investment opportunity. In circumstances where the investment objectives of multiple investment funds or accounts regularly overlap, while the specific facts and circumstances of each allocation decision will be determinative, the Owl Rock Advisers may afford prior decisions precedential value.

Pursuant to the Owl Rock Advisers' allocation policy, if through the foregoing analysis, it is determined that an investment opportunity is appropriate for multiple investment funds or accounts, the Owl Rock Advisers generally will determine the appropriate of the opportunity for each such investment fund or account. If an investment opportunity falls within the mandate of two or more investment funds or accounts, and there are no restrictions on such funds or accounts investing with each other, then each investment fund or account will receive the amount of the investment that it is seeking, as determined based on the criteria set forth above.

Certain allocations may be more advantageous to us relative to one or all of the other investment funds, or vice versa. While the Owl Rock Advisers will seek to allocate investment opportunities in a way that it believes in good faith is fair and equitable over time, there can be no assurance that our actual allocation of an investment opportunity, if any, or terms on which the allocation is made, will be as favorable as they would be if the conflicts of interest to which the Adviser may be subject did not exist.

Exemptive Relief

We, the Adviser and certain of our affiliates have been granted an order for exemptive relief (the “Order”) by the SEC to co-invest with other funds managed by the Adviser or its affiliates in a manner consistent with our investment objective, positions, policies, strategies and restrictions as well as regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors. Pursuant to the Order, we generally are permitted to co-invest with certain of our affiliates if a “required majority” (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including that (1) the terms of the transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our shareholders and do not involve overreaching by us or our shareholders on the part of any person concerned, (2) the transaction is consistent with the interests of our shareholders and is consistent with our investment objective and strategies, (3) the investment by our affiliates would not disadvantage us, and our participation would not be on a basis different from or less advantageous than that on which our affiliates are investing and (4) the proposed investment by us would not benefit our Adviser or its affiliates or any affiliated person of any of them (other than the parties to the transaction), except to the extent permitted by the Order and applicable law, including the limitations set forth in Section 57(k) of the 1940 Act. In addition, we have received an amendment to the Order to permit us to participate in follow-on investments in our existing portfolio companies with certain affiliates that are private funds, if such private funds did not have an investment in such existing portfolio company.

Review, Approval or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

The Audit Committee is required to review and approve any transactions with related persons (as such term is defined in Item 404 of Regulation S-K).

License Agreement

We have entered into a license agreement (the “License Agreement”), pursuant to which an affiliate of Blue Owl has granted the Company a non-exclusive license to use the name “Owl Rock.” Under the License Agreement, we have a right to use the Owl Rock name for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the “Owl Rock” name or logo.

Material Non-Public Information

Our senior management, members of the Adviser’s investment committee and other investment professionals from the Adviser may serve as directors of, or in a similar capacity with, companies in which we invest or in which we are considering making an investment. Through these and other relationships with a company, these individuals may obtain material non-public information that might restrict our ability to buy or sell the securities of such company under the policies of the company or applicable law.

Director Independence

Pursuant to our certificate of incorporation, a majority of the Board will at all times consist of directors who are not “interested persons” of us, of the Adviser, or of any of our or its respective affiliates, as defined in the 1940 Act. Under Section 303A.00 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual, a director of a business development company (“BDC”) is considered to be independent if he or she is not an “interested person” of ours, as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. We refer to these directors as our “Independent Directors.”

Consistent with these considerations, after review of all relevant transactions and relationships between each director, or any of his or her family members, and the Company, the Adviser, or of any of their respective affiliates, the Board has determined that each of Messrs. Kaye, Temple, D’Alelio, Woolridge and Ms. Weiler is independent, has no material relationship with the Company, and is not an “interested person” (as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act) of the Company. Mr. Packer is considered an “interested person” (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Company since he is employed by the Adviser.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

KPMG LLP, New York, New York, has been appointed by the Board to serve as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. KPMG LLP acted as the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The Company knows of no direct financial or material indirect financial interest of KPMG LLP in the Company.

Fees

Set forth in the table below are audit fees, audit related fees, tax fees and all other fees billed to the Company by KPMG LLP for professional services performed for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	For the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2022	For the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2021
Audit Fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,249,500	\$ 1,292,000
Audit-Related Fees ⁽²⁾	—	—
Tax Fees ⁽³⁾	252,860	252,540
All Other Fees ⁽⁴⁾	—	—
Total Fees	\$ 1,502,360	\$ 1,544,540

- (1) "Audit Fees" are fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements and review of interim financial statements or services that are normally provided by KPMG LLP in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.
- (2) "Audit-Related Fees" are fees billed for assurance and related services by KPMG LLP that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements that are not reported under "Audit Fees."
- (3) "Tax Fees" are fees billed for services rendered by KPMG for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning. These services include assistance regarding federal, state and international tax compliance, customs and duties and international tax planning.
- (4) "All Other Fees" are fees billed for services other than those stated above.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

The Audit Committee has established a pre-approval policy that describes the permitted audit, audit-related, tax and other services to be provided by KPMG LLP, the Company's independent registered public accounting firm. The policy requires that the Audit Committee pre-approve the audit and non-audit services performed by the independent auditor in order to assure that the provision of such service does not impair the auditor's independence.

Any requests for audit, audit-related, tax and other services that have not received general pre-approval must be submitted to the Audit Committee for specific pre-approval, irrespective of the amount, and cannot commence until such approval has been granted. Normally, pre-approval is provided at regularly scheduled meetings of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee does not delegate its responsibilities to pre-approve services performed by the independent registered public accounting firm to management.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

The following documents are filed as part of this annual report:

- (1) Financial Statements – Financial statements are included in Item 8. See the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1 of this annual report on Form 10-K.
- (2) Financial Statement Schedules – None. We have omitted financial statement schedules because they are not required or are not applicable, or the required information is shown in the consolidated statements or notes to the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report on Form 10-K.
- (3) Exhibits – The following is a list of all exhibits filed as a part of this annual report on Form 10-K, including those incorporated by reference

Please note that the agreements included as exhibits to this Form 10-K are included to provide information regarding their terms and are not intended to provide any other factual or disclosure information about us or the other parties to the agreements. The agreements contain representations and warranties by each of the parties to the applicable agreement that have been made solely for the benefit of the other parties to the applicable agreement and may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time.

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report or hereby incorporated by reference to exhibits previously filed with the SEC:

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibits
3.1	Articles of Amendment and Restatement, dated March 1, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016).
3.2	Bylaws, dated January 11, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 11, 2016).
4.1	Indenture, dated April 10, 2019, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (d)(2) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-233186) filed on September 20, 2019).
4.2	Form of First Supplemental Indenture between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, including the form of global note attached thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (d)(4) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-225373) filed on April 3, 2019).
4.3	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 8, 2019, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, including the form of global note attached thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (d)(5) to Post-Effective Amendment No.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-233186) filed on October 8, 2019).
4.4	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 22, 2020, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as trustee, including the form of global note attached thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit (d)(7) to Post-Effective Amendment No.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-233186) filed on January 22, 2020).
4.5*	Description of Securities
4.6	Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 23, 2020, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee, including the form of global note attached thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 23, 2020).
4.7	Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 8, 2020, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee including the form of global note attached thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 8, 2020).
4.8	Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 26, 2021, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 26, 2021).
4.9	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 11, 2021, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 11, 2021).

- 10.1 [Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan effective as of May 9, 2017 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on May 10, 2017\).](#)
- 10.2 [Second Amended and Restated Dividend Reinvestment Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit \(e\)\(2\) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 \(File No. 333-231946\) filed on June 25, 2019\).](#)
- 10.3 [Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated February 27, 2019, between the Company and the Adviser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2019\).](#)
- 10.4 [Second Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Owl Rock Capital Advisors, dated March 31, 2020 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 1, 2020\).](#)
- 10.5 [Third Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, dated May 18, 2021 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 19, 2021\).](#)
- 10.6 [Custody Agreement by and between the Company and State Street Bank and Trust Company dated February 24, 2016 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016\).](#)
- 10.7 [Form of Indemnification Agreement \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016\).](#)
- 10.8 [Administration Agreement between the Company and the Adviser, dated March 1, 2016 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016\).](#)
- 10.9 [Amended and Restated Administration Agreement between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, dated May 18, 2021 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 19, 2021\).](#)
- 10.10 [License Agreement between the Company and Owl Rock Capital Partners LP, dated March 1, 2016 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on April 11, 2016\).](#)
- 10.11 [Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and SunTrust Bank and Bank of America, N.A., dated February 1, 2017 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to the Company's Form 10-K filed on March 8, 2017\).](#)
- 10.12 [Sebago Lake LLC Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Regents of the University of California, dated June 20, 2017 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 22, 2017\).](#)
- 10.13 [First Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company, the lenders party thereto and SunTrust Bank, dated July 17, 2017 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed on August 9, 2017\).](#)
- 10.14 [First Omnibus Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and SunTrust Bank and Bank of America, N.A., dated March 29, 2018. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed on May 8, 2018\).](#)
- 10.15 [Credit Agreement dated May 22, 2018, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2018\).](#)
- 10.16 [Sale and Contribution Agreement dated May 22, 2018, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as Seller, and ORCC Financing II LLC, as Purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2018\).](#)
- 10.17 [Third Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement between the Company and SunTrust Bank and Bank of America, N.A., dated June 21, 2018 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit \(k\)\(20\) to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form N-2 \(File No. 333-225373\) filed on June 25, 2018\).](#)
- 10.18 [Amendment to Credit Agreement by and among ORCC Financing II, as Borrower, Various Lenders, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian, dated as of October 10, 2018 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed on November 7, 2018\).](#)
- 10.19 [Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2018, by and among ORCC Financing III LLC, as Borrower, Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as Equityholder and Services Provider, the Lenders from time to time parties thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, the other Agents parties thereto, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Collateral Custodian \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on December 19, 2018\).](#)

- 10.20 [Sale and Contribution Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2018, by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and ORCC Financing III LLC \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on December 19, 2018\).](#)
- 10.21 [Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement, dated as of December 20, 2018, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator and Custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Document Custodian, and the lenders identified therein \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on December 21, 2018\).](#)
- 10.22 [First Amendment to Amended and Restated Limited Liability Operating Company Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2019, between the Company and Regents of the University of California \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 27, 2019\).](#)
- 10.23 [Fourth Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of April 2, 2019 among Owl Rock Capital Corporation, the Lenders party thereto and SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 3, 2019\).](#)
- 10.24 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2019, by and among Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., as issuer, Owl Rock CLO I, LLC, as co-issuer, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 31, 2019\).](#)
- 10.25 [The Class-A Credit Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2019, by and among Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., as borrower, Owl Rock CLO I, LLC, as co-borrower, various financial institutions and other persons, as lenders, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral trustee and loan agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 31, 2019\).](#)
- 10.26 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2019, between Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., as issuer, and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, as collateral manager \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 31, 2019\).](#)
- 10.27 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2019, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as seller and Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 31, 2019\).](#)
- 10.28 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2019, between ORCC Financing II LLC, as seller and Owl Rock CLO I, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 31, 2019\).](#)
- 10.29 [Credit Agreement, dated as of August 2, 2019, among ORCC Financing IV LLC, as borrower, the lenders referred to therein, Société Générale, as Administrative Agent, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator, Custodian and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, Document Custodian \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 6, 2019\).](#)
- 10.30 [Sale and Contribution Agreement, dated as of August 2, 2019, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as Seller and ORCC Financing IV LLC, as Purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 6, 2019\).](#)
- 10.31 [First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of November 22, 2019, among ORCC Financing IV LLC, as borrower, Société Générale, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, collateral administrator and collateral custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as document custodian, and the lenders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 27, 2019\).](#)
- 10.32 [Amendment No. 3 to Credit Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2019, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator and Custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Document Custodian, and the lenders identified therein \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.44 to the Company's Form 10-K filed February 19, 2020\).](#)
- 10.33 [Fourth Amendment to Credit Facility, dated as of November 22, 2019, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, collateral administrator and collateral custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as document custodian and the lenders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 27, 2019\).](#)
- 10.34 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2019, by and among Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., as issuer, Owl Rock CLO II, LLC, as co-issuer, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2019\).](#)
- 10.35 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2019, between Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., as issuer, and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, as collateral manager \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2019\).](#)
- 10.36 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2019, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as seller and Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2019\).](#)

- 10.37 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2019, between ORCC Financing III LLC, as seller and Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2019\).](#)
- 10.38 [Amendment No. 5 to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 17, 2020, by and between ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator and Custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as Document Custodian, and the Lenders identified therein \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.39 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of March 26, 2020, by and between Owl Rock CLO III, Ltd., as Issuer, Owl Rock CLO III, LLC, as Co-Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.40 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of March 26, 2020, by and between Owl Rock CLO III, Ltd., as issuer, and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, as collateral manager \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.41 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of March 26, 2020, by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO III, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.42 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of March 26, 2020, by and between ORCC Financing IV LLC, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO III, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.43 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2020, by and between Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., as Issuer, Owl Rock CLO IV, LLC, as Co-Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee \(incorporated by reference to the Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.44 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2020, by and between Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., as issuer, and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, as collateral manager \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.45 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2020, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed August 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.46 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2020, between ORCC Financing II LLC, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed August 5, 2020\).](#)
- 10.47 [Fifth Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of May 7, 2020 among Owl Rock Capital Corporation, the Lenders party thereto and Truist Bank \(successor by merger to SunTrust Bank\), as Administrative Agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 8, 2020\).](#)
- 10.48 [Sixth Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated September 3, 2020, among Owl Rock Capital Corporation, the Lenders party hereto and Truist Bank \(as successor by merger to SunTrust Bank\), as Administrative Agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 4, 2020\).](#)
- 10.49 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of November 20, 2020, by and between Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., as Issuer, Owl Rock CLO V, LLC, as Co-Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.62 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 23, 2021\).](#)
- 10.50 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of November 20, 2020, by and between Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., as issuer, and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, as collateral manager \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.63 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 23, 2021\).](#)
- 10.51 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of November 20, 2020, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.64 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 23, 2021\).](#)
- 10.52 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of November 20, 2020, between ORCC Financing II LLC, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.65 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 23, 2021\).](#)
- 10.53 [Second Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 15, 2021, by and among ORCC Financing IV LLC, as borrower, Societe Generale, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, collateral administrator and collateral custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as document custodian, and the lenders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 5, 2021\).](#)
- 10.54 [Omnibus Amendment to Transaction Documents, dated as of March 17, 2021, among ORCC Financing III LLC, Owl Rock Capital Corporation, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, State Street Bank and Trust Company and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 5, 2021\).](#)

- 10.55 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of May 5, 2021, by and between Owl Rock CLO VI, Ltd., as Issuer, Owl Rock CLO VI, LLC, as Co-Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 7, 2021\).](#)
- 10.56 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of May 5, 2021, by and between Owl Rock CLO VI, Ltd., as issuer, and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC, as collateral manager \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 7, 2021\).](#)
- 10.57 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of May 5, 2021, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO VI, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 7, 2021\).](#)
- 10.58 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of May 5, 2021, between ORCC Financing IV LLC, as seller, and Owl Rock CLO VI, Ltd., as purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 7, 2021\).](#)
- 10.59 [Third Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of May 26, 2021, by and among ORCC Financing IV LLC, as borrower, Société Générale, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, collateral administrator and custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as document custodian, and the lenders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 28, 2021\).](#)
- 10.60 [Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Sebago Lake LLC, dated June 30, 2021, by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and The Regents of the University of California \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 2, 2021\).](#)
- 10.61 [First Supplemental Indenture, dated April 9, 2021, to Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2019, by and among Owl Rock CLO II, Ltd., as issuer, Owl Rock CLO II, LLC, as co-issuer, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed August 4, 2021\).](#)
- 10.62 [Sixth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of July 8, 2021, by and among ORCC Financing II LLC, as borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, collateral administrator and collateral custodian and the lenders identified therein \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 14, 2021\).](#)
- 10.63 [First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 9, 2021, among Owl Rock CLO IV, Ltd., as Issuer, Owl Rock CLO IV, LLC, as co-issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee to the Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of May 28, 2020, among the Issuer, the Co-Issuer and the Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed July 14, 2021\).](#)
- 10.64 [Seventh Amendment to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of September 22, 2021, among Owl Rock Capital Corporation, the Lenders party thereto and Truist Bank, as Administrative Agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 24, 2021\).](#)
- 10.65 [Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of Sebago Lake LLC, dated August 2, 2021, by and between Owl Rock Capital Corporation and Nationwide Life Insurance Company \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 3, 2021\).](#)
- 10.66 [Form of Amendment No. 2 to the Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement, dated as of December 13, 2021, by and among ORCC Financing III LLC, as borrower, Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as equityholder and services provider, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as facility agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, and Alter Domus \(US\) LLC, as collateral custodian \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on December 15, 2021\).](#)
- 10.67 [Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 11, 2022, among ORCC Financing IV LLC, as borrower, Société Générale, as administrative agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, collateral administrator and custodian, Cortland Capital Market Services LLC, as document custodian, and the lenders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 17, 2022\).](#)
- 10.68 [Amendment No. 7 to Credit Agreement, dated as of March 25, 2022, among ORCC Financing II LLC, as Borrower, the Lenders referred to therein, Natixis, New York Branch, as Administrative Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Collateral Administrator, Custodian and Cortland Capital Market Services LLC as Document Custodian \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 30, 2022\).](#)
- 10.69 [First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of April 20, 2022, between Owl Rock CLO V, LLC, as Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Trustee, to the Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of November 20, 2020, among Owl Rock CLO V, Ltd., the Issuer, and the Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 26, 2022\).](#)

- 10.70 [Amendment No. 3 to the Loan Financing and Servicing Agreement, dated as of May 3, 2022, by and among ORCC Financing III LLC, as borrower, Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as equityholder and services provider, the lenders from time to time parties thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, New York Branch, as facility agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as collateral agent, and Alter Domus \(US\) LLC, as collateral custodian \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 5, 2022\).](#)
- 10.71 [Indenture and Security Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2022 by and between Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC, as Issuer and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 28, 2022\).](#)
- 10.72 [Collateral Management Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2022, between Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC and Owl Rock Capital Advisors LLC \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 28, 2022\).](#)
- 10.73 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2022, between Owl Rock Capital Corporation, as Seller and Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC, as Purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 28, 2022\).](#)
- 10.74 [Loan Sale Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2022, between ORCC Financing IV LLC, as Seller and Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC as Purchaser \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 28, 2022\).](#)
- 10.75 [Class A-L1 Credit Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2022, among Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC, as Borrower, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Loan Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company as Collateral Trustee and each of the Class A-L1 Lenders party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 28, 2022\).](#)
- 10.76 [Class A-L2 Credit Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2022, among Owl Rock CLO VII, LLC as Borrower, the Lenders party thereto and State Street Bank and Trust Company as Loan Agent and as Collateral Trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 28, 2022\).](#)
- 10.77 [Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of August 26, 2022, by and among Owl Rock Capital Corporation, the Lenders party thereto and Truist Bank, as Administrative Agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 30, 2022\).](#)
- 14.1* [Code of Ethics of Owl Rock Capital Corporation](#)
- 21.1* [Subsidiary List](#)
- 23.1* [Consent of KPMG LLP](#)
- 24.1 [Power of Attorney \(included on signature pages hereto\)](#)
- 31.1* [Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14\(a\) and 15d-14\(a\) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 31.2* [Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14\(a\) and 15d-14\(a\) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 32.1** [Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 32.2** [Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 99.1* [Report of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Supplemental Information](#)

* Filed herein.

** Furnished herein.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

Not applicable.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR SECURITIES

A. Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share

As of December 31, 2022, the authorized stock of Owl Rock Capital Corporation (“ORCC,” the “Company,” “we,” “our,” or “us”) consisted solely of 500 million shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and no shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the ticker symbol “ORCC.” There are no outstanding options or warrants to purchase our stock. No stock has been authorized for issuance under any equity compensation plans. Under Maryland law, our stockholders generally are not personally liable for our debts or obligations.

As permitted by the Maryland General Corporation Law (“MGCL”), our charter provides that a majority of the entire board of directors (the “Board”), without any action by our shareholders, may amend the charter from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock or the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue. Our charter also provides that the Board may classify or reclassify any unissued shares of our common stock into one or more classes or series of common stock or preferred stock by setting or changing the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, or limitations as to dividends, qualifications, or terms or conditions of redemption of the shares. Unless the Board determines otherwise, we will issue all shares of our stock in uncertificated form.

None of our shares of common stock are subject to further calls or to assessments, sinking fund provisions, obligations or potential liabilities associated with ownership of the security (not including investment risks).

Under the terms of the charter, all shares of our common stock have equal rights as to dividends, distributions and voting and, when they are issued, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable. Dividends and distributions may be paid to our shareholders if, as and when authorized by the Board and declared out of funds legally available therefor. Shares of our common stock have no preemptive, exchange, conversion or redemption rights and shareholders generally have no appraisal rights. Other than as described below, shares of our common stock are freely transferable, except where their transfer is restricted by federal and state securities laws or by contract. Following July 18, 2019, the date of our listing on the New York Stock Exchange (the “Listing Date”), without the prior written consent of the Board:

- a. for 180 days following the Listing Date, a shareholder is not permitted to transfer (whether by sale, gift, merger, by operation of law or otherwise), exchange, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of or encumber any shares of common stock held by such shareholder prior to the Listing Date;
- b. for 270 days following the Listing Date, a shareholder is not permitted to transfer (whether by sale, gift, merger, by operation of law or otherwise), exchange, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of or encumber two-thirds of the shares of common stock held by such shareholder prior to the Listing Date; and
- c. for 365 days following the Listing Date, a shareholder is not permitted to transfer (whether by sale, gift, merger, by operation of law or otherwise), exchange, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of or encumber one-third of the shares of common stock held by such shareholder prior to the Listing Date.

This means that, as a result of these transfer restrictions, without the consent of the Board, a shareholder who owned 99 shares of common stock on the Listing Date could not sell any of such shares for 180 days following the Listing Date; 181 days following the Listing Date, such shareholder could only sell up to 33 of such shares; 271 days following the Listing Date, such shareholder could only sell up to 66 of such shares and 366 days following the Listing Date, such shareholder could sell all of such shares.

In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of our common stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we pay or otherwise provide for all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time. Subject to the rights of holders of any other class or series of stock, each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders, including the election of directors, and the shareholders will possess the exclusive voting power. There will be no cumulative voting in the election of directors. Cumulative voting entitles a shareholder to as many votes as equals the number of votes which such holder would be entitled to cast for the election of directors multiplied by the number of directors to be elected and allows a shareholder to cast a portion or all of the shareholder's votes for one or more candidates for seats on the Board. Without cumulative voting, a minority shareholder may not be able to elect as many directors as the shareholder would be able to elect if cumulative voting were permitted. Subject to the special rights of the holders of any class or series of preferred stock to elect directors, each director will be elected by a majority of the votes cast

with respect to such director's election, except in the case of a "contested election" (as defined in our bylaws), in which directors will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast in the contested election of directors.

Limitation on Liability of Directors and Officers; Indemnification and Advance of Expenses

Maryland law permits a Maryland corporation to include in its charter a provision eliminating the liability of its directors and officers to the corporation and its shareholders for money damages except for liability resulting from (a) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (b) active and deliberate dishonesty that is established by a final judgment and is material to the cause of action. Our charter contains a provision that eliminates directors' and officers' liability, subject to the limitations of Maryland law and the requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

Maryland law requires a corporation (unless its charter provides otherwise, which our charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made or threatened to be made a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity against reasonable expenses actually incurred in the proceeding in which the director or officer was successful. Maryland law permits a corporation to indemnify its present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made or threatened to be made a party by reason of their service in those or other capacities unless it is established that (1) the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (a) was committed in bad faith or (b) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty; (2) the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or (3) in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful. Under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation also may not indemnify for an adverse judgment in a suit by or on behalf of the corporation or for a judgment of liability on the basis that a personal benefit was improperly received, unless in either case a court orders indemnification, and then only for expenses. In addition, Maryland law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by the corporation if it is ultimately determined that the standard of conduct was not met.

Our charter obligates us, subject to the limitations of Maryland law and the requirements of the 1940 Act, to indemnify (1) any present or former director or officer; (2) any individual who, while a director or officer and at the Company's request, serves or has served another corporation, real estate investment trust, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise as a director, officer, partner, member, manager or trustee; or (3) the Adviser or any of its affiliates acting as an agent for the Company, from and against any claim or liability to which the person or entity may become subject or may incur by reason of such person's service in that capacity, and to pay or reimburse such person's reasonable expenses as incurred in advance of final disposition of a proceeding. These indemnification rights vest immediately upon an individual's election as a director or officer. In accordance with the 1940 Act, the Company will not indemnify any person for any liability to the extent that such person would be subject by reason of such person's willful misconduct, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his, her or its office.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, and in accordance with the North American Securities Administrations Association ("NASAA") Omnibus Guidelines, at anytime following a continuous public offering through the independent broker-dealer network (a "Non-Listed Offering"), our charter prohibits us from holding harmless a director, the Adviser or any affiliate of the Adviser for any loss or liability suffered by the Company, or indemnifying such persons for any loss or liability by him, her or it, unless each of the following conditions are met: (1) the party seeking indemnification has determined, in good faith, that the course of conduct that caused the loss or liability was in the Company's best interest; (2) the party seeking indemnification was acting or performing services on the Company's behalf; (3) such liability or loss was not the result of (a) negligence or misconduct, in the case that the party seeking indemnification is the Adviser or any of its affiliates or an officer of the Company, or (b) gross negligence or willful misconduct, in the case that the party seeking indemnification is an independent director (and not also an officer of us, the Adviser or any of its affiliates); and (4) such indemnification or agreement to hold harmless is recoverable only out of our net assets and not from shareholders. Our charter provides that this provision does not apply to any dealer manager.

Our charter further provides that, following a Non-Listed Offering, we may not provide indemnification to a director, the Adviser or any affiliate of the Adviser for any loss, liability or expense arising from or out of an alleged violation of federal or state securities laws by such party unless one or more of the following conditions are met: (1) there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged material securities law violations as to the party seeking indemnification; (2) such claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits

by a court of competent jurisdiction as to such party; or (3) a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against such party and finds that indemnification of the settlement and the related costs should be made, and the court considering the request for indemnification has been advised of the position of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and of the published position of any state securities regulatory authority in which our securities were offered or sold as to indemnification for violations of securities laws.

Our charter provides that, following a Non-Listed Offering, we may pay or reimburse reasonable legal expenses and other costs incurred by a director, the Adviser or any affiliate of the Adviser in advance of final disposition of a proceeding only if all of the following are satisfied: (1) the proceeding relates to acts or omissions with respect to the performance of duties or services on our behalf; (2) such party provides us with written affirmation of his, her or its good faith belief that he, she or it has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by us; (3) the legal proceeding was initiated by a third party who is not a shareholder or, if by a shareholder acting in his or her capacity as such, a court of competent jurisdiction approves such advancement; and (4) such party provides us with a written agreement to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by us, together with the applicable legal rate of interest thereon, if it is ultimately determined that such party did not comply with the requisite standard of conduct and is not entitled to indemnification. Our charter provides that this provision does not apply to any dealer manager.

Maryland Law and Certain Charter and Bylaws Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures

Maryland law contains, and our charter and bylaws also contain, provisions that could make it more difficult for a potential acquirer to acquire us by means of a tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise. These provisions are expected to discourage certain coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to negotiate first with our Board. These measures may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of shareholders. We believe, however, that the benefits of these provisions outweigh the potential disadvantages of discouraging any such acquisition proposals because, among other things, the Board's ability to negotiate such proposals may improve their terms.

Under the MGCL, a Maryland corporation generally cannot dissolve, amend its charter, merge, consolidate, convert into another form of business entity, sell all or substantially all of its assets or engage in a statutory share exchange unless declared advisable by the corporation's board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. A Maryland corporation may provide in its charter for approval of these matters by a lesser or greater percentage, but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Subject to certain exceptions discussed below, our charter provides for approval of these actions by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter.

Subject to certain exceptions provided in our charter, the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the votes entitled to be cast thereon, with the holders of each class or series of our stock voting as a separate class, in addition to the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the members of the Board, will be necessary to effect any of the following actions:

- a. any amendment to the charter to make our common stock a "redeemable security" or to convert us from a "closed-end company" to an "open-end company" (as such terms are defined in the 1940 Act);
- b. any shareholder proposal as to specific investment decisions made or to be made with respect to our assets;
- c. following a Non-Listed Offering, any proposal as to the voluntary liquidation or dissolution of the Company or any amendment to the charter to terminate our existence;
- d. following a Non-Listed Offering, any merger, consolidation or statutory share exchange of us with or into any other person; or
- e. following a Non-Listed Offering, the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of us, as further described in the charter, when such sale is to be made other than in the ordinary course of our business.

However, if the proposal, transaction or business combination is approved by at least 75% of our continuing directors, the proposal, transaction or business combination may be approved only by the Board and, if necessary, the shareholders as otherwise would be required by applicable law, the charter and bylaws and, following a Non-Listed Offering, the NASAA Omnibus Guidelines, without regard to the supermajority approval requirements discussed above. A "continuing director" is defined in the charter as a director who (i) is not an interested party (meaning a person who has or proposes to enter into a business combination with us or owns more than 5% of any class of our stock) or an affiliate or an associate of an interested party and who has been a member of the Board for a period of at least 24 months (or since we commenced operations, if that period is less than 24 months); or (ii) is a successor of a continuing director who is not an interested party or an affiliate or an associate of an interested party and is recommended to succeed a continuing director by a majority of the continuing directors then in office or is

nominated for election by the shareholders by a majority of the continuing directors then in office; or (iii) is elected to the Board to be a continuing director by a majority of the continuing directors then in office and who is not an interested party or an affiliate or associate of an interested party.

Our charter also provides that the Board is divided into three classes, as nearly equal in size as practicable, with each class of directors serving for a staggered three-year term. Additionally, subject to the rights of holders of one or more classes or series of preferred stock to elect or remove one or more directors, directors may be removed at any time, but only for cause (as such term is defined in the charter) and only by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least 75% of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors, voting as a single class. The charter and bylaws also provide that, except as provided otherwise by applicable law, including the 1940 Act and subject to any rights of holders of one or more classes or series of preferred stock to elect or remove one or more directors, any vacancy on the Board, except, until such time as we have three independent directors, for vacancies resulting from the removal of a director by the shareholders, and any newly created directorship resulting from an increase in the size of the Board, may only be filled by vote of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director; provided that, under Maryland law, when the holders of any class, classes or series of stock have the exclusive power under the charter to elect certain directors, vacancies in directorships elected by such class, classes or series may be filled by a majority of the remaining directors so elected by such class, classes or series of our stock. In addition, the charter provides that, subject to any rights of holders of one or more classes or series of stock to elect or remove one or more directors, the total number of directors will be fixed from time to time exclusively pursuant to resolutions adopted by the Board.

The classification of the Board and the limitations on removal of directors described above as well as the limitations on shareholders' right to fill vacancies and newly created directorships and to fix the size of the Board could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring or attempting to acquire us.

Maryland law and our charter and bylaws also provide that:

- a. any action required or permitted to be taken by the shareholders at an annual meeting or special meeting of shareholders may only be taken if it is properly brought before such meeting or by unanimous consent in lieu of a meeting;
- b. special meetings of the shareholders may only be called by the Board, the chairman of the Board or the chief executive officer, and must be called by the secretary upon the written request of shareholders who are entitled to cast at least a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on such matter at such meeting; and
- c. from and after the Initial Closing, any shareholder nomination or business proposal to be properly brought before a meeting of shareholders must have been made in compliance with certain advance notice and informational requirements.

Our charter also provides that any tender offer made by any person, including any "mini-tender" offer, must comply with the provisions of Regulation 14D of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act"), including the notice and disclosure requirements. Among other things, the offeror must provide us notice of such tender offer at least ten business days before initiating the tender offer. Our charter prohibits any shareholder from transferring shares of stock to a person who makes a tender offer which does not comply with such provisions unless such shareholder has first offered such shares of stock to us at the tender offer price in the non-compliant tender offer. In addition, the non-complying offeror will be responsible for all of our expenses in connection with that offeror's noncompliance.

These provisions could delay or hinder shareholder actions which are favored by the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities. These provisions may also discourage another person or entity from making a tender offer for the our common stock, because such person or entity, even if it acquired a majority of our outstanding voting securities, would be able to take action as a shareholder (such as electing new directors or approving a merger) only at a duly called shareholders meeting, and not by written consent. The provisions of our charter requiring that the directors may be removed only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of at least three-quarters of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors will also prevent shareholders from removing incumbent directors except for cause and upon a substantial affirmative vote. In addition, although the advance notice and information requirements in our bylaws do not give the Board any power to disapprove shareholder nominations for the election of directors or business proposals that are made in compliance with applicable advance notice procedures, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of shareholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our shareholders.

Under the MGCL, a Maryland corporation generally cannot amend its charter unless the amendment is declared advisable by the corporation's board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. A Maryland corporation may provide in its charter for approval of these matters by a lesser or greater percentage, but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Subject to certain exceptions discussed below, our charter provides for approval of charter amendments by the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. The Board, by vote of a majority of the members of the Board, has the exclusive power to adopt, alter, amend or repeal our bylaws. Our charter provides that any amendment to the following provisions of our charter, among others, will require, in addition to any other vote required by applicable law or our charter, the affirmative vote of shareholders entitled to cast at least three-quarters of the votes entitled to be cast thereon, with the holders of each class or series of our stock voting as a separate class, in addition to the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the members of the Board, unless three-quarters of the continuing directors approve the amendment, in which case such amendment must be approved as would otherwise be required by applicable law, our charter and bylaws, and, following a Non-Listed Offering, the NASAA Omnibus Guidelines:

- a. the provisions regarding the classification of the Board;
- a. the provisions governing the removal of directors;
- b. the provisions limiting shareholder action by written consent;
- c. the provisions regarding the number of directors on the Board;
- d. the provisions specifying the vote required to approve extraordinary actions and amend the charter and the Board's exclusive power to amend our bylaws;
- e. the limitations of directors' and officers' liability for money damages and the requirement that we indemnify its directors and officers as described above; and
- f. the provisions imposing additional voting requirements on certain business combinations and other actions.

Following a Non-Listed Offering, without the approval of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, we may not permit the Adviser to:

- a. amend the charter, except for amendments that would not adversely affect the interests of shareholders;
- a. •except as permitted in the Investment Advisory Agreement, voluntarily withdraw as investment adviser, unless such withdrawal would not affect our tax status and would not materially adversely affect the shareholders;
- b. appoint a new investment adviser other than a sub-adviser pursuant to the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and applicable law;
- c. sell all or substantially all of our assets other than in the ordinary course of our business or as otherwise permitted by law; and
- d. cause a merger or any other reorganization of us except as permitted by law.

Our charter prohibits the Adviser from, following a Non-Listed Offering: (i) receiving or accepting any rebate, give-ups or similar arrangement that is prohibited under applicable federal or state securities laws, (ii) participating in any reciprocal business arrangement that would circumvent provisions of applicable federal or state securities laws governing conflicts of interest or investment restrictions, or (iii) entering into any agreement, arrangement or understanding that would circumvent the restrictions against dealing with affiliates or promoters under applicable federal or state securities laws. In addition, the Adviser may not directly or indirectly pay or award any fees or commissions or other compensation to any person or entity engaged to sell our stock or give investment advice to a potential shareholder; provided, however, that the Adviser may pay a registered broker-dealer or other properly licensed agent from sales commissions for selling or distributing our common stock.

Advance Notice Provisions for Shareholder Nominations and Shareholder Proposals

Our bylaws provide that, with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders, nominations of individuals for election as directors and the proposal of business to be considered by shareholders may be made only (a) pursuant to the notice of the meeting, (b) by or at the direction of the Board or (c) by a shareholder who is a shareholder of record both at the time of giving the advance notice required by our bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated or on any such other business and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of our bylaws. With respect to special meetings of shareholders, only the business specified in the notice of the meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of individuals for election as directors at a special meeting at which directors are to be elected may be made only (a) by or at the direction of the Board or (b) provided that the special meeting has been called in accordance with our bylaws for the purpose of electing directors, by a shareholder who is a shareholder of record both at the time of giving the advance

notice required by our bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of our bylaws.

The purpose of requiring shareholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford the Board a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by the Board, to inform shareholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to provide a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of shareholders. Although our bylaws do not give the Board any power to disapprove shareholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain action, the advance notice and information requirements may have the effect of precluding election contests or the consideration of shareholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our shareholders.

No Appraisal Rights

For certain extraordinary transactions and charter amendments, the MGCL provides the right to dissenting shareholders to demand and receive the fair value of their shares, subject to certain procedures and requirements set forth in the statute. Those rights are commonly referred to as appraisal rights. As permitted by the MGCL, our charter provides that shareholders will not be entitled to exercise appraisal rights unless the Board determines that appraisal rights apply, with respect to all or any classes or series of stock, to one or more transactions occurring after the date of such determination in connection with which shareholders would otherwise be entitled to exercise appraisal rights.

Control Share Acquisitions

Certain provisions of the MGCL provide that a holder of control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition has no voting rights with respect to the control shares except to the extent approved by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, which is referred to as the Control Share Acquisition Act. Shares owned by the acquiror, by officers or by employees who are directors of the corporation are excluded from shares entitled to vote on the matter. Control shares are voting shares of stock which, if aggregated with all other shares of stock owned by the acquiror or in respect of which the acquiror is able to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power (except solely by virtue of a revocable proxy), would entitle the acquiror to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

- a. one-tenth or more but less than one-third;
- b. one-third or more but less than a majority; or
- c. a majority or more of all voting power.

The requisite shareholder approval must be obtained each time an acquiror crosses one of the thresholds of voting power set forth above. Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained shareholder approval or shares acquired directly from the corporation. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of issued and outstanding control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition may compel the board of directors of the corporation to call a special meeting of shareholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the shares. The right to compel the calling of a special meeting is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including an undertaking to pay the expenses of the meeting. If no request for a meeting is made, the corporation may itself present the question at any shareholders meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an acquiring person statement as required by the statute, then the corporation may redeem for fair value any or all of the control shares, except those for which voting rights have previously been approved. The right of the corporation to redeem control shares is subject to certain conditions and limitations. Fair value is determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquiror or if a meeting of shareholders is held at which the voting rights of the shares are considered and not approved, as of the date of such meeting. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a shareholder meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other shareholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquiror in the control share acquisition.

The Control Share Acquisition Act does not apply (a) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or (b) to acquisitions approved or exempted by the charter or bylaws of the corporation. Our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the Control Share Acquisition Act any and all acquisitions by any person of shares of stock. There can be no assurance that such provision will not be amended or eliminated at time in the future. However, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") staff has taken the position that, if a business development company ("BDC") fails to opt-out of the Control Share Acquisition act, its actions are inconsistent with Section 18(i) of the 1940 Act and we will amend our bylaws to be subject to the Control Share Acquisition Act only if the Board determines that it would be in our best interests and if the SEC staff does not object to our determination that being subject to the Control Share Acquisition Act does not conflict with the 1940 Act.

Business Combinations

Under Maryland law, "business combinations" between a Maryland corporation and an interested shareholder or an affiliate of an interested shareholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, statutory share exchange or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested shareholder is defined as:

- a. any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of the corporation's stock; or
- b. an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding voting stock of the corporation.

A person is not an interested shareholder under this statute if the corporation's board of directors approves in advance the transaction by which he or she otherwise would have become an interested shareholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.

After the five-year prohibition, any such business combination generally must be recommended by the corporation's board of directors and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- a. 80% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and
- b. two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested shareholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested shareholder.

These super-majority vote requirements do not apply if holders of the corporation's common stock receive a minimum price, as defined under Maryland law, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested shareholder for its shares. The statute provides various exemptions from its provisions, including for business combinations that are exempted by the corporation's board of directors before the time that the interested shareholder becomes an interested shareholder. The Board has adopted a resolution exempting from the requirements of the statute any business combination between us and any other person, provided that such business combination is first approved by the Board (including a majority of the directors who are not "interested persons" within the meaning of the 1940 Act). This resolution, however, may be altered or repealed in whole or in part at any time. If this resolution is repealed, or the Board does not otherwise approve a business combination, the statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

Restrictions on Roll-Up Transactions

Following a Non-Listed Offering, in connection with a proposed "roll-up transaction," which, in general terms, is any transaction involving the acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation, directly or indirectly, of us and the issuance of securities of an entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction, we will obtain an appraisal of all of its properties from an independent expert. In order to qualify as an independent expert for this purpose, the person or entity must have no material current or prior business or personal relationship with us and must be engaged to a substantial extent in the business of rendering opinions regarding the value of assets of the type held by us. Following a Non-Listed Offering, our assets will be appraised on a consistent basis, and the appraisal will be based on the evaluation of all relevant information and will indicate the value of our assets as of a date immediately prior to the announcement of the proposed roll-up transaction. The

appraisal will assume an orderly liquidation of our assets over a 12-month period. The terms of the engagement of such independent expert will clearly state that the engagement is for our benefit and the benefit of our shareholders. We will include a summary of the appraisal, indicating all material assumptions underlying the appraisal, in a report to the shareholders in connection with the proposed roll-up transaction. If the appraisal will be included in a prospectus used to offer the securities of the roll-up entity, the appraisal will be filed with the SEC and the states as an exhibit to the registration statement for the offering.

Following a Non-Listed Offering, in connection with a proposed roll-up transaction, the person sponsoring the roll-up transaction must offer to the shareholders who vote against the proposal a choice of:

- a. accepting the securities of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction offered in the proposed roll-up transaction; or
- b. one of the following:
 - i. remaining as shareholders and preserving their interests in us on the same terms and conditions as existed previously; or
 - ii. receiving cash in an amount equal to their pro rata share of the appraised value of our net assets.

Following a Non-Listed Offering, we are prohibited from participating in any proposed roll-up transaction:

- a. which would result in shareholders having voting rights in the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction that are less than those provided in our charter including rights with respect to the election and removal of directors, annual and special meetings, amendments to our charter and our dissolution;
- b. which includes provisions that would operate as a material impediment to, or frustration of, the accumulation of shares of our common stock by any purchaser of the securities of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction, except to the minimum extent necessary to preserve the tax status of such entity, or which would limit the ability of an investor to exercise the voting rights of its securities of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction on the basis of the number of shares held by that investor;
- c. in which shareholders' rights to access to records of the entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of the roll-up transaction will be less than those provided in our charter; or
- d. in which we would bear any of the costs of the roll-up transaction if the shareholders reject the roll-up transaction.

Conflict with the 1940 Act

Our bylaws provide that, if and to the extent that any provision of the MGCL, including the Control Share Acquisition Act (if we amend our bylaws to be subject to such Act) and the Business Combination Act or any provision of our charter or bylaws conflicts with any provision of the 1940 Act, the applicable provision of the 1940 Act will control.

Exclusive Forum

Our Bylaws require that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Circuit Court for Baltimore City (or, if that Court does not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, Northern Division) shall be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Company (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of any standard of conduct or legal duty owed by any of the Company's director, officer or other agent to the Company or to its stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim arising pursuant to any provision of the MGCL or the Charter or the Bylaws (as either may be amended from time to time), or (iv) any action asserting a claim governed by the internal affairs doctrine. This exclusive forum selection provision in our Bylaws does not apply to claims arising under the federal securities laws, including the Securities Act and the Exchange Act.

There is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce such a provision, and investors cannot waive compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. In addition, this provision may increase costs for stockholders in bringing a claim against us or our directors, officers or other agents. Any investor purchasing or otherwise acquiring our shares is deemed to have notice of and consented to the foregoing provision.

The exclusive forum selection provision in our Bylaws may limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other agents, which may discourage lawsuits against

us and such persons. It is also possible that, notwithstanding such exclusive forum selection provision, a court could rule that such provision is inapplicable or unenforceable.

Code of Business Conduct

<p><u>I. Entities Covered by This Policy</u></p> <p>a. Each fund sponsored by the Owl Rock division of Blue Owl which has elected to be regulated as a business development company (each, an “Owl Rock BDC” and collectively, the “Owl Rock BDCs”)</p> <p>b. Each of the Owl Rock BDCs’ registered investment advisers (collectively, the “Owl Rock Advisers” and together with the Owl Rock BDCs, “Owl Rock”)</p>
<p><u>II. Introduction</u></p> <p>Owl Rock has adopted this Code of Business Conduct (the “Code”). This Code applies to each Owl Rock principal executive officer, principal accounting officer or controller as well as all directors (including the Owl Rock BDCs’ disinterested directors), officers, employees (including temporary employees) and any other individual as directed by the CCO (each, a “Covered Person” and collectively “Covered Persons”).</p> <p>This Code sets out basic principles to guide the day-to-day business activities of the Owl Rock BDCs. The overall policy underlying this Code is that we expect you to follow the highest standards of honest conduct and business ethics in all aspects of your activities on behalf of the Owl Rock BDCs, investors, vendors and your fellow directors, officers or employees. In addition, you are expected to comply with all applicable laws, regulations and our compliance policies. Furthermore, you are prohibited from doing indirectly (e.g., by asking someone to do on your behalf) anything you cannot do directly under this Code, applicable laws and regulations, or our compliance policies. If you have any questions regarding these requirements, please speak to the General Counsel or CCO, or a member of their respective teams, for additional clarification</p> <p>The Code operates with all other policies and procedures adopted by the Owl Rock BDCs. You should know and understand our policies as you will be asked to certify to them in the future. Refer to these policies and contact the CCO for additional guidance in specific areas when needed. Note that if you believe this Code conflicts with another Owl Rock BDC policy or procedure or a policy or procedure separately adopted by the Owl Rock Advisers, you must comply with the more restrictive provision or contact the CCO for additional guidance. Furthermore, we may modify or update our policies or procedures in the future and may adopt new policies and procedures from time to time.</p> <p>This Code sets out basic principles designed to guide you in your conduct and is not intended to cover every ethical issue that you may confront while associated with the Owl Rock BDCs. You are also expected to use sound judgment and act in accordance with the highest ethical standards when confronted with ethical issues that are not covered by this Code, other applicable policies and procedures or any law or regulation. If something does not look, sound or feel right, do not do it and ask your supervisor or the General Counsel or CCO for advice.</p> <p>This Code serves as the Code of Ethics for the Companies within the meaning of Section 406 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and applicable rules and forms thereunder.</p>
<p><u>III. Resources for Seeking Advice and Reporting Concerns</u></p> <p>If at any point you are unsure about whether a planned course or action may violate this Code, you should seek advice. Contact the CCO to obtain guidance or to report concerns about an actual or suspected Code or other policy violation.</p>

Questionable or unethical activities can also be reported to your supervisor, the General Counsel, CCO or any of the members of senior management. While we strongly encourage you to report your concerns to us, they can also be anonymously reported by emailing reportingconcerns@blueowl.com or by contacting the Company's Audit Committee directly or by accessing the whistleblower hotline by calling 1-844-601-1864 or at www.blueowlcapital.ethicspoint.com.

Nothing in this Code of Conduct should be construed to prohibit you from reporting possible violations of any law or regulation to any governmental agency or entity, including the U.S. Department of Justice, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or other governmental entities, or making any other disclosures that are protected by any governmental "whistleblower" laws or regulations.

IV. Non-Retaliation Policy

No Covered Person may retaliate in any fashion against you if you report a suspected or actual violation of this Code in good faith. Making a report in "good faith" generally means that you have a reasonable and genuine belief that the information you are providing relates to a possible violation of law or this Code, regardless of whether the report turns out to be founded.

In addition, you have certain rights in connection with reporting legal, compliance, ethical or issues to regulatory, administrative or other government or self-regulatory bodies. Nothing in this Code is intended to limit those rights or any protections that may be applicable in connection with reporting potential violations.

V. Compliance with and Violations of the Code

You are required to ensure that you do not violate this Code. You are expected to use good judgment in recognizing situations where a violation of this Code may occur and to ensure that no violations occur. In situations where it is unclear whether this Code applies, you should consult with your supervisor or the CCO before taking any actions.

Owl Rock may take disciplinary actions against you if you violate this Code, up to and including suspension or dismissal. Furthermore, if a violation of this Code also constitutes a violation of any law or regulation, you may be subject to legal action or penalties.

In addition to ensuring you do not violate this Code, you are encouraged to report known or other suspected violations of this Code by others to your supervisor or the CCO.

VI. Summary of the Code of Business Conduct

The principles covered in this Code are summarized here. Where applicable, additional information can be found in the corresponding Owl Rock BDC policy.

a. Compliance with Laws and Regulation

Owl Rock is subject to many laws and regulations. Being aware of and complying with both the letter and spirit of all applicable laws and regulations is critical to our ability to accomplish our objectives.

In everything that you do on behalf of Owl Rock, you must use care not to violate any law or regulation and where it is not permissible for you to take certain actions, you may not ask someone to act on your behalf. You are responsible to know, understand and follow the laws and regulations that apply to your responsibilities on behalf of the Companies.

While you are not expected to be an expert on all applicable laws and regulations that apply to your responsibilities on behalf of Owl Rock, you are expected to know the laws and regulations well enough to recognize when an issue arises and to seek the advice of the CCO when appropriate.



a. Conflicts of Interest

A conflict of interest may occur when your personal interests interfere in any way, or even appear to interfere, with the interests of Owl Rock. Similarly, a conflict of interest may also occur when your personal interests interfere with your ability to objectively and effectively perform your job. The overarching principle is that you must avoid any conflict, or appearance of a conflict, between your personal interests and our interests.

Examples of conflicts of interest may include

- a. improperly causing Owl Rock to take action, or fail to take action, for your personal benefit rather than for the benefit of Owl Rock;
- b. improperly using your position with Owl Rock or information that belongs to Owl Rock or any of its affiliated entities, including, but not limited to, knowledge about pending or potential investment transactions for personal gain;
- c. using or communicating confidential information obtained in the course of your work for your or another's personal benefit; or
- d. recommending, implementing or causing Owl Rock to consider any investment transactions with an entity in which you, directly or through family members, have any significant interest absent full disclosure.

Identifying a conflict of interest is not always clear cut. If you are ever in doubt, seek advice from the General Counsel and/or the CCO. Wherever possible, you should try to avoid situations in which a conflict of interest exists or appears to exist. Where a conflict of interest cannot be avoided, you must disclose the situation to the General Counsel and/or CCO.

a. Corporate Opportunities

Covered Persons owe a duty to Owl Rock to advance its legitimate interests when the opportunities to do so arises. You may not use Owl Rock property, information or position for your personal gain or the gain of a family member and you may not compete or prepare to compete with Owl Rock. Sometimes the line between personal and Owl Rock benefits is difficult to draw, and sometimes both personal and Owl Rock benefits may be derived from certain activities. The prudent course of conduct is to make sure that any use of Owl Rock property or services that is not solely for the benefit of Owl Rock is approved beforehand by the CCO. When you become aware of a financial opportunity as a result of your relationship with Owl Rock, your position at Owl Rock, or through your use of Owl Rock property regardless of the source, that opportunity belongs, in the first place, to Owl Rock.

a. Fair Dealing

Owl Rock is committed to maintaining the highest level and ethical standards in the conduct of their business. Meeting this commitment is the responsibility of Owl Rock and each and every one of their Covered Persons. You must endeavor to deal fairly with our stockholders, fund investors, suppliers and business partners, or any portfolio companies or any other companies or individuals with whom we do business or come into contact, including fellow employees and our competitors. You must not take unfair advantage of these or other parties by means of manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts or any other unfair-dealing practice.

a. Confidential Information

Confidential information includes, among other things, any nonpublic information concerning Owl Rock, including their business, financial performance, results or prospects and any nonpublic information provided by a third party with the expectation that the information will be kept confidential and used solely for the business purpose for which it was conveyed.

As an individual associated with Owl Rock, you may have access to or receive confidential or proprietary information about Owl Rock, their investors, suppliers, business partners or other third parties. You are expected to use such information properly and not in any way adverse to Owl Rock or our investors' interests and to protect all confidential information, regardless of its form or format, from the time of creation or receipt until its authorized disposal. In addition, you are responsible for understanding and complying with all policies protecting the privacy, confidentiality and security of confidential information. This obligation continues even after your association with Owl Rock ends, until such information becomes publicly available.

In addition, until disclosed in a public report to investors or to the SEC in the normal course, you must keep confidential all information concerning the securities being considered for purchase or sale by Owl Rock or their subsidiaries, unless approved by the General Counsel and CCO.

Refer to the [Information Security/Data Privacy Policy](#) and [Regulation FD Compliance Procedures](#) for further discussion.

a. Public Disclosure

It is our policy that all information in our public communications—including SEC filings—be full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable.

All individuals who are involved in our disclosure process must act in a manner consistent with this policy. In particular, they are required to maintain familiarity with the relevant disclosure requirements and are prohibited from knowingly misrepresenting, omitting or causing others to misrepresent or omit, material facts about Owl Rock to others, whether within or outside Owl Rock, including our Independent Auditors.

Refer to the [Regulation FD Compliance Procedures](#) for further discussion.

a. Equal Opportunity and Harassment

We are committed to providing equal opportunity in all of our employment practices, including selection, hiring, promotion, transfer and compensation of all qualified applicants and employees without regard to race, color, sex or gender, sexual orientation, religion, age, national origin, handicap, disability, citizenship status or any other status protected by law. With this in mind, there are certain behaviors that will not be tolerated. These include harassment, violence, intimidation, and discrimination of any kind involving race, color, sex or gender, sexual orientation, religion, age, national origin, handicap, disability, citizenship status, marital status or any other status protected by law.

a. Protection and Proper Use of Owl Rock Assets

Our assets are to be used only for legitimate business purposes. Theft, carelessness and waste have a direct impact on our profitability. You should protect our assets and ensure that they are used efficiently.

Incidental personal use of telephones, fax machines, copy machines, personal computers and similar equipment is generally allowed if there is no significant added cost to us, it does not interfere with your work duties, and is not related to an illegal activity or to any outside business.

a. Political Contributions

You may not make a political contribution or other payments to government officials or other parties, on your own behalf or on behalf of Owl Rock in order for Owl Rock to be rewarded with, or afforded the opportunity to compete for, investment advisory contracts to manage the assets of any potential investor, including public pension plans or other governmental accounts.

In addition, Owl Rock may not make contributions directly to political candidates without the CCO's approval.

a. Gifts and Entertainment

The purpose of gifts and entertainment in a business setting is generally to create good will and sound working relationships, not to gain an unfair advantage with investors, vendors and other third parties. You may not, directly or indirectly, offer, give, solicit or accept any gifts or business entertainment (collectively, "Benefits") in the context of your employment or association with Owl Rock, if these Benefits are:

- a. likely to conflict or appear to conflict in any material way with any duty that Owl Rock owes to their investors or any duty that the recipient owes to its clients; or
- b. intended to cause or improperly influence an individual, company or government official to act in a way that gives Owl Rock an advantage in seeking business or otherwise

You should promptly report to the CCO all gifts received from or given to anyone who you are aware is doing business with, or who is seeking to do business with, Owl Rock that reasonably could be expected to give rise to a conflict of interest.

Refer to the [Gifts and Entertainment Policy](#) for further discussion.

a. Anti-Bribery and Corruption

The U.S. and other jurisdictions have strict laws prohibiting corruption and bribery, and in particular bribery of government officials. Government officials include any employee of a government, government agency or government-controlled enterprise. Owl Rock prohibits all types of bribes, including giving or receiving bribes directly or indirectly to anyone, not just government officials. A bribe can include anything of value, such as cash payments, charitable donations, loans, travel expenses, lavish gifts, excessive entertainment or job placements, given to either the individual or his or her immediate family, with the intent to improperly influence a business decision. If you were to violate these laws, the penalties could be severe for Owl Rock and you individually

Refer to the [Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy](#) for further discussion.

a. Charitable Donations

Donations on behalf of Owl Rock by Covered Persons to charities with the intention of influencing such charities to become investors are not permitted. You should notify the CCO if you believe there may be an actual or apparent conflict of interest in connection with any charitable contribution made by Owl Rock or a Covered Person on behalf of Owl Rock or if you believe the contribution could give an appearance of impropriety.

a. Insider Trading Policy

You may never (either for your personal gain or on behalf of Owl Rock or our investors) trade, encourage others to trade or recommend a trade in securities while in possession of "material nonpublic information," which may come to your possession either in the course of performing your duties for Owl Rock or through personal contacts.

Refer to the [Policies and Procedures Regarding Insider Trading and Tipping](#) for further discussion.

<i>a. Employee Personal Trading/Personal Account Dealing</i>
As discussed in more detail in the Code of Ethics – Personal Account Dealing Policy , you are subject to initial, quarterly and annual reporting requirements regarding your personal account trading and are generally prohibited from engaging in certain personal securities trading without prior consent from the CCO.
<i>a. Outside Activities</i>
You are expected to avoid participation in any outside affiliation that may interfere or appear to interfere with the interest of Owl Rock. You are required to seek approval from the CCO before engaging in certain outside affiliations. Refer to the Outside Activities and Directorship Policy for further discussion.
<u>VII. Waivers and Exemptions</u>
From time to time, Owl Rock may waive certain provisions of this Code. Any Covered Person who believes that a waiver may be appropriate should discuss the matter with the CCO or the Chairman of the relevant Owl Rock BDC’s Board of Directors, or if the Chairman of the Owl Rock BDC’s Board of Directors is unavailable, the Chairman of the Owl Rock BDC’s Audit Committee. Each Owl Rock BDC’s Board of Directors has delegated to the CCO the authority to waive certain provisions of this Code with respect to non-executive officers. In addition, this Code may be amended from time to time by each Owl Rock BDC’s Board of Directors. Amendments to and waivers of this Code will be publicly disclosed as required by applicable law and regulations. In particular, waivers for executive officers or directors may be waived only by the Board of Directors (or appropriate committee) and must be promptly disclosed in a Form 8-K or on the relevant Owl Rock BDC’s website within four business days.
<u>VIII. Provision of the Code of Business Conduct to Employees</u>
The Compliance Department will provide a copy of this policy to each new Blue Owl employee at time of hire and to each director and officer of an Owl Rock BDC upon their appointment. You will be required to acknowledge that you have received a copy of this policy. Once each calendar year, as well as each time there is a material amendment to this policy, the Compliance Department will provide a copy of this policy to all Blue Owl employees each director and officer of an Owl Rock BDC. You will be required to acknowledge that you have read and are in compliance with the provisions of this policy. Additionally, Owl Rock will make the most current version of this Code publicly available by placing it on and on each Owl Rock BDC’s website at www.owrockbdc.com and www.owrockcapitalcorporation.com .
<u>IX. Policy Review</u>
The CCO will review the Code of Business Conduct on a regular basis and update it when necessary or appropriate, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors.

Change History – Revision/Review Dates		
March 2016 (adopted)	August 2020	
August 2018	February 2022	



**SUBSIDIARIES OF OWL ROCK CAPITAL
CORPORATION**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Jurisdiction</u>
OR LENDING LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC FINANCING II LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC FINANCING III LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC FINANCING IV LLC	DELAWARE
OWL ROCK CLO I, LLC	DELAWARE
OWL ROCK CLO I, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OWL ROCK CLO II, LLC	DELAWARE
OWL ROCK CLO II, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OWL ROCK CLO III, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OWL ROCK CLO IV, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OWL ROCK CLO V, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OWL ROCK CLO VI, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OWL ROCK CLO VII, LTD	CAYMAN ISLANDS
OR DH I LLC	DELAWARE
OR GH I LLC	DELAWARE
OR MH I LLC	DELAWARE
OR HH I LLC	DELAWARE
OR HEH I LLC	DELAWARE
OR PCF I LLC	DELAWARE
OR AH I LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 2 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 3 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 4 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 5 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 6 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC FSI LLC	DELAWARE
OR FAIRCHESTER MH LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC PARENT LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC AAM RH LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC AAM LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 12 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 13 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 14 LLC	DELAWARE
ORCC BC 15 LLC	DELAWARE
OR ATLANTA MH LLC	DELAWARE
OR GARDEN STATE MH LLC	DELAWARE
OR JEMICO MH LLC	DELAWARE
OR LONG ISLAND MH LLC	DELAWARE
OR MIDWEST MH LLC	DELAWARE
OR TORONTO MH LLC	DELAWARE

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statement (No. 333-258945) on Form N-2 of our report dated February 22, 2023, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and our report dated February 22, 2023 on the senior securities table.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York
February 22, 2023

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Craig W. Packer, Chief Executive Officer of Owl Rock Capital Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the “registrant”) for the year ended December 31, 2022;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 22, 2023

By: _____ /s/ Craig W. Packer
Craig W. Packer
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jonathan Lamm, Chief Financial Officer of Owl Rock Capital Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the “registrant”) for the year ended December 31, 2022;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 22, 2023

By: _____ /s/ Jonathan Lamm
Jonathan Lamm
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 1350, CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

Pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as Chief Executive Officer of Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify that to the undersigned's knowledge:

- 1) the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) as applicable of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2) the information contained in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 22, 2023

By: _____
/s/ Craig W. Packer
Craig W. Packer
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 1350, CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

Pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as Chief Financial Officer of Owl Rock Capital Corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify that to the undersigned's knowledge:

- 1) the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) as applicable of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2) the information contained in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 22, 2023

By: _____ /s/ Jonathan Lamm
Jonathan Lamm
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Supplemental Information

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors
Owl Rock Capital Corporation:

We have audited and reported separately herein on the consolidated financial statements of Owl Rock Capital Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2022.

We have also previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of the Company, including the consolidated schedules of investments as of December 31, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 (none of which is presented herein), and we expressed unqualified opinions on those consolidated financial statements.

The senior securities table included in Part II, Item 5 of the December 31, 2022 annual report on Form 10-K of the Company, under the caption "Senior Securities" (Senior Securities Table) has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of the Company's respective consolidated financial statements. The Senior Securities Table is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the Senior Securities Table reconciles to the respective consolidated financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the Senior Securities Table. In forming our opinion on the Senior Securities Table, we evaluated whether the Senior Securities Table, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with instructions to Form N-2. In our opinion, the Senior Securities Table is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the respective consolidated financial statements as a whole.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York
February 22, 2023